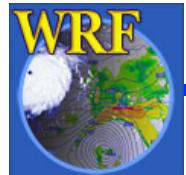




Post-processing Tools

Cindy Bruyère



Graphical Packages

- **NCL**

- Graphical package

UG: 9-2

- **ARWpost**

- Converter
(GrADS & vis5d)

UG: 9-28

- **RIP4**

- Converter and interface to graphical package NCAR Graphics

UG: 9-19

- **UPP**

- Converter
(GrADS & GEMPAK)

UG: 9-35

- **VAPOR**

- Converter and graphical package
- *Support: VAPOR*

UG: 9-50

- **IDV**

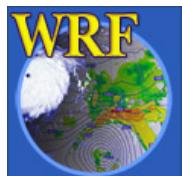
- GRIB (from WPP)
- GEMPAK (from wrf2gem)
- vis5d (from ARWpost)
- CF compliant data (from wrf_to_cf)
- *Support: unidata*

unidata.ucar.edu

- **GEMPAK**

- Data from wrf2gem or WPP
- *Support: unidata*

MatLab / IDL / R / ferret



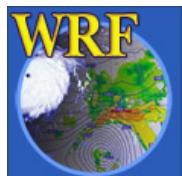
RIP4

- Read Interpolate Plot version 4
- Develop by Mark Stoelinga (3TIER/UW/NCAR) & MMM/NCAR Staff
- Originally developed for the MM5 model
- Generate a number of graphical plots
 - Horizontal, cross-section, skewT
- Current Version: 4.6
 - configure / compile



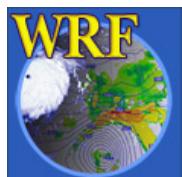
RIP4 - General Information

- Documentation
 - In program tar file under the Doc/ directory
 - <http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/docs/ripug.htm>
 - http://www.dtcenter.org/wrf-nmm/users/docs/user_guide/RIP/ripug.htm
- OnLine Tutorial:
 - <http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/graphics/RIP4/RIP4.htm>
 - <http://www.dtcenter.org/wrf-nmm/users/OnLineTutorial/NMM/RIP/index.php>

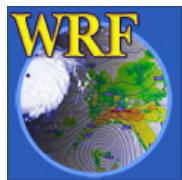
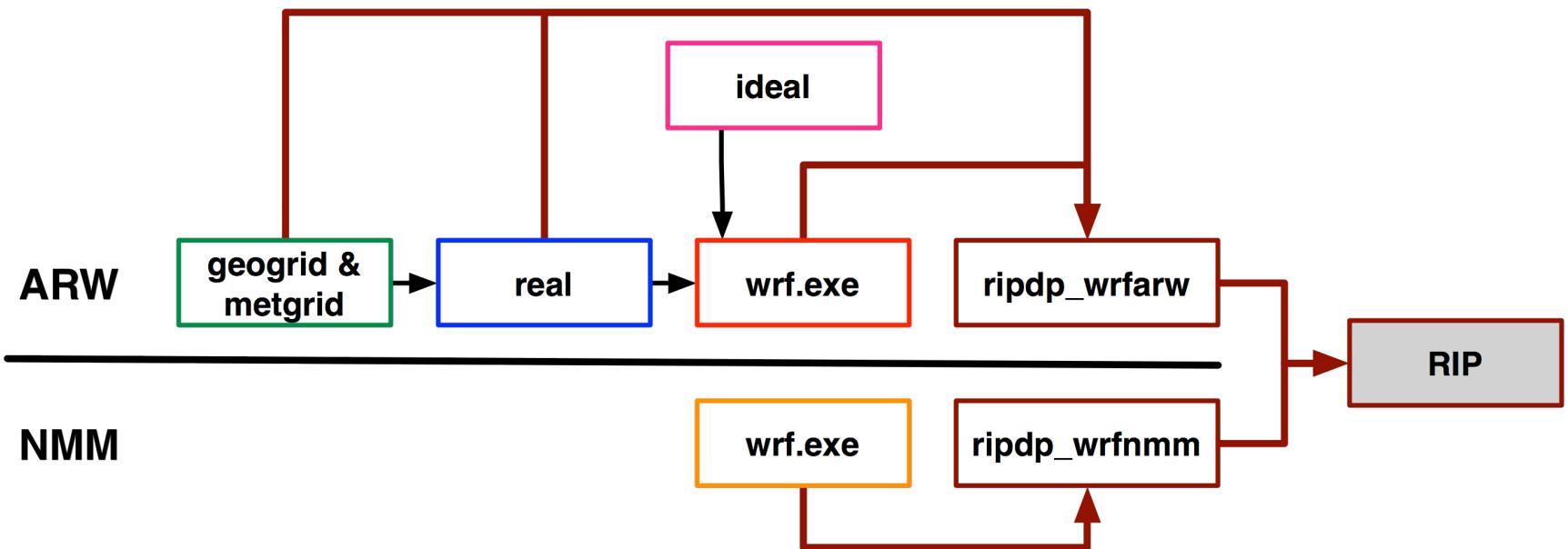


