WRF Modeling System Overview

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What is WRF?

- WRF: Weather Research and Forecasting Model
 - Now with ARW and NMM components
- Its development is led by NCAR/MMM, NOAA/GSD and NOAA/NCEP/EMC with partnerships at AFWA, FAA, NRL and collaborations with universities, other government agencies, and NCAR Divisions
- Includes research and operational models



What is ARW?

- Advanced Research WRF is a large sub-set of WRF
- It is a freely available community model
- Eulerian mass dynamical core
- ARW system includes modeling system components to go with this core
 - WRF Pre-Processing System (WPS), WRF-Var, graphics packages
- Its support and development are centered at NCAR/MMM
- This tutorial is for all the ARW components
- Physics and software framework (and soon WPS) are shared with NMM model



What ARW does not include

- ARW does not include (yet) in its community release
 - WRF-Chem coupled on-line chemistry
 - Available from NOAA
 - Coupled Ocean/Wave models
 - Adjoint model (4DVAR)
- NMM is separately supported and developed by NCAR/DTC and NOAA/NCEP/EMC
 - NMM has its own tutorial (in February)
 - However NMM is included in the same WRF tar file



ARW as a Community Model

- Version 1.0 WRF was released December 2000
- Version 2.0 May 2004 (nesting major release)
 - Version 2.0.1 Jun 2004
 - Version 2.0.2 Jun 2004
 - Version 2.0.3.1 Dec 2004
- Version 2.1 (August 2005)
 - Version 2.1.1 Nov 2005
 - Version 2.1.2 Jan 2006
- Current Version: Version 2.2 (December 2006)



What can WRF be used for?

- Idealized simulations at many scales (e.g. convection, baroclinic waves, large eddy simulations)
- Atmospheric physics/parameterization research
- Data assimilation research
- Case-study research
- Real-time NWP and forecast system research
- Regional climate and seasonal time-scale research
- Coupled-model (e.g. ocean, chemistry) applications
- Teaching

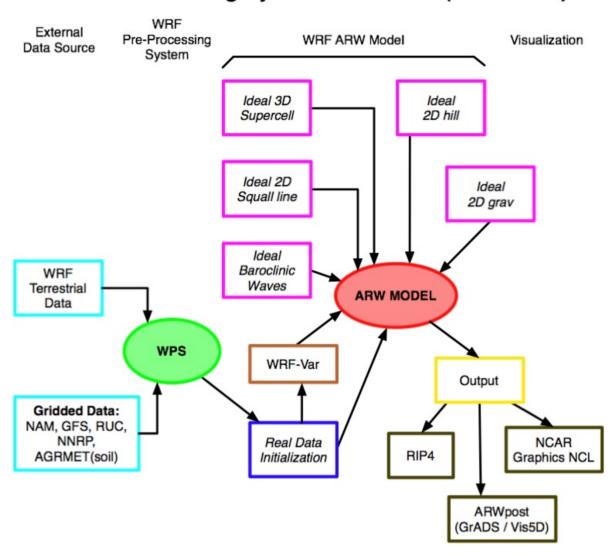


Who uses WRF?

- Academic atmospheric scientists
- Forecast teams at operational centers
- Air Quality scientists
- Others



WRF ARW Modeling System Flow Chart (for WRFV2)





Modeling System Components

- WRF Pre-processing System (WPS)
 - New real-data interpolation for NWP runs
 - Replaces Standard Initialization (SI) still maintained
- WRF-Var (including 3d-Var)
- WRF Model (Eulerian mass dynamical core)
 - Initialization programs for real and idealized data (real.exe/ideal.exe)
 - Numerical integration program (wrf.exe)
- Graphics tools



WPS

Function

- Define simulation domain area (and nests)
- Produce terrain, landuse, soil type etc. on the simulation domain ("static" fields)
- De-grib GRIB files for meteorological data (u, v, T, q, surface pressure, soil data, snow data, sea-surface temperature, etc.)
- Interpolate meteorological data to WRF model grid (horizontally)



WPS

Function (cont)

- Support WRF nesting
- Three map projections:
 - Lambert conformal
 - Polar stereographic
 - Mercator
- Compile -> edit namelist -> run, methodology for each stage



WRF-Var

Function

- Variational data assimilation
- Ingest observations into WRF input analysis from WPS
- May be used in cycling mode for updating WRF initial conditions after WRF run
- Also used for observation impact data studies



WRF 3DVAR

- Supported data types
 - Conventional surface and upper air, wind profiler
 - Remote sensing data: Cloud-track winds, ATOVS thickness, ground-based GPS TPW, SSM/I, SSM/T1, SSM/T2, SSM/I brightness temp, Quikscat ocean surface winds, radar radial velocity
- Two background error covariance models
 - NCEP model
 - UK / NCAR



WRF real and ideal

REAL

- Creates initial and boundary condition files for real-data cases
- Does vertical interpolation to model levels (new with WPS)
- Does vertical dynamic (hydrostatic) balance
- Does soil vertical interpolations and land-use mask checks

IDEAL

- Programs for setting up idealized case
- Simple physics and usually single sounding
- Initial conditions and dynamic balance



WRF Model

Key features:

- Fully compressible, non-hydrostatic (with hydrostatic option)
- Mass-based terrain following coordinate, η

$$\eta = \frac{\left(\pi - \pi_t\right)}{\mu}, \qquad \mu = \pi_s - \pi_t$$

where π is hydrostatic pressure, μ is column mass

Arakawa C-grid staggering



WRF Model

Key features:

- 3rd-order Runge-Kutta time integration scheme
- High-order advection scheme
- Scalar-conserving (positive definite option)
- Complete Coriolis, curvature and mapping terms
- Two-way and one-way nesting



WRF Model

Key features:

- Choices of lateral boundary conditions suitable for real-data and idealized simulations
 - Specified, Periodic, Open, Symmetric, Nested
- Full physics options to represent atmospheric radiation, surface and boundary layer, and cloud and precipitation processes
- Grid-nudging and obs-nudging (FDDA)



Graphics Tools

- RIP4 (Read, Interpolate and Plot)
- NCAR Graphics Command Language (NCL)
- Conversion program for GrADS
- Conversion program for Vis5D



Software Requirement

- Fortran 90/95 compiler
- C compiler
- Perl
- netCDF library
- Public domain mpich for MPI



Portability

- Runs on Unix single, OpenMP and MPI platforms:
 - IBM
 - Linux (PGI and Intel compiler(?))
 - SGI Origin and Altix
 - HP/Compaq/DEC
 - Cray
 - Sun (not MPI)
 - Mac (xlf compiler, not nesting)

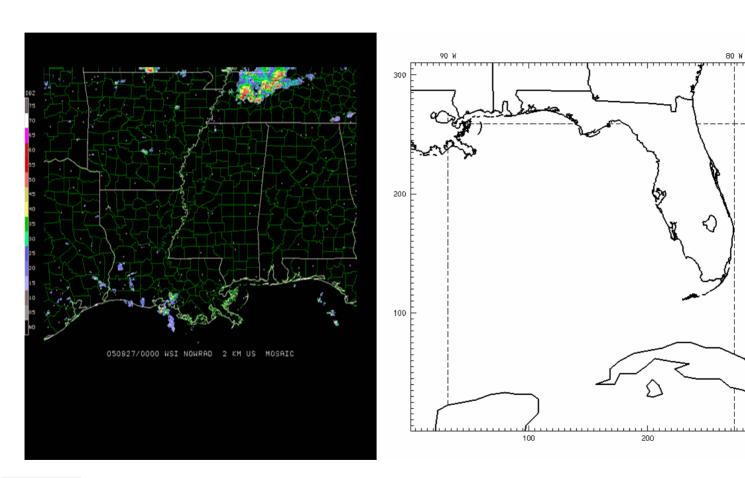


User Support

- Email: wrfhelp@ucar.edu
- User Web page:
 - http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/
 - Latest update for the modeling system
 - WRF software download
 - Various documentation
 - Users' Guide
 - Technical Note (ARW Description)



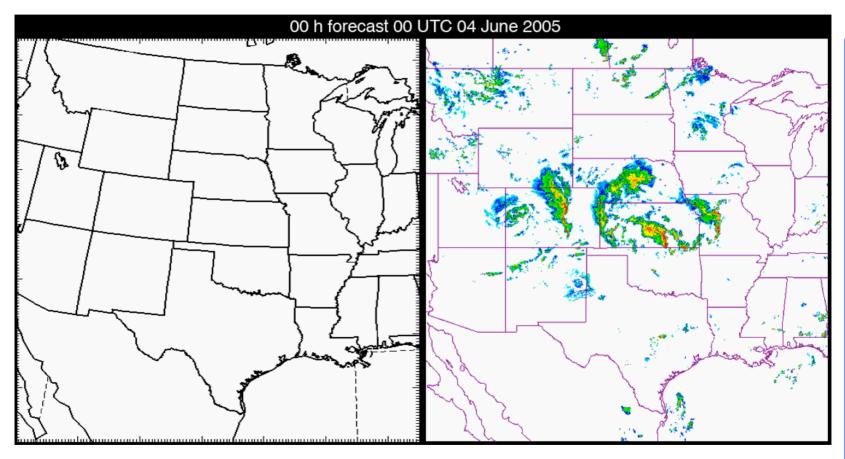
Hurricane Katrina Simulation (4km)





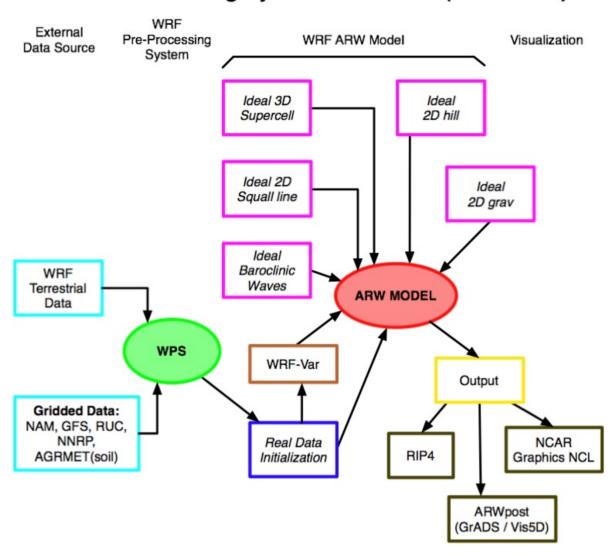
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Convective-scale Forecasting (4km)





WRF ARW Modeling System Flow Chart (for WRFV2)





Tutorial Schedule

- Lectures for WRF: Mon., Tue., Wed.
- Practice for WRF: Tue., Wed.
 - 2 Groups (a.m./p.m.)
- Lectures for WRF-Var: Thu.
- Practice for WRF-Var: Thu., Fri.
 - 2 Groups (Thu./Fri.)

