

WRF-Var System

WRF Tutorial

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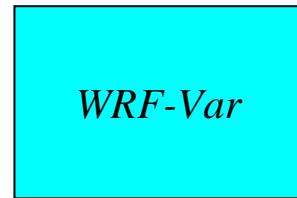
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WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

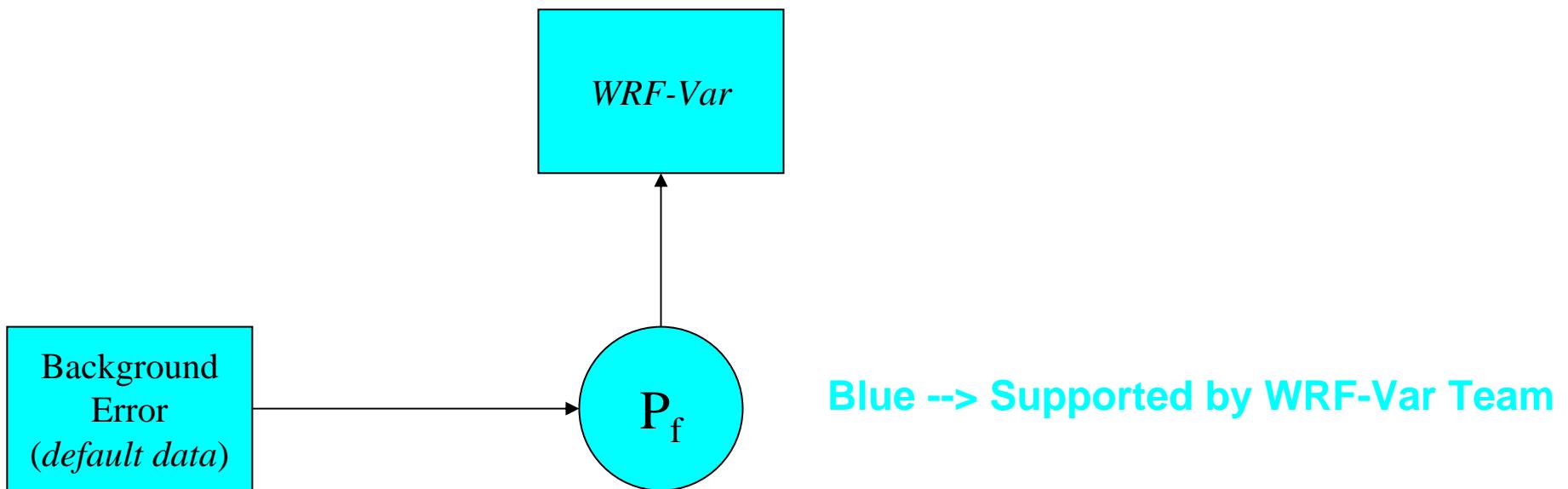
WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System



Blue --> Supported by WRF-Var Team

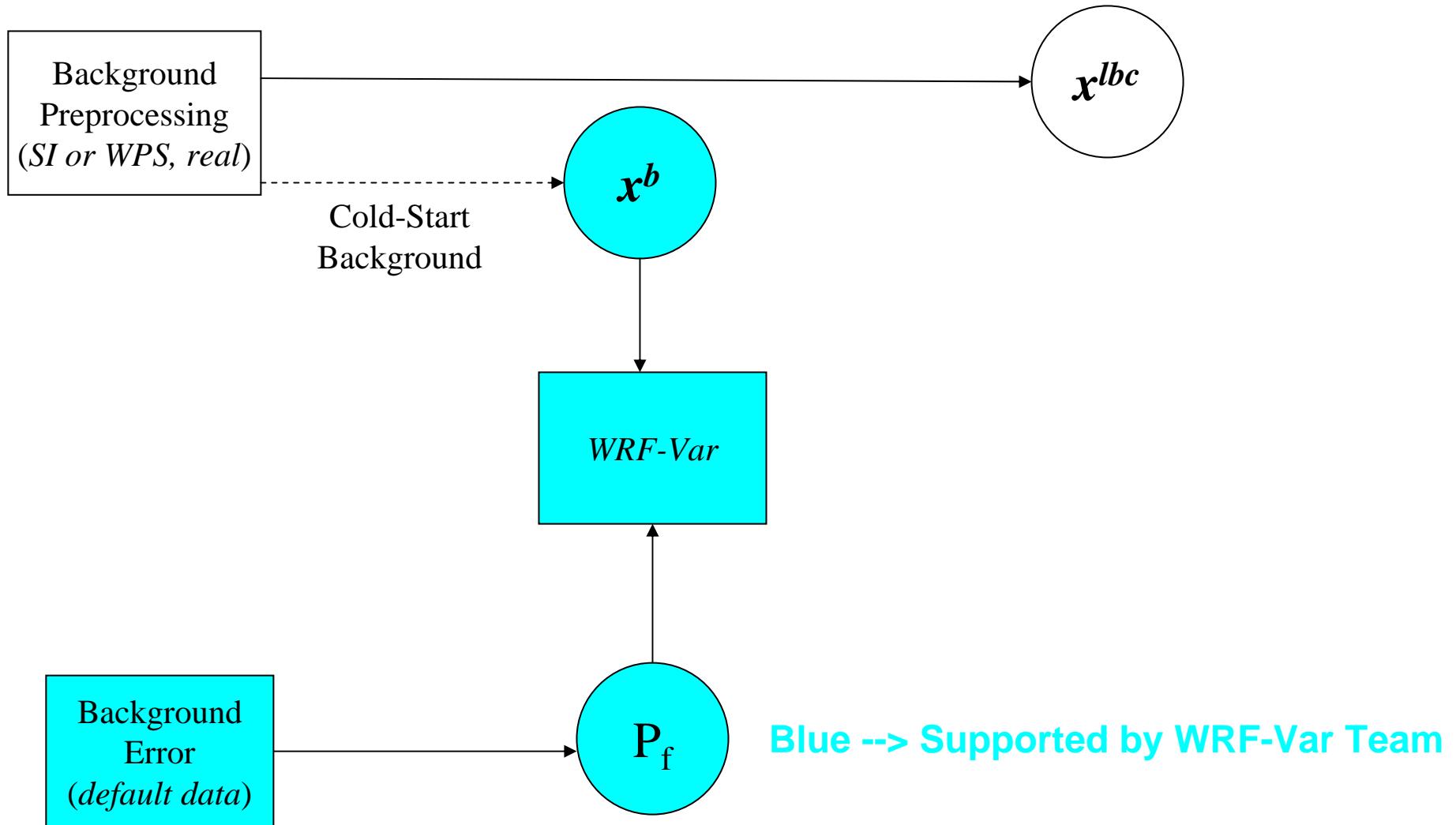
WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

1. Prepare BE data (initially use default statistics)



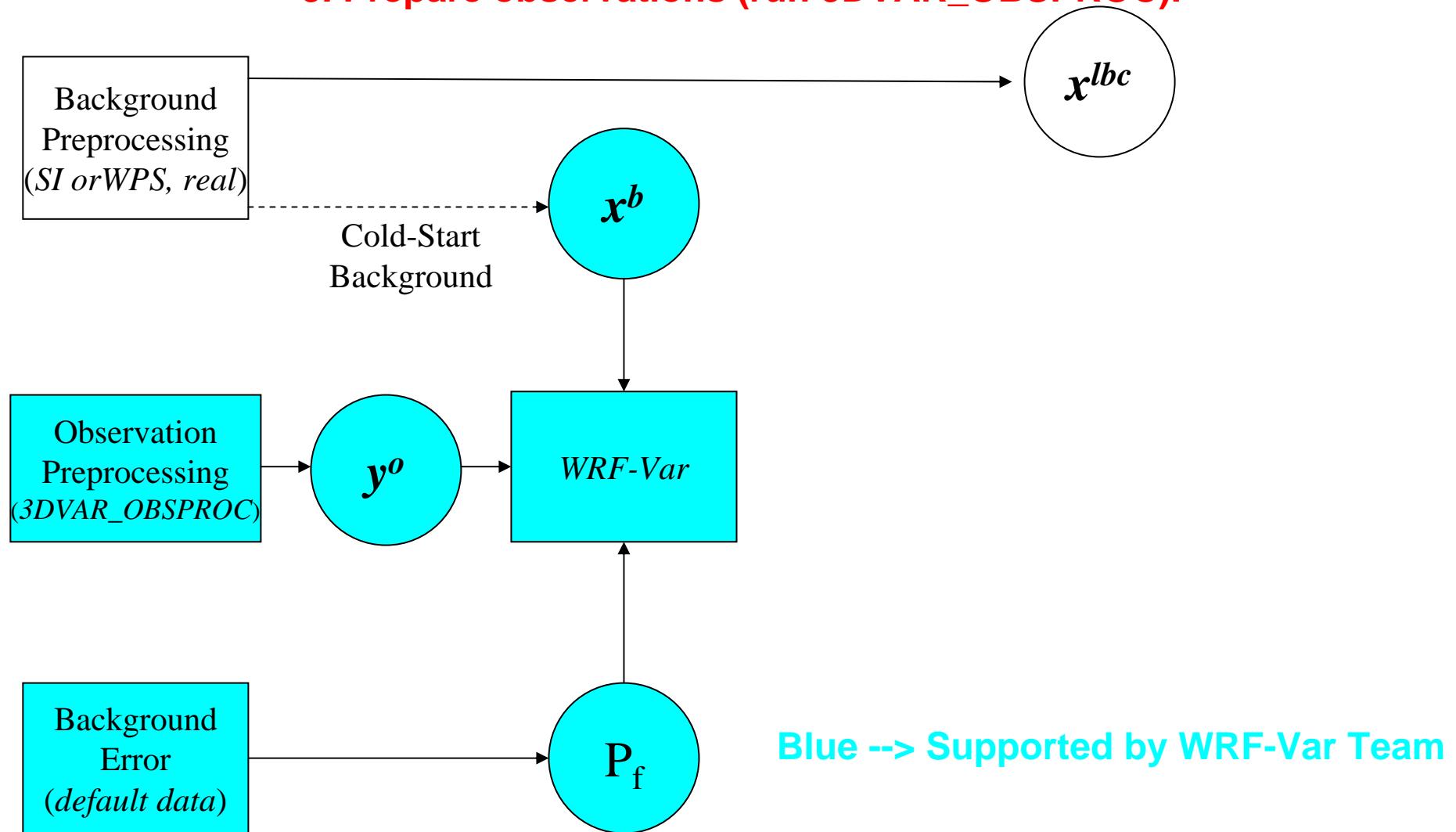
WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

