

MM5 Output Format Chapter 13



Cindy Bruyère

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

General comments:

- MM5 V3 format is new, and different from V1 format (MM5 V2 uses V1 format)
- MM5 V3 format is easier to use than V1 format
- V2-to-V3, and V3-2-V2 (model output only) conversion programs are available (see Chapter 14: Utility Programs)

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

MM5 V3 Format:

flag (0/1)
data
flag (0/1)
data
flag (0/1)
data
flag (2)
flag (0/1)
data
flag (0/1)
data
flag (0/1)
data
flag (2)

CAR

MM5 V3 Format:

flag (0)
data } BIG header
flag (1)
data } subheader + field
flag (1)
data } subheader + field
flag (2)
flag (0/1)
data
flag (0/1)
data
flag (0/1)
data
flag (2)

CAR

Big Header	0 - BIG HEADER
	1 - U
	1 - V
	1 - T
	..
Output at analysis time	1 - T10
	2
	1 - U
	1 - V
	1 - T
	..
Output at 3hr	1 - T10
	2
	1 - U
	1 - V
	1 - T
	..
Output at 6hr	1 - T10
	2

Run MM5 for 6 hours,
output model data every 3 hours

MM5 V3 Format:

```

10      continue
      read (input_unit, end=900) flag
      if (flag.eq.0) then
        read (input_unit) big header
        go to 10
      else if (flag.eq.1) then
        read (input_unit) sub header
        read (input_unit) field
        go to 10
      else if (flag.eq.2) then
        print *, 'end of time period'
        go to 10
      end if
900      continue

```

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Big header:

Four arrays: BHI,BHR,BHIC,BHRC

- BHI(50,20): integer array
- BHIC(50,20): character array describing BHI
- BHR(20,20): real array
- BHRC(20,20): character array describing BHR

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Big header:

• Values in BHI and BHR:

- are common attributes of the output file
- most of these reflect the choices a user made in running a particular program (such as those defined in a namelist)

• Example:

BHI(16,1) : BHIC(16,1)
35 : Domain Grid Dimension in I Dir

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Big header:

• BHI(1,1): indicating which program this file contains

1. TERRAIN
2. REGRID
3. RAWINS / LITTLE_R
4. RAWINS / LITTLE_R Surface analysis
5. MMINPUT
6. LOWBDY
7. BDYOUT
8. MMOUTP
11. MMOUT

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Sub-header:

• Contains 16 records:

- ndim (3/2/1)
- start_index (4 values), normally 1's
- end_index (4 values), IX,JX,KX,1
- xtime (model integration time in minutes)
- staggering (dot or cross point field)
- ordering (most 3D arrays are in yxz order)
- current date (valid date for this forecast time)
- name of the field
- unit
- description of the field

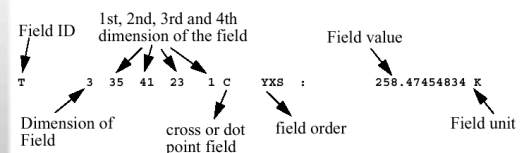
Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Headers:

- List of big headers and available output fields for each of the MM5 programs is on pages 13-7 to 13-19
- All MM5 program output files that conform to MM5 format may be read by *readv3.f* program (available in mesouser/MM5V3/Util directory)

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Sample Values:



Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Special Format:

- **Observational nudging data**
MM5OBS_DOMAINx
- **Surface observation output from RAWINS:**
 - SFC4DOBS_DOMAINx file
- **Upperair observation output from RAWINS:**
 - UPR4DOBS_DOMAINx file
- **Raw observation output from RAWINS:**
 - RAOBS_DOMAINx file

Note: these data files cannot be read by readv3.f

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Special Format:

- **Observational nudging data**
MM5OBS_DOMAINx
- **Surface observation output from RAWINS:**
 - SFC4DOBS_DOMAINx file
- **Upperair observation output from RAWINS:**
 - UPR4DOBS_DOMAINx file
- **Raw observation output from RAWINS:**
 - RAOBS_DOMAINx file