RIP4 - General Information

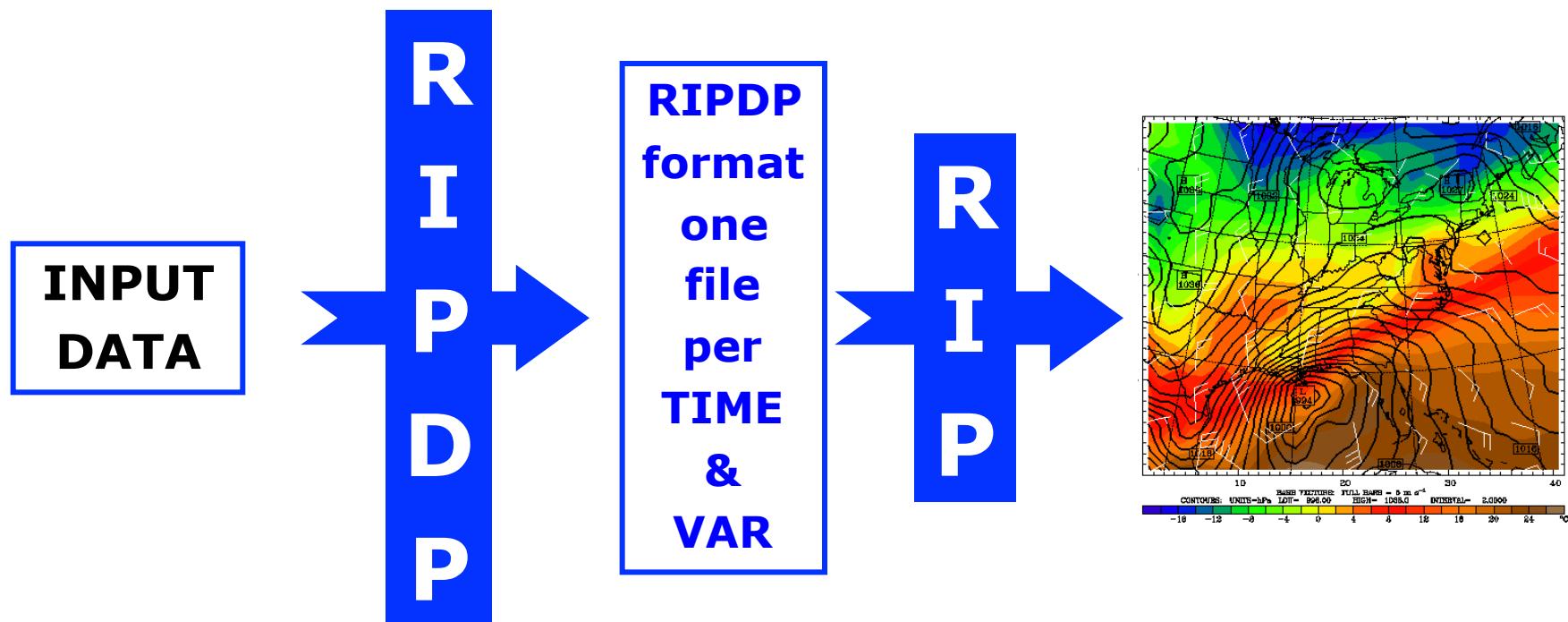
- Requires NCAR Graphics low-level routines
 - <http://ngwww.ucar.edu>
- NCL Version 5 / 6:
 - <http://www.ncl.ucar.edu>
 - Released November 2007
 - Combine NCL and NCAR Graphics
 - Open Source
 - Recommended
- Download Code:
 - http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_source.html
 - <http://www.dtcenter.org/wrf-nmm/users/downloads/index.php>



