

The development of anelastic dynamical core for the future NWP model

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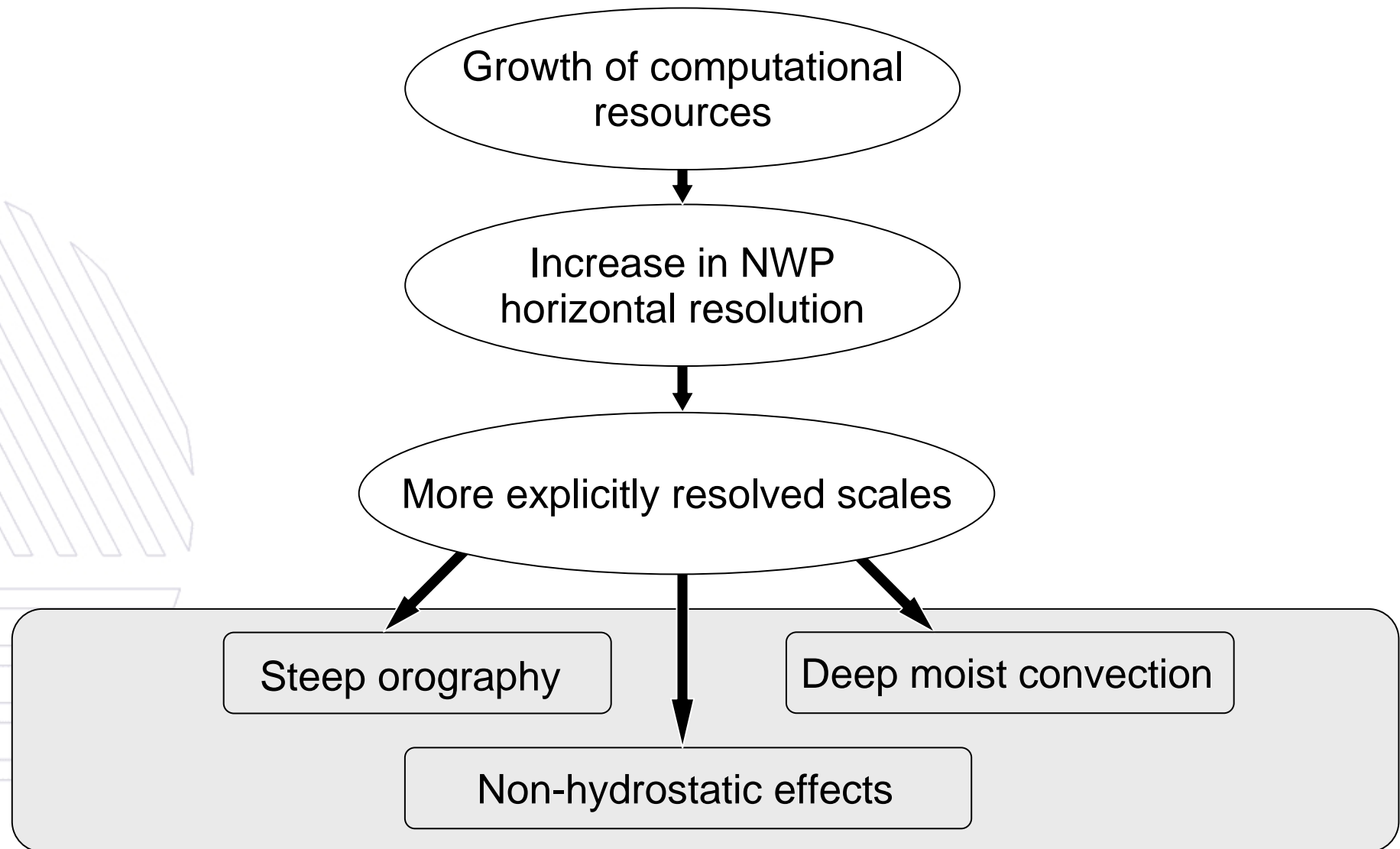


Outline

1. Motivation & CDC Project
2. Coupling of COSMO and EULAG
3. Project results
4. Summary



Motivation



Conservative Dynamical Core Project

COSMO (European Consortium for Small Scale Modeling) decided to implement a conservative, accurate and computationally efficient dynamical core, based on finite volume discretization.

The anelastic dynamical fluid solver EULAG was chosen as a prospective dynamical core of a future operational COSMO model. The project include :

- idealized and semi-realistic tests of the EULAG
- coupling of EULAG with COSMO framework





Coupling of EULAG with COSMO

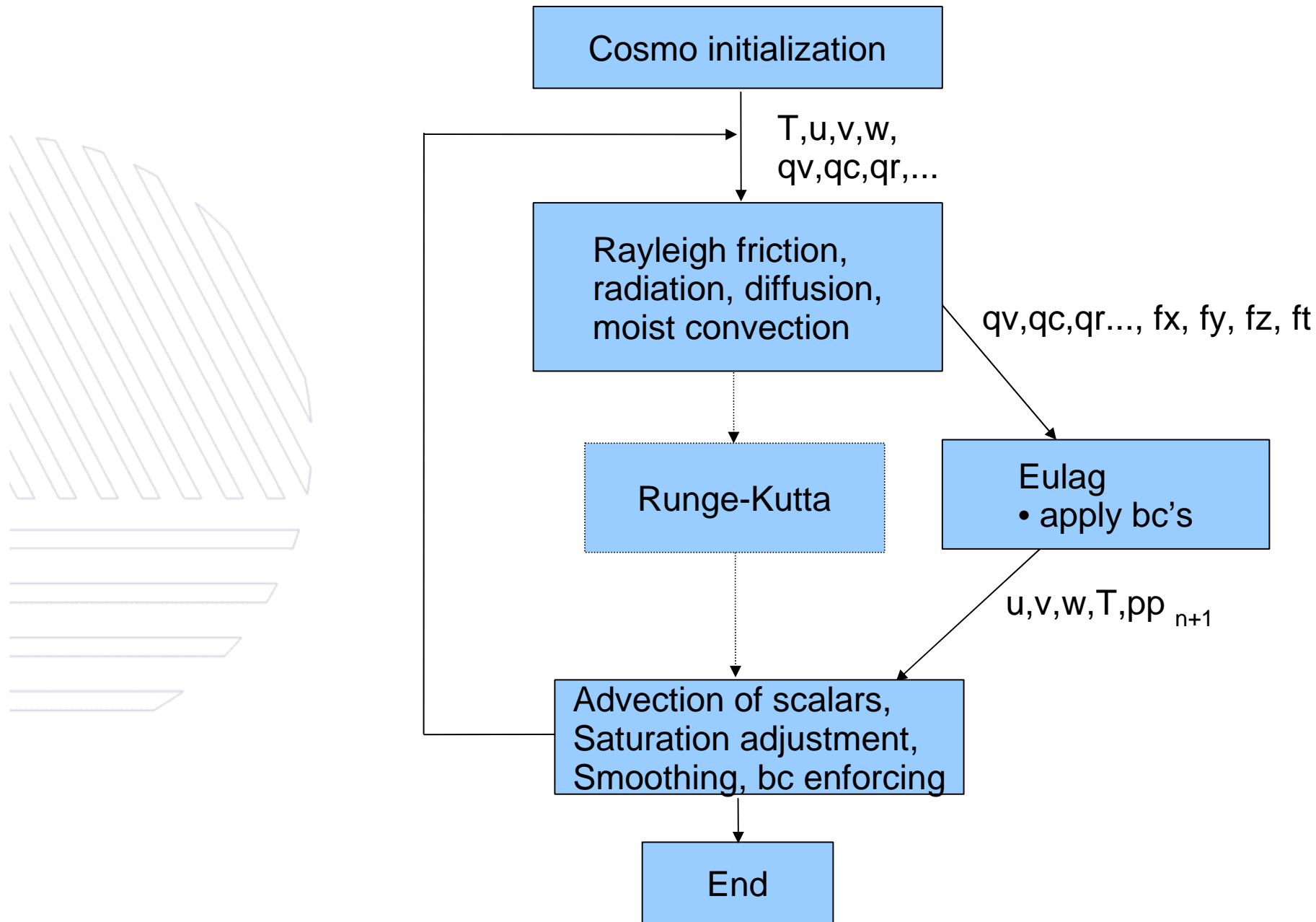
Coupling of EULAG with COSMO (1)

Main issues:

- Translation of EULAG (eulerian code), written in FORTRAN 77, to Fortran 90 and adaptation to COSMO standards (~ 48k code lines)
 - namelist
 - dynamic memory allocation
 - modular code structure
 - explicit variable typing
 - Makefile
- Verification of Fortran 90 EULAG version (idealized tests)
- Coupling the dynamical core with the COSMO framework
 - dynamical variable conversion
 - common coordinate system
 - physical tendencies (currently 1st accuracy order)
 - boundary conditions
- Verification of the hybrid COSMO-EULAG model
 - idealized tests
 - semi-realistic testcase



Coupling of EULAG with COSMO (2)



Experiment results



Semi-realistic Alpine flows

Setup overview :