2. Prepare background (SI or WPS & real)



WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

3. Prepare observations (run 3DVAR_OBSPROC).

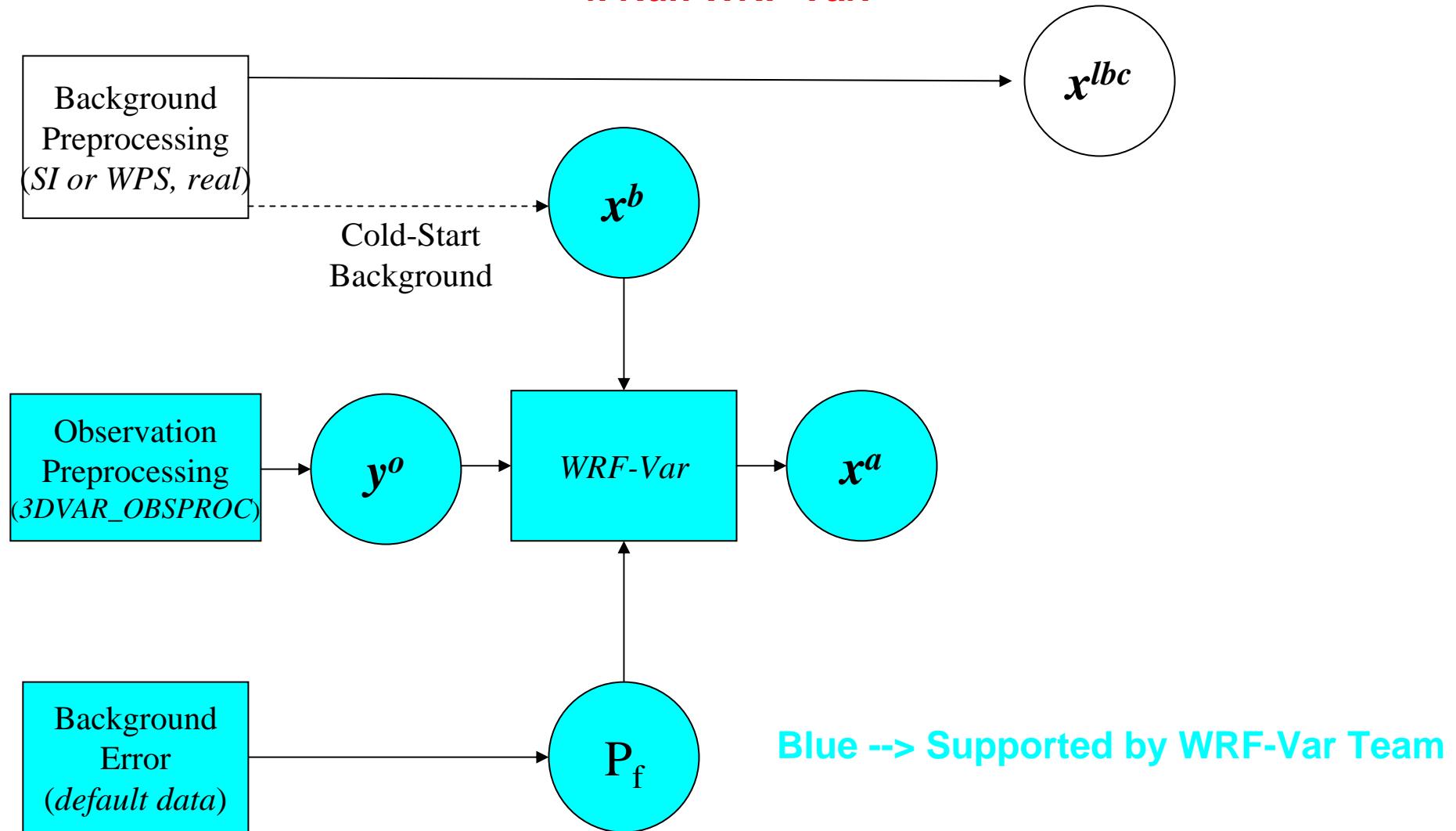


Observation Input (y^o)

- Observation input for WRF-Var is supplied through observation preprocessor (**3DVAR_OBSPROC**)
- WRF-Var accepts input both in ASCII & BUFR format
- Separate input file (ASCII) for Radar, both reflectivity and radial velocity.

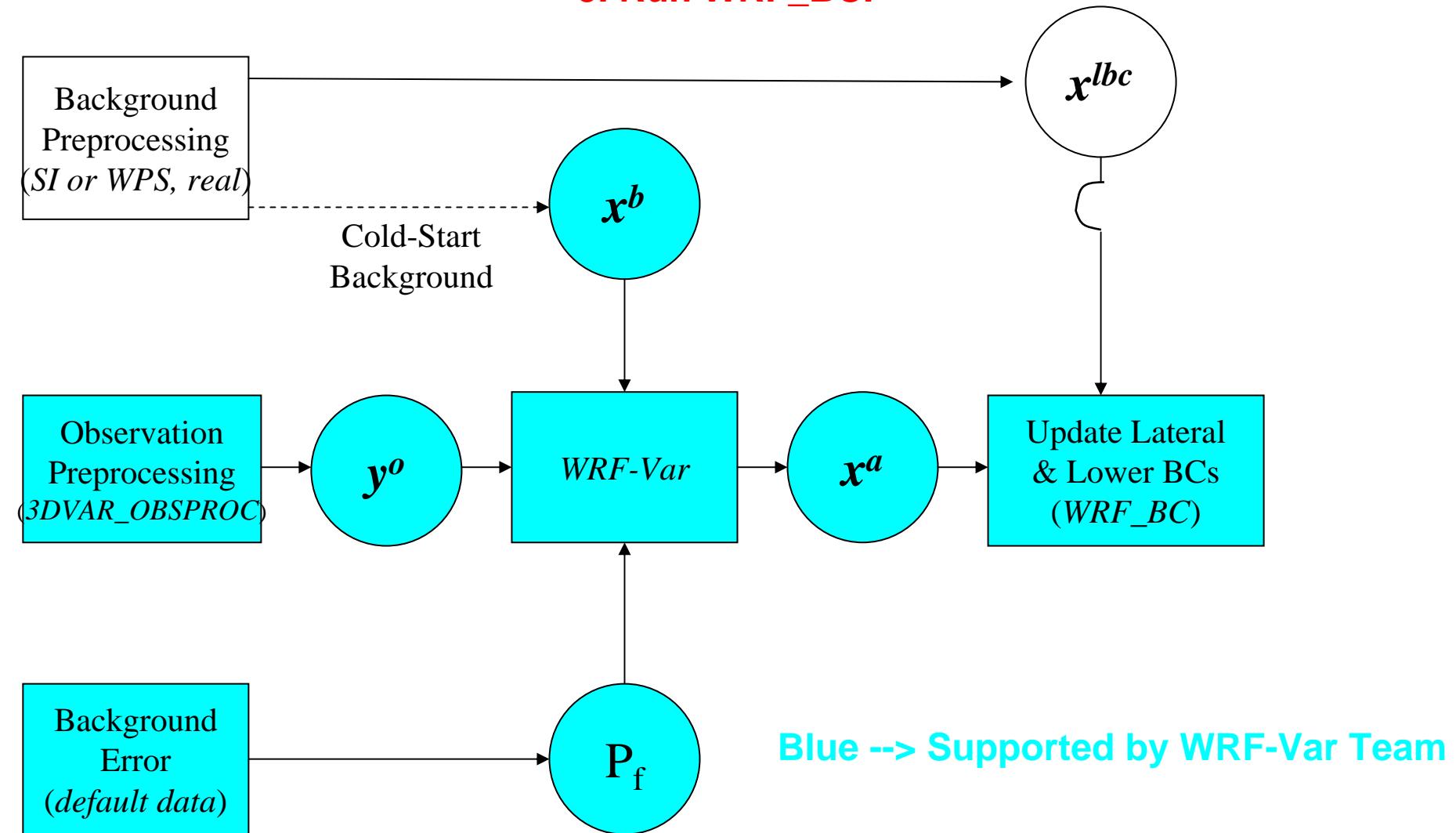
WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

4. Run WRF-Var.



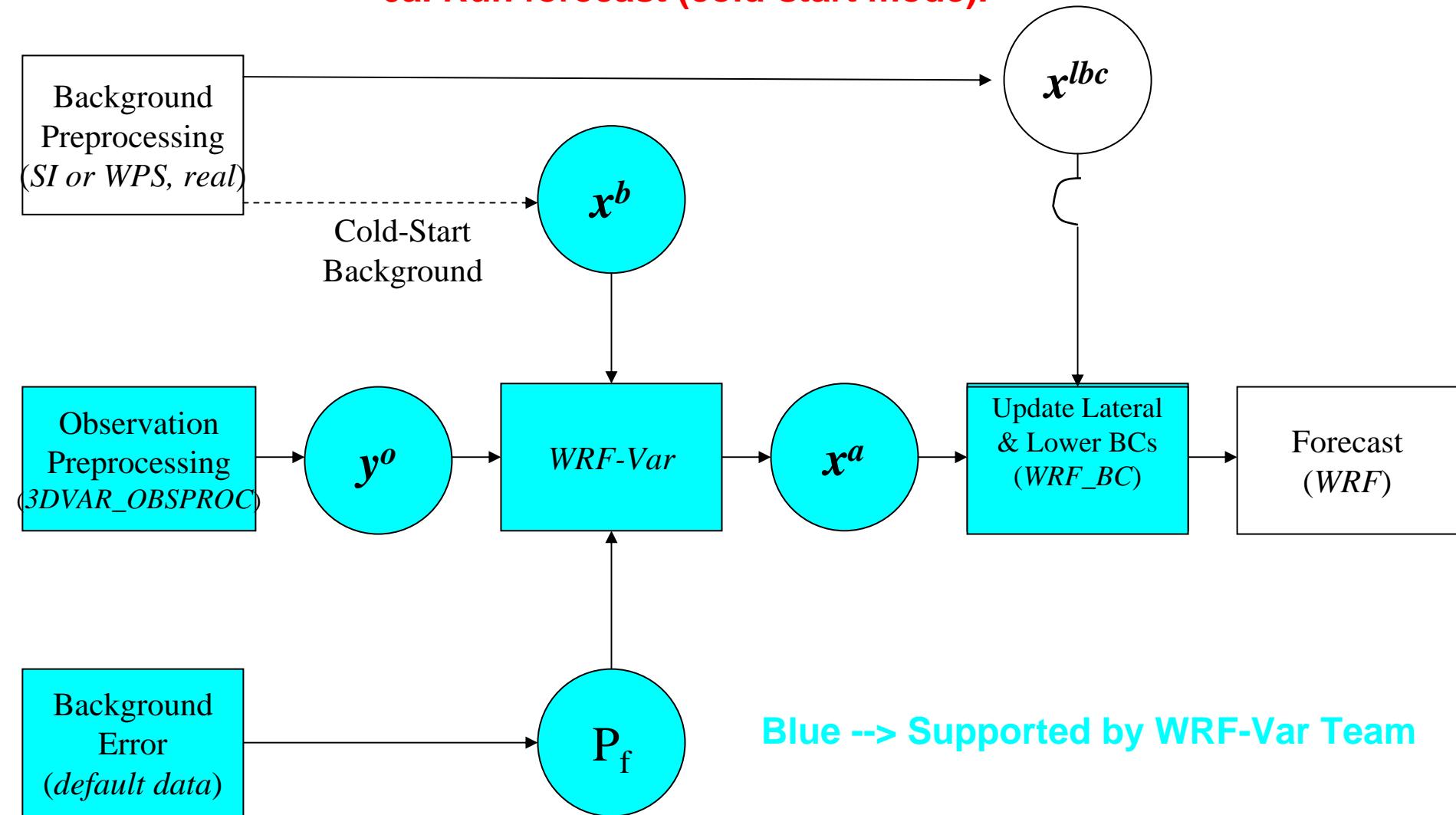
WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

5. Run WRF_BC.



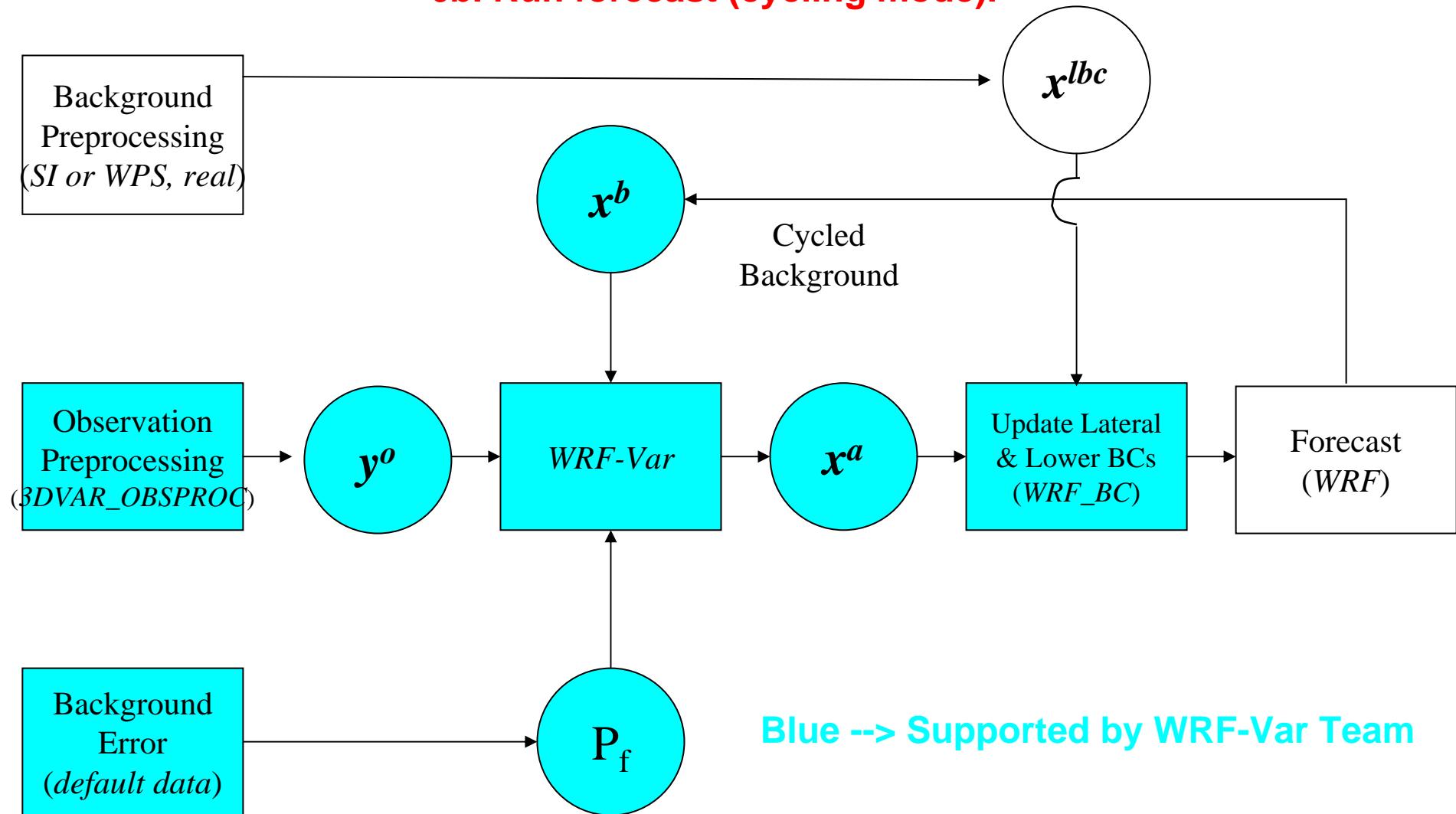
WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

6a. Run forecast (cold-start mode).



WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

6b. Run forecast (cycling mode).



Background Error (BE) for WRF-Var

- The number 1 question from WRF-Var users is
“What background error are best for my application?”.

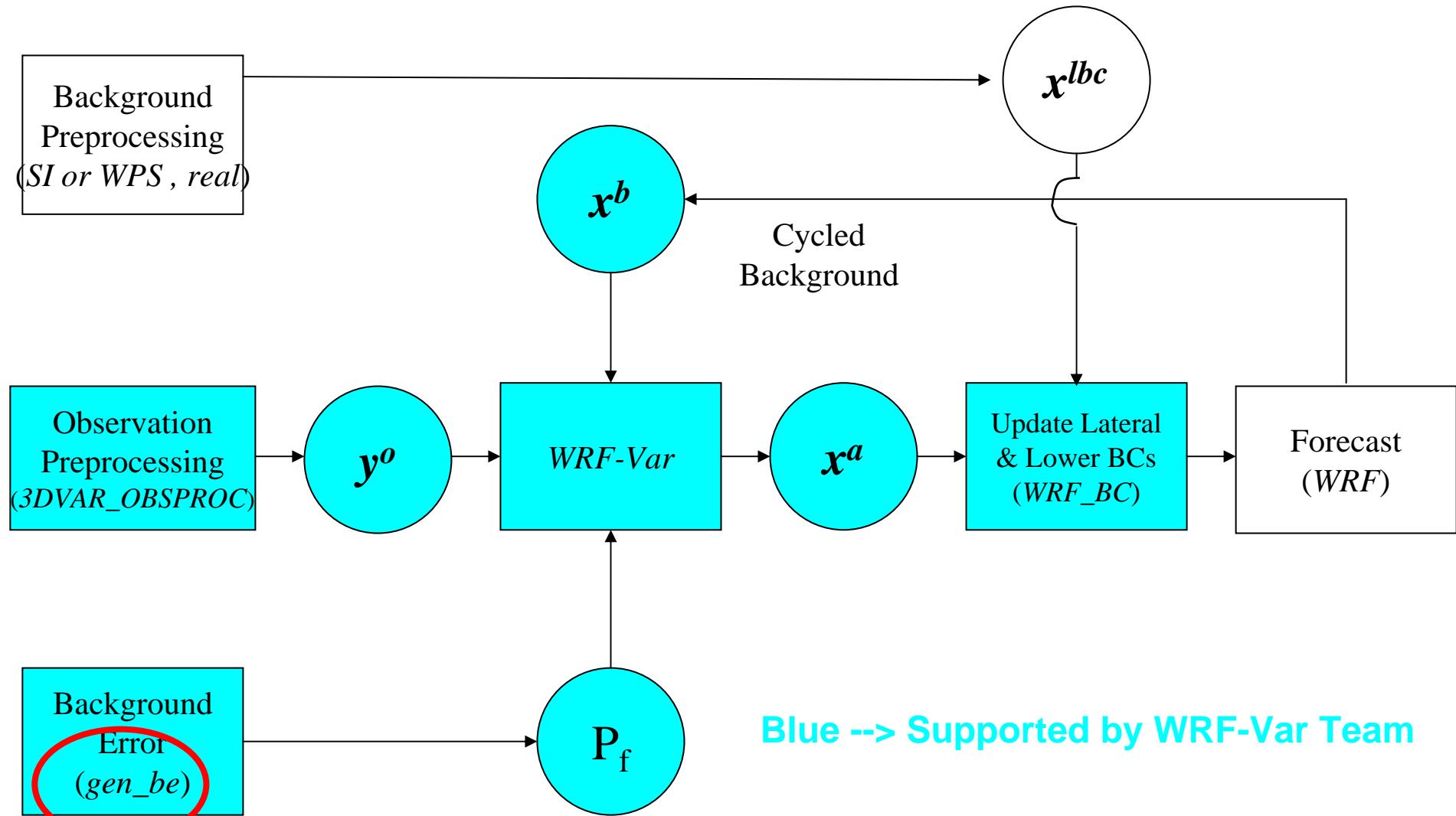
Answer:

- Create your own once you have run your system for ~a few weeks.
- Implement, tune, and iterate.

A new utility “***gen_be***” has been developed at NCAR to calculate BEs.

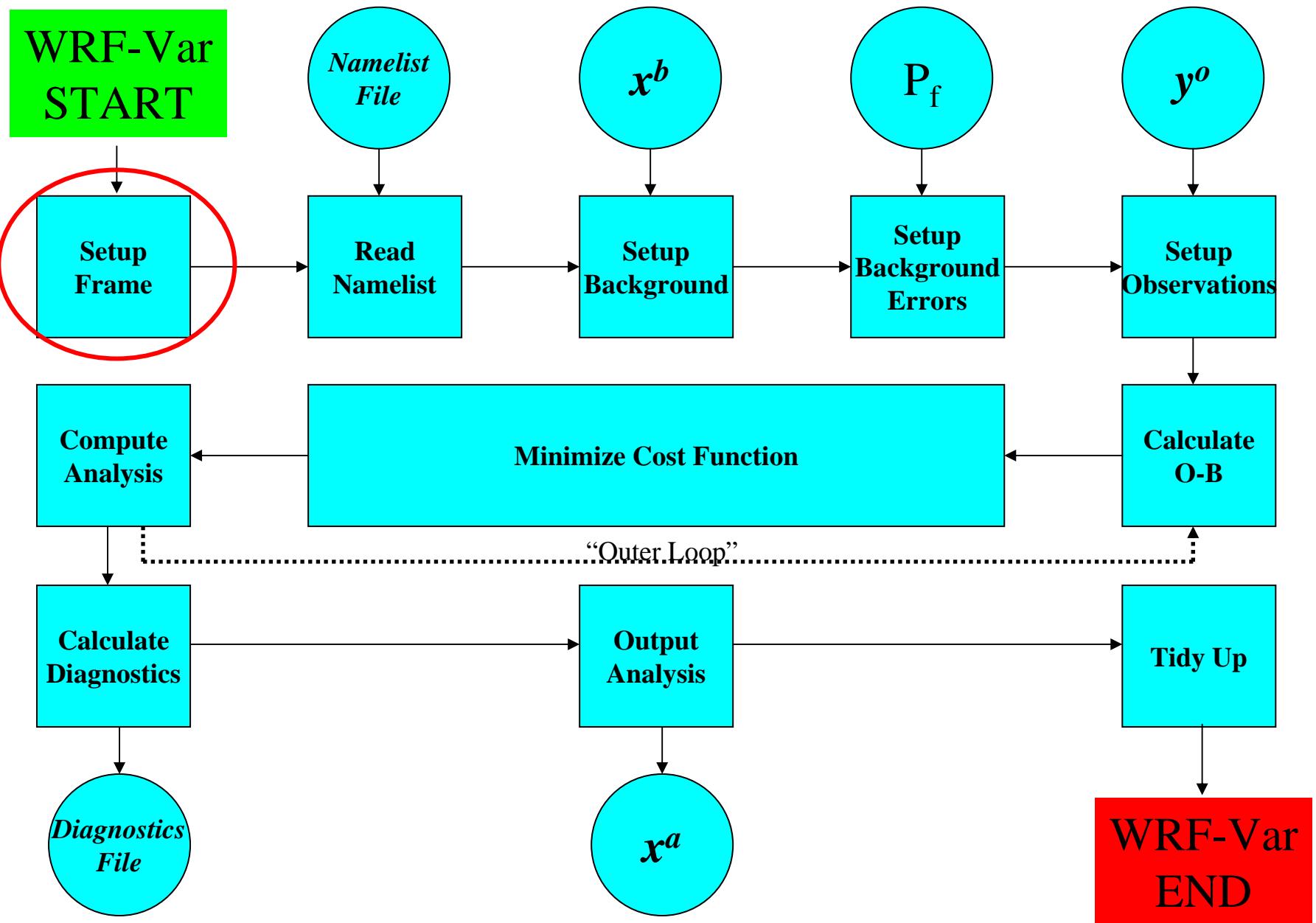
WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System

7. WRF-Var/WRF Ultimate Configuration!



WRF-Var Code Overview

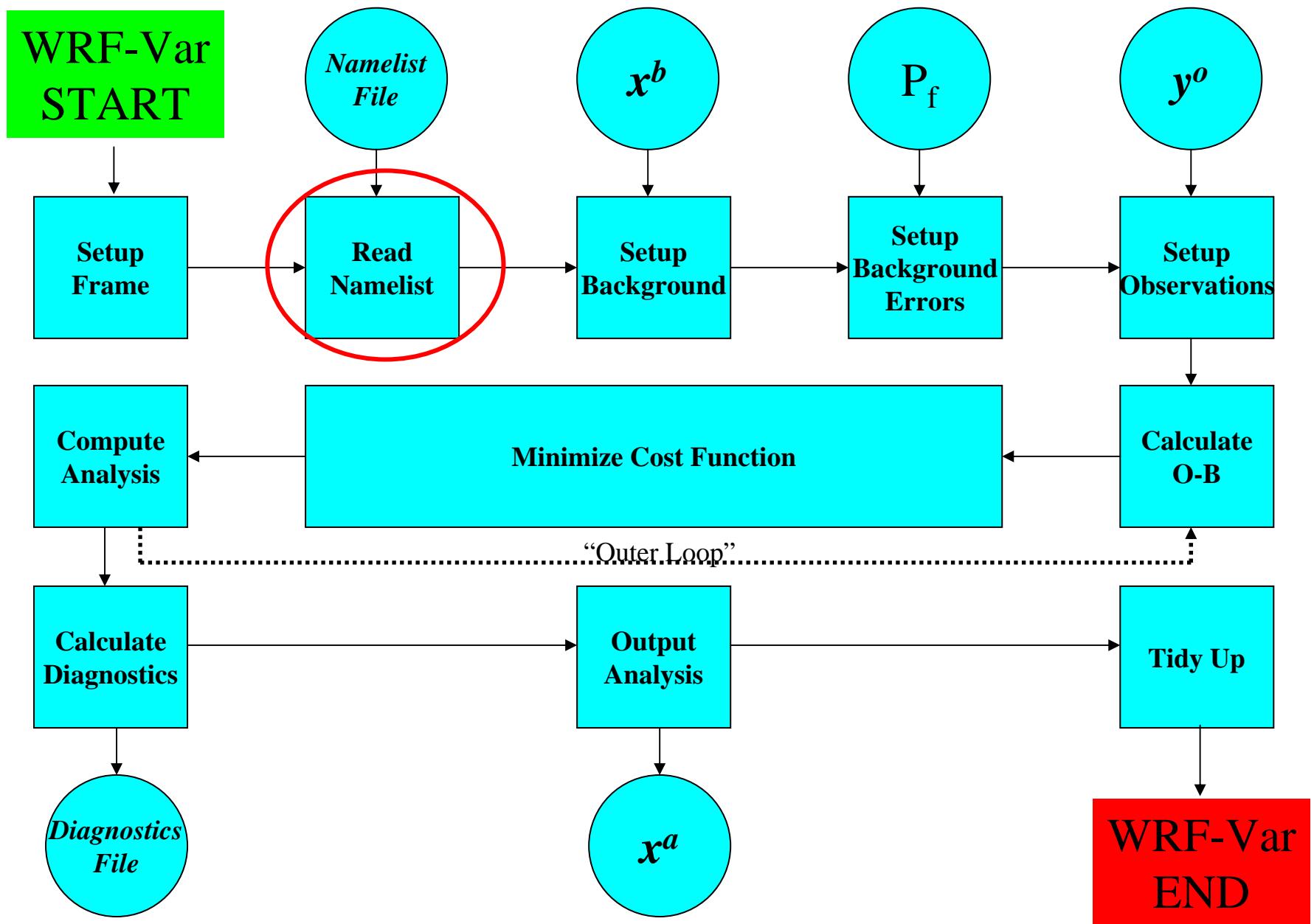
WRF-Var



Setup Frame

- **Reads grid dimensions from “namelist.3dvar” file.**
- **Use WRF framework’s distributed memory capability to initialize tile, memory, patch dimensions, etc.**