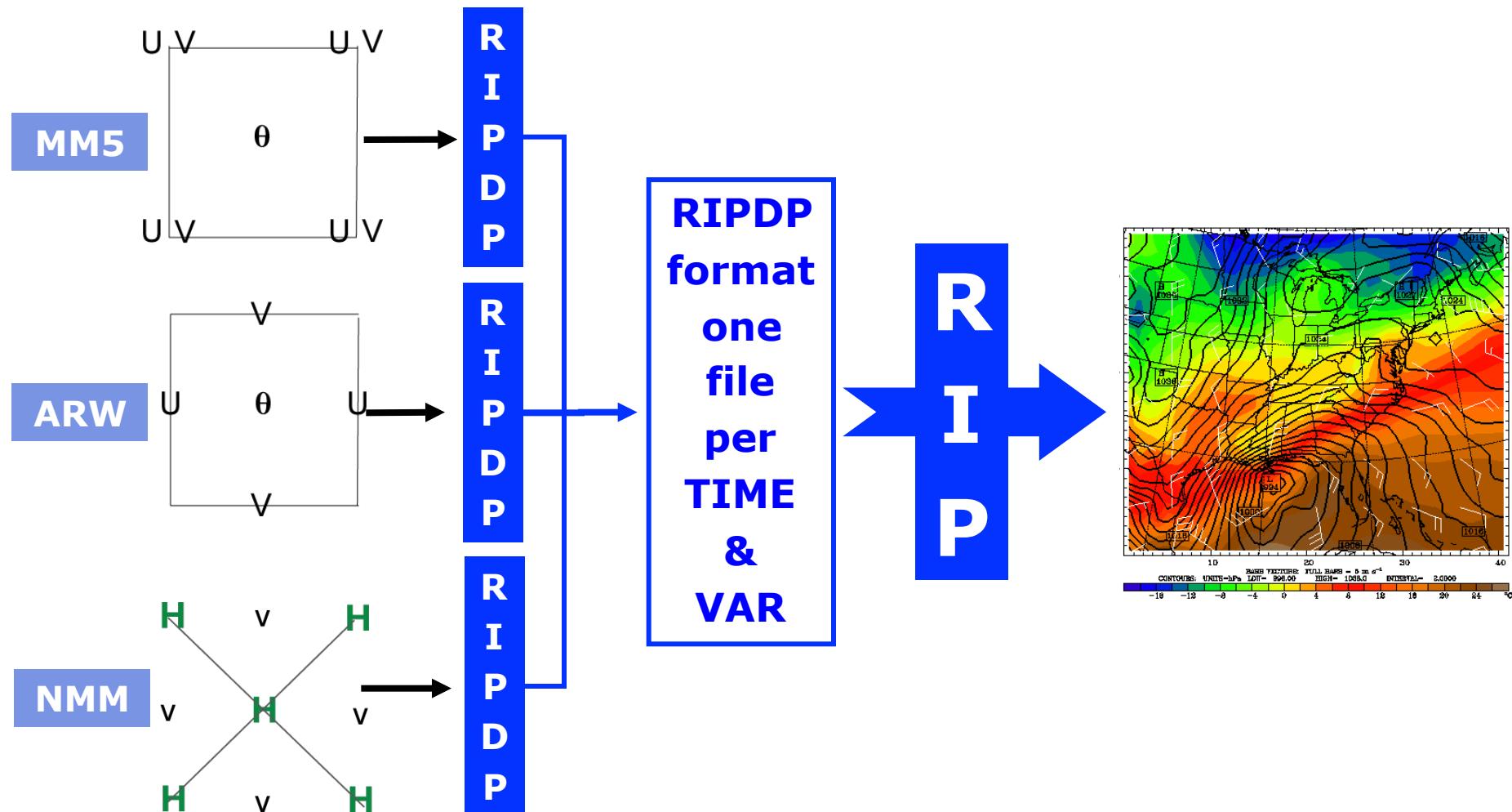
RIP4 Input Data