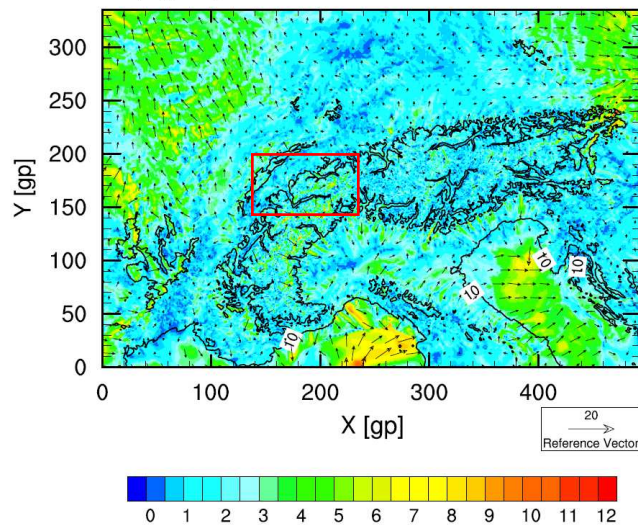
- Alpine domain 496x336x61 grid points with horizontal resolution of 2.2 km (similar to COSMO 2 of MeteoSwiss)
- Initial and boundary conditions and orography as for operational COSMO model for Switzerland
- TKE parameterization of sub-scale turbulence and friction (COSMO diffusion-turbulence model)
- Heat diffusion and fluxes turned off
- Dry run
- Simulation start at 00:00 UTC (midnight), 12 November 2009
- Results are compared with Runge-Kutta dynamical core
- Comparison after 12 and 24 hours of time integration



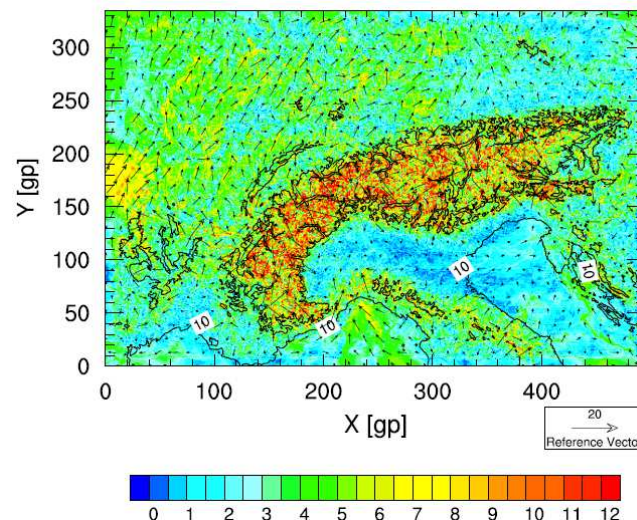
Horizontal velocity : 10m level

EULAG

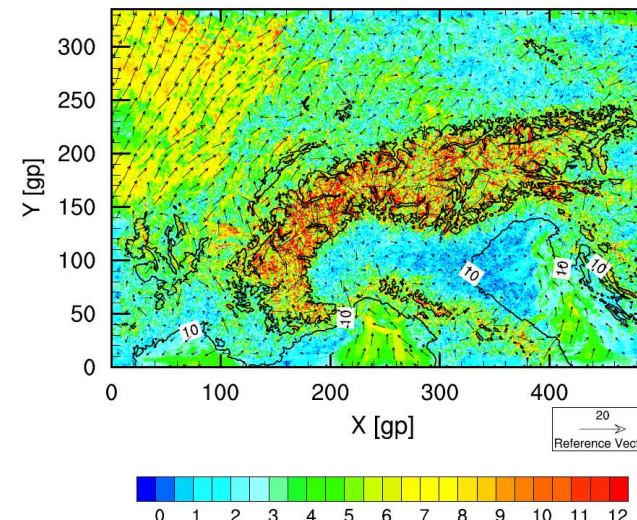
|V| [m/s] after 0h at level = 1



|V| [m/s] after 12h at level = 1

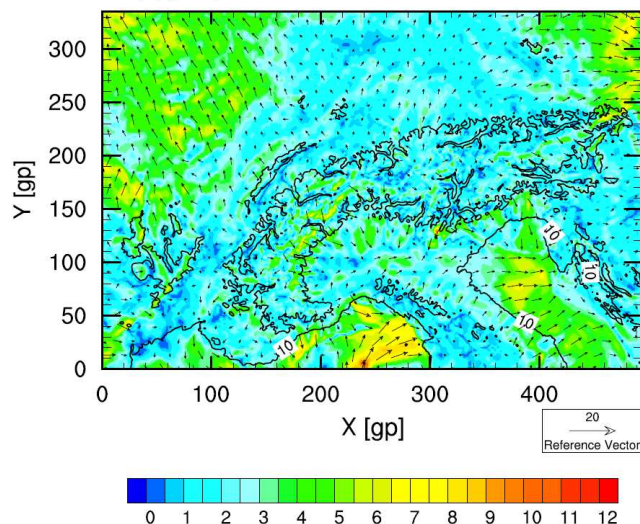


|V| [m/s] after 24h at level = 1

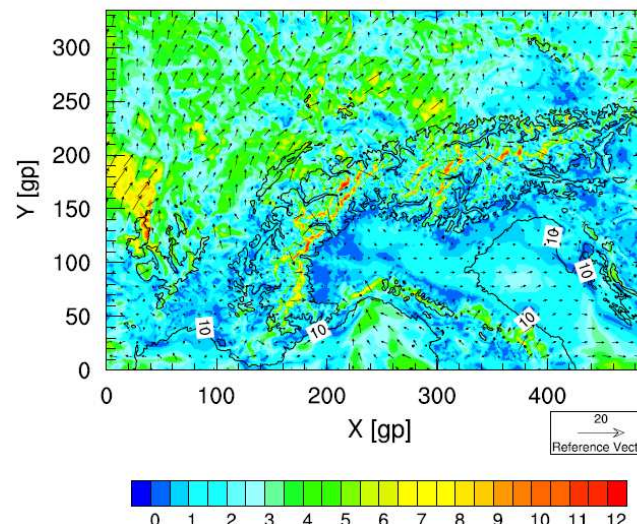


COSMO R-K

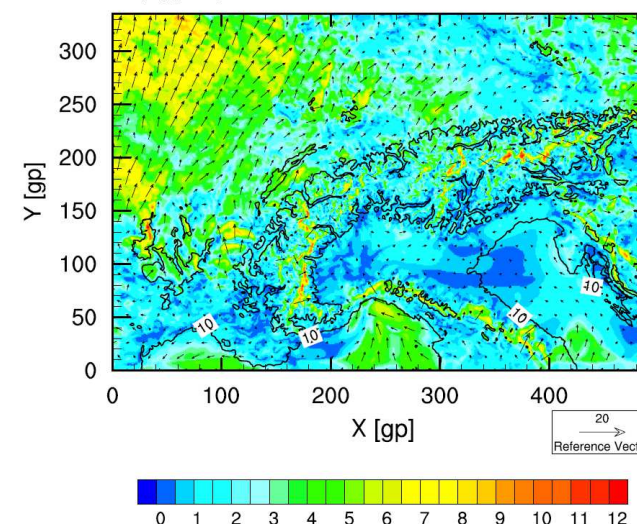
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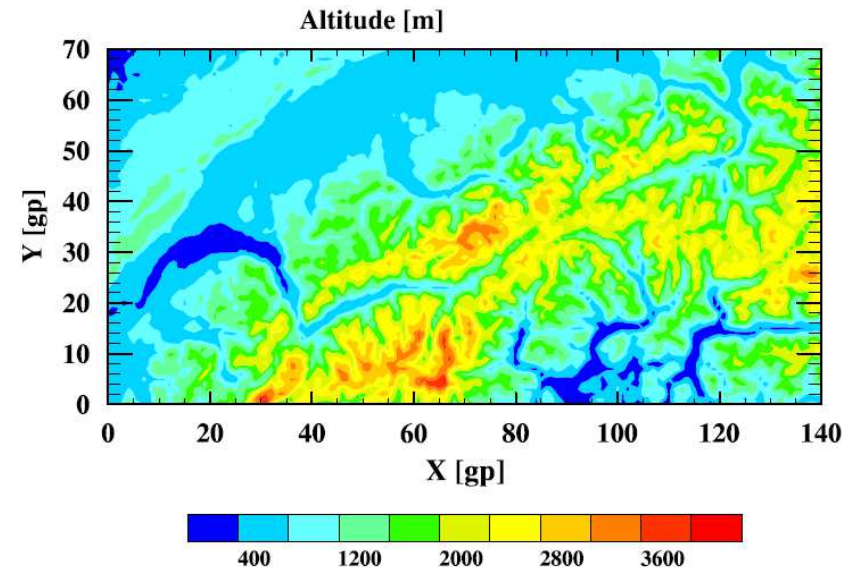
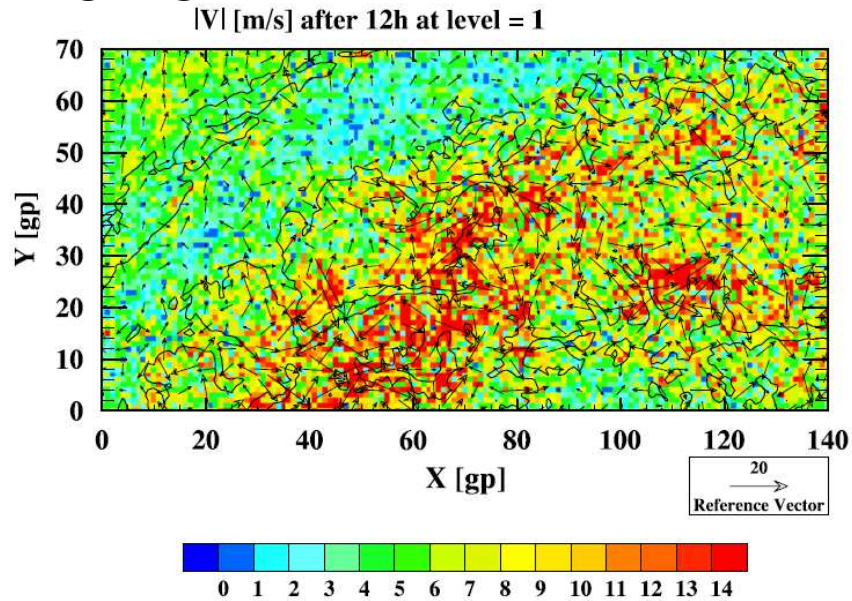