WRF-Var



Read Namelist

- **Reads WRF-Var data assimilation options from “namelist.3dvar” file.**
- **“namelist.3dvar” file is created automatically at run-time by the DA_Run_WRF_Var.csh script in wrfvar/run.**
- **Performs consistency checks between namelist options.**

namelist.3dvar

```
&record1
MODEL_TYPE = 'WRF',
WRITE_INCREMENTS = .FALSE. ,
GLOBAL      = .FALSE.,
PRINT_DETAIL = 0 /

&record2
ANALYSIS_TYPE = '3D-VAR',
ANALYSIS_DATE = '2004-05-01_00:00:00.0000',
ANALYSIS_ACCU = 900 /

&record3
fg_format = 1,
ob_format = 2,
num_fgat_time = 1 /

&record4
PROCESS_OBS   = 'YES',
obs_qc_pointer = 0,
Use_SynopObs = .TRUE.,
Use_ShipsObs = .TRUE.,
Use_MetarObs = .TRUE.,
Use_PilotObs = .TRUE.,
Use_SoundObs = .TRUE.,
Use_SatemObs = .TRUE.,
Use_GeoAMVObs = .TRUE.,
Use_PolarAMVObs = .TRUE.,
Use_AirepObs = .TRUE.,
Use_GpspwObs = .TRUE.,
Use_GpsrefObs = .TRUE.,
Use_ProfilerObs = .TRUE.,
Use_BuoyObs = .TRUE.,
Use_SsmiRetrievalObs = .FALSE.,
Use_SsmiTbObs = .FALSE.,
use_ssmt1obs = .FALSE.,
use_ssmt2obs = .FALSE.,
use_qscatobs = .TRUE.,
use_radarobs = .FALSE.,
Use_Radar_rf = .FALSE.,
Use_Radar_rf = .FALSE.,
check_max_iv = .FALSE.,
use_obs_errfac = .FALSE.,
put_rand_seed = .FALSE.,
omb_set_rand = .FALSE.,
omb_add_noise = .FALSE. /
```

```
&record5
TIME_WINDOW  = 3.,
/

&record6
max_ext_its  = 1,
EPS          = 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02, 1.E-02,,
NTMAX        = 100,
NSAVE        = 4,
WRITE_SWITCH = .FALSE.,
WRITE_INTERVAL = 5 /
```

```
&record7
RF_PASSES    = 6,
VAR_SCALING1 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING2 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING3 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING4 = 1.0,
VAR_SCALING5 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING1 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING2 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING3 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING4 = 1.0,
LEN_SCALING5 = 1.0 /
```

```
&record8
def_sub_domain = .FALSE.,
x_start_sub_domain = 55.0,
y_start_sub_domain = 35.0,
x_end_sub_domain  = 80.0,
y_end_sub_domain  = 60.0 /
```

```
&record10
Testing_3DVAR = .FALSE.,
Test_Transforms = .FALSE.,
Test_Statistics = .FALSE.,
Interpolate_Stats = .TRUE. /
```

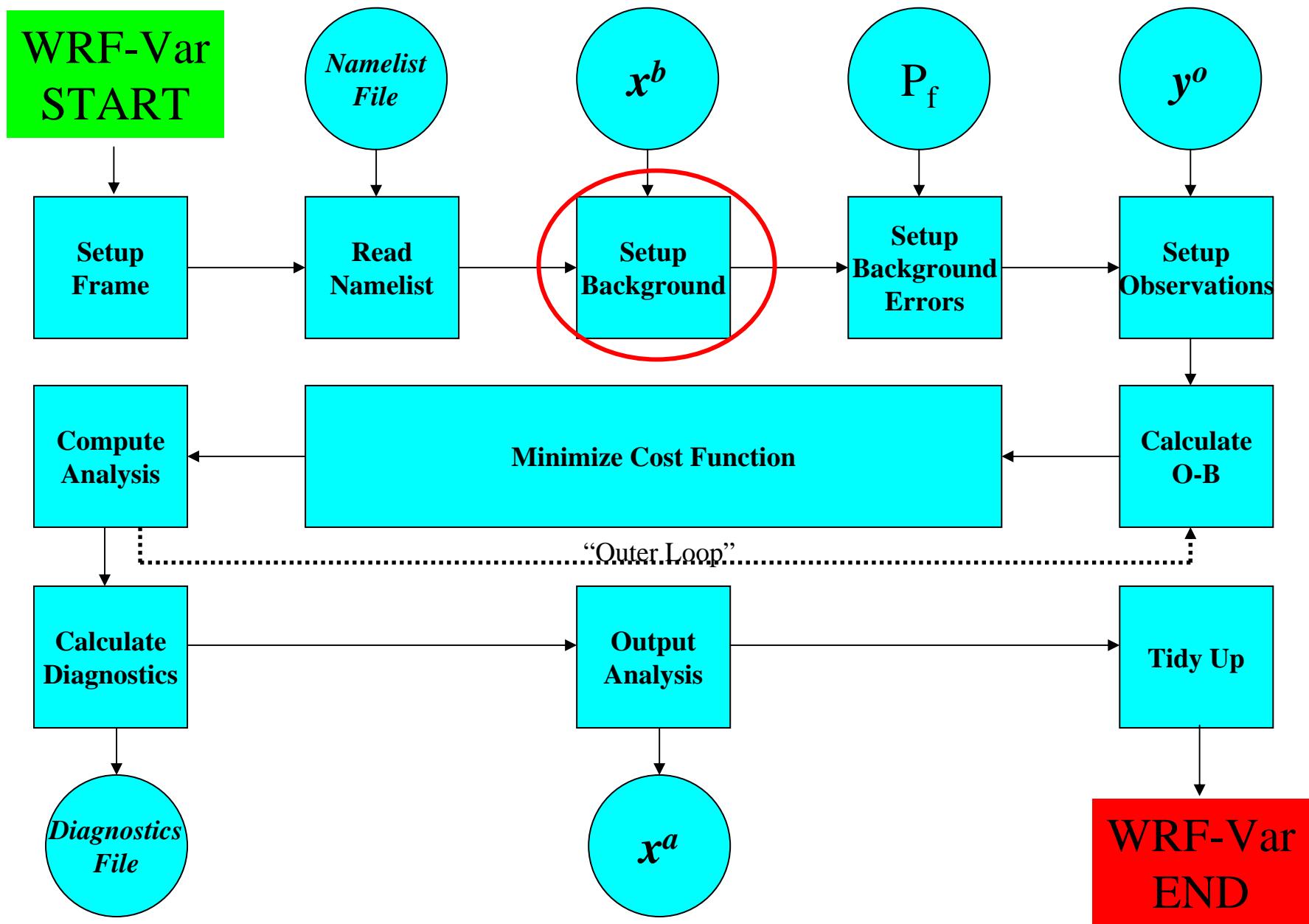
```
&record11
minimisation_option = 2,
write_outer_loop   = .FALSE.,
lat_stats_option   = .FALSE.,
calculate_cg_cost_function = .FALSE.,
cv_options         = 3,
cv_options_hum = 3,
check_rh          = 2,
as1               = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as2               = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as3               = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as4               = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
as5               = 0.25, 0.75, 1.5,
sfc_assi_options = 1,
set_omb_rand_fac = 1.0,
seed_array1       = 0,
seed_array2       = 0 /
```

```
&record12
balance_type = 1 /
```

```
&record13
vert_corr     = 2,
vertical_ip   = 0,
vert_evaluate = 1,
max_vert_var1 = 99.0,
max_vert_var2 = 99.0,
max_vert_var3 = 99.0,
max_vert_var4 = 99.0,
max_vert_var5 = 99.0 /
```

```
&pseudo_ob_nl
num_pseudo    = 0,
pseudo_x      = 165.0,
pseudo_y      = 65.0,
pseudo_z      = 15.0,
pseudo_val    = 1.0,
pseudo_err    = 1.0,
pseudo_var    = 'u' /
```

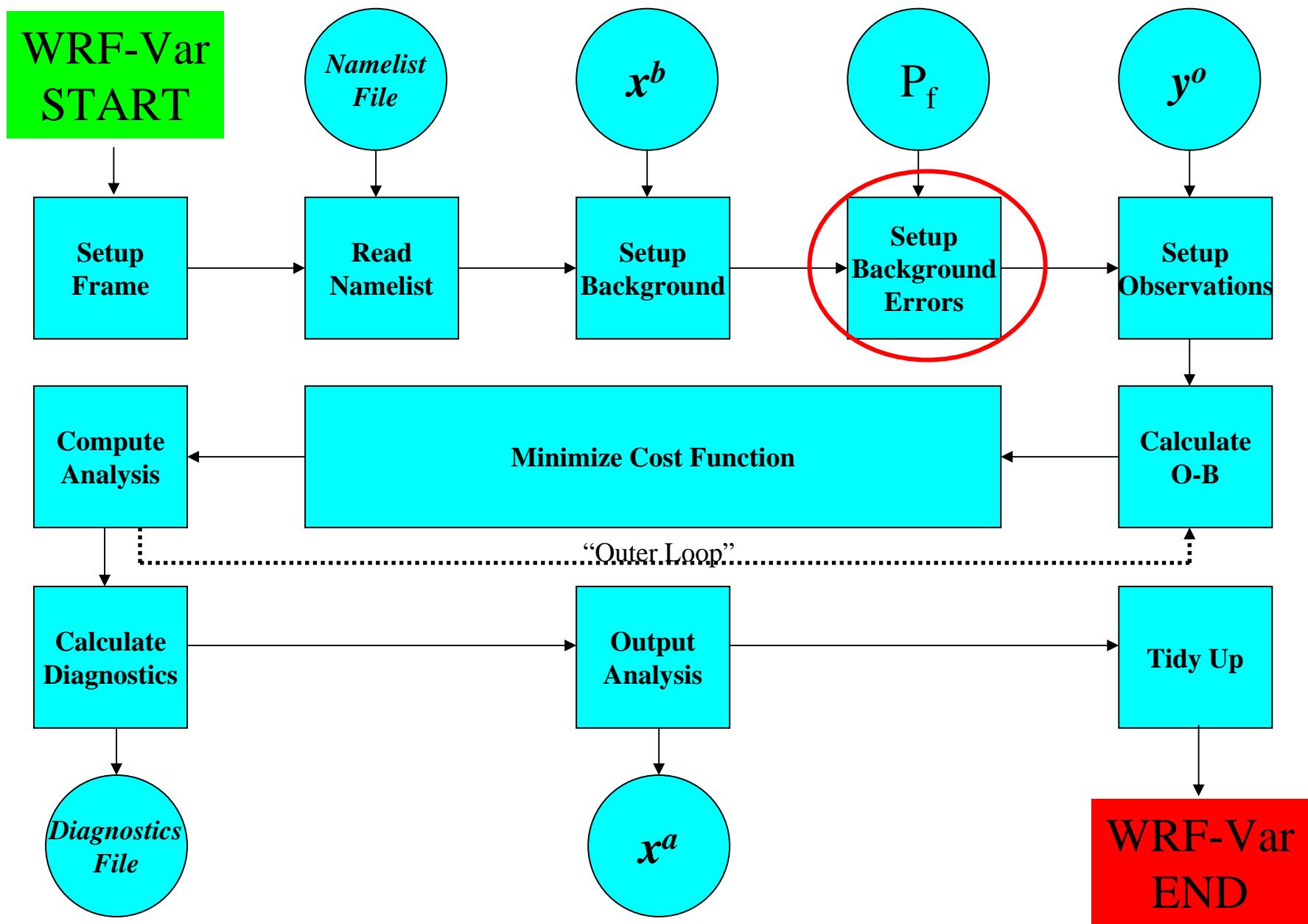
WRF-Var



Setup Background (First-Guess)