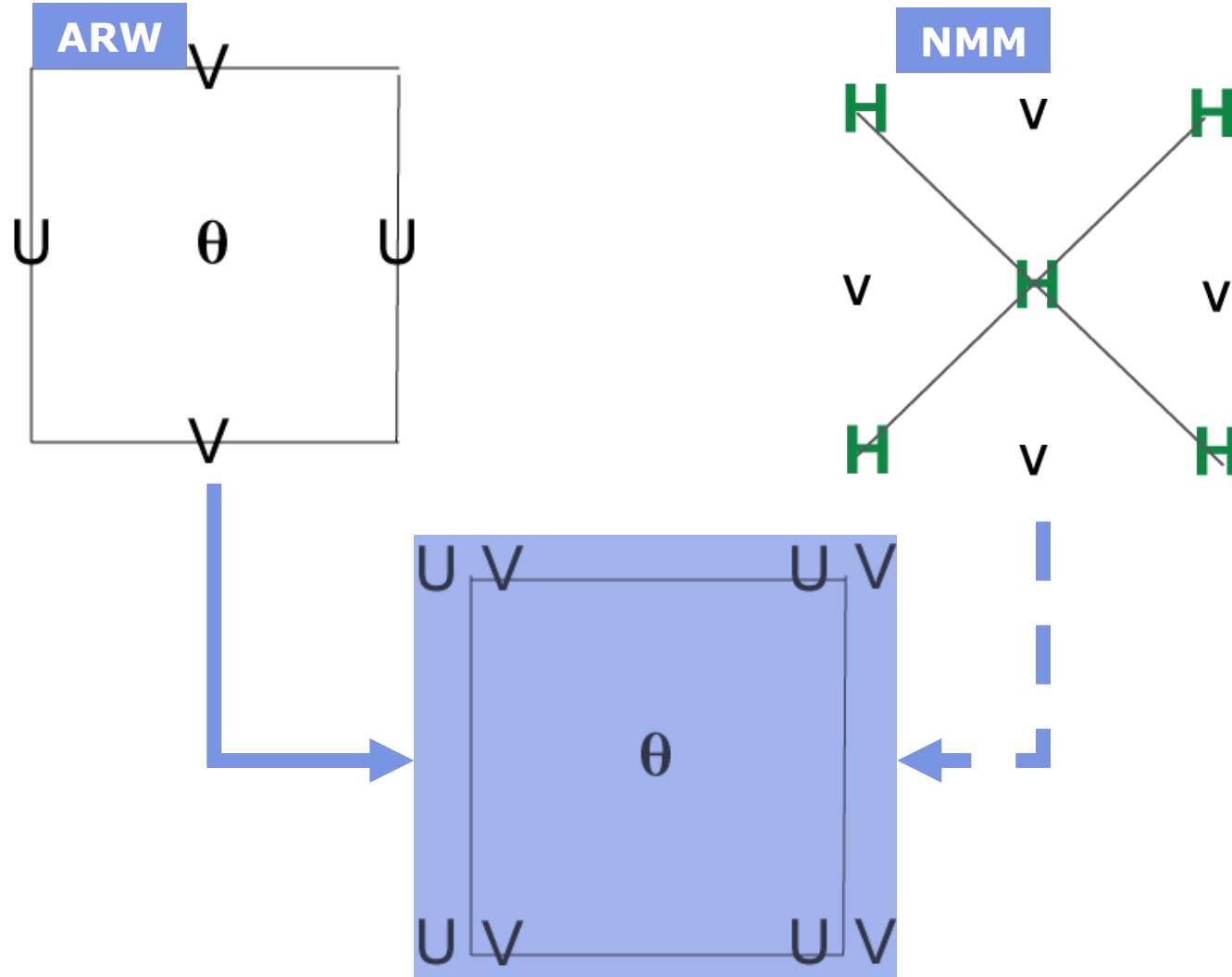
RIP4



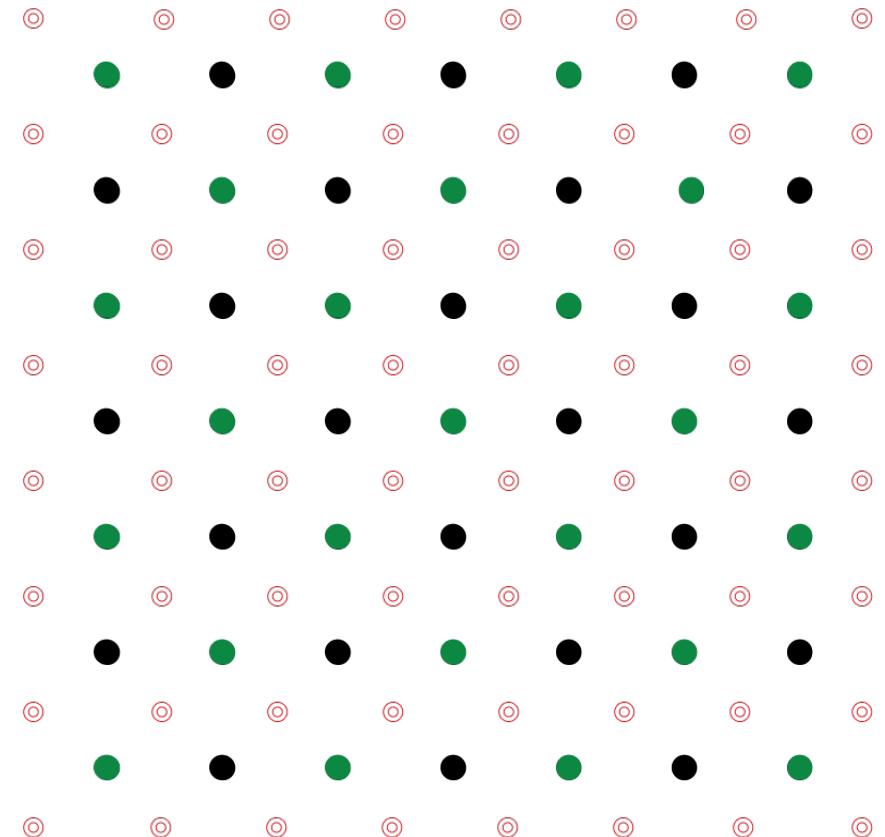