Note: these data files cannot be read by readv3.f

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

MM5OBS_DOMAINx

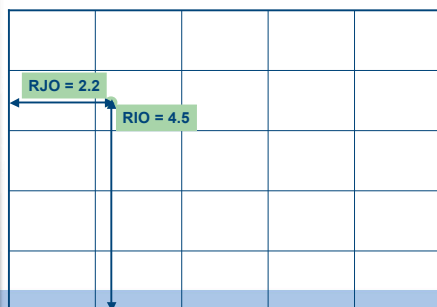
WRITE (13) TIMEOB,RIO,RJO,RKO,(VAROBS(IVAR),IVAR=1,5)

- **TIMEOB:** Julian date in dddhh.
Example: 16623.5 - Julian day 166 and hour 2330 UTC
- **RIO:** y-location - I dot-point location on *coarse mesh*
(may be a fraction of a grid)
- **RJO:** x-location - J dot-point location on *coarse mesh*
(may be a fraction of a grid)
- **RKO:** z-location - *K half- σ level* (must be on half σ levels)
- **IVAR(1):** u wind - in m/sec rotated to model grid
- **IVAR(2):** v wind - in m/sec rotated to model grid
- **IVAR(3):** temperature - in Kelvin
- **IVAR(4):** water vapor mixing ratio - in kg/kg
- **IVAR(5):** Pstar - in mb
(only used in hydrostatic model - set to 99999)

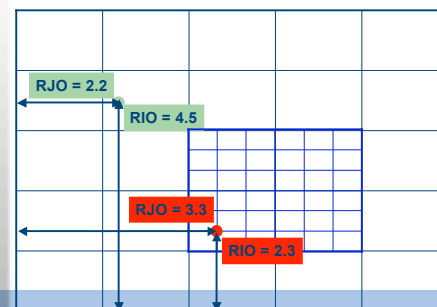
MM5OBS_DOMAINx

- **Coordinate specifications of the file are ALL with respect to the coarse grid**
- **Model will do interpolation to nest locations**
- **MM5OBS_DOMAIN1 and MM5OBS_DOMAIN2**
 - identical
 - except if one have high resolution data you want to exclude from domain1

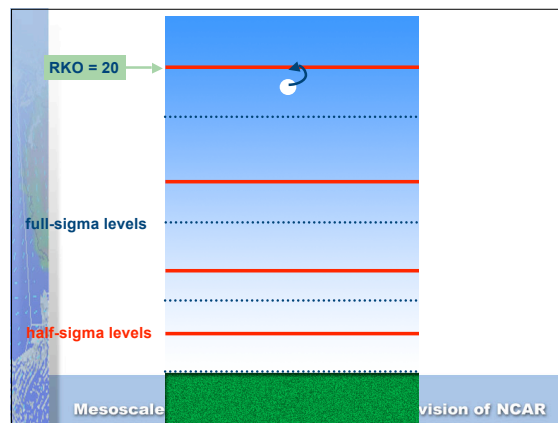
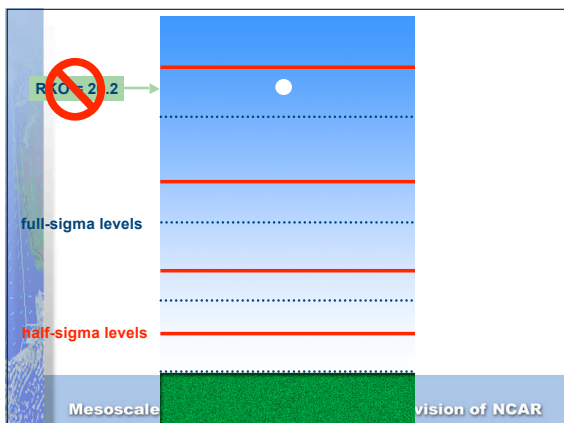
Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

MM5OBS_DOMAINx: Example

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

MM5OBS_DOMAINx : Example

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR



Utility Programs Chapter 14

<ftp://ftp.ucar.edu/mesouser/MM5V3/Util/>

Cindy Bruyère

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

v22v3: conversion program

- Convert V2 REGRID, RAWINS/LITTLE_R, INTERP output files to V3 format
- Purpose: to help users who have V2 data and want to run V3 MM5
- `v22v3.exe v2-filename`
- `v22v3.exe mminput_domain1 bdyout_domain1`