|V| [m/s] after 24h at level = 1

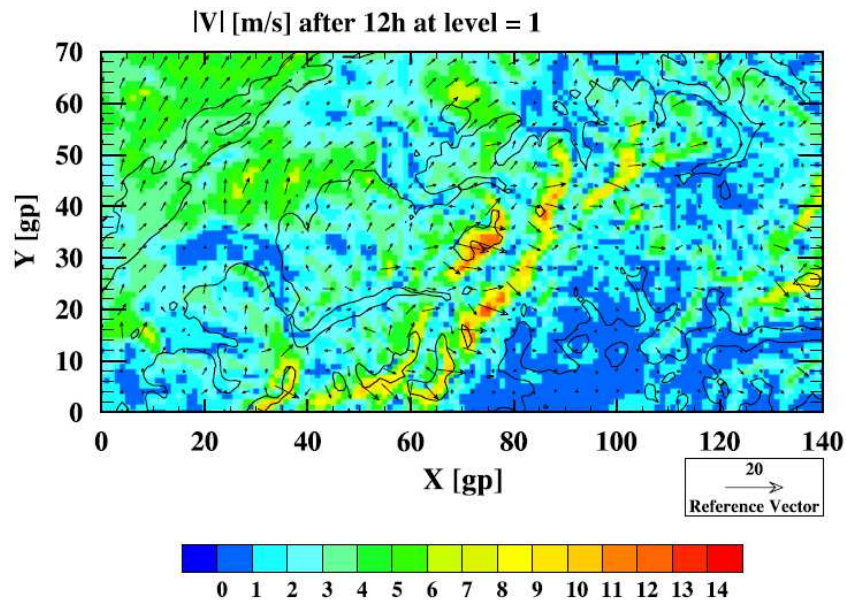


Horizontal velocity : 10m level

EULAG



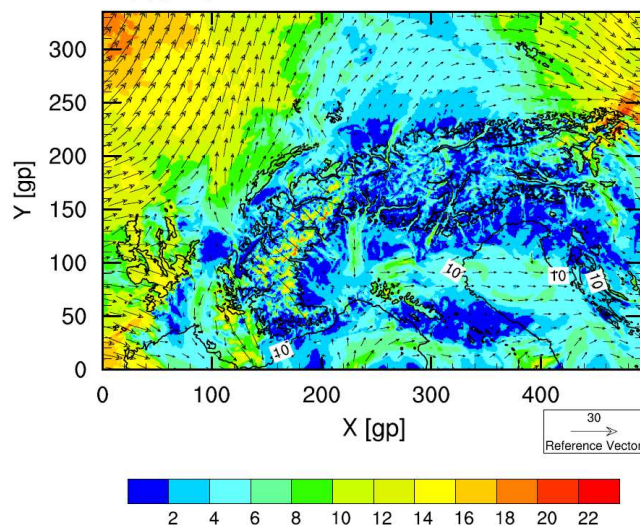
COSMO R-K



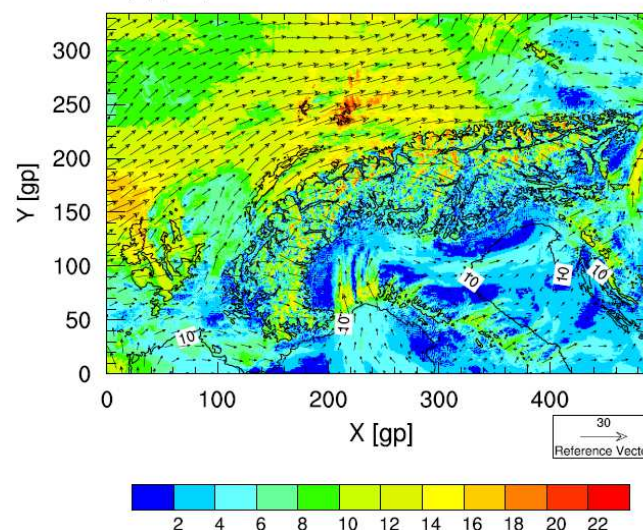
Horizontal velocity : 500m level

EULAG

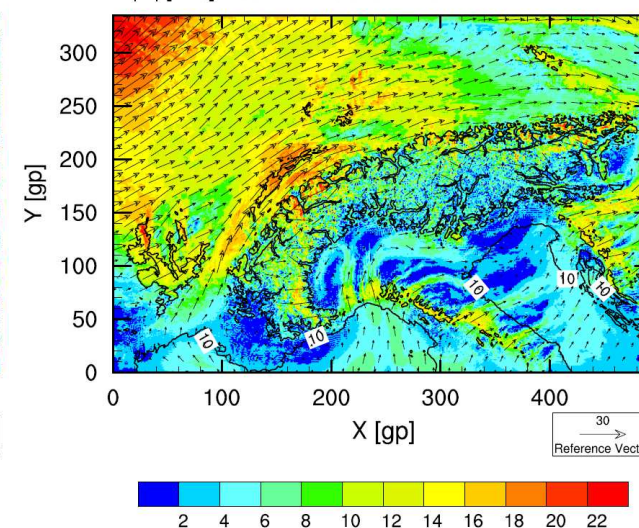
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|V| [m/s] after 12h at level = 10

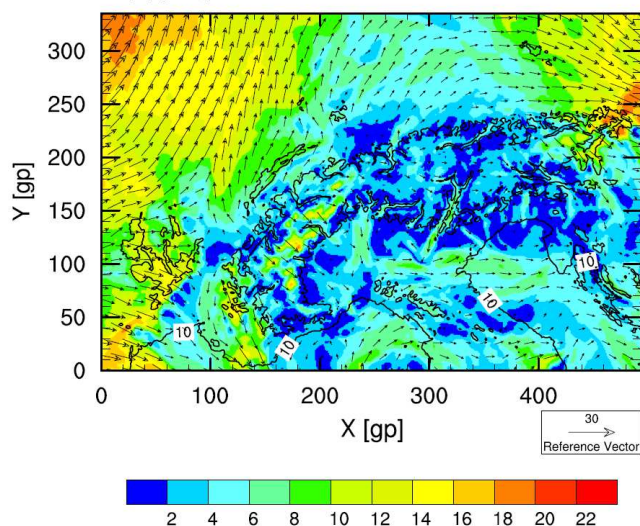


|V| [m/s] after 24h at level = 10

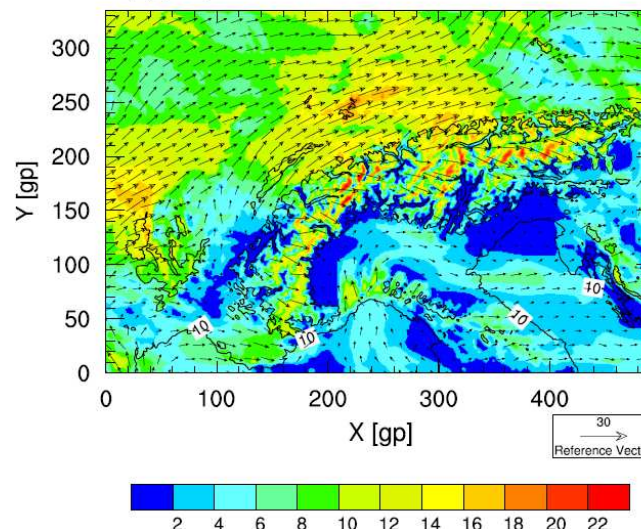


COSMO R-K

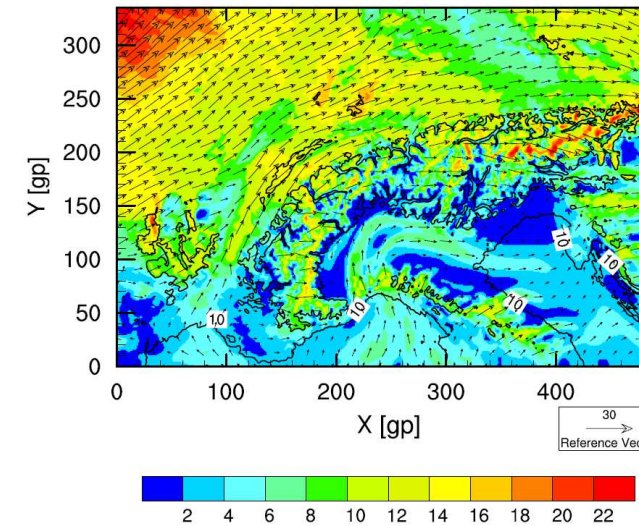
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|V| [m/s] after 12h at level = 10

