

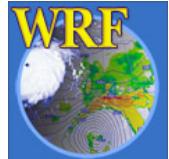


WRF: *More Runtime Options*

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Fortran namelist

- Fortran 90 namelist is used to configure a run without recompiling the code
- Fortran 90 namelist has very specific format, so edit with care:

&namelist-record - start

/ - end

- As a general rule:

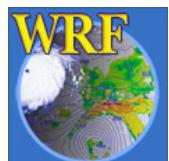
Multiple columns: domain dependent

Single column: value valid for all domains



More options

- Have covered basic, physics / diffusion options, and nudging options..
- More are introduced here:
 - IO options
 - Vertical interpolation options
 - options for long simulations
 - Adaptive-time step
 - Digital filter
 - Global runs
 - Moving nest
 - TC options
 - tracer
 - IO quilting
- Time series output



namelist.input

general namelist
records:

&time_control
&domains
&physics
&dynamics
&bdy_control
&namelist_quilt

specialized namelist
records:

&dfi_control
&fdda
&grib2
&scm
&tc



IO Control (1)

History output control in `&time_control`

`history_interval`: used often, unit in minutes

`history_interval_h`: history output interval in hours

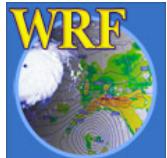
`history_interval_s`: history output interval in seconds

`history_begin_h`: history output beginning time in hours

`history_begin_d`: history output beginning time in days

Complete listing in

`Registry/registry.io_boilerplate`



IO Control (2)

Optional history output in `&time_control`

1. Change Registry.EM and recompile:

```
state integer rainc ij misc 1 - h03 "RAINC" ""
"ACCUMULATED TOTAL CUMULUS PRECIPITATION"
state integer rainnc ij misc 1 - h03 "RAINC" ""
"ACCUMULATED TOTAL GRID SCALE PRECIPITATION"
```

2. Edit namelist.input to output these variables:

```
auxhist3_outname = "rainfall_d<domain>"
auxhist3_interval = 10
frames_per_auxhist3 = 1000
io_form_auxhist3 = 2
```



IO Control (3)

Starting in V3.2, there is an alternative to add additional output at runtime

1. new namelists in `&time_control`:

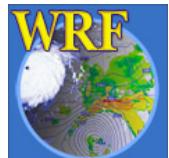
```
iofields_filename(max_dom) = 'my_output.txt',  
ignore_iofields_warning
```

2. prepare text file ('`my_output.txt`') to define new io fields:

```
+:h:3:rainc,rainnc
```

3. set other namelists under `&time_control`:

```
auxhist3_outname = "rainfall_d<domain>"  
auxhist3_interval = 10  
frames_per_auxhist3 = 1000  
io_form_auxhist3 = 2
```



Vertical interpolation options (1)

Program `real` for ARW only, optional, &domains:

`use_surface`: whether to use surface observations

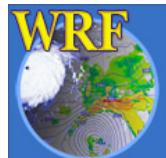
`use_levels_below_ground`: whether to use data below the ground

`lowest_lev_from_sfc`: logical, whether surface data is used to fill the lowest model level values

`force_sfc_in_vinterp`: number of levels to use surface data, default is 1

`extrap_type`: how to do extrapolation: 1 - use 2 lowest levels; 2 - constant

`t_extrap_type` : extrapolation option for temperature: 1 - isothermal; 2 - 6.5 K/km; 3 - adiabatic



Vertical interpolation options (2)

