

Regional MPAS-JEDI

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**MPAS-JEDI Tutorial, St Andrews, UK
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What are differences from global MPAS-JEDI?

1. namelist.atmosphere

```
&limited_area  
  config_apply_lbc = true  
/
```

2. streams.atmosphere

```
<immutable_stream name="lbc_in"  
  type="input"  
  io_type="pnetcdf,cdf5"  
  filename_template="lbc.$Y-$M-$D_$h.$m.$s.nc"  
  filename_interval="input_interval"  
  packages="limited_area"  
  input_interval="3:00:00" />
```

You need to set this, but no need of LBC file.

3. 3denvar.yaml

```
obs filters:  
- filter: Bounds Check  
  filter variables:  
  - name: airTemperature  
  - name: windEastward  
  - name: windNorthward  
  - name: specificHumidity  
  test variables:  
  - name: LAMDomainCheck@ObsFunction  
    options:  
      map_projection: circle # an option  
      save: true # will save the Derived  
      cenlat: 40.0 # central lat  
      cenlon: 260.0 # central lon  
      radius: 2750.0 # km  
      minvalue: 1.0 # will filter all obs ou
```

Reject obs outside a circular domain

Recent code includes another way to do regional obs filtering more generic for any shape of domain

- Contributed by Hui Liu at NOAA/NCEP/EMC

- filter: Bounds Check

- filter variables:

- name: airTemperature

- name: windEastward

- name: windNorthward

- name: specificHumidity

- test variables:

- name: GeoVaLs/observable_domain_mask

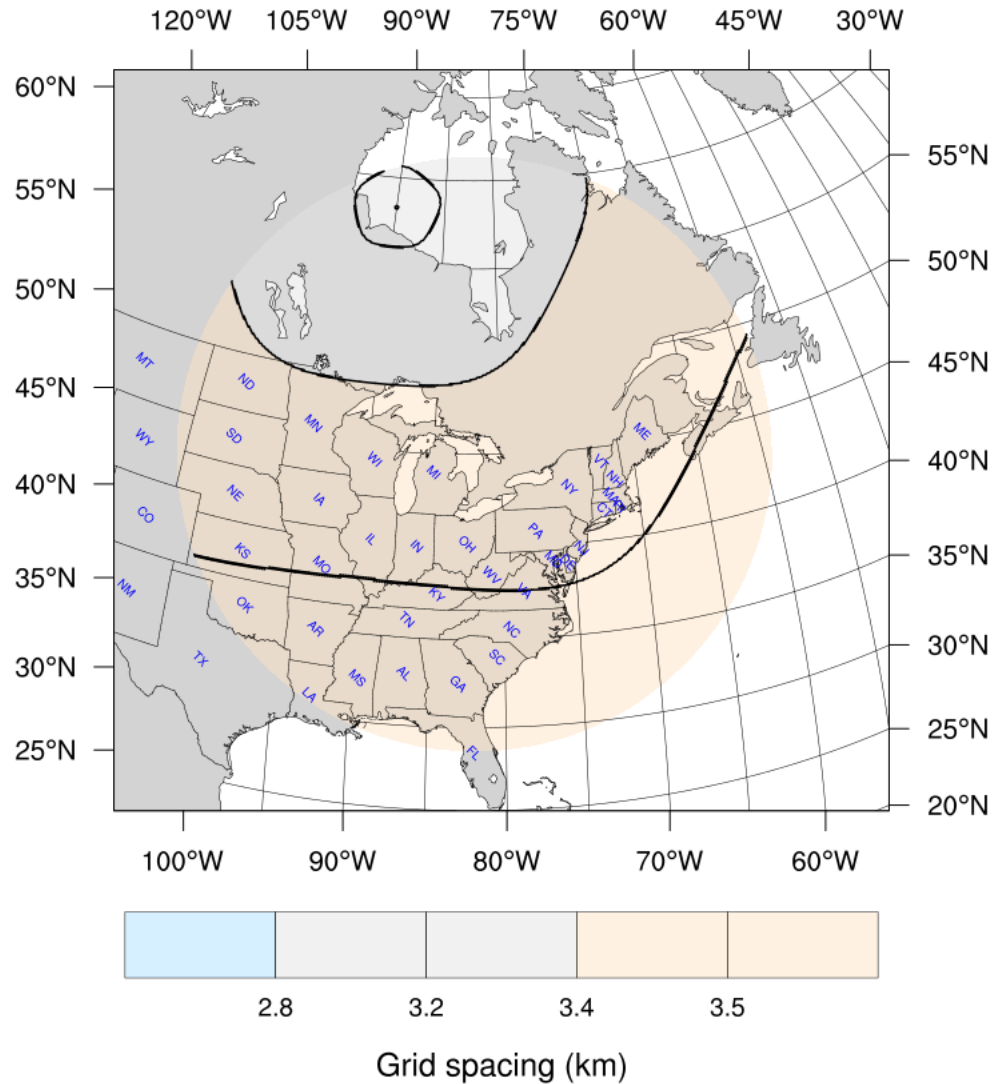
- flag all filter variables if any test variable is out of bounds: true