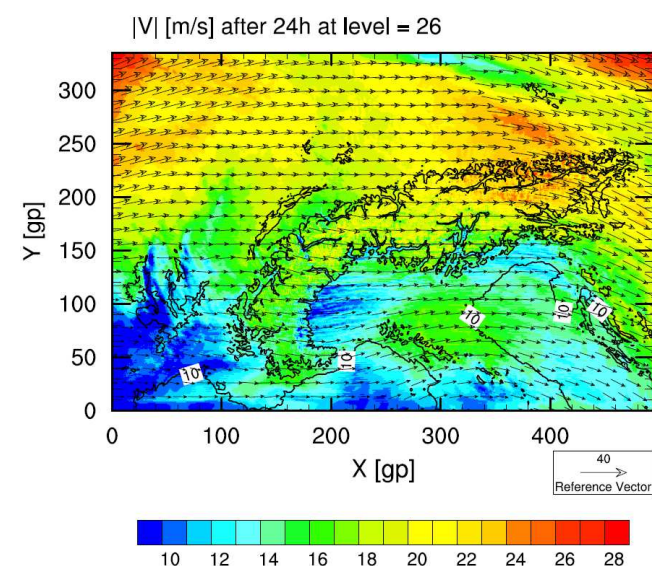
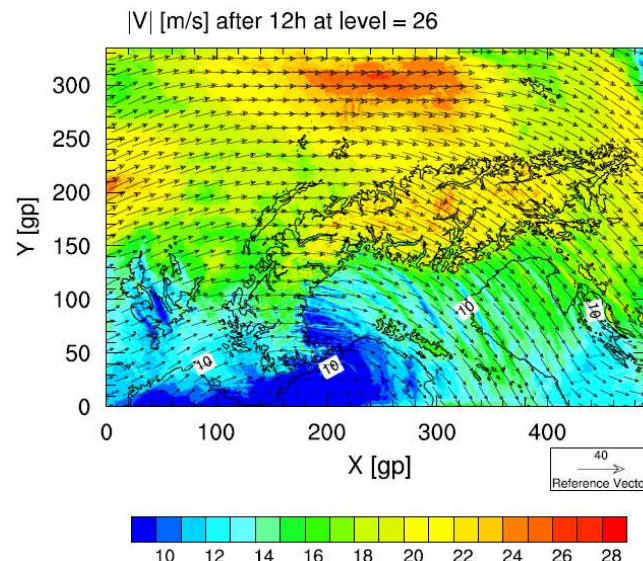
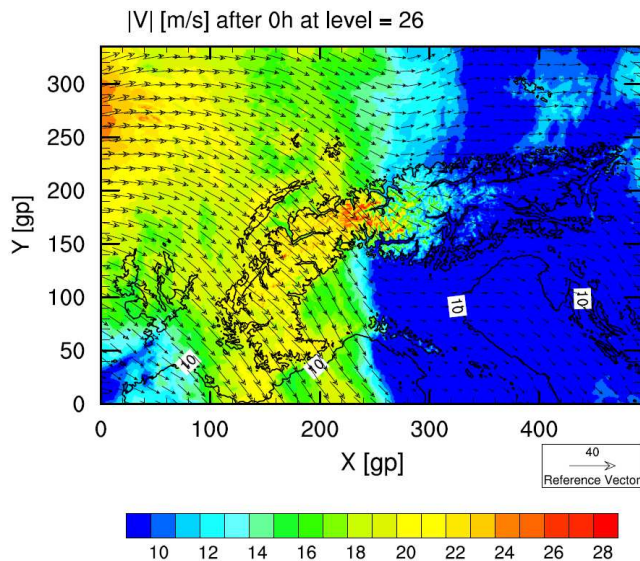


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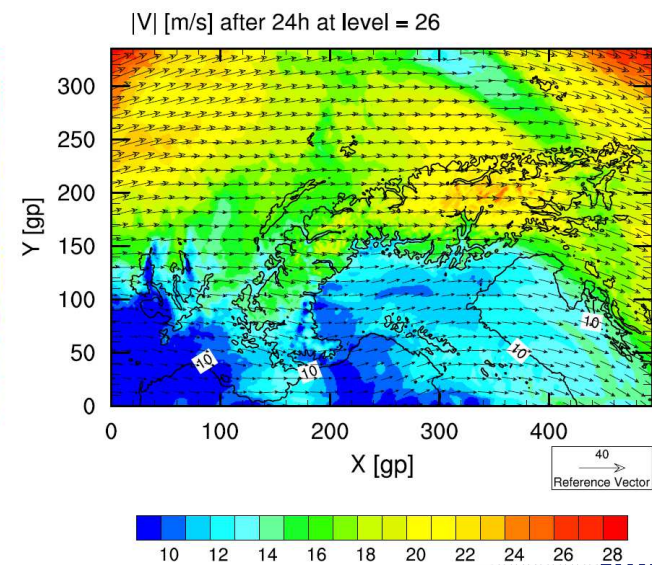
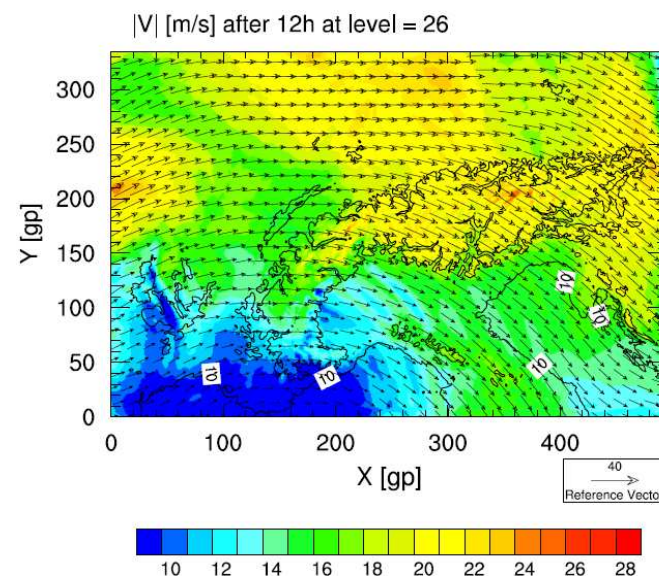
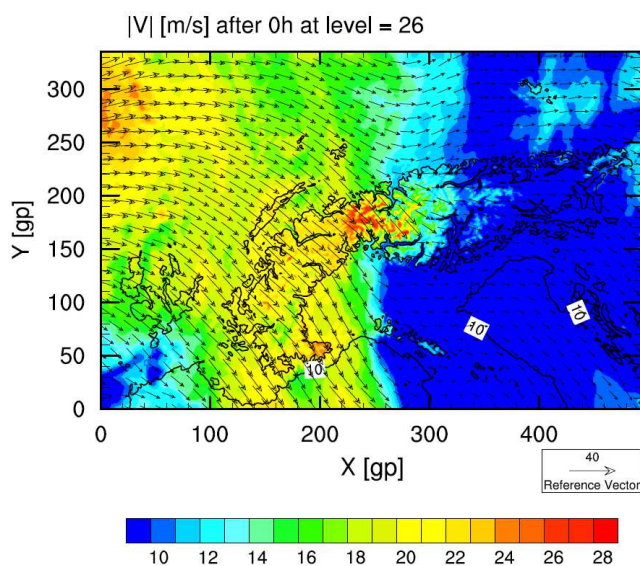