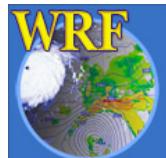
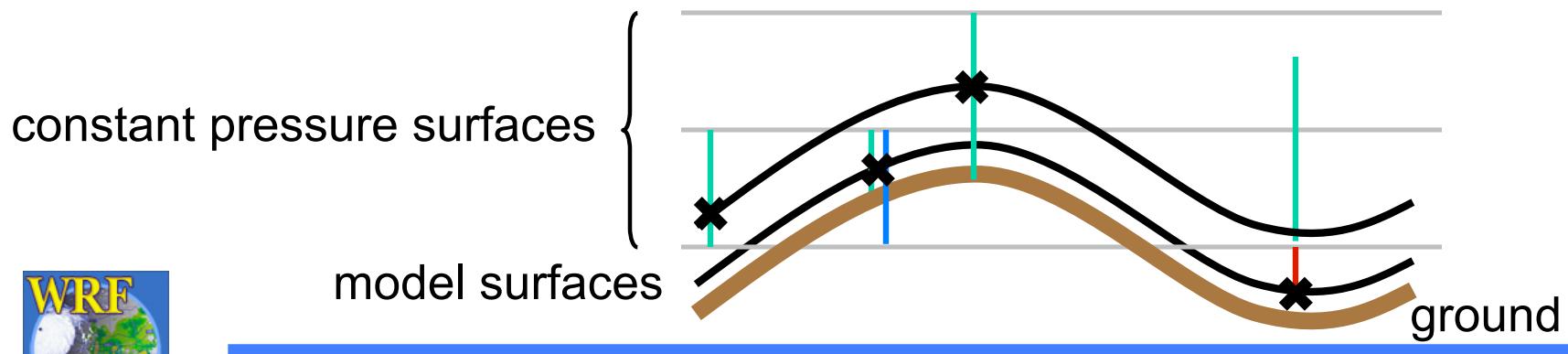
Program `real` for ARW only, optional:

`interp_type`: in pressure or log pressure

`lagrange_order`: linear or quadratic

`zap_close_levels`: delta p where a non-surface pressure level is removed in vertical interpolation

related namelists: `examples.namelist`



Options for long simulations (1)

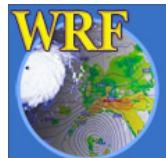
Lower boundary update control: allow SST, seaice, monthly vegetation fraction and albedo to be updated regularly during a model run:

- sst_update**: 0 – no SST update
- 1 – update SST

Set before running **real**, and this will create additional output files: **wrfflowinp_d01**, **wrfflowinp_d02**, ..

Other namelists required in **&time_control**:

```
auxinput4_inname = "wrfflowinp_d<domain>"  
auxinput4_interval = 360  
io_form_auxinput4 = 2 (netCDF)
```



Options for long simulations (2)