- **Reads in the first-guess field.**
- **Format depends on namelist option**
 - “**fg_format**” ; 1= WRF, 2= MM5, 3= global
- **Extracts necessary fields.**
- **Creates background FORTRAN 90 derived data type**
“**xb**” e.g. **xb % mix, xb % u(:,:,:),**

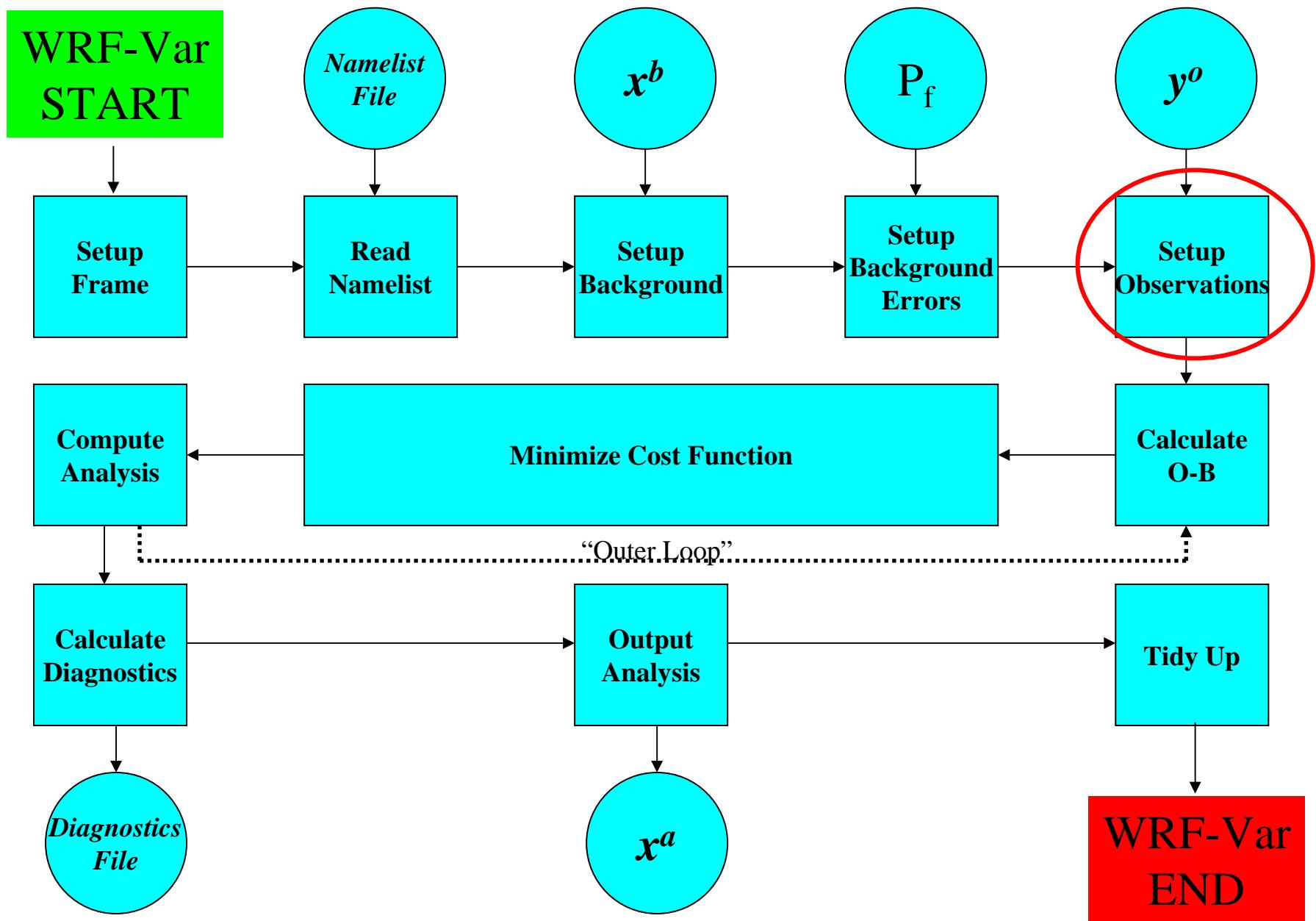
WRF-Var



Setup Background Errors (BE)

- **Reads in background error statistics.**
- **Format depends on namelist option “cv_options”**
2=MM5, 3 = GFS-based, 4=Global, 5=WRF regional.
- **Extracts necessary quantities – eigenvectors, eigenvalues, lengthscales, regression coefficients, etc (see gen_be talk).**
- **Creates background error FORTRAN 90 derived data type “be” e.g. be % v1 % evect(:, :), be % v2 % eval(:,), etc,**

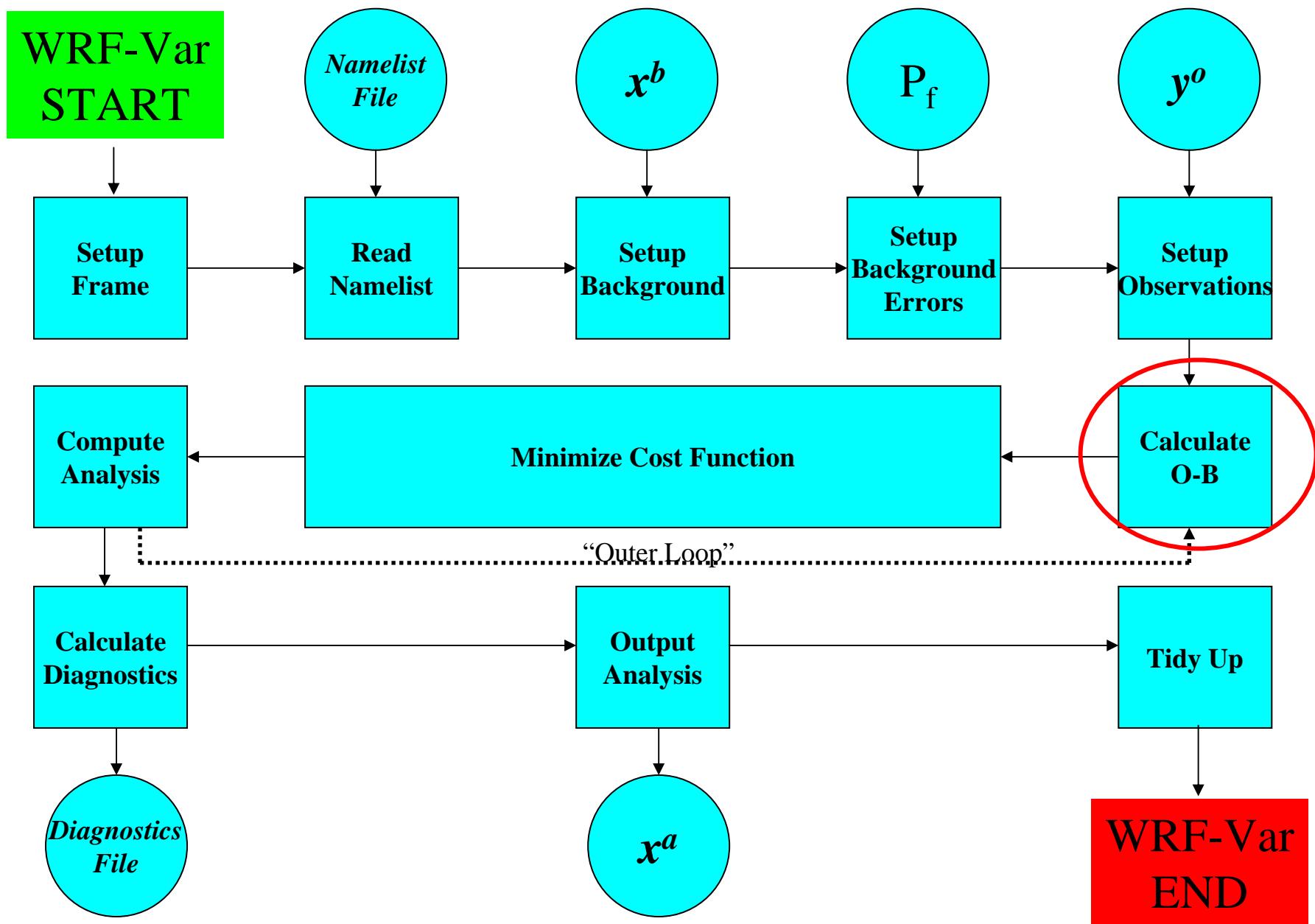
WRF-Var



Setup Observations

- **Reads in observations.**
- **Format depends on namelist variable “ob_format”**
1 = BUFR, 2 = ASCII “WRF-Var” format.
- **Creates observation FORTRAN 90 derived data type “ob” e.g. ob % num_gpspw, ob % metar(:),
ob % sound(:) % u(:), etc,**
- **Identifies Obs outside/inside the domain**

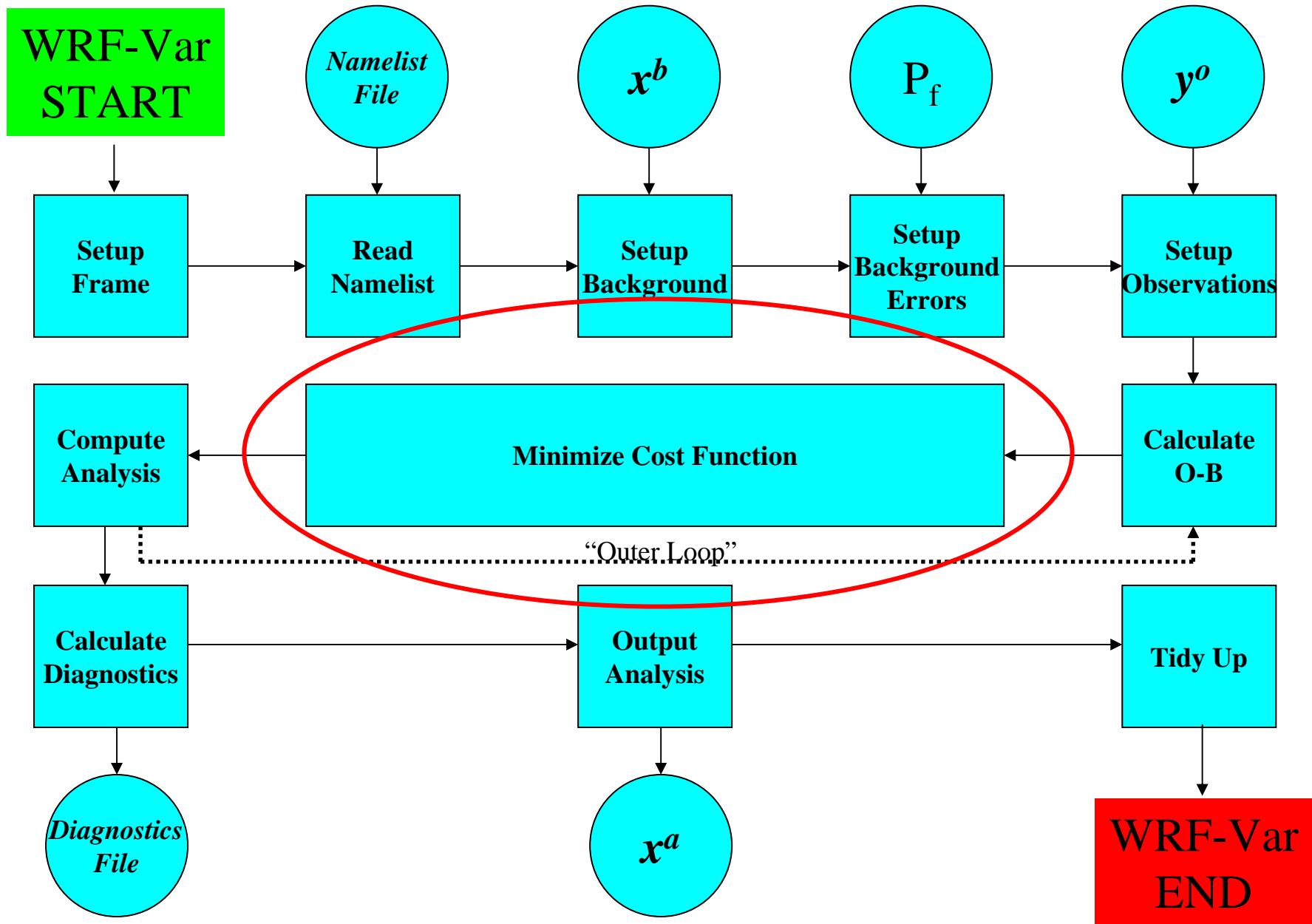
WRF-Var



Calculate Innovation Vector (O-B)

- Calculates “model equivalent” B of observation O through interpolation and change of variable.
- Computes observation minus first guess (O-B) value.
- Creates innovation vector FORTRAN 90 derived data type “iv” e.g. iv % metar(:), iv % qscat(:) % u,
 - iv % sound(:) % u(:), etc ...