Horizontal velocity : 4.5km level

EULAG

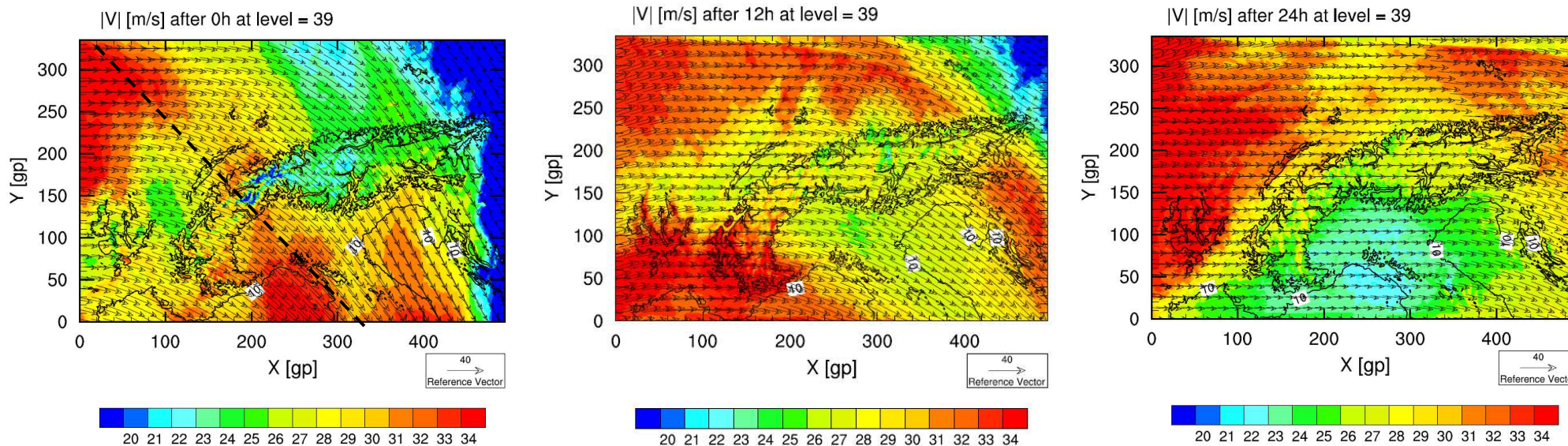


COSMO R-K

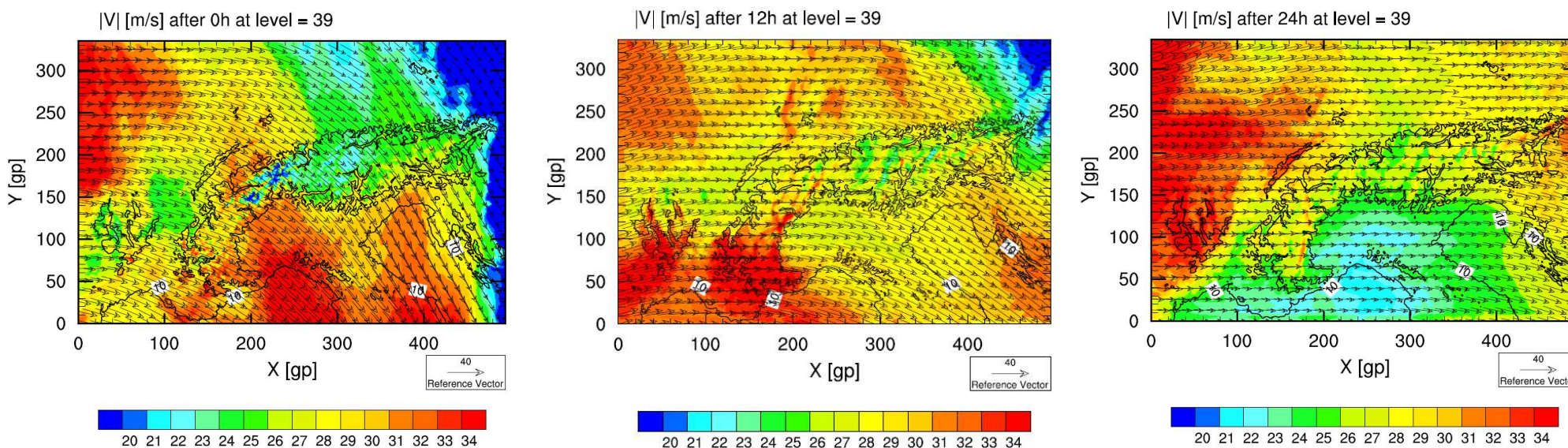


Horizontal velocity : 10km level

EULAG



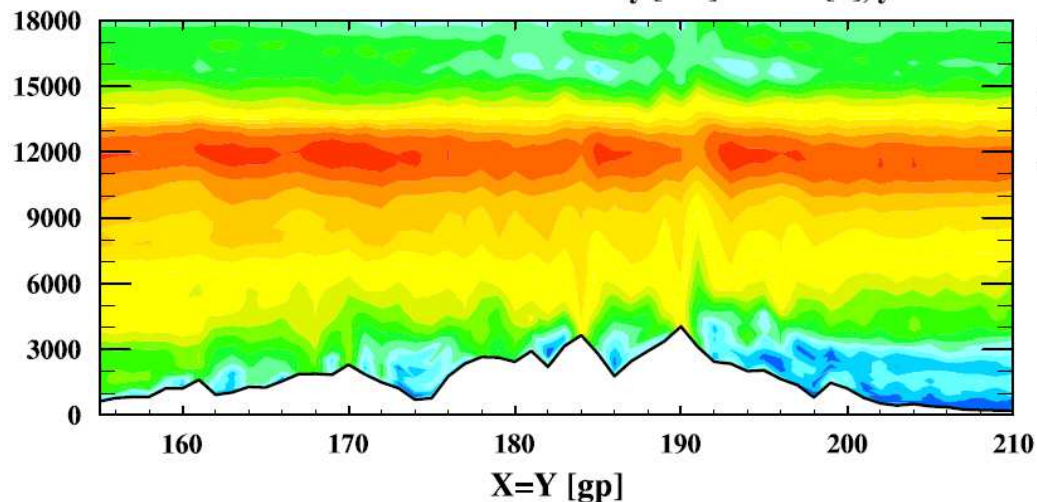
COSMO R-K



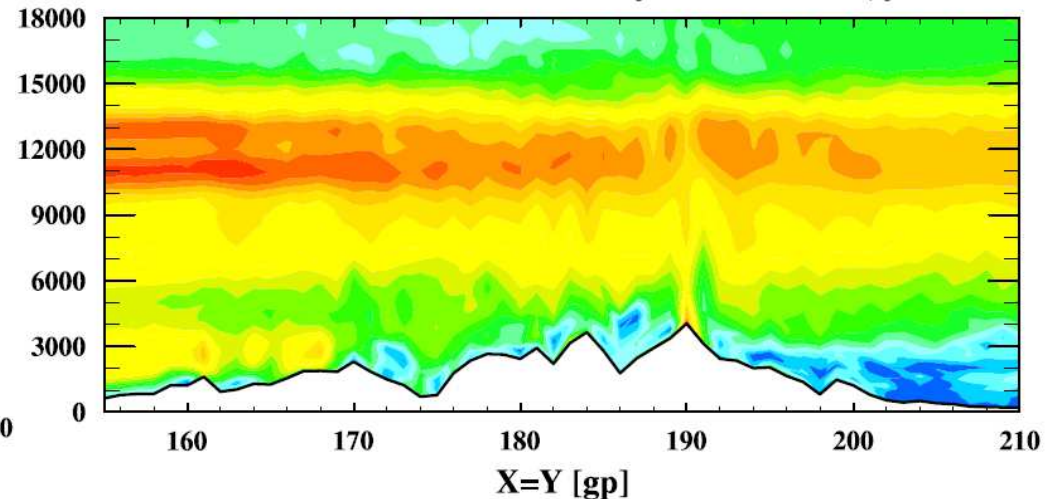
Horizontal velocity : Mount Blanc

EULAG

$|V|$ velocity [m/s] at $t=12$ [h], $y = x$

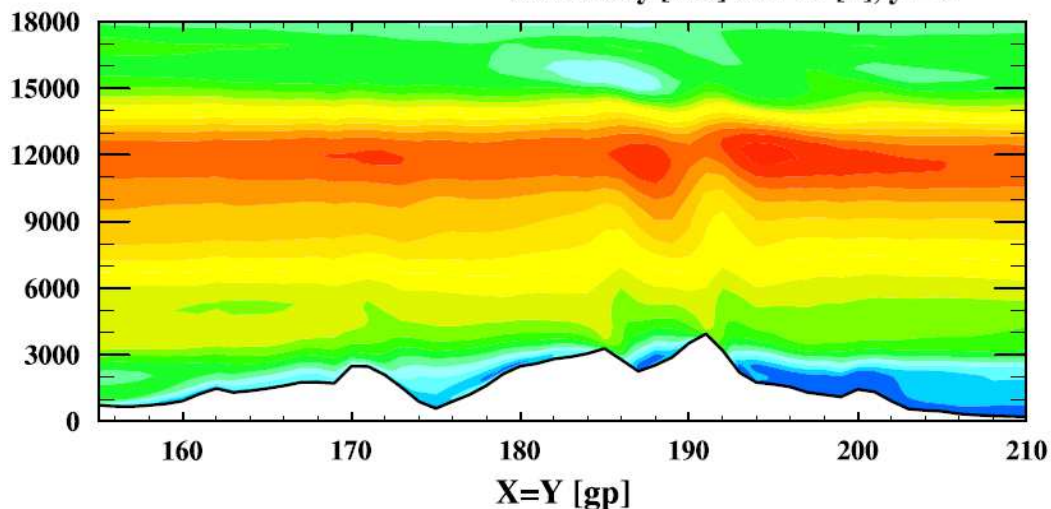


$|V|$ velocity [m/s] at $t=24$ [h], $y = x$

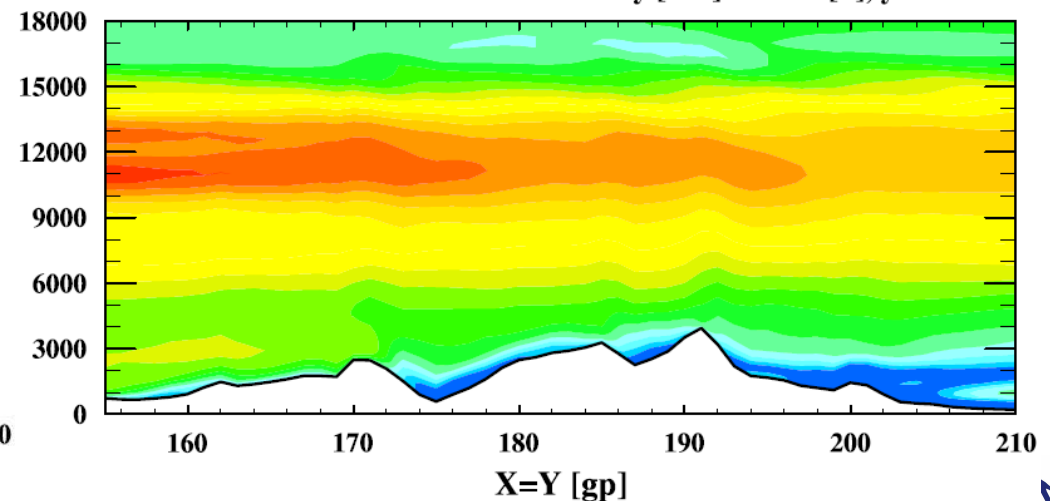


COSMO R-K

$|V|$ velocity [m/s] at $t=12$ [h], $y = x$



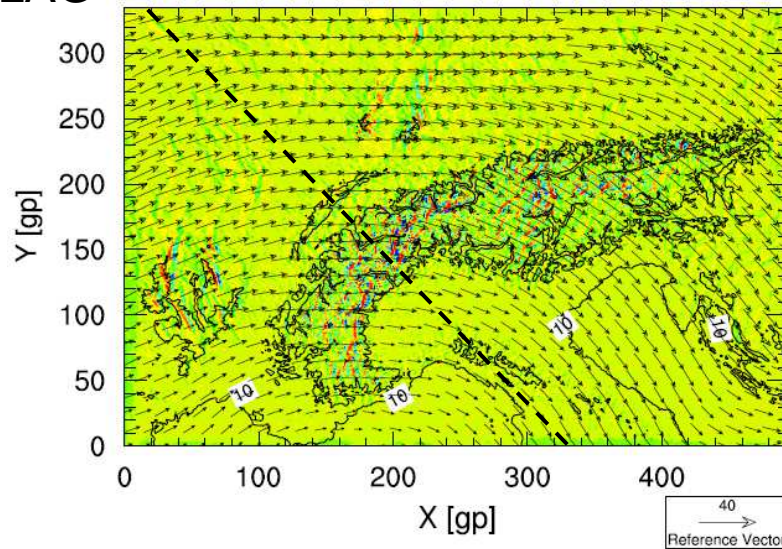
$|V|$ velocity [m/s] at $t=24$ [h], $y = x$



