Developing an Integrated Urban Modeling System in WRF: Current Status and Future Plan

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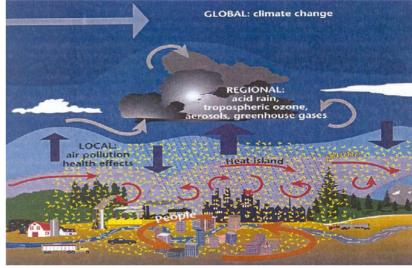
Outline

Overview of an urban modeling framework Examples of applying this modeling system Future work



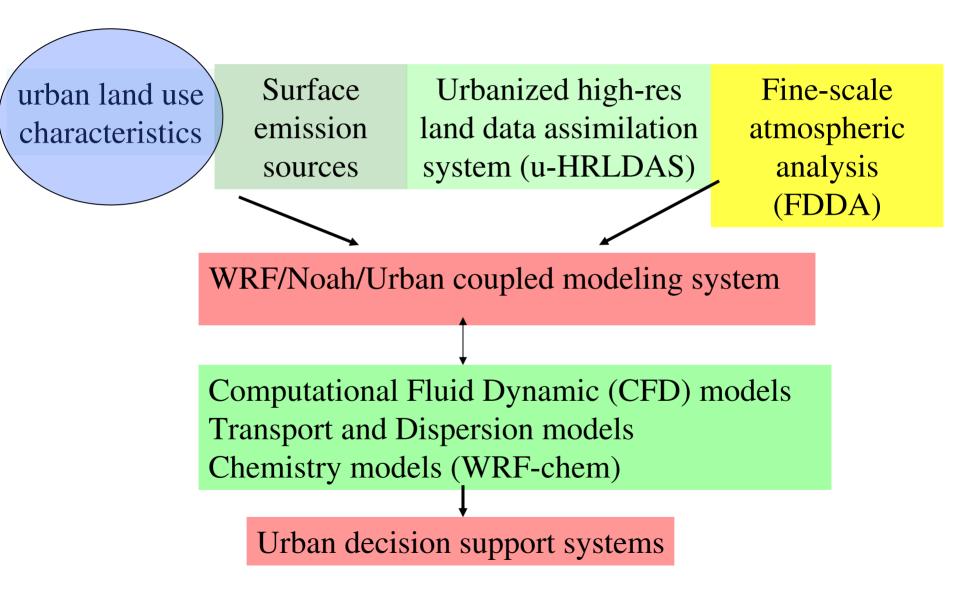
Urbanization Issues

- Nearly 300 cities have a million or more inhabitants
- Impacts of urbanization
 - Urban heat (cool) island
 - Boundary layer structures
 - Deformation of synoptic system
 - Formation of convergence zone and thunderstorm
 - air quality, toxic contaminant dispersal, human health, damage to agriculture and ecosystems, water and energy supply/demand, climate (ozone and aerosol, greenhouse radiation budget)
- WRF is running routinely on 1-4 km grid spacing, need to capture these effects