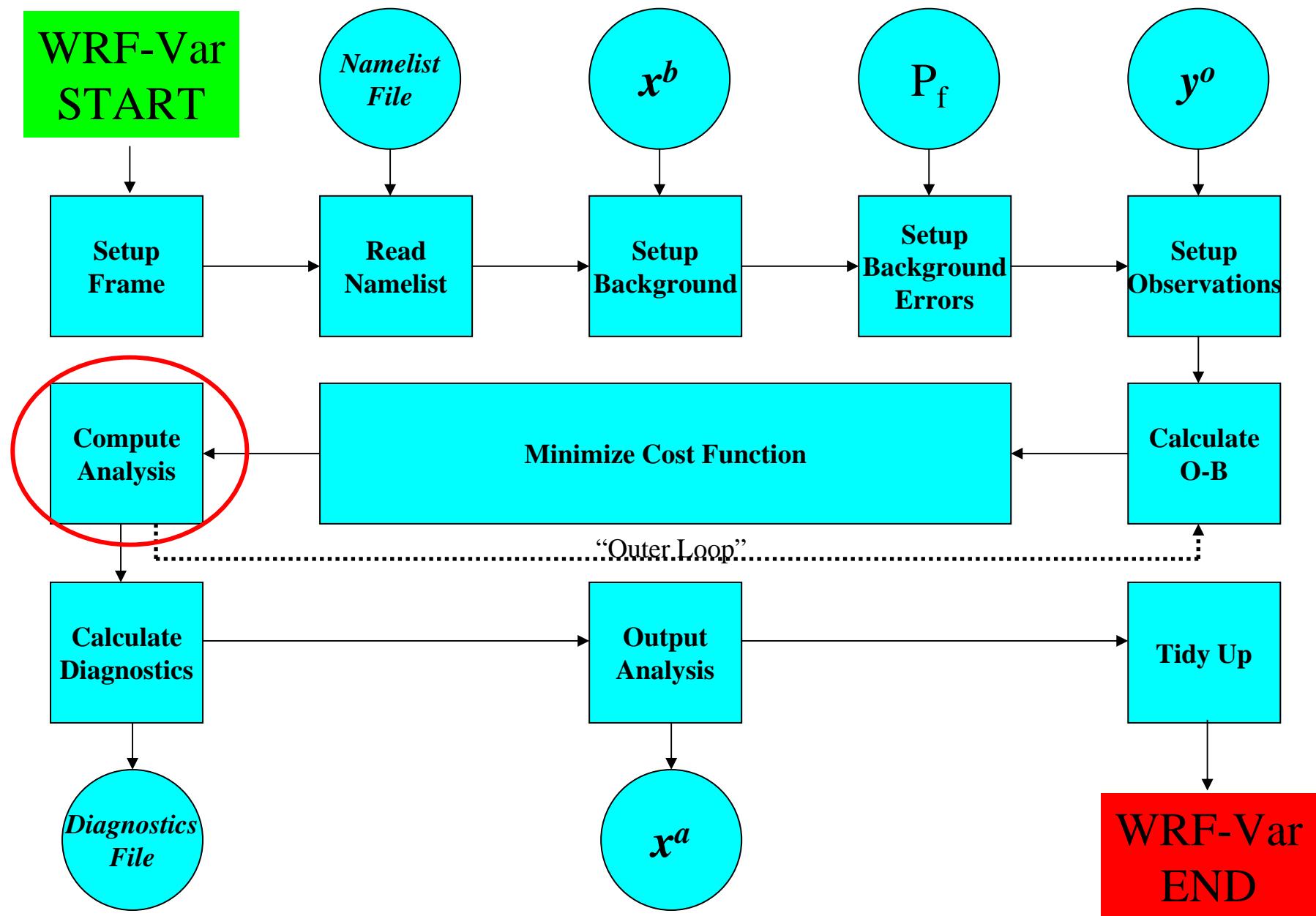
WRF-Var



Minimize Cost Function

- (a) Initializes analysis increments to zero.
- (b) Computes cost function (if desired).
- (c) Computes gradient of cost function.
- (d) Uses cost function and gradient to calculate new value of analysis control variable (v)
- Iterate (b) to (d)

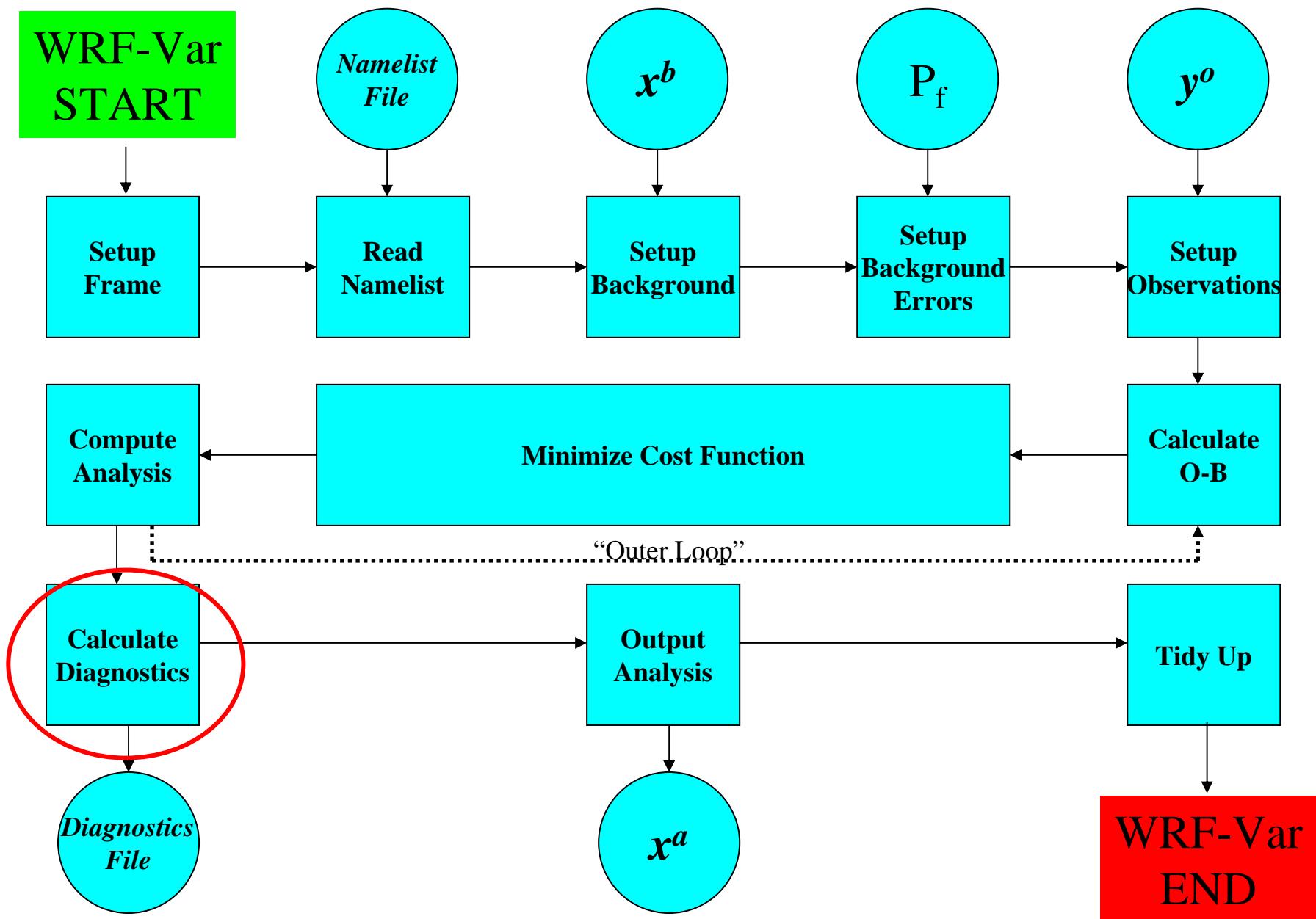
WRF-Var



Compute Analysis

- Once WRF-Var has found a converged control variable, convert control variable to model space analysis increments
- Calculate:
$$\text{analysis} = \text{first-guess} + \text{analysis increment}$$
- Performs consistency checks e.g. remove negative humidity etc.

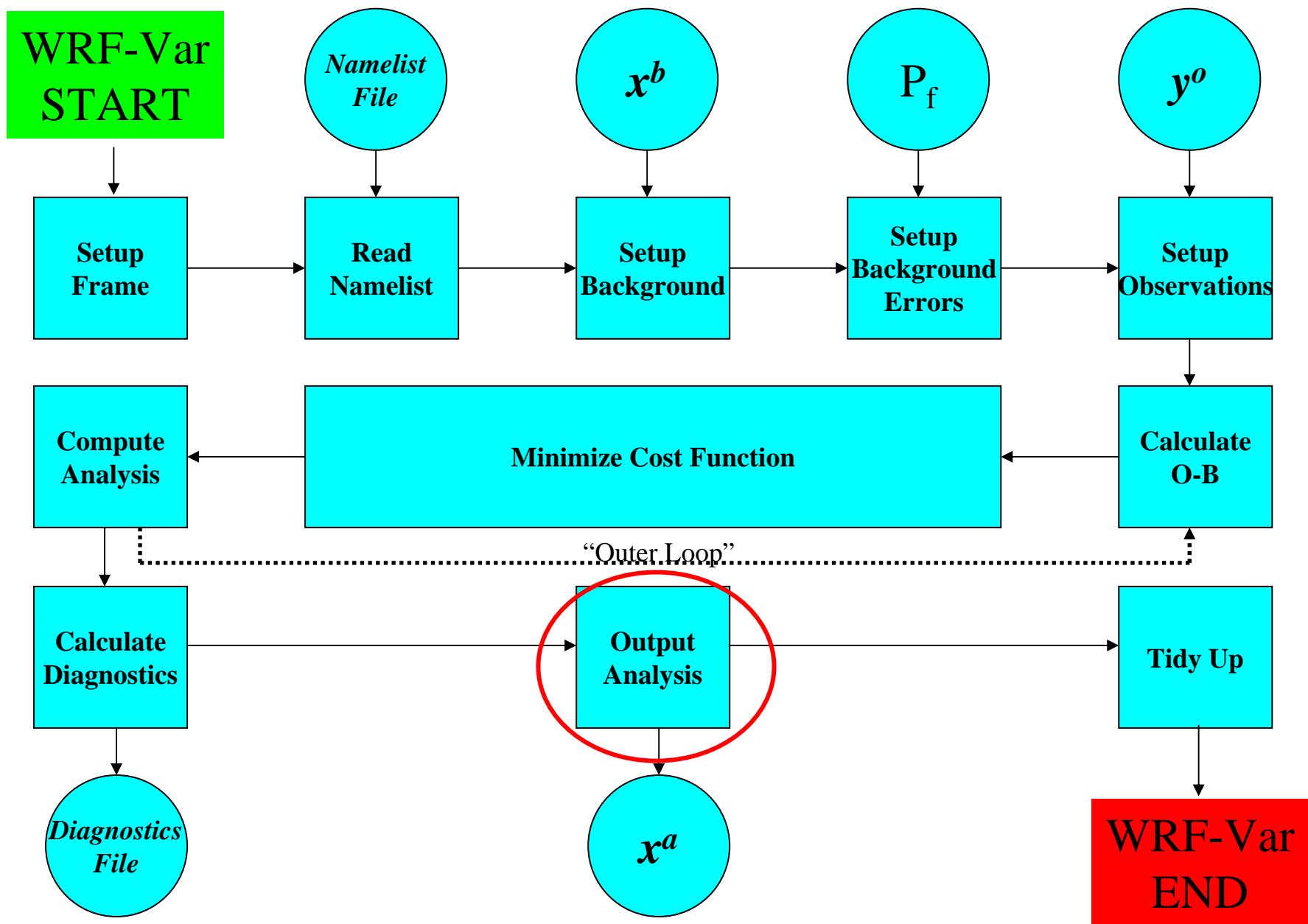
WRF-Var



Compute Diagnostics

- **Compute O-B, O-A statistics for all observation types and variables.**
- **Compute A-B (analysis increment) statistics for all model variables and levels.**
- **Statistics include minimum, maximum (and their locations), mean and standard deviation.**
- **Compute “specialist diagnostics” for error tuning (fort.45, fort.46, fort.47, fort.50 etc.).**