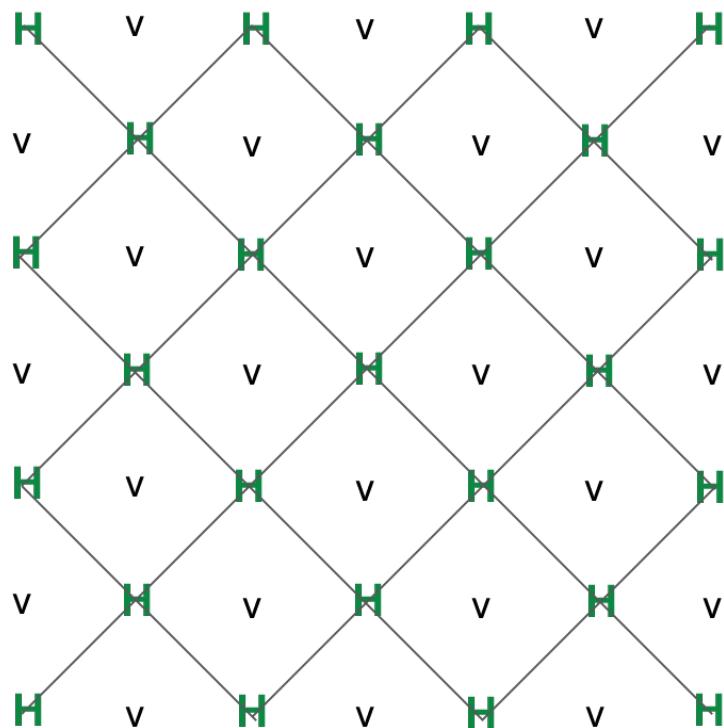
RIP4 - Grids