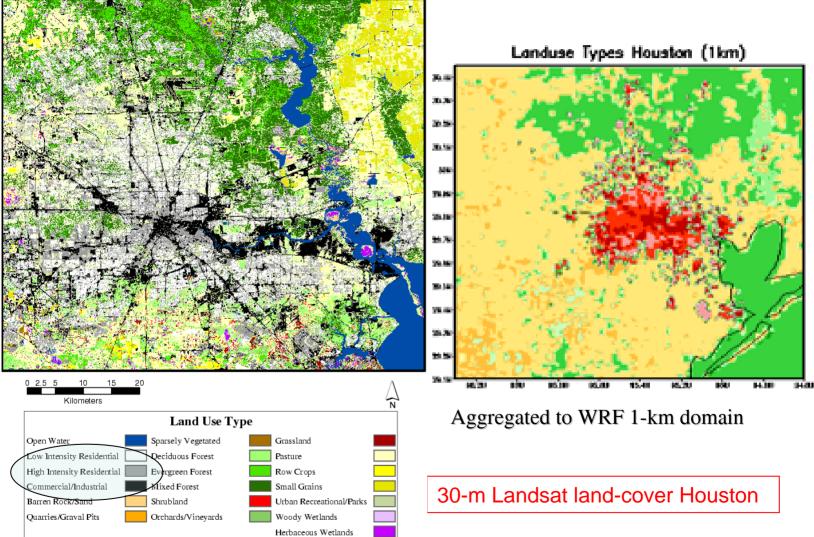




Integrated WRF Urban Modeling Framework



Enhance WRF/UCM global land-use data with high-resolution detailed urban data

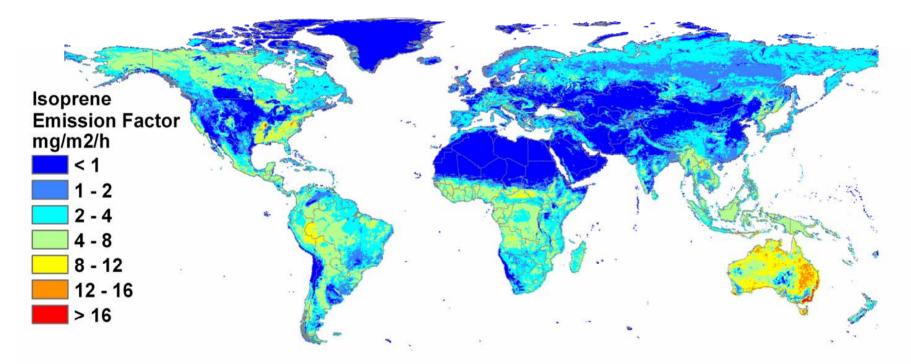




Integrate Surface Emission Model

MEGAN: Model of Emissions of Gases and Aerosols from Nature (Guenther 2006)

- Global biogenic emissions model
 - 1 km² spatial resolution
 - Predicts emissions of > 50 BVOC (Biogenic Volatile Organic Compounds)



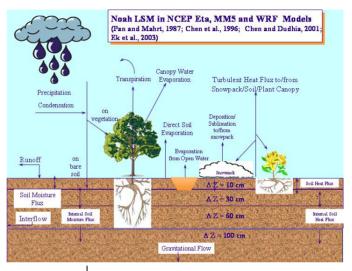


Emission_i = AEF_i * MEA * WEA * HEA

- Noah LSM primarily for NWP, air pollution, and regional hydrology applications
- Noah in operational models
 - NCEP WRF-NMM (June 2006)
 - AFWA: WRF-ARW (July 2006)
- Single layer urban-canopy model (UCM, based on Kusaka 2001)
 - 2-D urban geometry
 - Street canyons
 - Shadowing from buildings and reflection of radiation
 - Multi-layer roof, wall and road models
- Noah/UCM was released in WRF V2.2 (Dec. 2006)

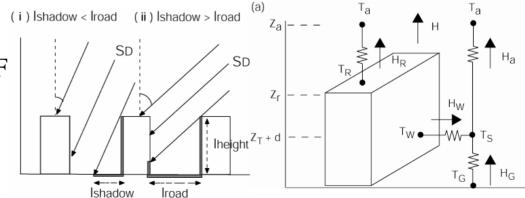
The Noah Land Surface Model

Natural surface



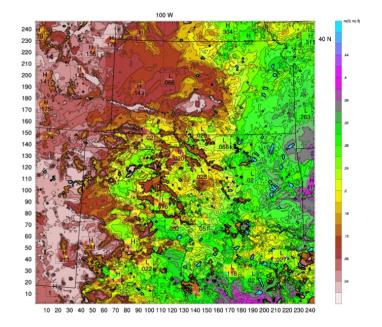
Coupled through 'urban fraction'

Man-made surface



Urbanized high-resolution land data assimilation system (u-HRLDAS)

- No routine high-resolution soil and urban observation for initializing WRF/UCM
- HRLDAS: Using observations to drive LSMs in uncoupled mode
 - long term evolution of multilayer soil moisture, soil temperature, roof/wall/road temperature, surface fluxes, and runoff



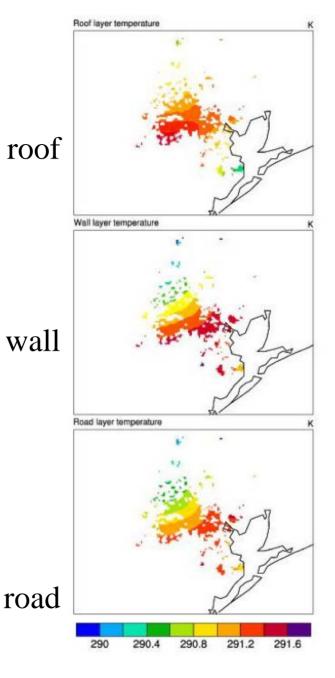
4-km HRLDAS surface soil moisture in IHOP domain 12 Z May 29 2002. Chen et al. 2007, J. Appli. Met. Clim.