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

v32v2: conversion program

- Convert V3 INTERPF and MM5 outputs to V3 format
- Purpose: to help users who have diagnostic programs which work with V2 data
- `V32v2.exe v3-mm5-filename`

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

get_data.deck

- NCAR/SCD computers
 - get_on84
 - get_ncep
 - get_fnl
 - get_nnrp
 - get_awip
 - get_era
 - get_toga

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

fetch jobs:

- IBM job decks that fetch NCAR archived observations for RAWINS and LITTLE_R
- Fetch has two different "versions"
 - One that get data in RAWINS format
 - One that will get the data (RAWINS format) and convert it to LITTLE_R format

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

ieev3.csh

- converts MM5 modeling system output data from Cray binary to standard IEEE data.
- it only runs on Cray's
- How to Run It -


```
ieev3.csh v3-filename-in-Cray-format
```
- It creates an IEEE file with the name *v3-filename-in-Cray-format.ieee*

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Cray-to-IBM

- converts MM5 modeling system output data from Cray binary to standard IEEE data.
- it only runs on IBM's
- How to Run It -


```
xlf90 -o cray2ibm.exe cry2ibm.f -
L/usr/local/lib32/r8i4 -lncaru
```

```
xlf90 -o cray2ibm.exe cry2ibm-
intermediate.f -L/usr/local/lib32/r8i4 -
lncaru
```
- **cray2ibm.exe v3-mm5-filename**

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

tovis5d program:

- Convert MM5 sigma-level data to Vis5D format
- Convert MMINPUT and MMOUT data to vis5d format
- **tovis5d.csh mm5-filename**

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

readv3.f

- Read V3 MM5 formatted data, print out header, and sample values in the output file
- Compile:
 - f90 -free -convert big_endian readv3.f (DEC)
 - pgf90 -Mfreeform -pc 32 -byteswapio readv3.f (Linux)
 - f90 -freeform readv3.f (SGI)
- **a.out v3-filename** **EXAMPLE**

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

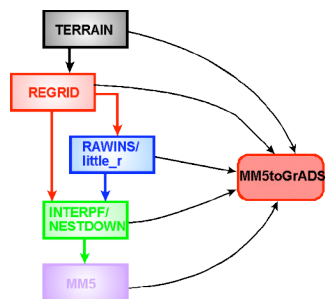
Converter for GrADS:

- Convert MM5 V3 format data to GrADS format. Program available at:


```
ftp://ftp.ucar.edu/mesouser/MM5V3/MM5toGrADS.TAR.gz
```
- Converter developed by George Bryan from PSU. Popular under MM5 users. Supported by mesouser since Jan 2002.

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Converter for GrADS:



Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Converter for GrADS:

- f90 – so make use of allocatable arrays, and only needs to be compiled once (make)
- No extra libraries needed to COMPILE
- GrADS software needed for display of data
 - <http://grads.iges.org/grads/grads.html>
 - <http://grads.iges.org/grads/gadoc>
- **Interactive**, so user must have a basic understanding of the GrADS software

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

What can be done:

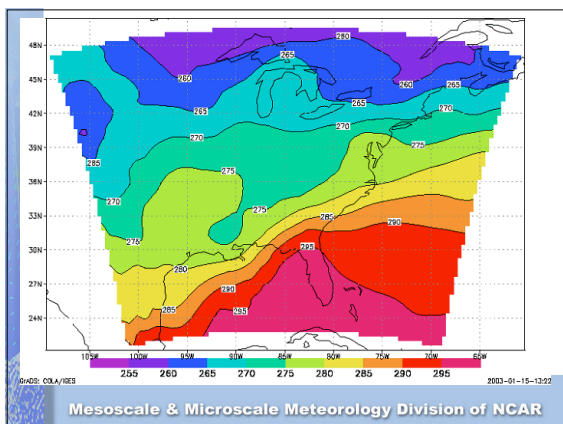
- Run converter only once (don't have to rerun to generate new images)
- Script based or command line
 - Run interactive
 - Run automatic with scripts
 - Create menus driven displays
- Create new fields interactively
 - Adding diagnostics on the fly
 - Manipulate fields (t ; t-273 ; rn+rc)
- Shades, contours, overlay (any number)
- Vectors, barbs