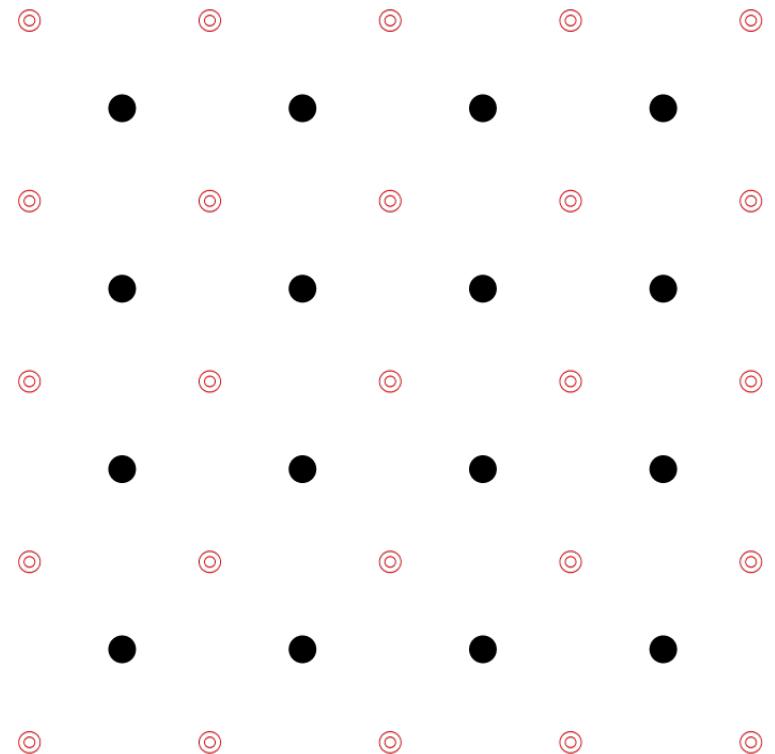
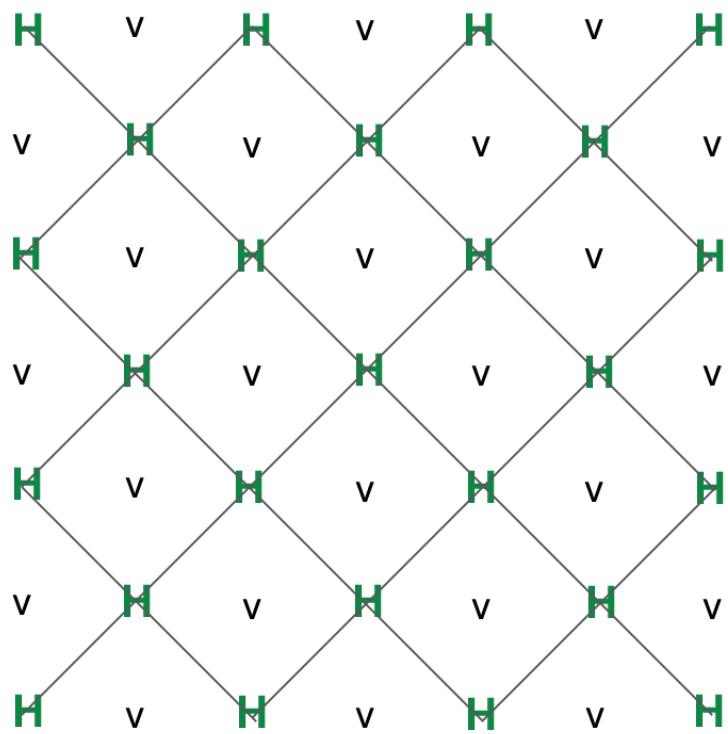
RIP4 - WRF Grids



RIP4 - NMM Grid (*iinterp 0*)



RIP4 - NMM Grid (*iinterp* 1)



new projection ; no direct relationship

RIP4 on your computer

- **set environment variables**

```
setenv RIP_ROOT /usr/$USER/RIP4 (rip_root)
```

```
setenv NCARG_ROOT /usr/local/ncl (/usr/local/ncarg)
```

- **Configure**

```
./configure
```

(check configure.rip to ensure netCDF paths are correct)

- **Compile**

```
./compile
```

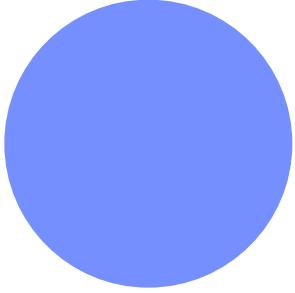
- RIP4 has 2 parts (**RIPDP** and **RIP**)

ripdp_mm5

ripdp_wrfarw
ripdp_wrfnmm

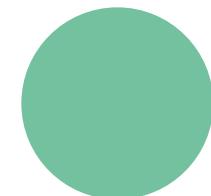


Compiling with ncl



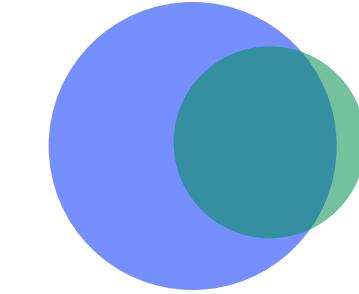
ncl myscript.ncl

NCARG_ROOT
`/usr/local/ncl`



compile <util>

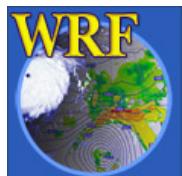
NCARG_ROOT
`/usr/local/ncarg`



ncl myscript.ncl

compile <util>

NCARG_ROOT
`/usr/local/ncl`



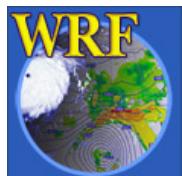
Compiling with ncl

```
In function `write_png':  
undefined reference to `png_create_write_struct'  
undefined reference to `png_create_info_struct'  
undefined reference to `png_destroy_write_struct'  
undefined reference to `png_destroy_write_struct'
```