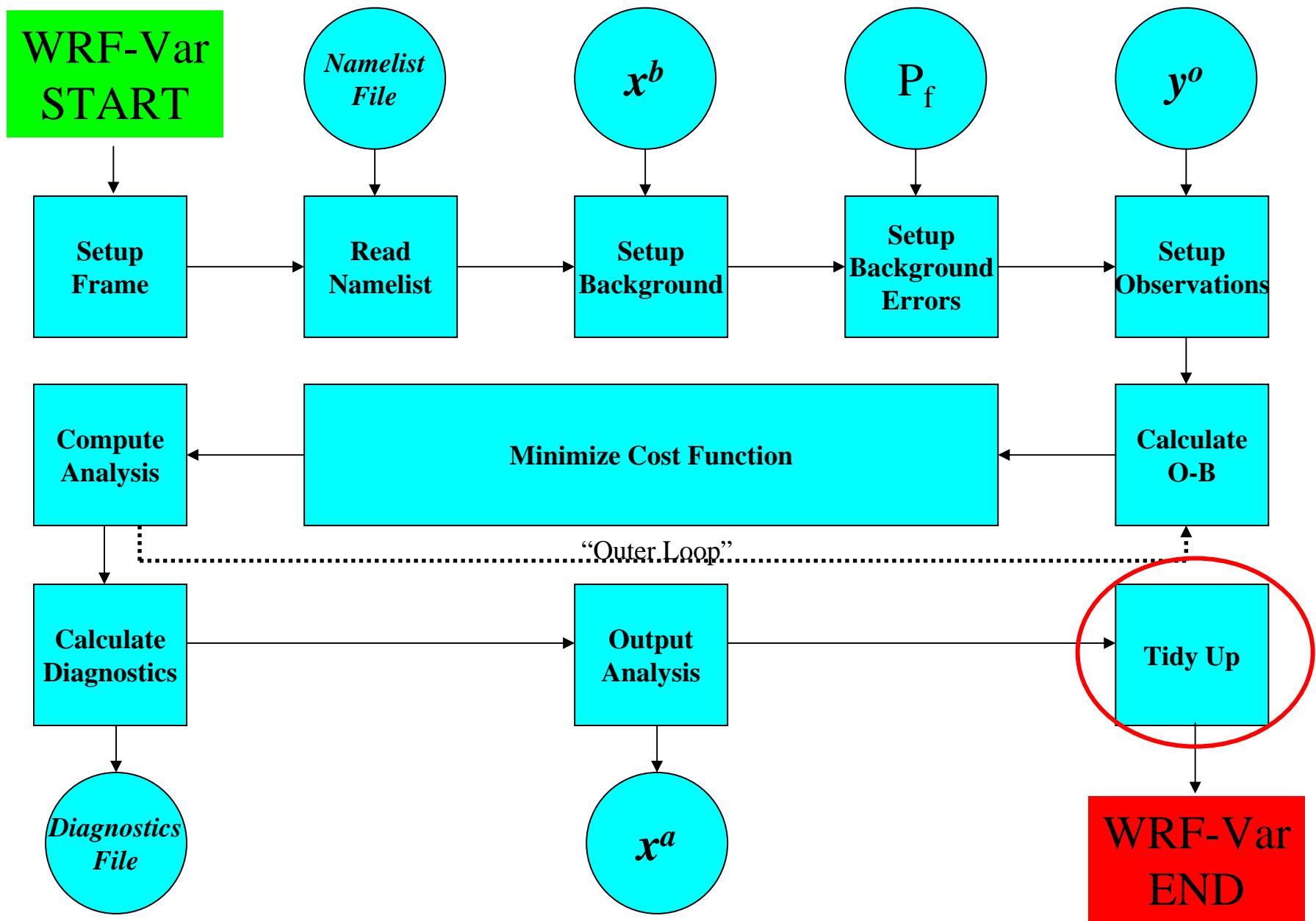
WRF-Var



Output Analysis

- Outputs analysis in native model format. Choice is made through namelist option “`fg_format`”
 - 1 = WRF, 2 = MM5, etc.
- Also output analysis increments (for diagnostic purposes) in native model format. Switch off by setting `DA_WRITE_INCREMENTS = .FALSE.` in `namelist.3dvar`.

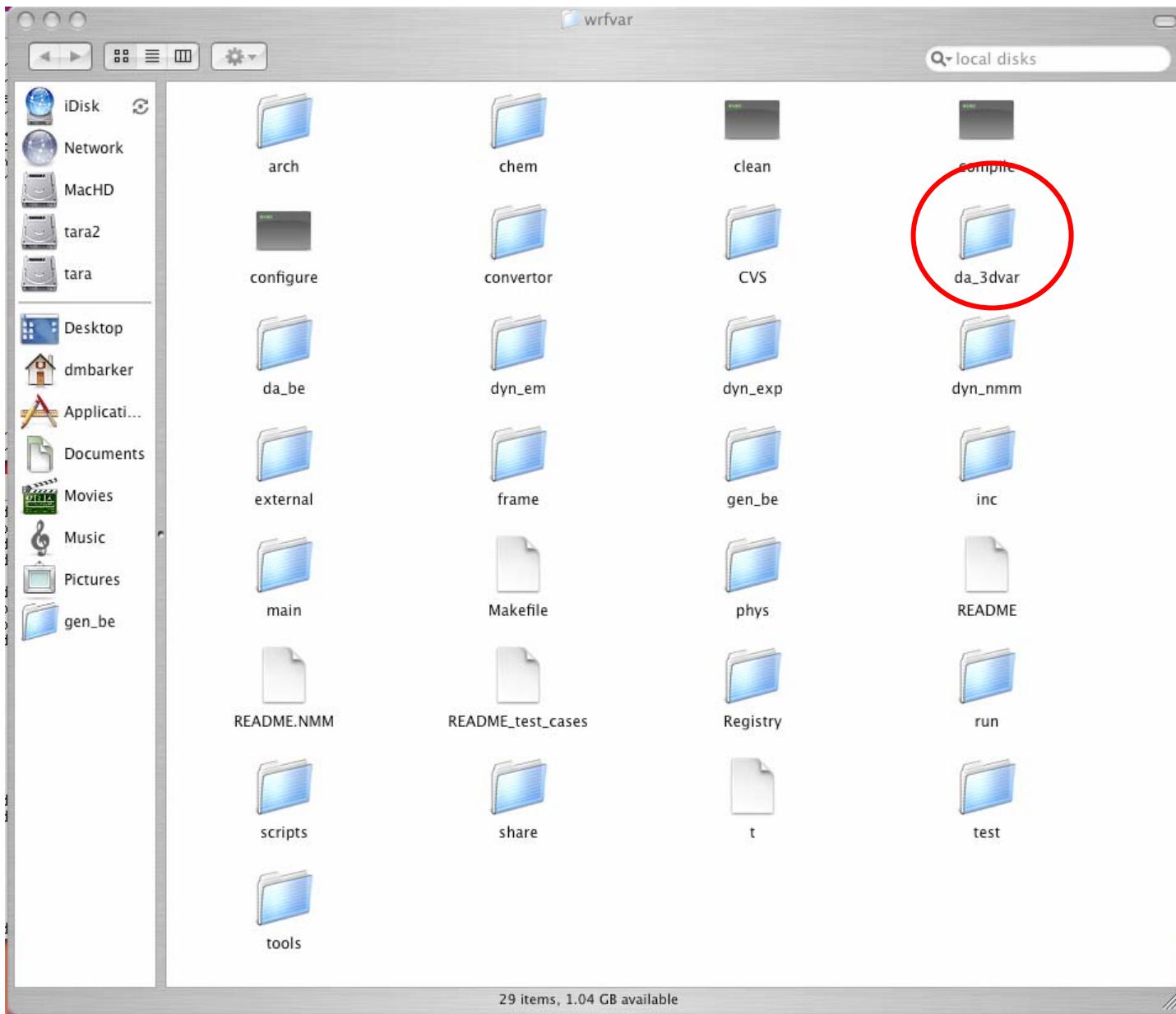
WRF-Var



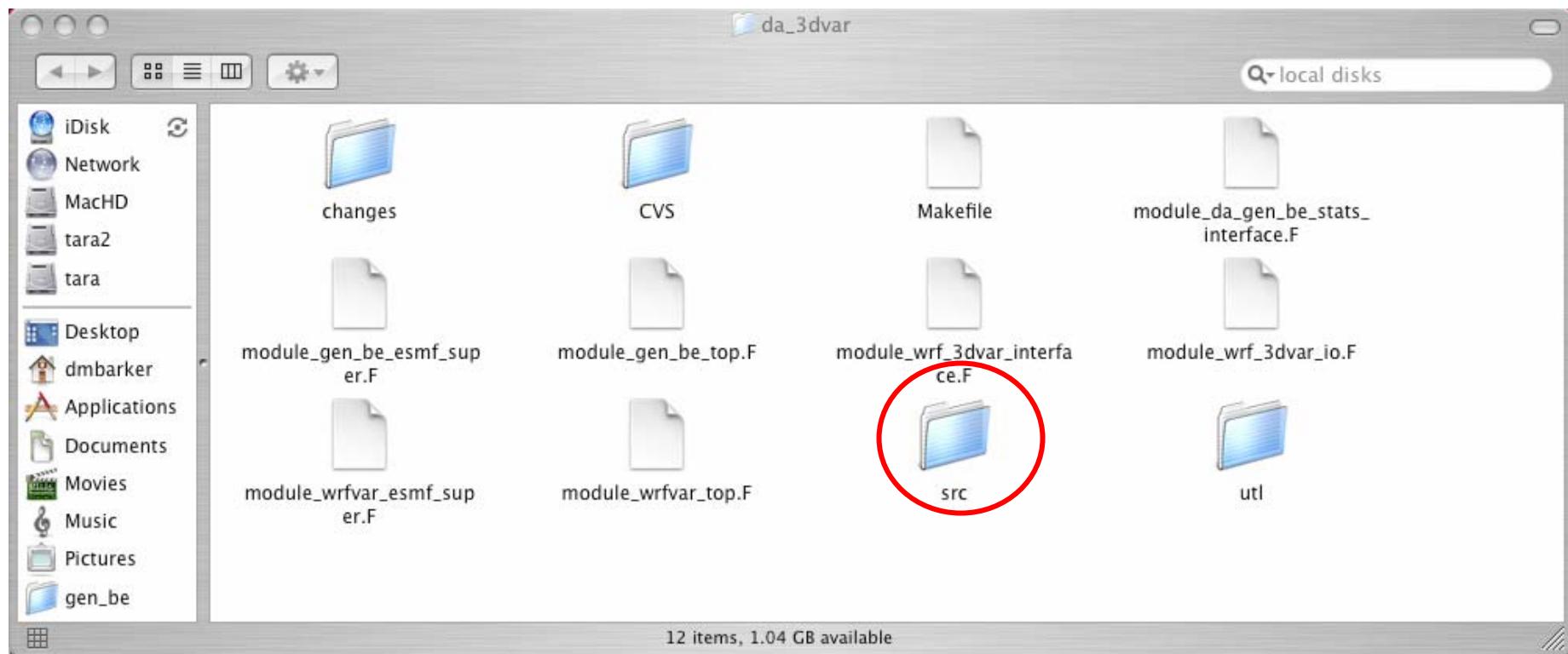
Tidy Up

- **Deallocate dynamically-allocated arrays, structures, etc.**
- **Timing information.**
- **Clean end to WRF-Var.**

