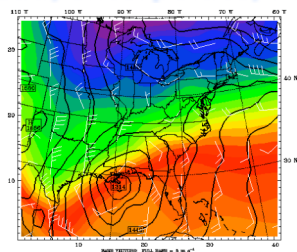


RIP: Appendix G Read/Interpolate/Plot



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Features: RIP

- Quality slides (publish quality)
- Can do shaded plots
- More than 2 overlays
- Lots of diagnostics
- Relatively easy to use
- Not as easy as GRAPH, but one can get up to speed fast
- Makes LOTS of extra data files
- Need NCAR Graphics
- Adding diagnostic variables require code changes
- Must rerun if new images are needed

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General:

- Requires NCAR Graphics ngwww.ucar.edu
- Documentation:
 - In program tar file under the Doc/ directory
 - <http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/mm5/documents/ripug.html>
 - http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/mm5/documents/ripug_V4.html

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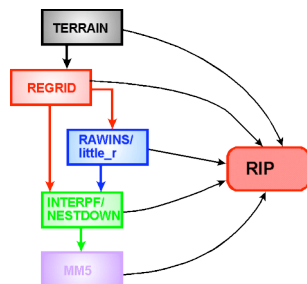
Purpose:

- Horizontal plots on σ , pressure, height, θ , θ_e or PV surfaces
- Vertical cross sections
- Skew-T/log p soundings
- Forward and backward trajectories
- Generate input data for Vis5D

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Input Data:

- MM4 or MM5 output, MM5 input and pre-processors
- RIP4 can also input WRF data



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RIP on Your Computer:

- `setenv NCARG_ROOT /usr/local/ncarg`
- set RIP_ROOT environment variable
 - `setenv RIP_ROOT /usr/$USER/RIP`
- make <machine type> (it'll make suggestions)
 - make dec (example)
- RIP has 2 parts (RIPDP and RIP)

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RIP4 on your computer:

set **RIP_ROOT** environment variable
 - setenv RIP_ROOT /usr/\$USER/RIP4

Edit *src/Makefile* to define paths to netCDF library and include file on your computer:
NETCDFLIB and *NETCDFINC*

make <machine type> (it'll make suggestions)
 - make dec (example)

RIP4 has 2 parts (RIPDP and RIP)
 ripdp_mm5 ripdp_wrf

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RIPDP:

- RIPDP is **RIP Data Preparation**
- RIP does not read MM5 system data directly
- Pre-processor runs to put data into RIP input format
- RIP puts each variable at each time into a separate file - **LOTS** of files

HINT:
 mkdir storm_case

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Running ripdp:

Optional *ripdp_sample.in*

- ripdp -n namelist-file \
 <model_data_name> \
 <input_file1 input_file2>

use directory as part of the model_data_name

Example: ripdp -n ripdp_sample.in
 storm_case/MMOUT
 ../MM5/Run/MMOUT_DOMAIN1

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Running ripdp_mm5:

- ripdp_mm5 [-n namelist-file] *new* \
 <model_data_name> [basic/all] \
 <input_file1 input_file2>

Example
 ripdp_mm5 -n ripdp_sample.in
 storm_case/MMOUT basic mm5out

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RIPDP Namelist:

```
&userin
  ptimes=0,-72,1,ptimeunits='h',tacc=90.,
    discard='LANDMASK',H2SO4',
  iexpandedout=1
&end
```

- ptimes** - times for RIPDP to process
 - 0,1,2
 - 0,-72,1
 - 0, 3,-24,3, 48
- ptimeunits** - 'h', 'm', 's'
- tacc** - tolerance (s) for times defined by ptimes (time accuracy)

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RIPDP Namelist:

```
&userin
  ptimes=0,-72,1,ptimeunits='h',tacc=90.,
    discard='LANDMASK',H2SO4',
  iexpandedout=1
&end
```