- minvalue: 0.0

- maxvalue: 0.1

Regional hybrid-3D/4DEnVar at 3.75km over Eastern US

conus3.75km-1800km45N82W



Ensemble B (weight 0.6): from 30-member ensemble input at 15km mesh from MPAS downscaled forecasts from GEFS ICs

Static B (weight 0.4): univariate, statistics from 960 downscaled 6-h ensemble forecasts

2-week period 6-hourly cycling: 7 – 18 July, 2023

assimilates:

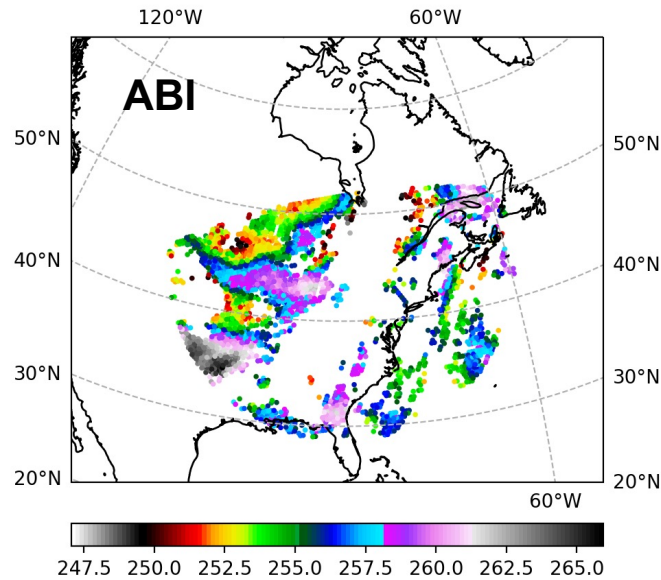
- T/Q/U/V from **radiosonde**
- T/Q/U/V from **aircraft**
- U/V from satellite track winds
- **GNSSRO refractivity**
- **surface pressure**
- **+/- 3-h time window**

2 experiments:

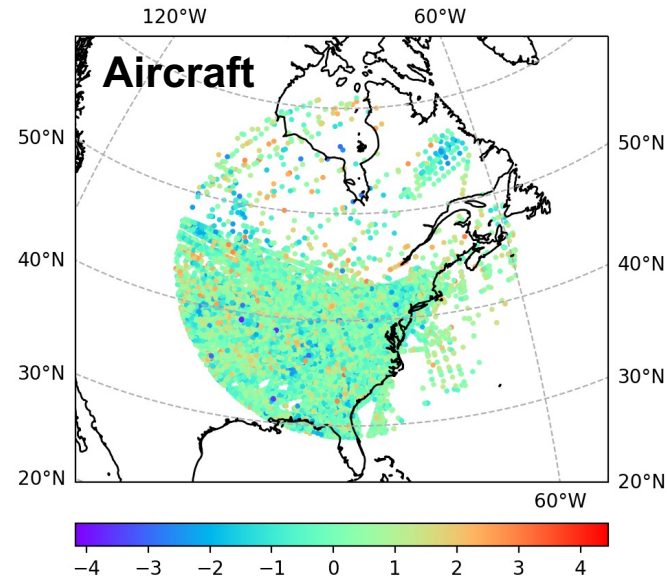
- Hybrid-3DEnVar
- Hybrid-4DEnVar

Obs coverage (all vertical levels together) at 2023070900

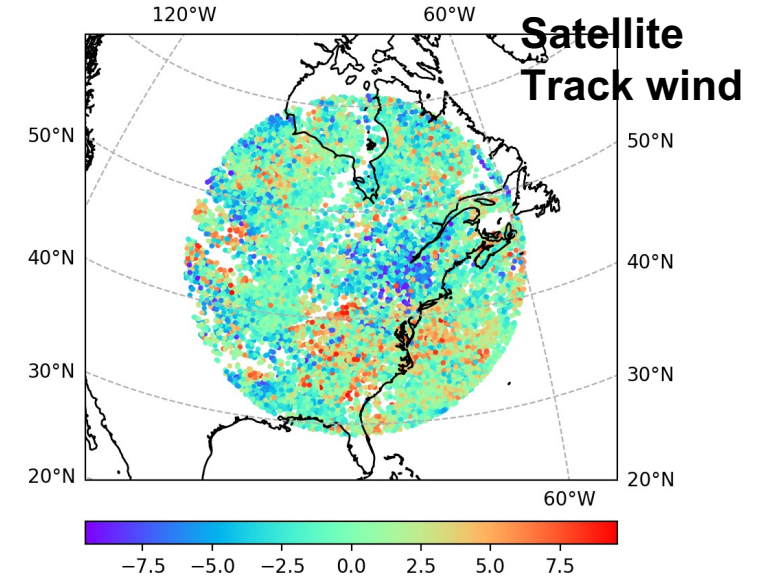
abi_g16 BT10 K nlocs:2871



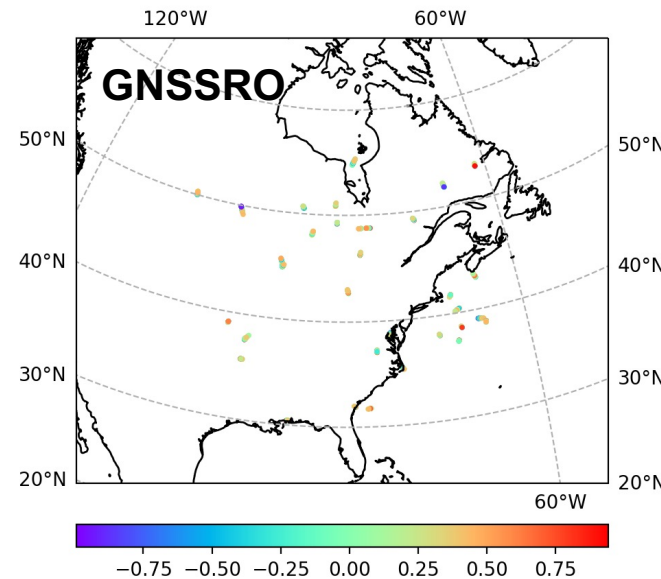
aircraft airTemperature K nlocs:46981 nflight:1541



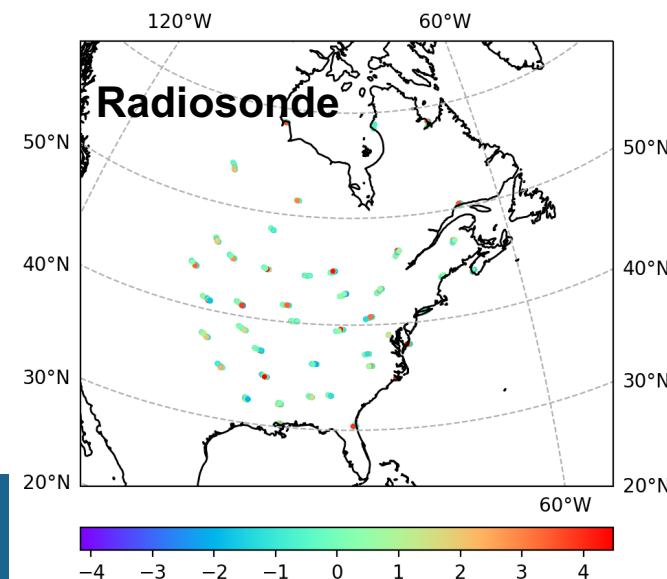
satwnd windEastward m/s nlocs:8132



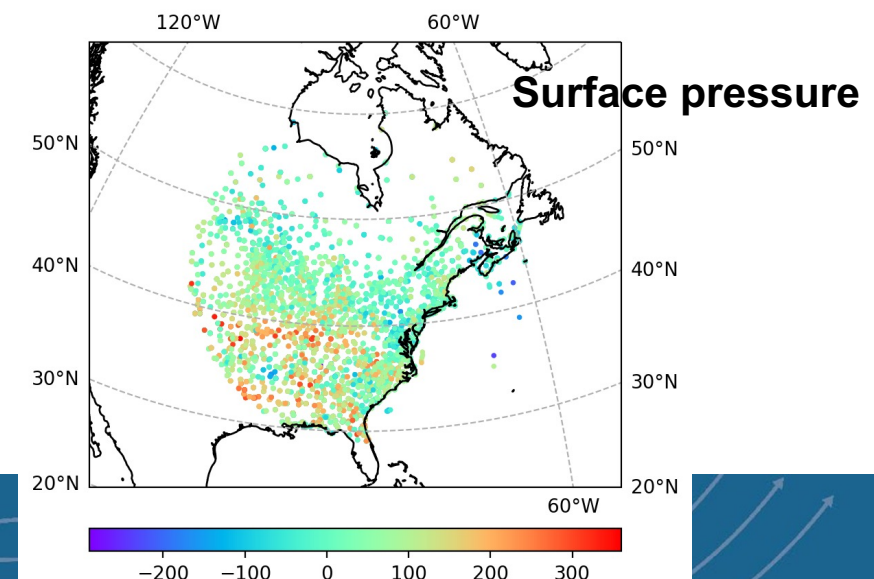
gnssroref atmosphericRefractivity % nlocs:1028 nprofile:32



sondes airTemperature K nlocs:3530 nstation:43

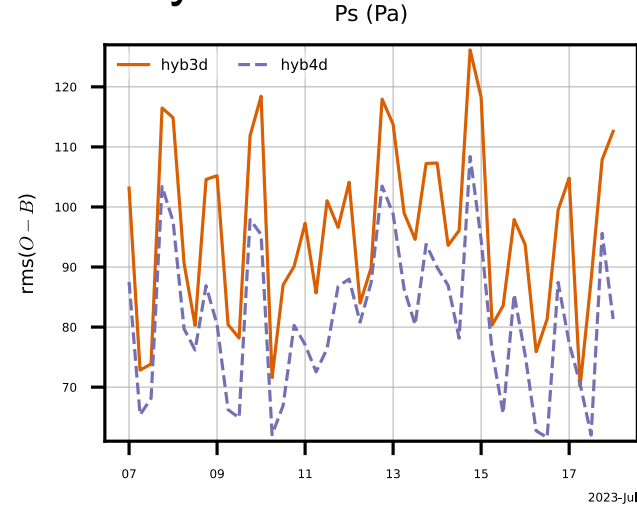
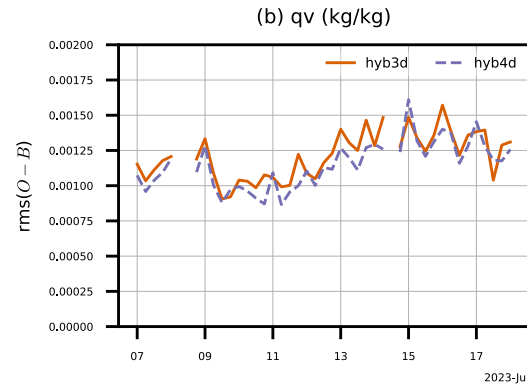
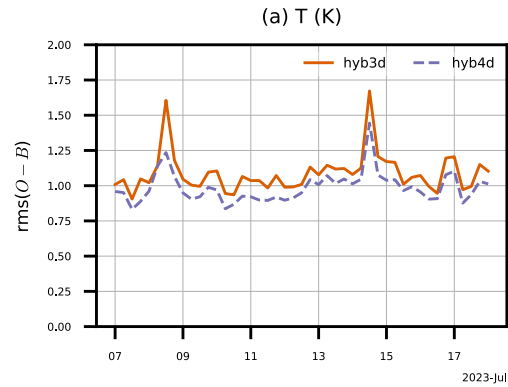