-L<path_to_png_lib> -lpng -L<path_to_z_lib> -lz

```
/usr/local/ncl/lib/libncarg.a(agcurv.o): In function `agcurv_':  
agcurv.f:(.text+0x69): undefined reference to `_gfortran_copy_string'  
/usr/local/ncl/lib/libncarg.a(aggtch.o): In function `aggtch_':  
aggtch.f:(.text+0x3e): undefined reference to `_gfortran_copy_string'  
aggtch.f:(.text+0x7b): undefined reference to `_gfortran_copy_string'
```

-L<path_to_gfortran_lib> -lgfortran



ripdp & rip

- **ripdp**

- RIP Data Preparation

- Converter

RIPDP converts WRF formatted data (*netCDF*) into RIP format (*B-grid*)

- Output

RIPDP puts each Variable at each Time into a separate file
Creates LOTS of files

 **mkdir RIPDP**

- **rip**

- Reads the output generated by *ripdp*

- Makes use of a **User Input File (UIF)** (*rip_sample.in*) to control plots

- Output

X11, pdf, ps, cgm



Running ripdp & rip

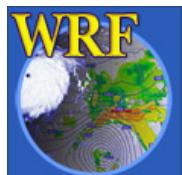
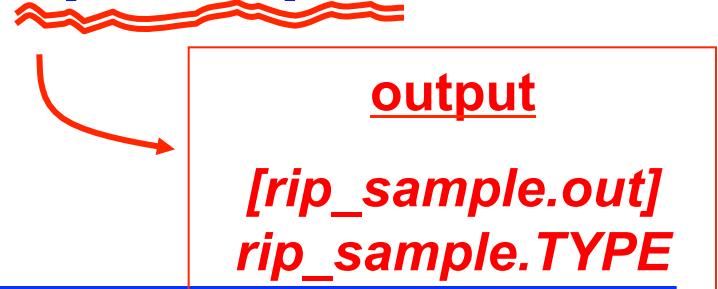
```
ripdp_wrfxxx [-n namelist-file]  
  <model_data_name> \ [basic/all]  
  <input_file(s)>
```

```
rip [-f] <model_data_name> rip-execution-name
```

Example:

ripdp_wrfarw RIPDP/test all wrfout*

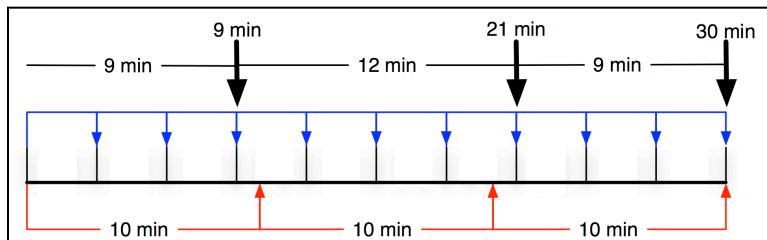
rip [-f] RIPDP/test rip_sample.in



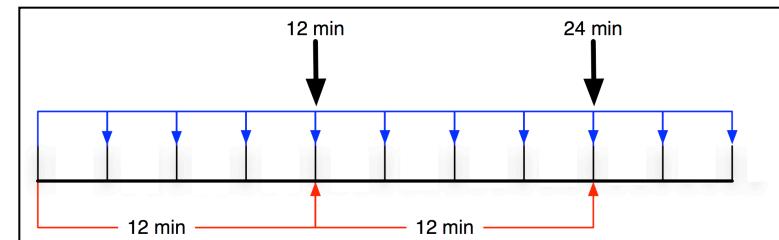
ripdp namelist

- **ptimes** (*times for ripdp to process*)
 - `0,1,2,3,4,5,6` (0,1,2,3,4,5,6)
 - `0,-6,1` (0,1,2,3,4,5,6)
 - `0, 2,-4,1, 6` (0, 2,3,4, 6)
- **tacc**: *input files not on exact times* [`time_step=180 (3 min)`]

history_interval=10



history_interval=12



- **discard**: fields if ‘**all**’ is selected on the command line
- **retain**: fields if ‘**basic**’ is selected on the command line