- discard** - list of variables that will not be processed (**RIP4 - only if 'all' is selected on the command line**)
- iexpandedout** - 1=expanded domain, 0=nonexpanded domain (only for TERRAIN and REGRID)

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RIP:

- read the output generated by RIPDP
- read **User Input File (UIF)** (*rip_sample.in*)
 - First section is a list of general parameters (namelist format)
 - Second section is a series of plots in the Plot Specification Table (PST)
- generate meta file (same as for GRAPH)

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Running RIP:

- `rip [-f] model-data-set-name \ rip-execution-name`
 - created by ripdp / ripdp_mm5
 - User Input File (UIF)
- Example**
- ```
rip -f storm_case/MMOUT rip_sample.in
```
- use directory as part of the model\_data\_set\_name      output ; metacode

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## RIP UIF

```
&userin
..... } Namelist controlling general parameters
&end
&trajcalc
..... } Namelist for trajectory calculations
&end Only used if itrajcalc=1, in userin namelist
```

=====

Plot Specification Table

=====

```
feld= } Frame specification
feld= } group (FSQ)
feld= } Plot
feld= } Specification
feld= } Table (PST)
feld= } Plot specification line (PSL)
```

=====

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## RIP namelist - *userin*

- Use namelist to control
  - processing times, intervals
  - title information
  - text quality on a plot
  - whether to do time series, trajectory, or to write output for Vis5D
- Full explanation for namelist variables is available in the user document

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## RIP namelist - *userin*

- **idotitle** – first part of first title line
- **titlecolor** – color of title lines
- **ptimes, ptimeunits** – times to process
- **tacc** – tolerance for processing data
- **timezone** – display of local time
- **iusedaylightrule** – 1 applied, 0 not applied
- **iinittime** – plotting of initial time
- **ivalidtime** – plotting of valid time
- **inearsth** – plot times as 2 / 4 digits
- **fmin, fmax, fbmin, ftmax** – frame size
- **ntextq** – text quality

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## RIP namelist - *userin*

- **ntextcd** – text font
- **fcoffset** – 12 means hour 12 of the MM5 forecast is considered hour 0 by you
- **idotser** – generate time series output
- **idescriptive** – more descriptive titles
- **icgmsplit** – split metacode into several files
- **maxfld** – reserve memory for RIP (10-15)
- **itrajcalc** – 0, 1 ONLY when doing trajectory calculations (use also namelist trajcalc)
- **imakev5d** – 0, 1 generate Vis5D data

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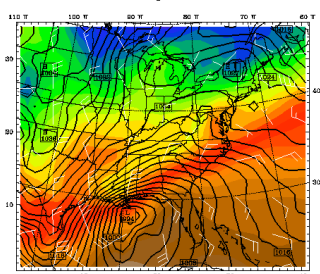
## RIP PST:

```
=====
feld=tmc; ptyp=hc; vcor=s; levs=b1; cint=2; >
cmth=fill ;cosq=-32,light.violet, >
-16,blue,0,yellow, 16,orange, 32,light.gray
feld=slp; ptyp=hc; cint=2; linw=2
feld=uuu,vvv; ptyp=hv; vcmx=-1; >
colr=white; intv=5
feld=map; ptyp=hb
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
=====
```

Appendix A has a list of all of the keywords

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Model: NCAR MM5 RIP: HP Sample  
 Fort: 0.00 Valid: 0000 UTC Sat 13 Mar 93  
 Temperature at pressure = 650 hPa  
 Sea-level pressure at sigma = 0.998  
 Horizontal wind vectors at sigma = 0.998



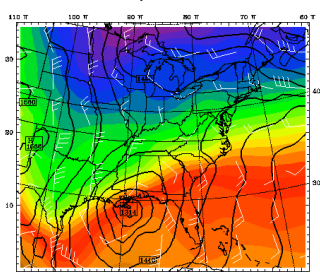
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## RIP PST:

```
=====
feld=tmc; ptyp=hc; vcor=p;
levs=850; cint=2; >
cmth=fill ;cosq=-32,light.violet, >
-16,blue,0,yellow, 16,orange, >
32,light.gray
feld=ght; ptyp=hc; cint=30; linw=2
feld=uuu,vvv; ptyp=hv; vcmx=-1; >
colr=white; intv=5
feld=map; ptyp=hb
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
=====
```