sst_skin

diurnal water temp update

tmn_update

deep soil temp update, used
with lagday

lagday

averaging time

bucket_mm

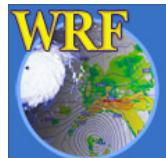
bucket reset value for rainfall

bucket_j

bucket reset value for radiation
fluxes

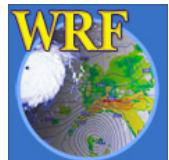
spec_exp

exponential multiplier for
boundary zone ramping

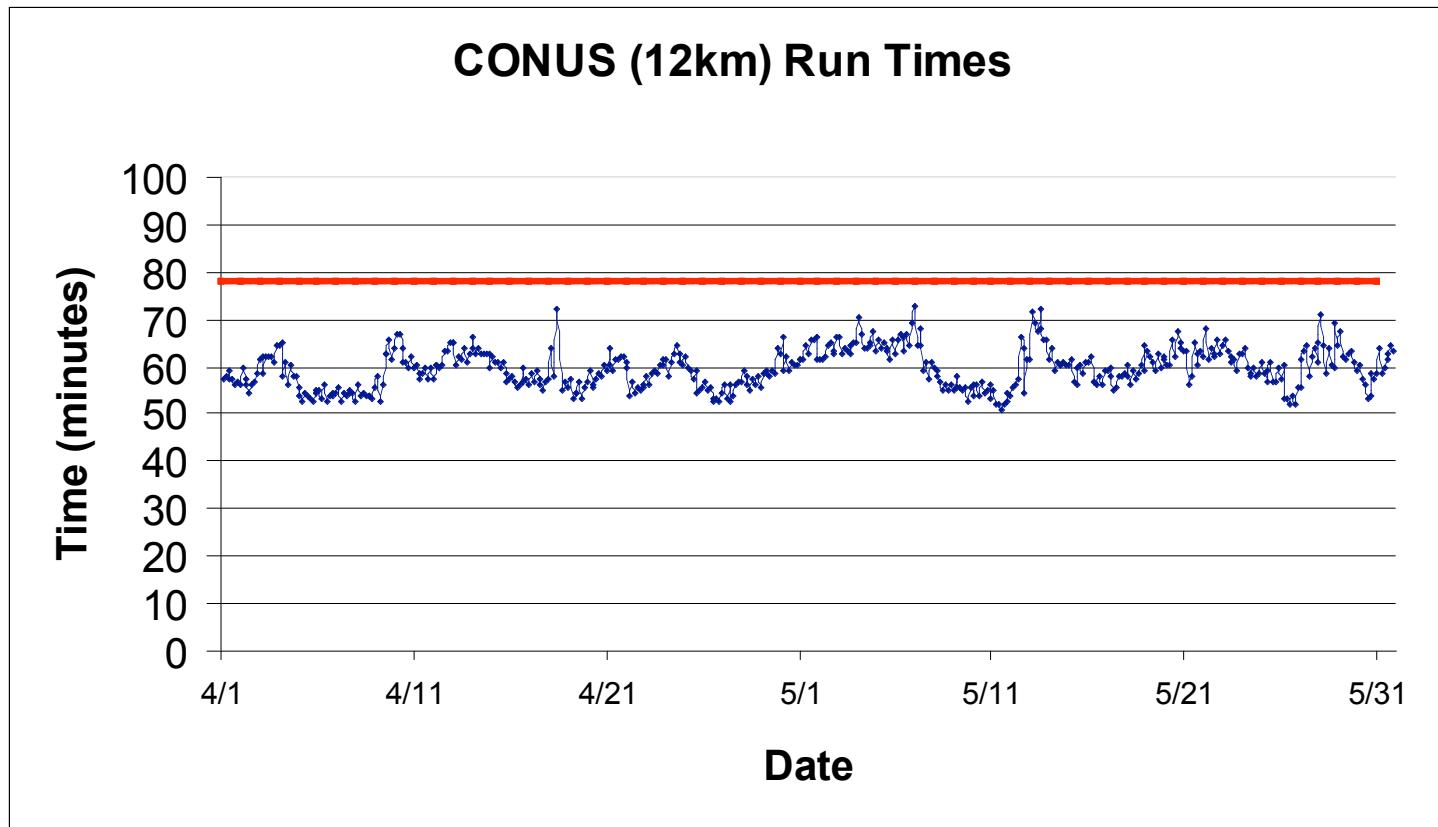


Adaptive time steps (1)

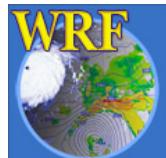
- Adaptive-time-step is a way to maximize the model time step while keeping the model numerically stable
- New in V3. Good to use for real-time run



Adaptive time steps (2): an example



On average, forecasts finish in 60 min (50-73min)
as compared to 79 min standard runtime



Adaptive time steps (3)

Namelist control: **&domains** * USE WITH CARE

`use_adaptive_time_step`

logical switch

`step_to_output_time`

whether to write at exact history output times

`target_cfl`

maximum cfl allowed (1.2)

`max_step_increase_pct`

percentage of time step increase each time; set to 5, 51, 51 (larger value for nest)

`starting_time_step`

in seconds; e.g. set to 4*DX

`max_time_step`

in seconds; e.g. set to 8*DX

`min_time_step`

in seconds; e.g. set to 4*DX



Digital filter initialization (1)

Digital filter initialization is a simple way to remove initial model imbalance:

- May be introduced by simple interpolation, different topography, or by objective analysis, or data assimilation
- It may generate spurious gravity waves in the early simulation hours, which could cause erroneous precipitation, numerical instability and degrade subsequent data assimilation



Digital filter initialization (2)

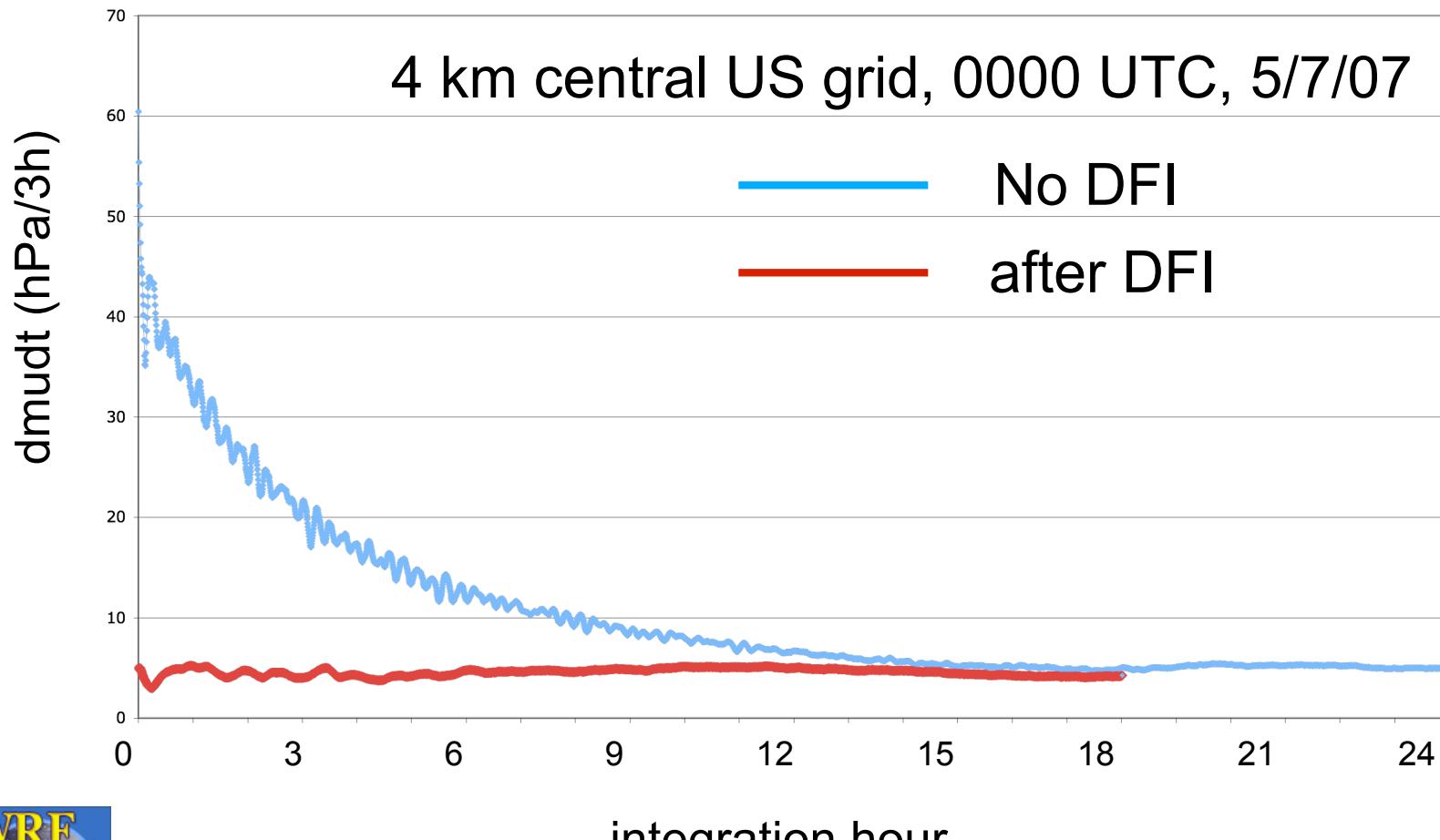
Using DFI

- can construct consistent model fields which do not exist in the initial conditions, e.g. vertical motion, cloud variables
- may reduce the spin-up problem in early simulation hours