Example of u-HRLDAS

U-HRLDAS simulated spatial distribution of roof, wall, and road surface temperature valid at 1 January 2006 for Houston

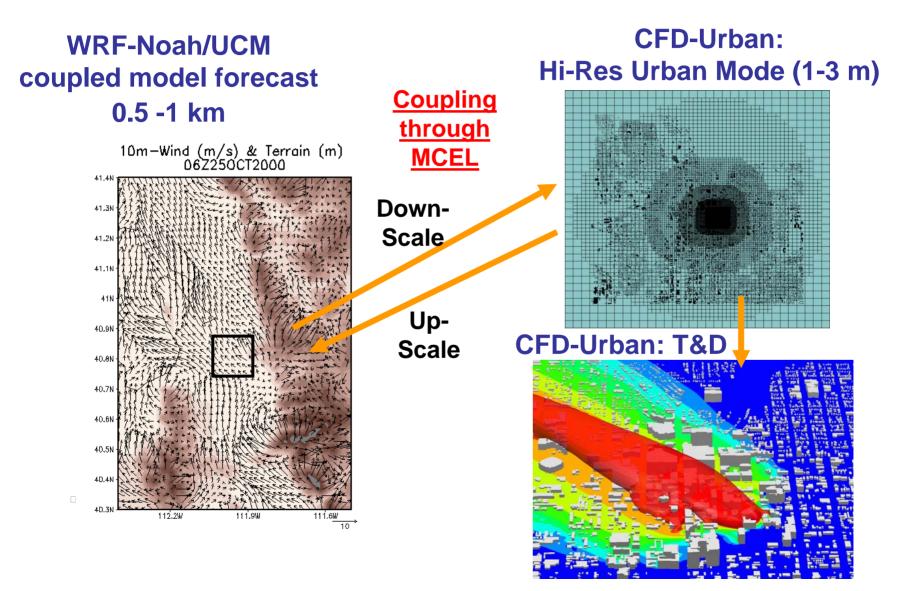
- Highly dependent on urban types
- Reflecting strong heterogeneity in urban environments



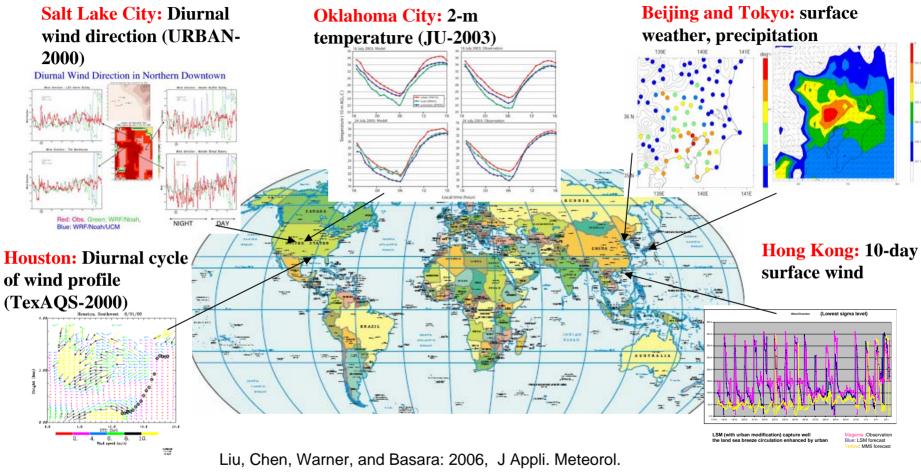


Two-way coupling WRF/CFD through

MCEL (Model Coupling Environmental Library) (Bill Coirier, CFDRC; John Michalakes, NCAR)