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Model: NCAR MM5 RIP: HP Sample  
 Fort: 0.00 Valid: 0000 UTC Sat 13 Mar 93  
 Temperature at pressure = 850 hPa  
 Geopotential height at pressure = 650 hPa  
 Horizontal wind vectors at pressure = 850 hPa



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## RIP PST:

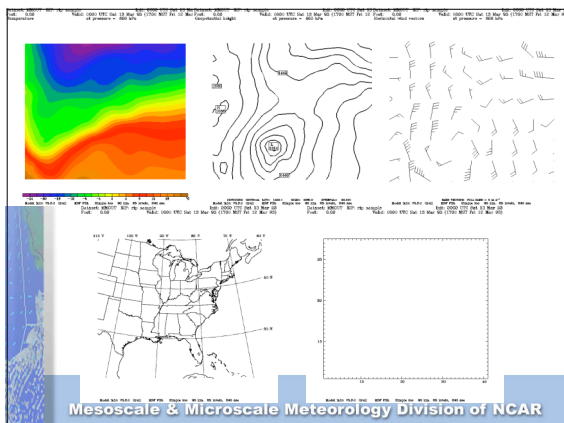
```
=====
feld=tmc; ptyp=hc; vcor=p;
levs=850; cint=2; >
cmth=fill ;cosq=-32,light.violet, >
-16,blue,0,yellow, 16,orange, >
32,light.gray
feld=ght; ptyp=hc; cint=30; linw=2
feld=uuu,vvv; ptyp=hv; vcmx=-1; >
colr=white; intv=5
feld=map; ptyp=hb
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
=====
```

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## RIP PST:

```
=====
feld=tmc; ptyp=hc; vcor=p; levs=850; cint=2; >
cmth=fill ;cosq=-32,light.violet, >
-16,blue,0,yellow, 16,orange, 32,light.gray
=====
feld=ght; ptyp=hc; cint=30; linw=2
=====
feld=uuu,vvv; ptyp=hv; vcmx=-1; > colr=white;
intv=5
=====
feld=map; ptyp=hb
=====
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
=====
```

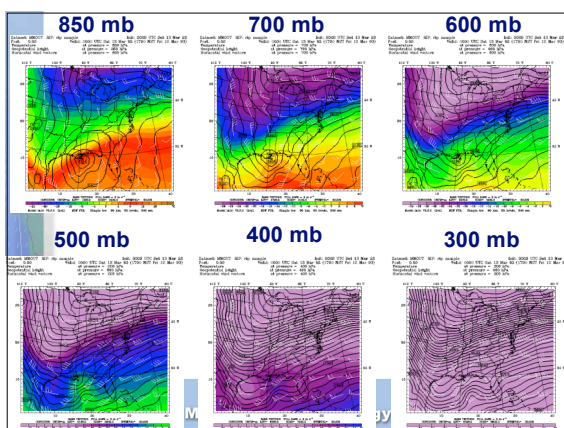
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## RIP PST:

```
=====
feld=tmc; ptyp=hc; vcor=p; >
levs=850,700,-300,100; cint=2; >
cmth=fill ;cosq=-32,light.violet, >
-16,blue,0,yellow, 16,orange, >
32,light.gray
feld=ght; ptyp=hc; cint=30; linw=2
feld=uuu,vvv; ptyp=hv; vcmx=-1; >
colr=white; intv=5
feld=map; ptyp=hb
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
=====
```