DFI is done after program `real`, or data-assimilation step, just before model integration



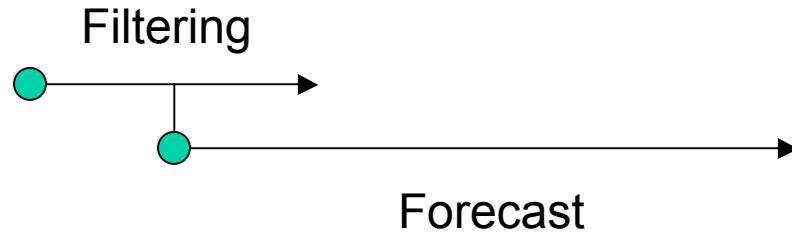
Digital filter initialization (3)



Digital filter initialization (4)

DFL:

(Lynch and Huang, 1994)



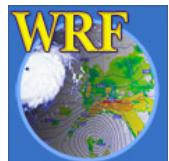
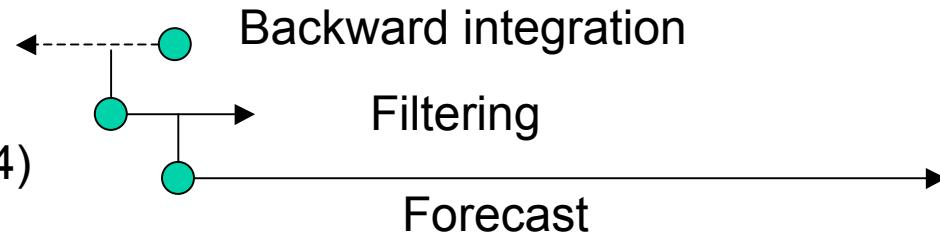
DDFI:

(Huang and Lynch, 1993)



TDFI:

(Lynch and Huang, 1994)



Digital filter initialization (5)

Namelist control: **&dfi**

dfi_opt: dfi options: 0: no DFI; 1: DFL; 2: DDFI; 3: TDFI (recommended)

dfi_nfilter: filter options 0 - 8, recommended: 7

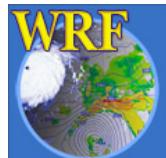
dfi_cutoff_seconds : cutoff period

dfi_write_filtered_input : whether to write filtered IC

dfi_bckstop_* : stop time for backward integration

dfi_fwdstop_* : stop time for forward integration

related namelists: **examples.namelist**



Global application

Setup mostly done in WPS:

`map_proj = 'lat-lon'`

`e_we, e_sn`: `geogrid` will compute dx, dy

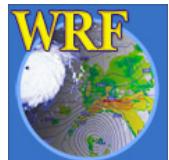
See template '`namelist.wps.global`'

In the model stage:

`fft_filter_lat`: default value is 45 degrees

Caution: some options do not work, or have been tested with global domain. Start with template

'`namelist.input.global`'



Automatic moving nest options

Tropical cyclone / typhoon / hurricane applications:

vortex_interval: time interval when vortex location is estimated

max_vortex_speed: used to compute the search radius for vortex location

corral_dist: how far the vortex can move near the parent domain boundary (number of grids)