Application of Coupled MM5/WRF Urban Models



Lo, Lau, Chen, and Fung, 2007: J. Appli. Meteorol. Lo, Lau, Chen, and Fung, 2007: J. Appli. Meteorol. Lo, Lau, Fung, and Chen, 2007: J Geophys. Res. Zhang, Chen, and Miao 2006: J Geophys. Res., in revision. Miao and Chen, 2007: Geophy. Res. Let., submitted



Daunting Challenge: Specify fine-scale urban parameters

- Urban fraction
- building height, ZR
- roughness for momentum above the urban canopy layer, Z0C
- roughness for heat above the urban canopy layer Z0HC
- zero-displacement height above the urban canopy layer, ZDC
- percentage of urban canopy, PUC
- sky view factor, SVF
- building coverage ratio (roof area ratio), R
- normalized building height, HGT
- drag coefficient by buildings, CDS
- buildings volumetric parameter, AS
- anthropogenic heat, AH
- heat capacity of the roof, wall, and road
- heat conductivity of the roof, wall, and road
- albedo of the roof, wall, and road
- emissivity of the roof, wall, and road
- roughness length for momentum of the roof, wall, and road
- roughness length for heat of the roof, wall, and road



Example of defining urban parameters for Beijing

Gridded UCM parameters

1, ZR 2, ZOC, ZOHC, ZDC 3, FRC_URB 4, R, RW 5, HGT 6, SVF 7, AS 8, AH: AHB and AHC

UCM parameters assigned from table (urban_param.tbl)

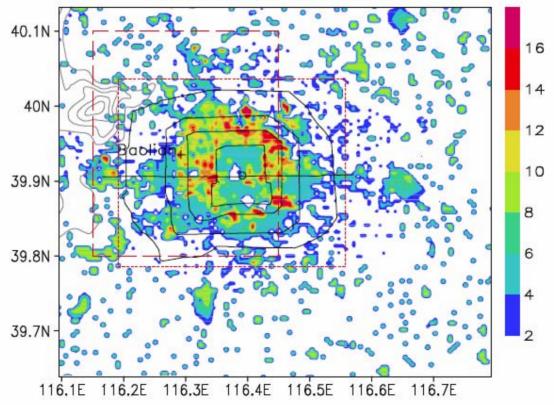
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CDS, BETR, BETB, BETG CAPR, CAPB, CAPG AKSR, AKSB, AKSG ALBR, ALBB, ALBG EPSR, EPSB, EPSG ZOR, ZOB, ZOG, ZOHR, ZOHB, ZOHG



WRF/Noah/UCM Model Using Building Morphological Date for Beijing Study

The distribution of building height (shaded) and terrain height (gray contours from 100 m to 500 m with the interval of 100 m) in the 5th domain with the resolution of 500 m





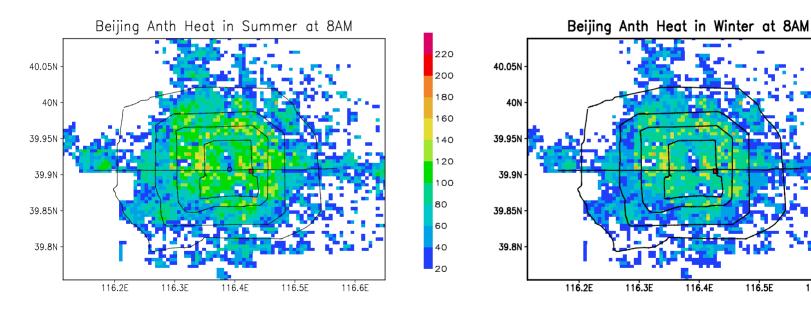
8th WRF User's Workshop, Boulder, CO, 11-15 June 2007

Anthropogenic heating (AH)