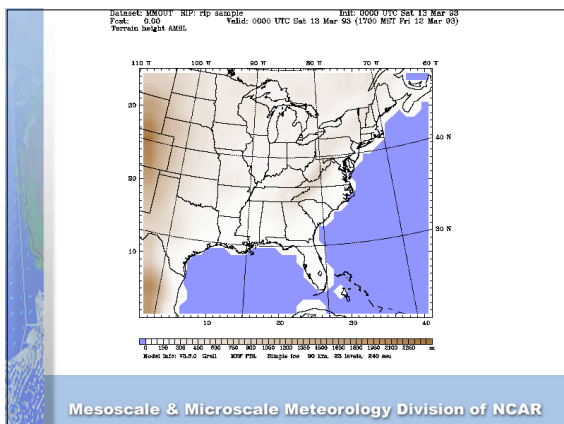
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## RIP PST – different color fill:

```
=====
feld=ter; ptyp=hc; cint=50; >
cmth=fill ;cosq= -1e-5,light.blue, >
1e-5,white, 3000, brown
feld=map; ptyp=hb
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
time=0
=====
```

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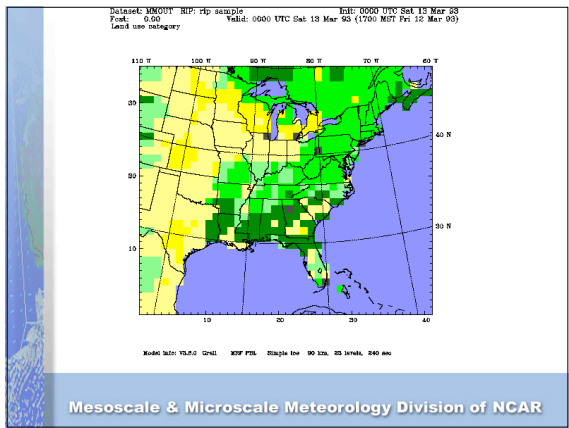


## RIP PST – different color fill:

```
=====
feld=xlus; ptyp=hh; chf| cosq=1,dark.gray,2,light.yellow, >
3,light.green,4,yellow,5,yellow,6,light.green,>
7,light.yellow,8,light.green,9,light.green,>
10,light.yellow,11,green,12,dark.green,13,green,>
14,dark.green,15,green, 16,blue,17,green,18,green,>
19,light.gray,20,light.gray,21,dark.green, 22,light.gray,>
23,light.gray,24,white
feld=map; ptyp=hb
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
time=0
=====
```

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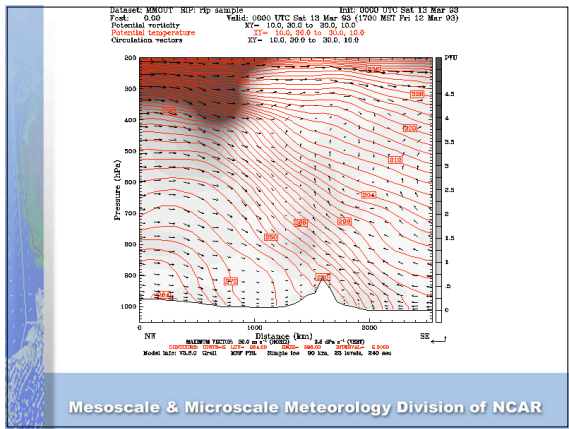




### RIP PST – cross section:

```
=====
feld=pvo; ptyp=vc; crsa=10,30;
crsb=30,10;
vcor=p; vwin=1050,200; cint=.25; >
cmth=fill ;cosq=0,white,4,dark.gray; >
cbeg=0; cend=5
feld=the; ptyp=vc; cint=2; colr=red
feld=uuu,vvv,omg; ptyp=vv
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
=====
```

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### RIP PST – skew-T:

```
=====
feld=tic; ptyp=sb; sloc=KORD; hodo; sngdg
feld=tmc; ptyp=sc; colr=red
feld=tdp; ptyp=sc; colr=blue
feld=uuu,vvv; ptyp=sv; colr=dark.green >
hodo; sndg
=====
```

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