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

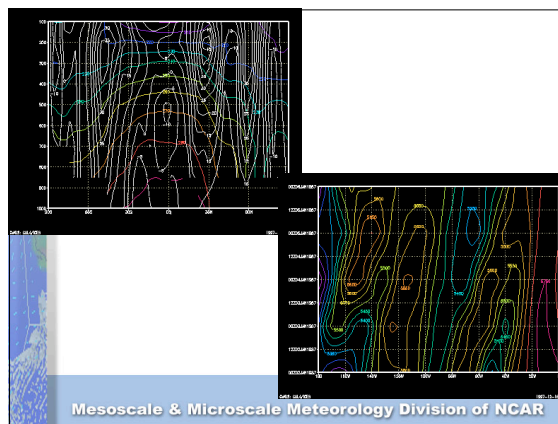
What can be done:

- Vectors, barbs
- Change color/interval interactively
- Animations (x,y,z,t)
- Cross sections
- Soundings
- Multiple frames on one "page"
- Zoom
- Multiple files open at one time
- Quality slides (publish quality)
- Create large data files

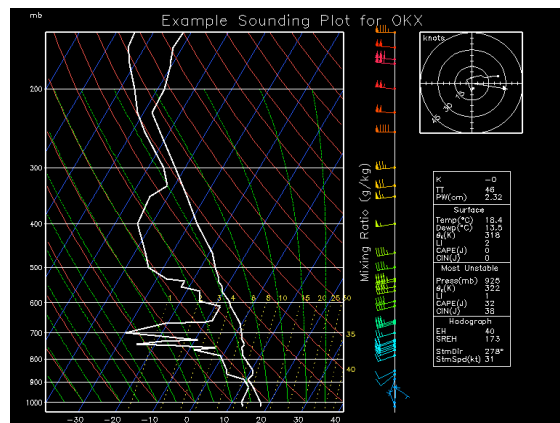
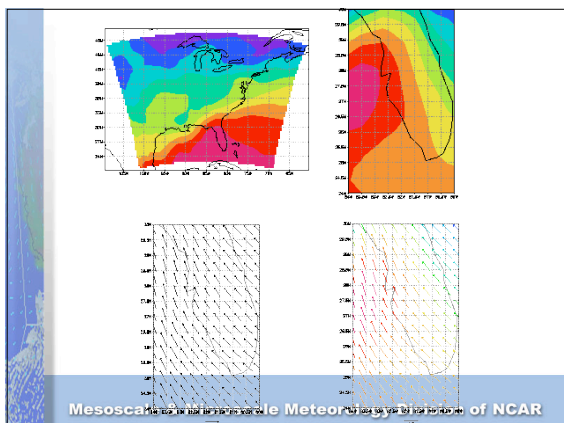
Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR



Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR



Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR



Converter for GrADS - *namelist*:

- **RECORD1**
 - **TIMIN** - start time
 - **TIMAX** - end time
 - **NSKIP** - skip increment
 - **IFLINUX** - byteswapping
 - **IFMAP** - interpolate to map background
 - **IFSFC** - surface plots only
 - **IFSKEW** - sounding plots
 - **ZTYPE** - native (pressure/sigma)
 - **plev** - interpolate to pressure (specify the pressure levels)

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Converter for GrADS - *namelist*:

- **RECORD10**
 - native 3D variables
- **RECORD11**
 - derived 3D variables
- **RECORD12**
 - native 2D variables
- **RECORD13**
 - derived 2D variables

RECORD10,11,12,13 are lists of switches to either plot ("1") or skip ("0") a specific variable

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR

Converter for GrADS:

- **How to Run converter**
- **Edit namelist**
- **Edit script (mm5_to_grads.csh)**
 - Only input and output names
- **Output: grads .ctl and .dat files**
- **To view:**
 - grads -l -c "open grads_output"**

Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR