

Considerations for Designing an Numerical Experiment

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April 2011

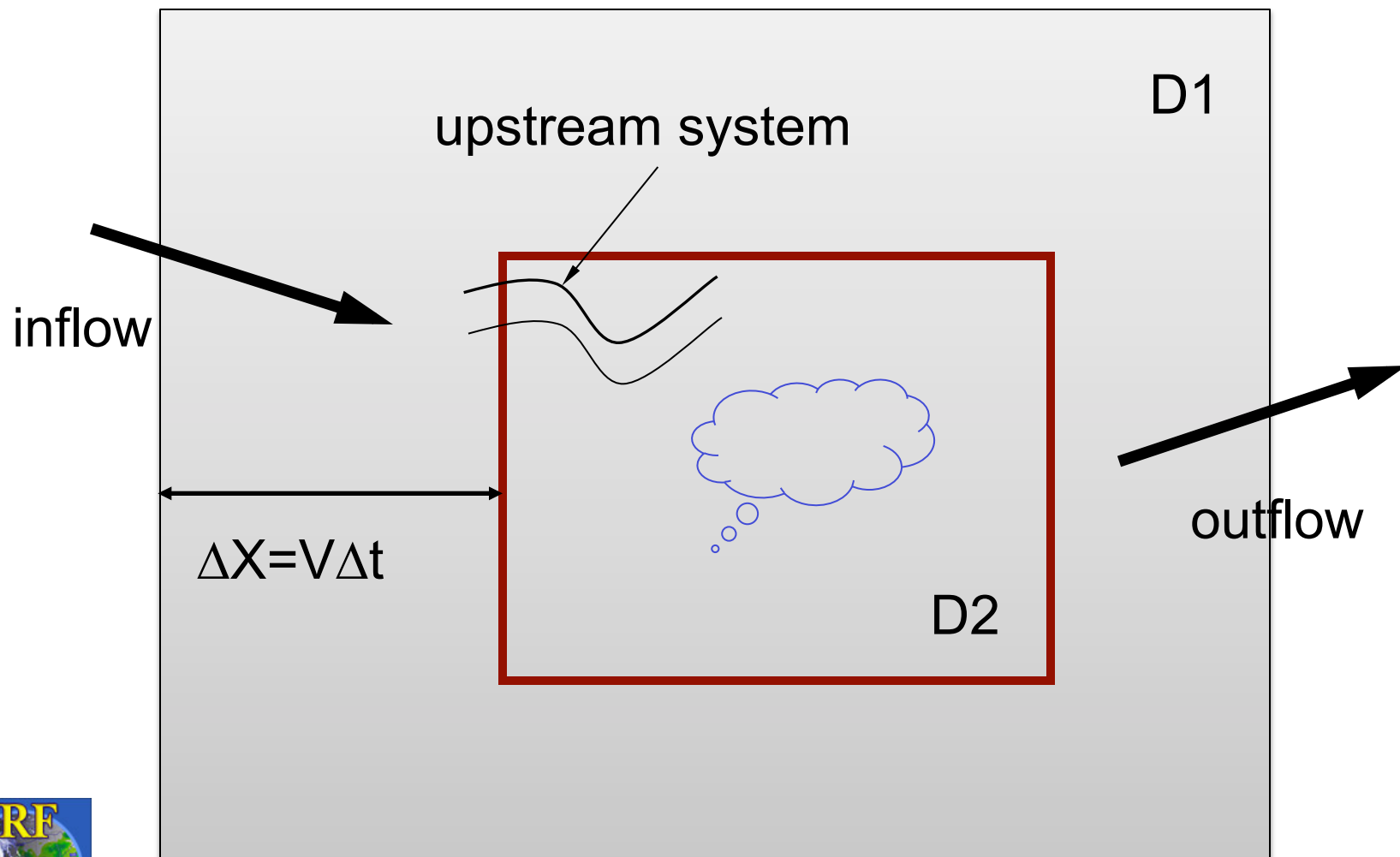


Domains

- How large do they need to be?
 - Depending on applications
 - Simulations for a few days: IC
 - Simulations for a few months, or years: BC
 - Domain sizes should not be too small: no less than 100x100
- Where to place my lateral boundaries?
 - Avoid steep topography
 - Away from my interest