0800 LST Summer

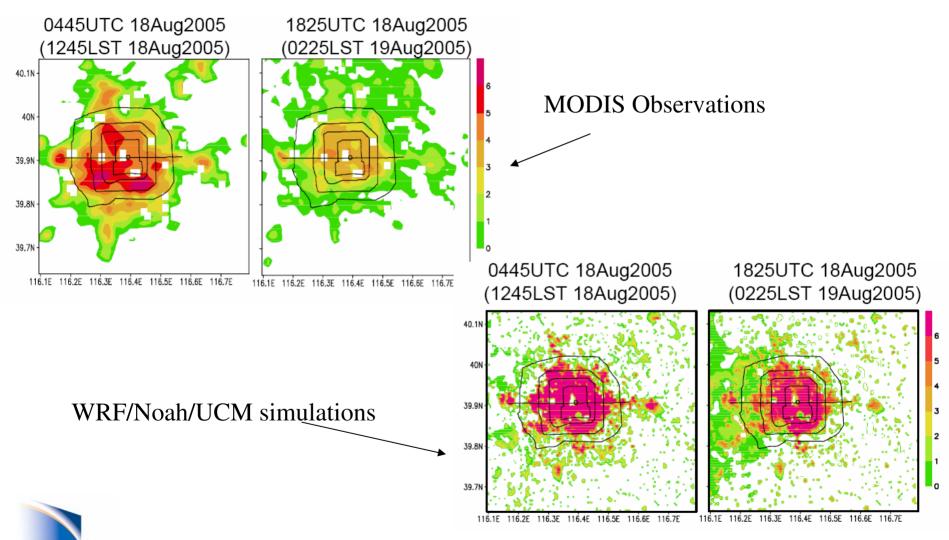
0800 LST Winter

116.6E





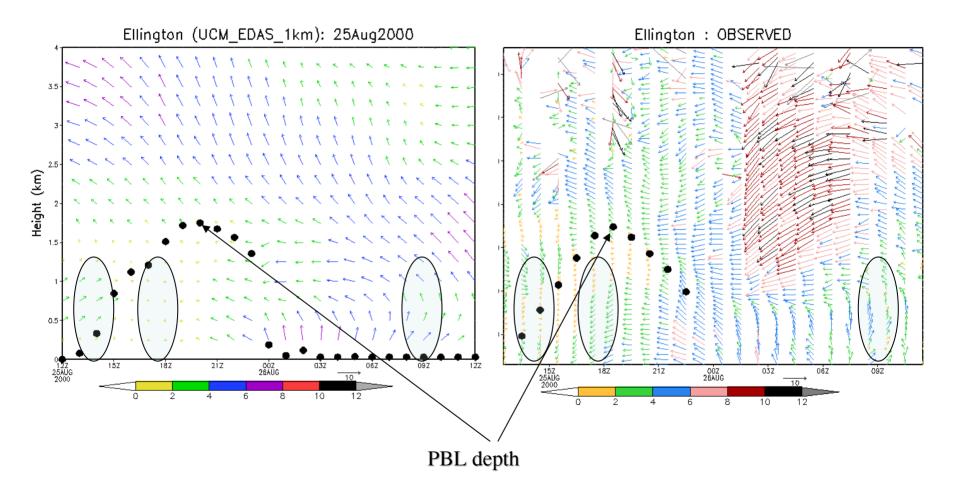
Spatial Variance of land surface temperature



8th WRF User's Workshop, Boulder, CO, 11-15 June 2007

NCAR

WRF/UCM simulation compared to obs from wind profiler at Ellington 25 Aug 2000





8th WRF User's Workshop, Boulder, CO, 11-15 June 2007

Summary

- The coupled WRF/Noah/UCM (single-layer) was released in WRF V2.2 (Dec 2006)
 - Documentation: <u>http://rap.ucar.edu/research/land/technology/urban.php</u>
 - Promising to capture fine-scale urban weather phenomena
- Integrating other components (new urban land-use data, surface BVOC emission model, u-HRLDAS, 2-way coupling with CFD model) are in progress.
- High-resolution land-use data and initialization systems (u-HRLDAS and FDDA) are important to improving WRF, T&D, and air quality models.



Future Work

- Improve urban land use data sets
- Test and evaluate multi-layer urban canopy model (Martilli-Dupont-EPA, Dupont et al. 2004)
- Test the two-way coupling of WRF/CFD with MCEL for Oklahoma City (JU-2003 field campaign)
- Collaborating with
 - Bob Bornstein: SJSU
 - Jason Ching: US EPA
 - Bill Coirier: CFDRC
 - Steve Burian: U. Utah