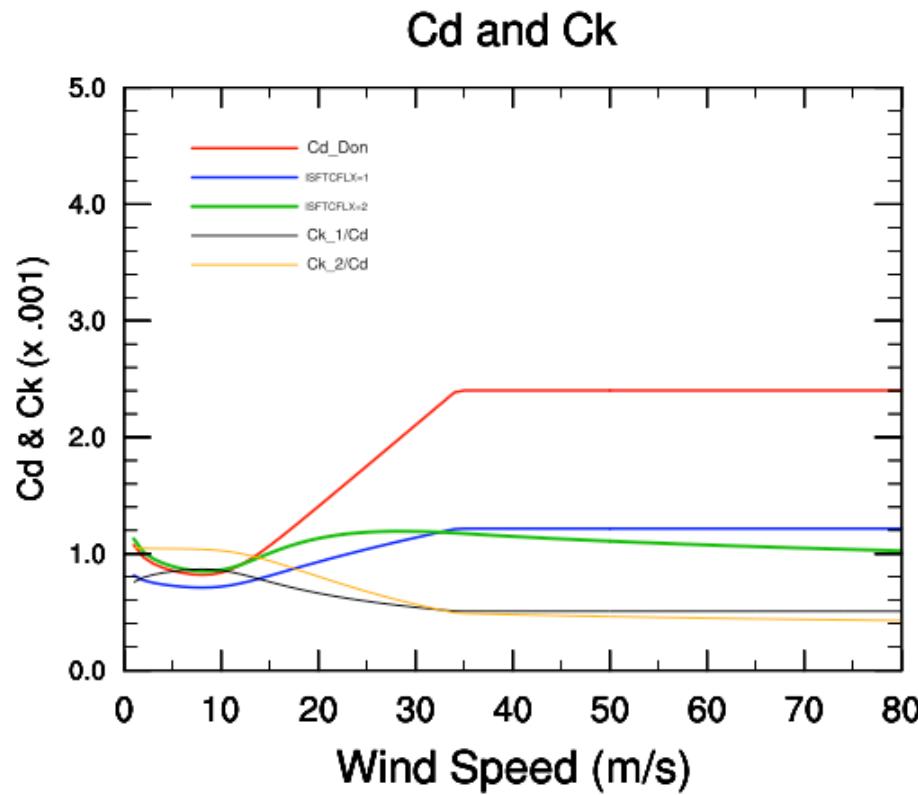
track_level: e.g. 700 or 500 mb

time_to_move: hold nests still until this time



TC options (1)

isftcflux: alternative C_d and C_k formulation for TC application



TC options (2)

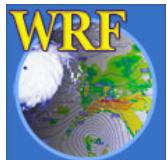
omlcall: simple ocean mixed layer

oml_hml0: initial ocean mixed layer depth

oml_gamma: lapse rate in deep water

The ocean mixed layer model can also be initialized with real-data, e.g. HYCOM

http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/hurricanes/wrf_ahw.html

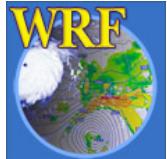


IO quilting: &namelist_quilt

Parallel I/O control:

nio_tasks_per_group (>0) : allow IO to be done on separate processors. Performance improvement for large domain runs. A value of 2 to 4 works well.

io_groups (>1) : number of I/O streams that the quilting applies.



Time Series Output (1)

- It is a special output in text format with file name like
prefix.d<domain>.TS
- It outputs 14 surface variables at every time step:
e.g. 10 m u/v, 2 m T/qv, precipitation, radiation, surface fluxes
- One file per location/weather station



Time Series Output (2)

- Not a namelist option
- Depends the presence of a file called '**tslist**' (a sample of the file is available in **WRFV3/run/**

```
#-----#
# 24 characters for name | pfx | LAT | LON |
#-----#
Cape Hallett           hallt -72.330 170.250
McMurdo Station         mcm   -77.851 166.713
```

- This file provides a list of locations where you would like to output time series
- More information in **run/README.tslist** and User's Guide, Chapter 5