Note on Configuring Domains: Horizontal

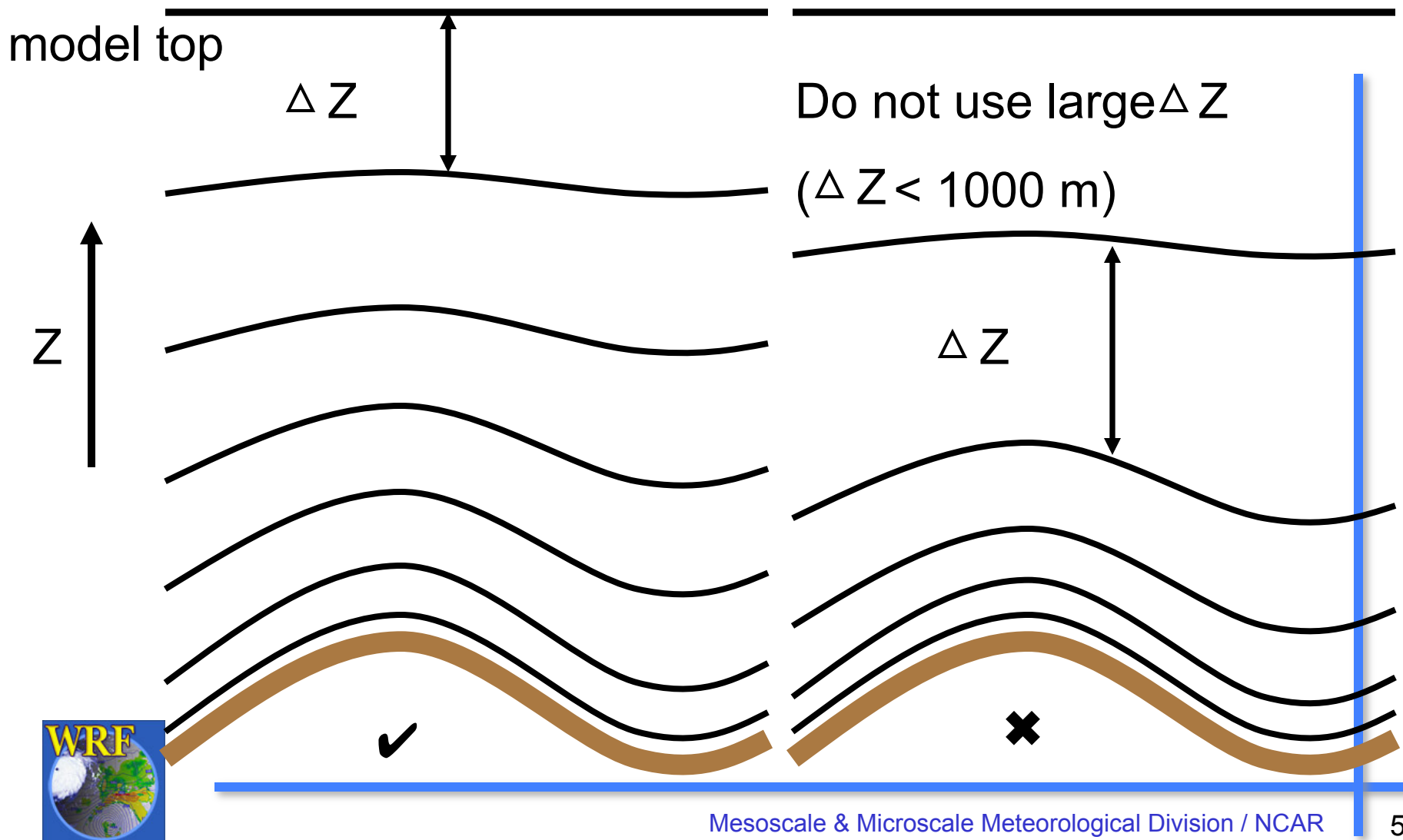


Domains

- How many vertical levels should I use?
 - Related to horizontal grid size too
 - No more than 1000 m:
 - Radiation, microphysics



Note on Configuring Domains: Vertical



Nests:

- When should I use nests?
For example,
 - Input data resolution is too coarse
 - There isn't sufficient computing resources
- Nest domain sizes should not be too small either



Input Data

- Check land data:
 - landuse
- Know about the data:
 - Forecast data
 - Reanalysis data
 - Climate model data
- How frequent do I need to have boundary conditions
 - Usually more frequent is better

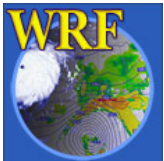


Model Options

- What do I start with?
 - What other people have success with?
 - References, papers
 - Simple options first:

For example,

 - Graupel may not be important if $dx \gg 10$ km
 - mixed layer ocean model may not be needed if the modeled track isn't correct
 - Use interpolated data from weather service before trying to add your own data



Bottomline..

- Model results can be affected by many choices
- Model has limitations:
 - Input data
 - Physics



Reference Book:

Numerical Weather and Climate Prediction,
2011. By Thomas Warner, Cambridge
University Press.



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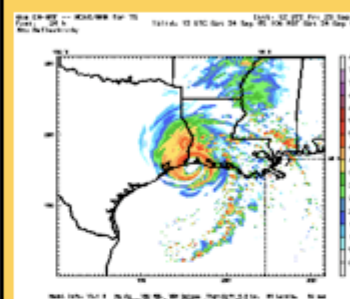
Welcome to the users home page for the Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) modeling system. The WRF system is in the public domain and is freely available for community use. It is designed to be a flexible, state-of-the-art atmospheric simulation system that is portable and efficient on available parallel computing platforms. WRF is suitable for use in a broad range of applications across scales ranging from meters to thousands of kilometers, including:

- Idealized simulations (e.g. LES, convection, baroclinic waves)
- Regional and global applications
- Parameterization research
- Data assimilation research
- Forecast research
- Real-time NWP
- Hurricane research
- Coupled-model applications
- Teaching

The Mesoscale and Microscale Meteorology Division of NCAR is currently maintaining and supporting a subset of the overall WRF code (Version 3) that includes:

- WRF Software Framework (WSF)
- Advanced Research WRF (ARW) dynamic solver, including one-way, two-way nesting and moving nests, grid and observation nudging
- WRF Pre-Processing System (WPS)

WRF FORECAST



[WRF Real-time forecast](#) ([old site](#))

ANNOUNCEMENTS

[WRF Version 3.3 Release](#)
(4/6/2011)

'Known Problems' posts for [V3.3](#)
(posted 4/8/11)

12th WRF Users' Workshop: June
20 - 24, 2011. [Registration](#) is open..

New Users' tutorial, July 11 - 22.
[Registration](#) is open.

'Known Problems' posts for [V3.2](#)
and [V3.2.1](#) WRF (12/13/10)

[Program, extended abstracts, and
presentations](#) from the 11th WRF
Users' Workshop, June 21 - 25,
2010.

[planetWRF](#) released.