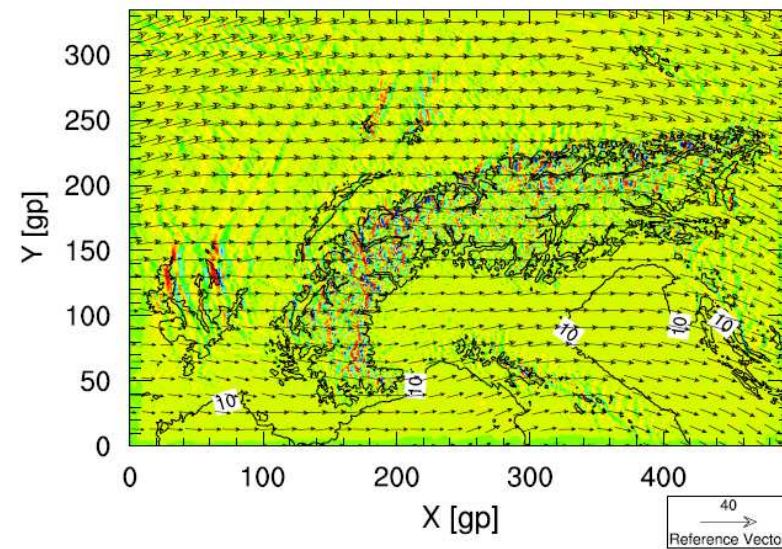
Vertical velocity : 4.5km level

EULAG

W [m/s] after 12h at level = 26

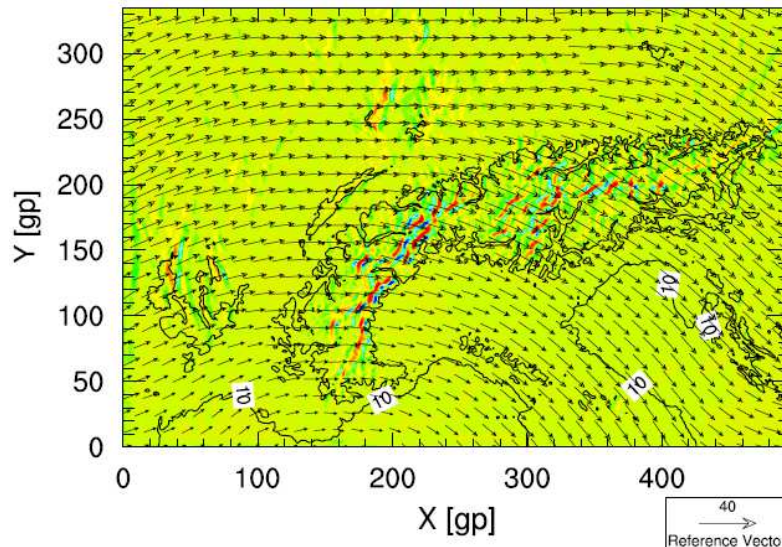


W [m/s] after 24h at level = 26

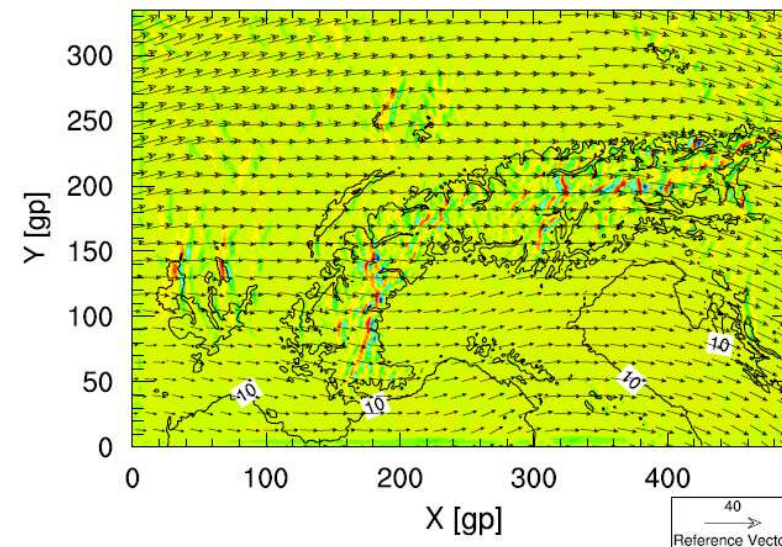


COSMO R-K

W [m/s] after 12h at level = 26



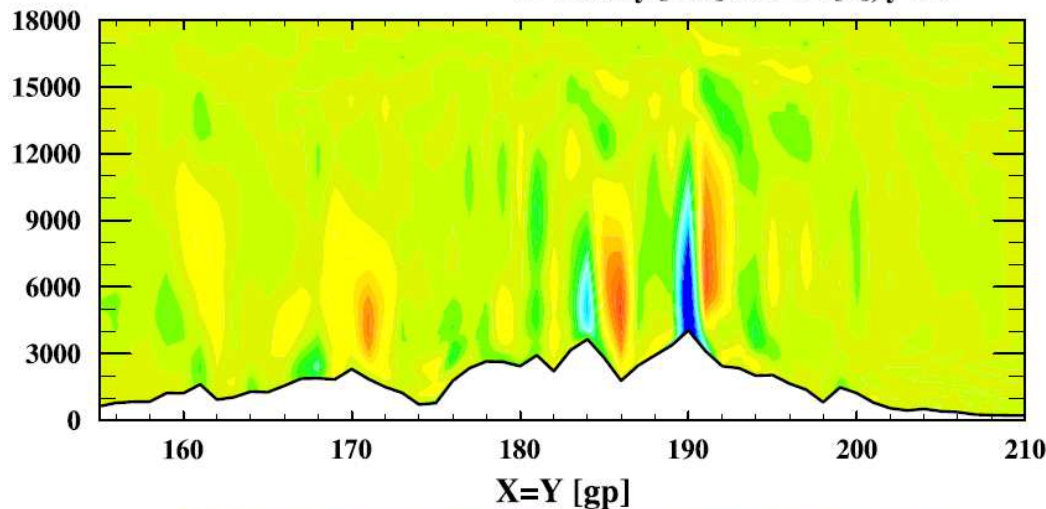
W [m/s] after 24h at level = 26



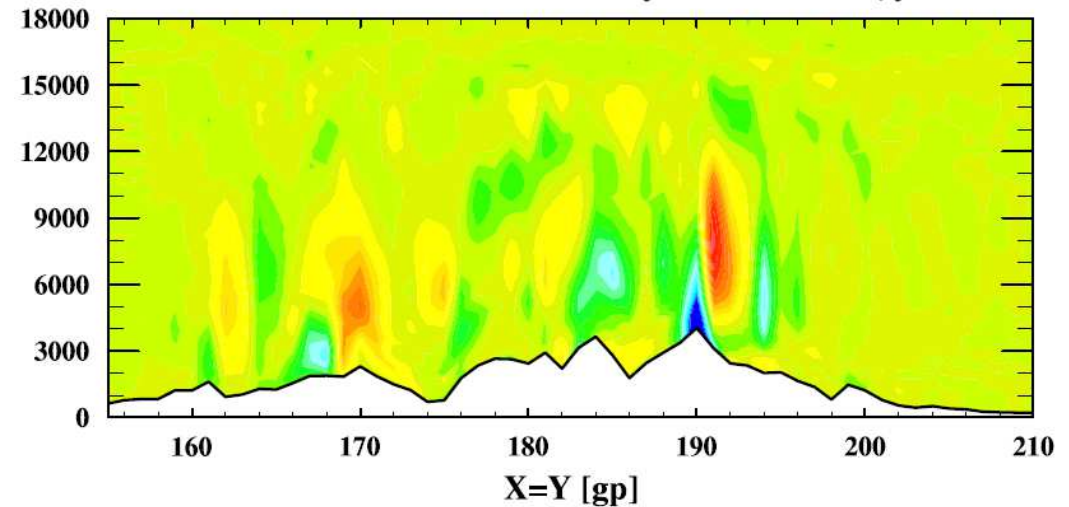
Vertical velocity : Mount Blanc

EULAG

W velocity [m/s] at t=12 [h], y = x

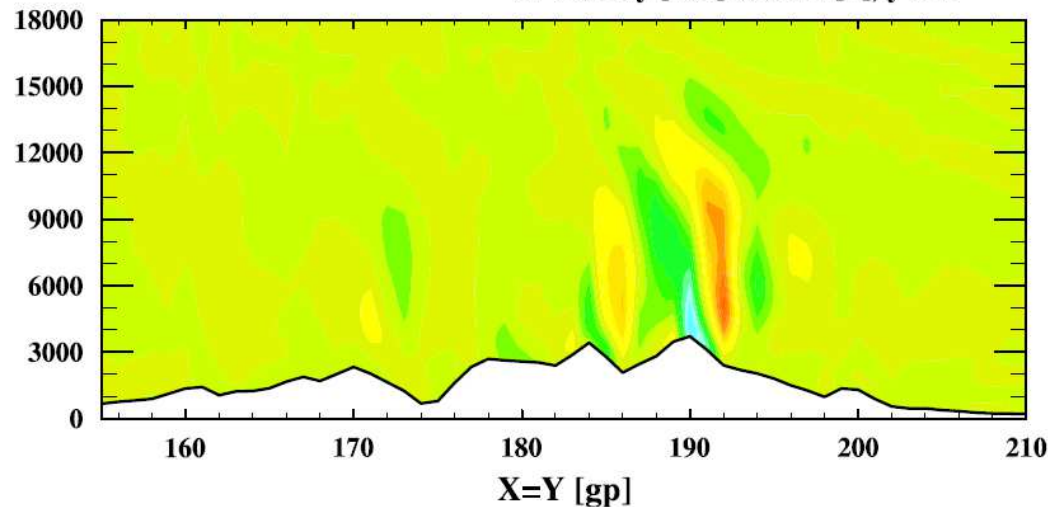


W velocity [m/s] at t=24 [h], y = x

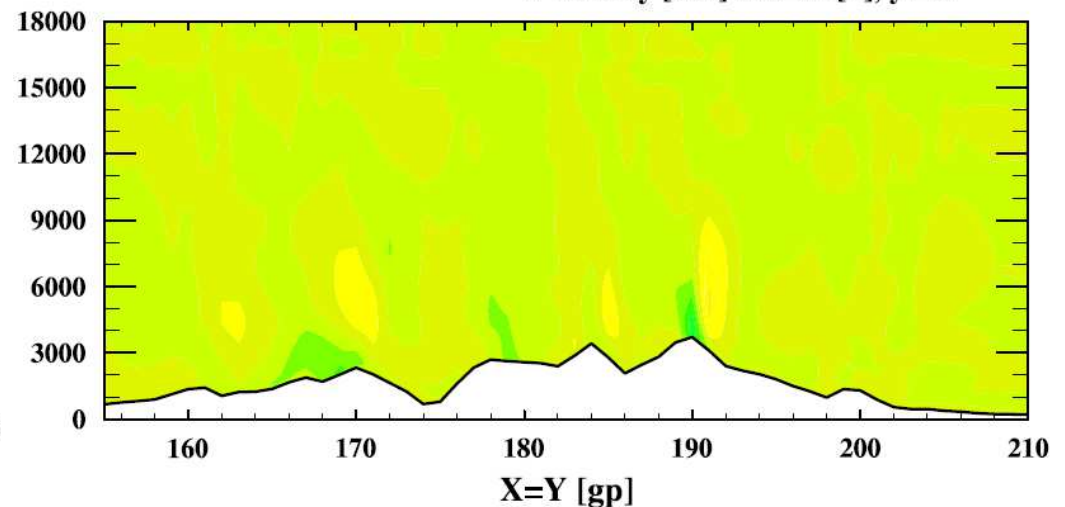