sfc stationPressure Pa nlocs:19013 nstation:1848

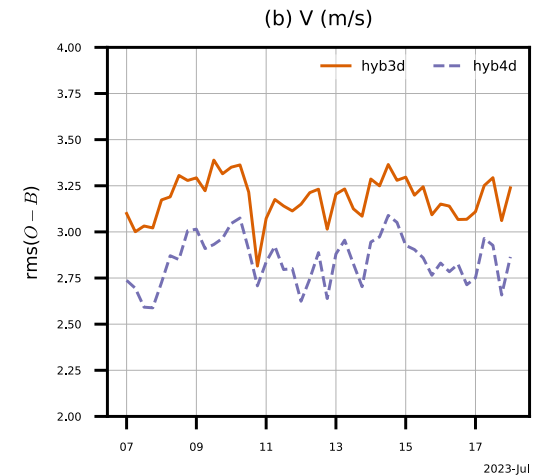
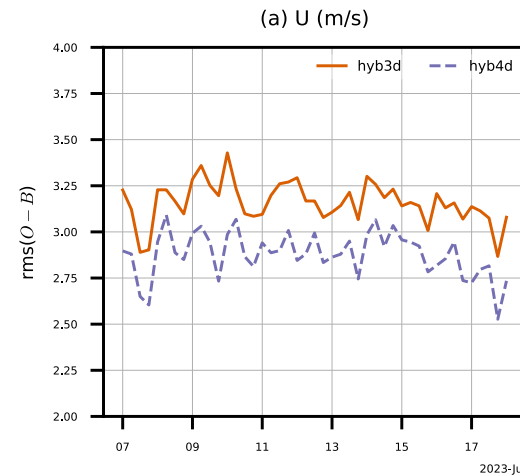
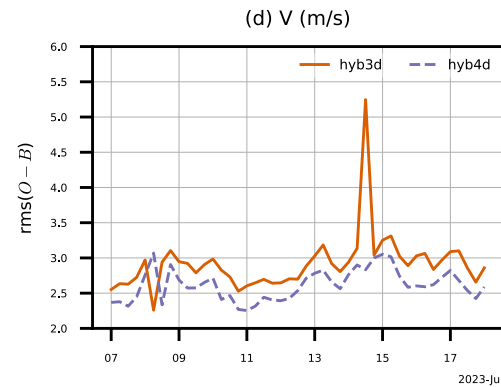
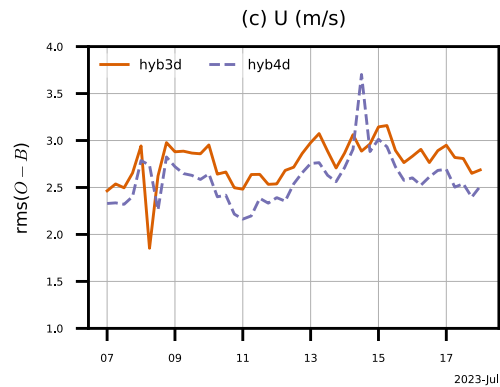