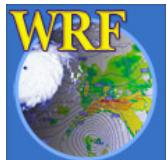


Recommended

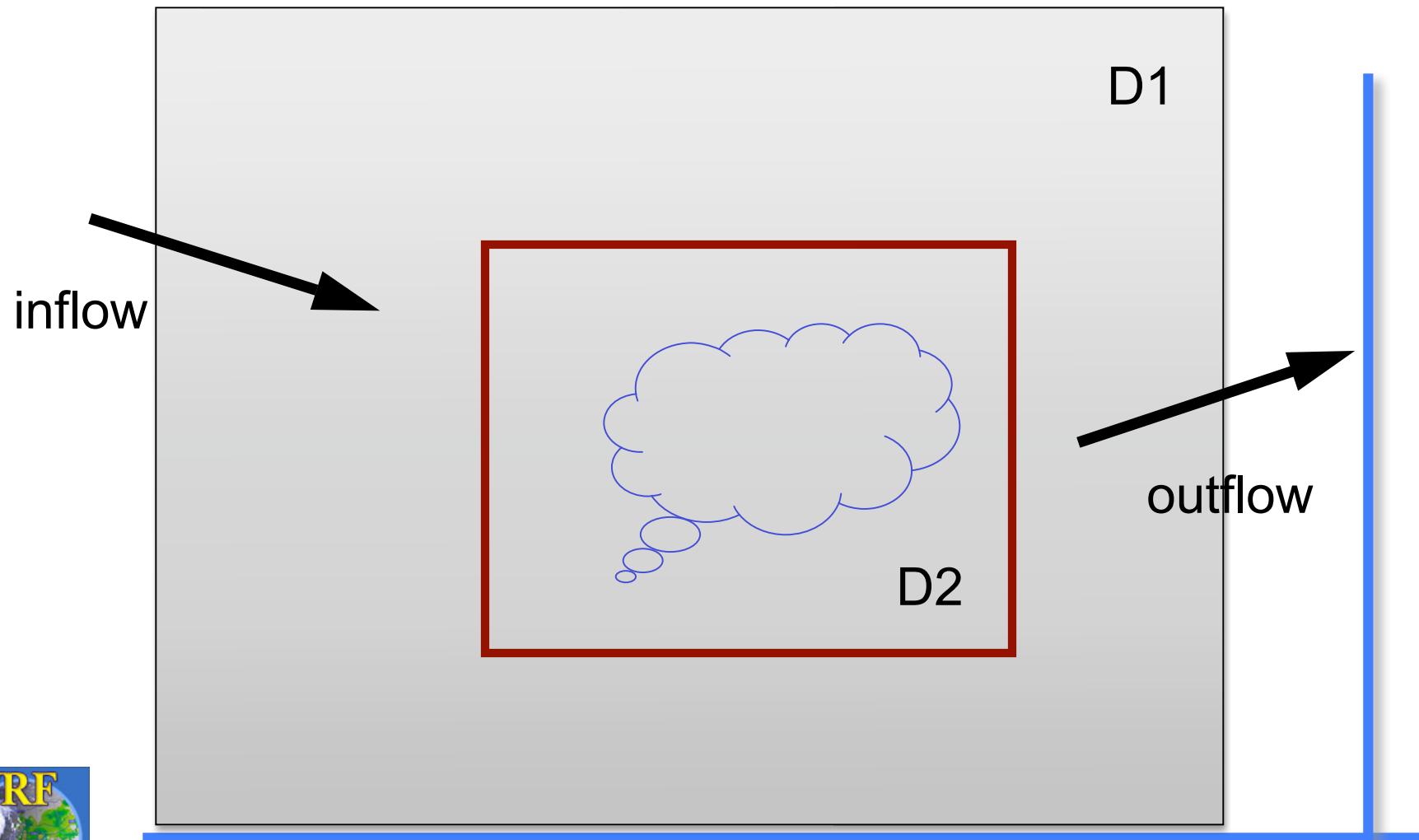
Start with the **namelist template** in a particular test directory, and the options specified in them, and make modifications.

For special applications, look for related namelists in the file *examples.namelist* in *test/em_real/* directory.

For more information on global extension, DFI and adaptive time step, read ARW Tech Note, and User's Guide.



Note on Configuring Domains: Horizontal



Note on Configuring Domains: Vertical