COSMO R-K

W velocity [m/s] at t=12 [h], y = x

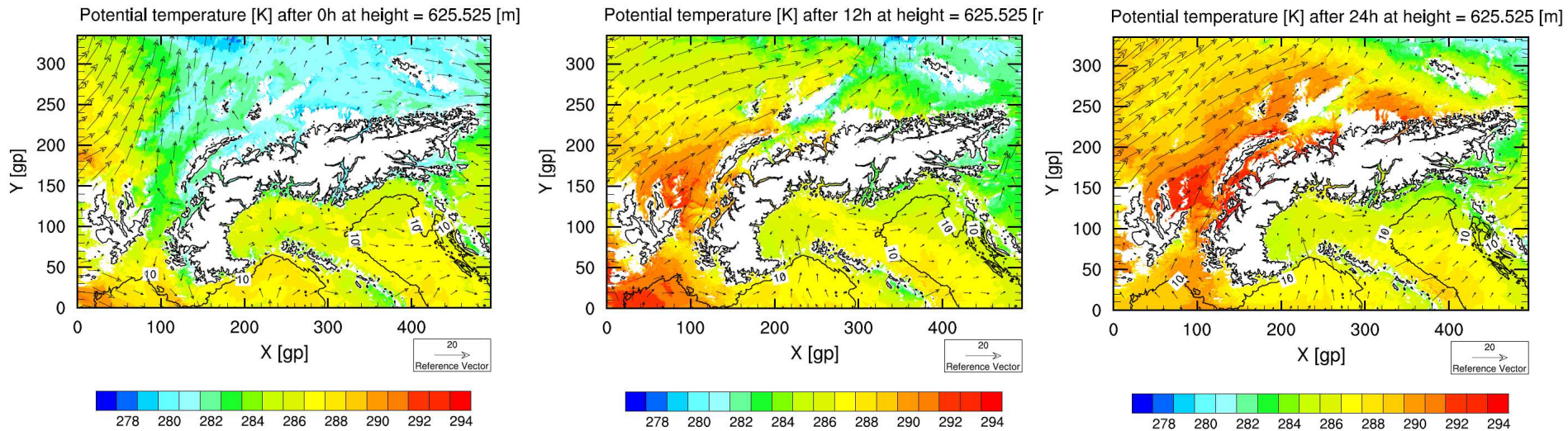


W velocity [m/s] at t=24 [h], y = x

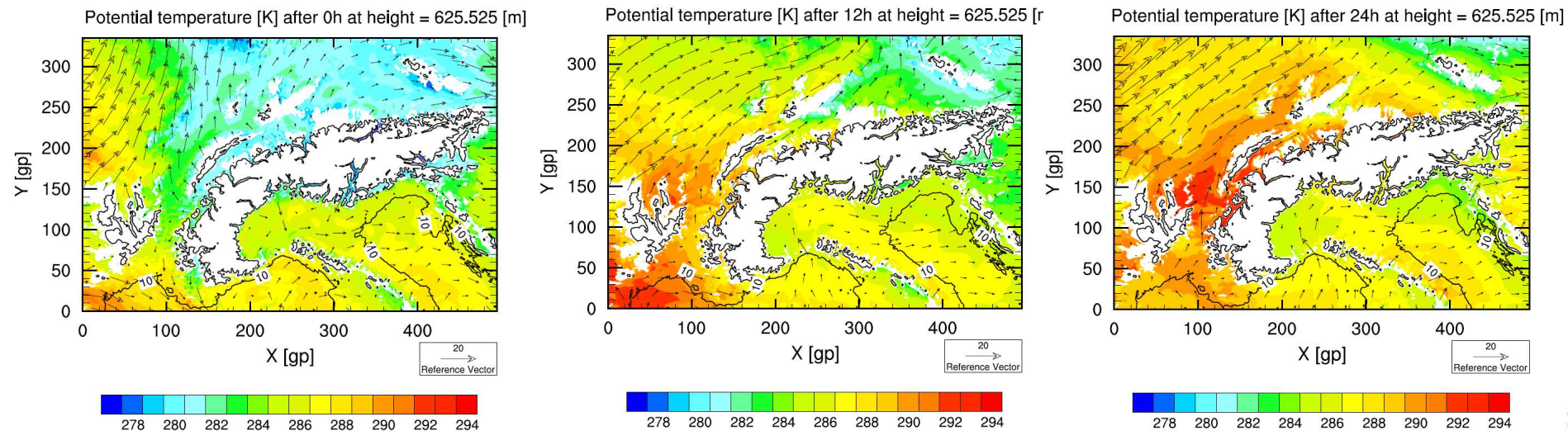


Potential temperature : 626m height

EULAG

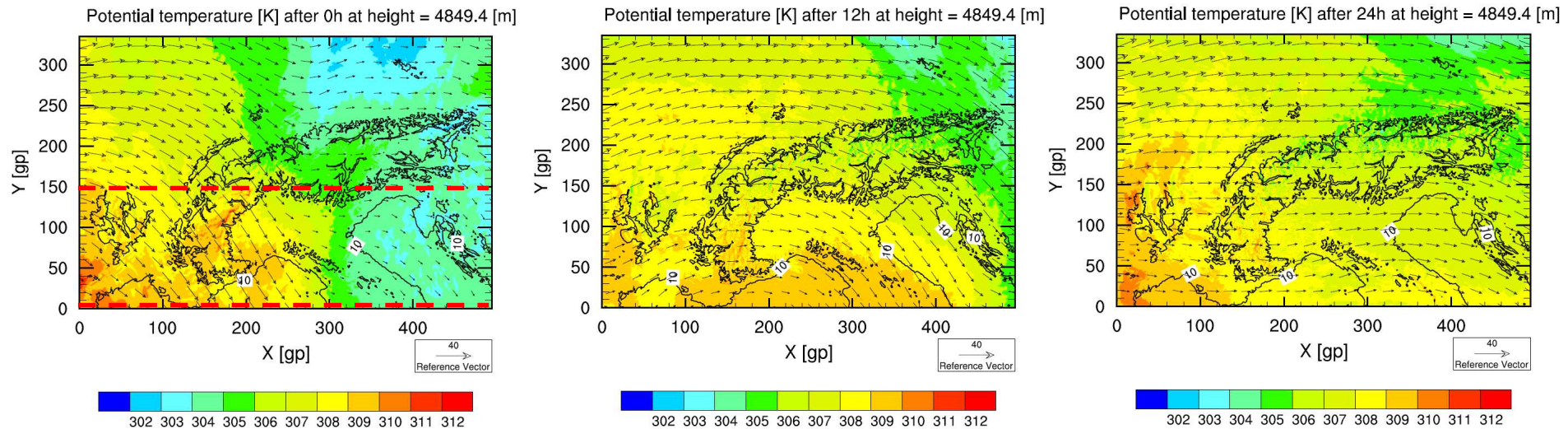


COSMO R-K

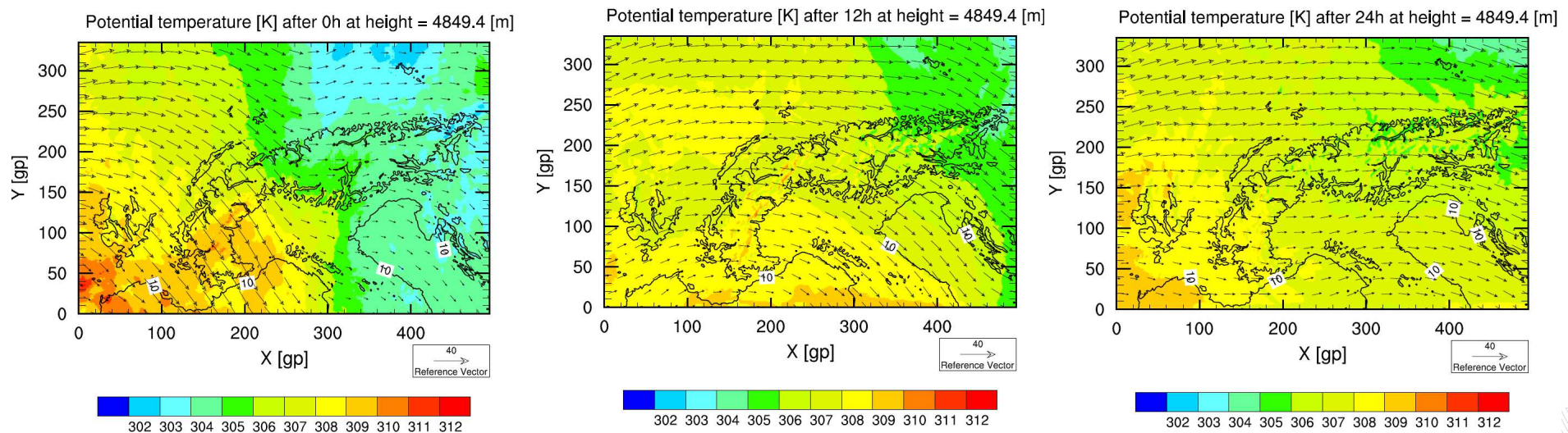


Potential temperature : 4850m height

EULAG

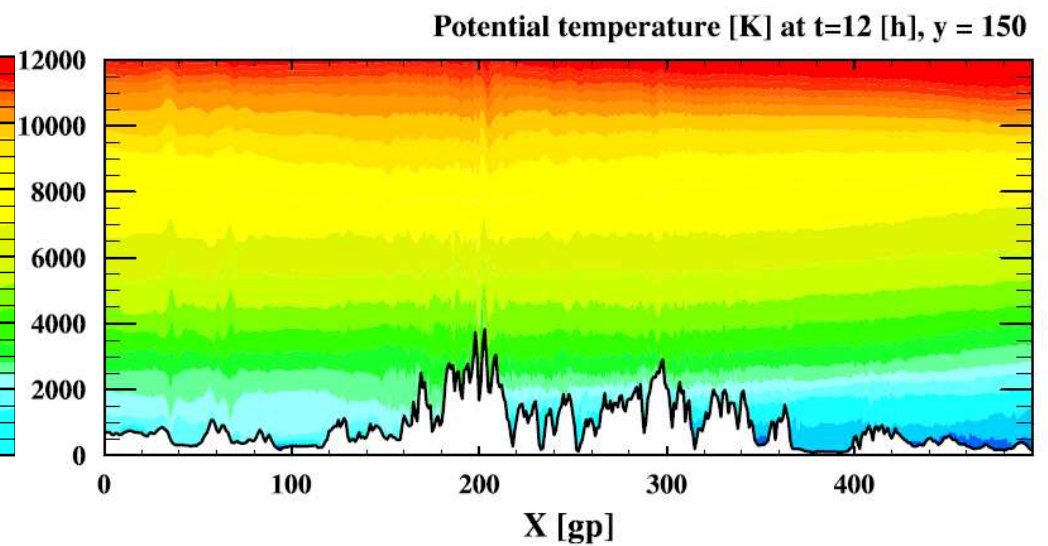
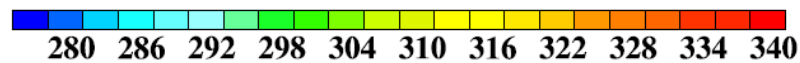
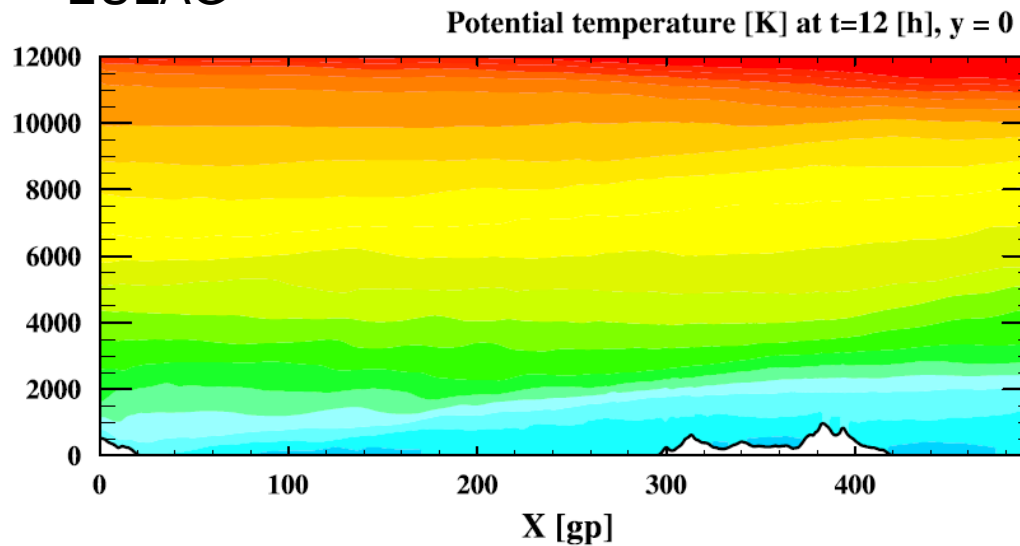


COSMO R-K

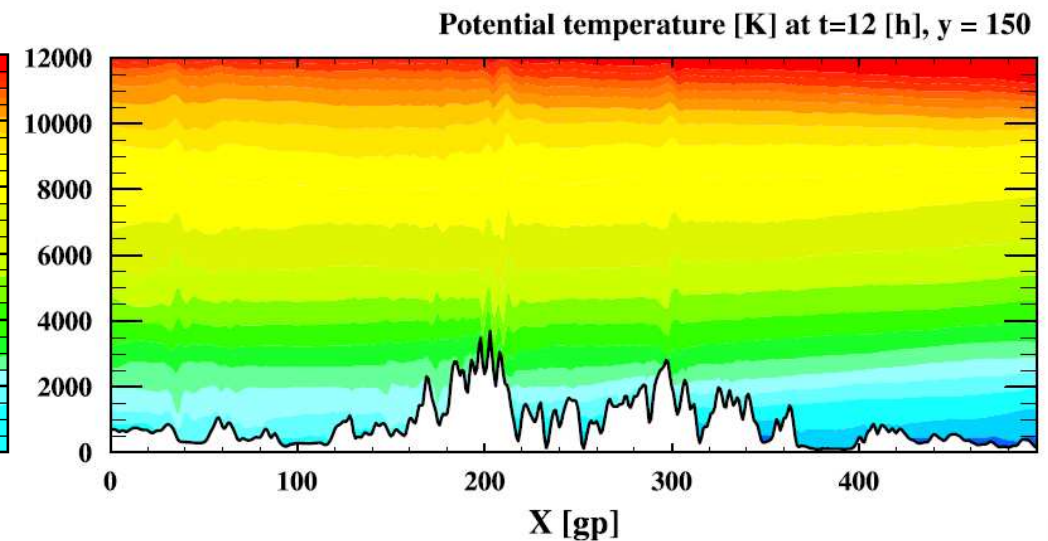
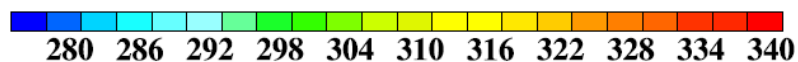
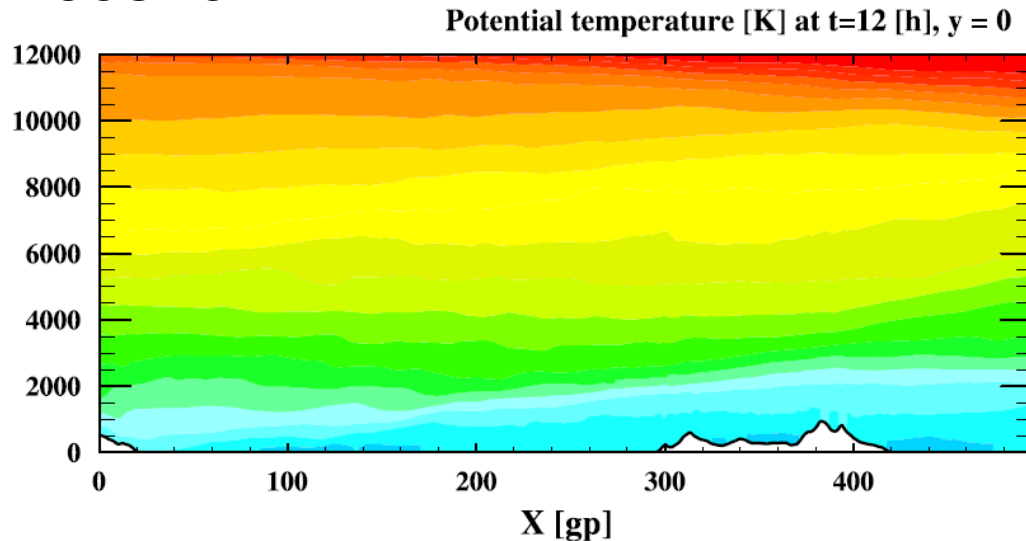


Potential temperature

EULAG



COSMO R-K



Summary

- EULAG is implemented into COSMO as anelastic dynamical core
- We completed first semi-realistic test for Alpine flow with COSMO parameterization of friction and turbulence
- No artificial smoothing was required to achieve stable solutions
- The solutions are generally similar to Runge-Kutta results and introduce more spatial variability, high wind speeds for higher mountain areas and higher amplitudes and spatial variability for orographic gravity waves



Thank you !

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