RMS of OMB: hybrid-3DEnVar vs. hybrid-4DEnVar

Clear better background-obs fitting from hybrid-4DEnVar



Surface
Pressure



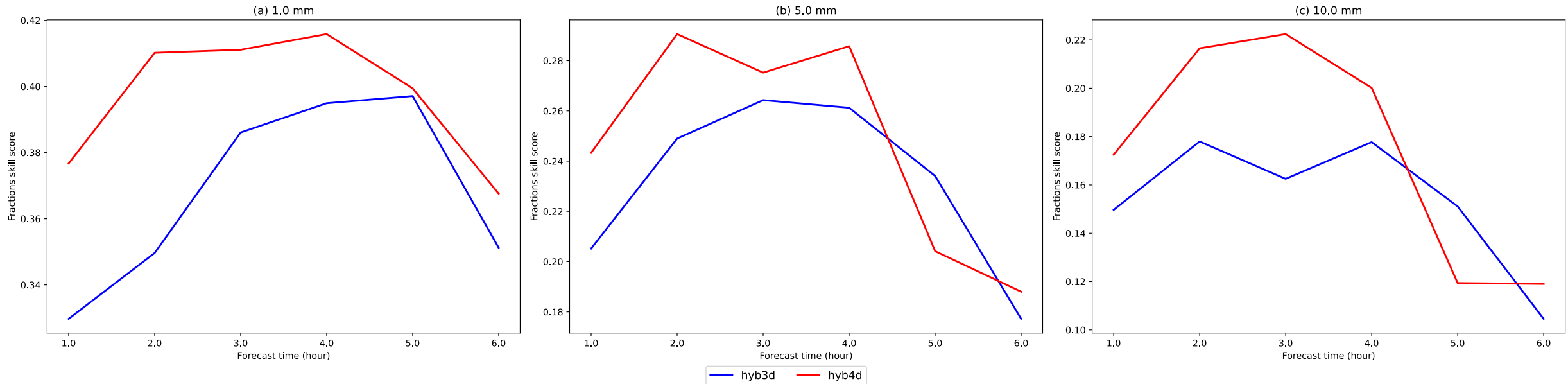
Aircraft

(spikes: times with missing obs)

Satellite track winds

1-h accumulated rainfall forecast FSS scores: 1h - 6h lead time

Hybrid-3DEnVar vs. Hybrid-4DEnVar

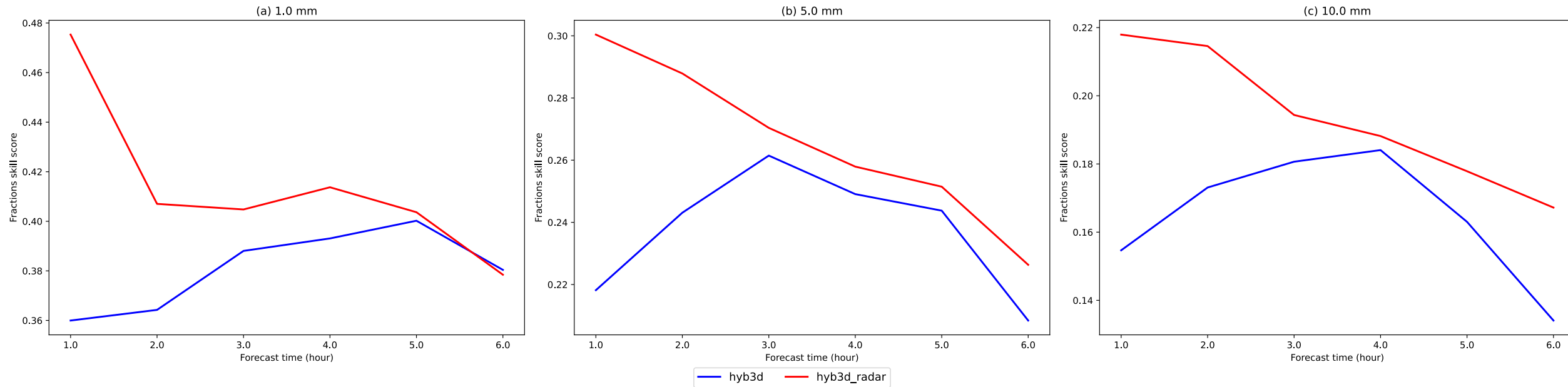


Clear improvement for the first several hours from hybrid-4DEnVar

Fraction Skill Scores (FSS) computed against Stage-IV obs with a radius of 25km, from 21 forecasts from 00 UTC 8 to 00 UTC 13 July.

Preliminary Radar DA

Hybrid-3DEnVar: without vs. with radar (radial wind + reflectivity)



33 forecasts from 00 UTC 9 to 18 UTC 17, July

Regional MPAS-JEDI test case

- `cd ~/mpas_jedi_tutorial/conus15km`
- `qsub run_conus15km.sh`
 - 15km 3DEnVar with only radiosonde obs and 5-member ensemble input