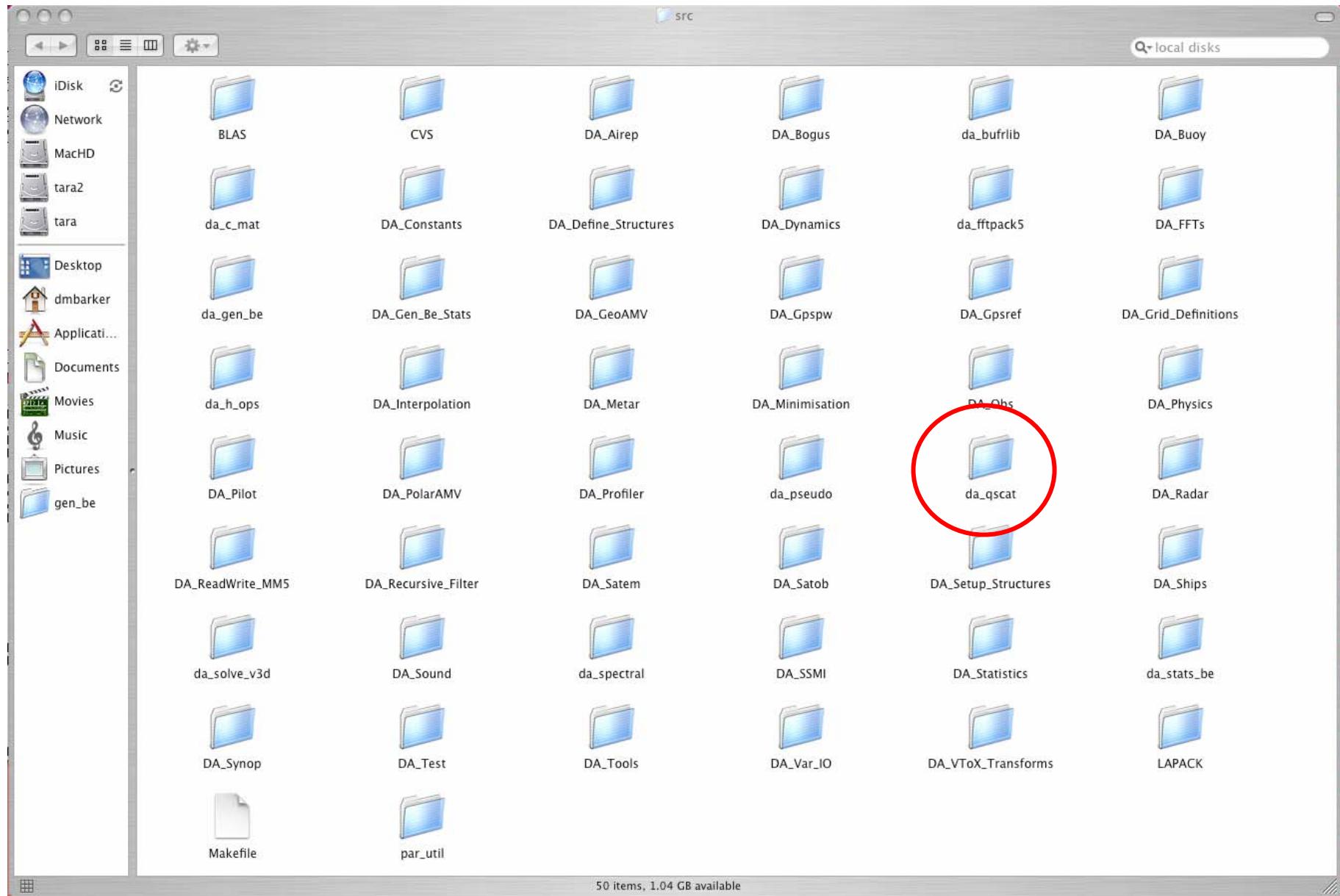
Source Code 1: WRF-Var



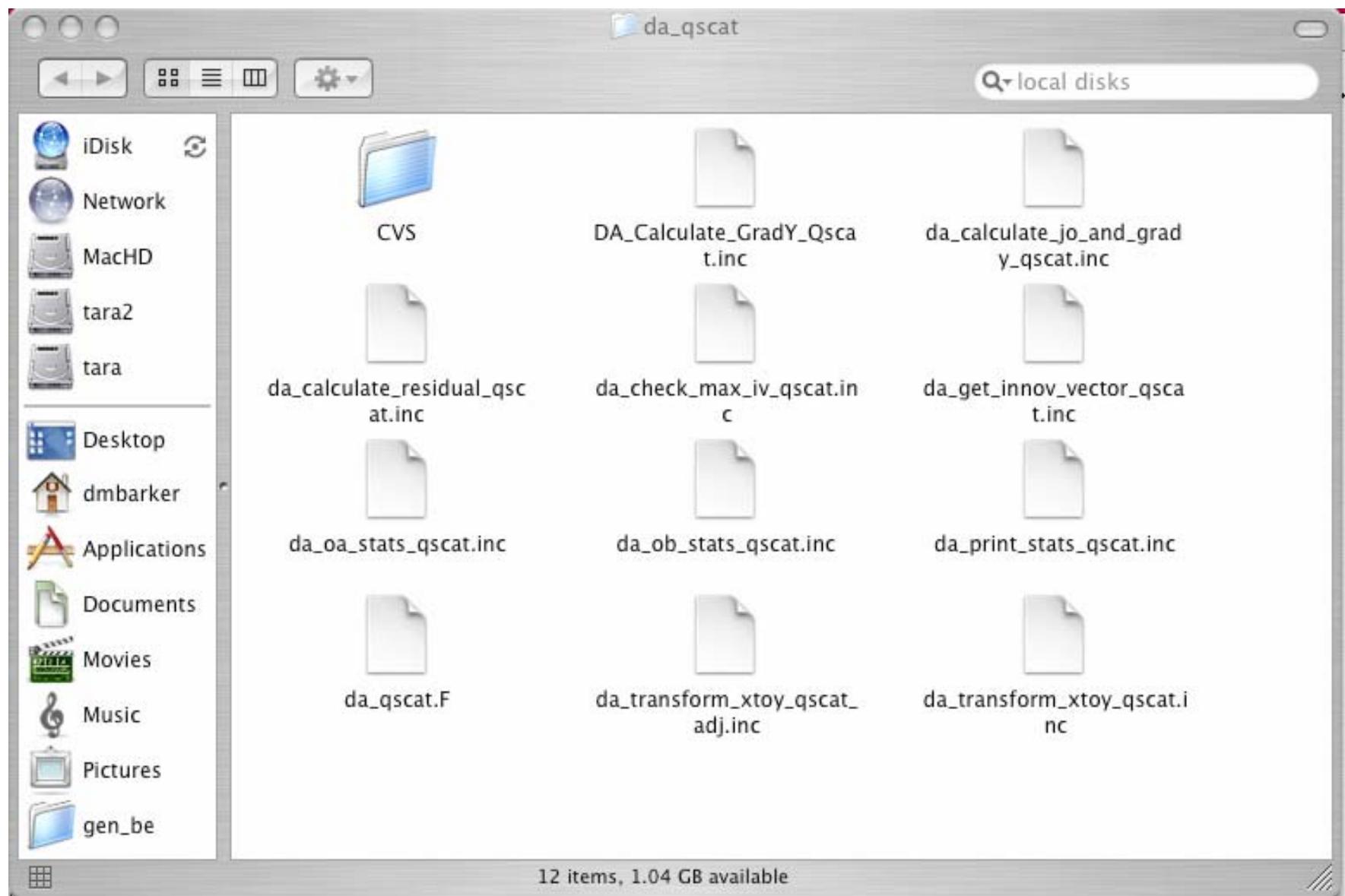
Source Code 2: *wrfvar/da_3dvar*



Source Code 3: *wrfvar/da_3dvar/src*



Source Code 4: *wrfvar/da_3dvar/src/da_qscat*



Source Code 5: *wrfvar/da_3dvar/src/da_qscat/da_qscat.F*



The image shows a screenshot of a code editor window titled "da_qscat.F". The code is written in Fortran and defines a module named "da_qscat". The module includes various USE statements for DA_Constants, DA_Define_Structures, DA_Interpolation, DA_Statistics, DA_Tools, and PAR UTIL. It also defines several data types: residual_qscat1_type, maxmin_qscat_stats_type, and stats_qscat_type. The stats_qscat_type is defined in terms of maxmin_qscat_stats_type and residual_qscat1_type. The module contains a section labeled "CONTAINS" which lists several include statements for other header files. The code concludes with an "end module da_qscat".

```
module da_qscat

    USE DA_Constants
    USE DA_Define_Structures
    USE DA_Interpolation
    USE DA_Statistics
    USE DA_Tools
    USE PAR_UTIL

    ! The "stats_qscat_type" is ONLY used locally in DA_Qscat:

    TYPE residual_qscat1_type
        REAL :: u                      ! u-wind.
        REAL :: v                      ! v-wind.
    END TYPE residual_qscat1_type

    TYPE maxmin_qscat_stats_type
        TYPE (maxmin_type) :: u, v
    END TYPE maxmin_qscat_stats_type

    TYPE stats_qscat_type
        TYPE (maxmin_qscat_stats_type) :: maximum, minimum
        TYPE (residual_qscat1_type) :: average, rms_err
    END TYPE stats_qscat_type

CONTAINS

#include "da_calculate_jo_and_grady_qscat.inc"
#include "da_calculate_residual_qscat.inc"
#include "da_check_max_iv_qscat.inc"
#include "da_get_innov_vector_qscat.inc"
#include "da_oq_stats_qscat.inc"
#include "da_ob_stats_qscat.inc"
#include "da_print_stats_qscat.inc"
#include "da_transform_xtoy_qscat.inc"
#include "da_transform_xtoy_qscat_adj.inc"
#include "DA_Calculate_GradY_Qscat.inc"

end module da_qscat
```

Procedure for adding new Observations

- **Edit DA_Define_Structure.F** to add new data type.
- **Make new observation sub-directory under “src”.**
- **Develop desired programs like getting innovation vector, forward observation operator, tangent linear & its adjoint, gradient & cost function etc. in this new sub-directory.**
- **Input observation (update DA_Obs).**
- **Sometimes it might be needed to add certain grid arrays in Registry.**
- **Link into minimization package (DA_Minimisation)**

DA_Run_WRF-Var.csh (summary)

USER: Define non-default job via environment variables:

e.g.: setenv START_DATE 2004050200 overrides the default.

```
#####
#USER: DO NOT MAKE CHANGES BELOW (if you do, you're on your own!)
#####
```

[1.0] *Specify default environment variables:*

e.g. if (! \$?START_DATE) setenv START_DATE 2004050100 # Analysis date.

[2.0] *Perform sanity checks:*

e.g. check input observation file exists

[3.0] *Prepare for assimilation:*

Create WRF-Var V2.1 namelist file (namelist.3dvar).

Create WRF V2.1 namelist file (namelist.input).

[4.0] *Run WRF-Var:*

e.g. mpirun -v -np 16 -nolocal -machinefile hosts ./wrfvar.exe >&! /dev/null

Learning To Use WRF-Var

- **Consult WRF-Var documentation at:**
<http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG4>
- **Run through the Online WRF-Var Tutorial available at:**
<http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG4/wrfvar.htm>
- **If still confused, ask questions via:**

wrfhelp@ucar.edu