•NMM only

ripdp namelist

- **iinterp** = 1: interpolate to a new B-grid
- **dskmcib**: grid spacing, in km, of the coarse domain on which the new B-grid will be based
- **miycorsib, mjxcorsib**: number of grid points in the y and x directions of new B-grid
- **nprojib**: map projection number (0: none/ideal, 1: LC, 2: PS, 3: ME, 4: SRCE) of new B-grid
- **xlatcib, xloncib**: central latitude and longitude of new B-grid
- **truelat1ib, truelat2ib**: two true latitudes of new B-grid

- **miyib, mjaxib**: number of grid points in the y and x directions, of the fine domain
- **yicorrib, xjcornrib**: coarse domain y and x locations of the lower left corner point of the fine domain
- **dskmib**: grid spacing, in km, of the fine domain



rip UIF

```
&userin  
..... } Namelist controlling general parameters  
&end  
&trajcalc  
..... } Namelist for trajectory calculations  
Only used if itrajcalc=1, in userin namelist  
&end
```

----- Plot Specification Table -----

```
feld= ..... } Frame specification group (FSG)  
feld= ..... }
```

```
feld= ..... } Plot specification line (PSL)  
feld= ..... }
```

} **Plot Specification Table (PST)**



rip namelist - &userin

- Use namelist to control
 - processing times, intervals, title information, text quality on a plot
 - whether to do time series, trajectory, or to write output for Vis5D
 - *Full explanation for namelist variables is available in the user document*
- **ptimes, ptimeunits** – times to process
- **tacc** – tolerance for processing data
- **iusedaylightrule** – 1 applied, 0 not applied
- **idotser** – generate time series output
- **icgmsplit** – split metacode into several files
- **itrajcalc** – 0, 1 ONLY when doing trajectory calculations
- **rip_root** – override RIP_ROOT
- **ncarg_root** – output type: X11, cgm, pdf, ps

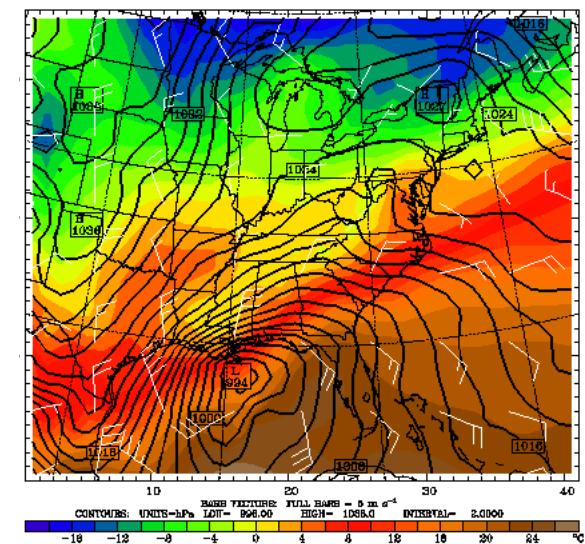


Creating a Plot

feld=
 diagnostics - tmc
 native - PSFC

vcor=s; levs=2fb
vcor=s; levs=1,2,3
vcor=p; levs=800,500
vcor=p; levs=800,-300,100

```
=====
feld=tmc; ptyp=hc; vcor=s; levs=1fb; >
  cint=2; cmth=fill; >
  cosq=32,light.violet,-16,blue, >
  0,yellow,16,orange,32,light.gray
feld=slp; ptyp=hc; cint=2; linw=2
feld=uuu,vvv; ptyp=hv; vcmx=1; >
  colr=white;intv=5
feld=map; ptyp=hb
feld=tic; ptyp=hb
=====
```



Common Error Message

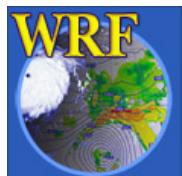
- Most often this is NOT a graphics error.
- More often this is an error with the times you are asking RIP to process
 - Check the ptimes in your .in file
 - Check the xtimes files created by RIPDP

GKS ERROR NUMBER 2 ISSUED FROM SUBROUTINE
GCLKS :--GKS NOT IN PROPER STATE: GKS SHALL BE IN
STATE GKOPFORTRAN STOP



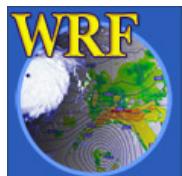
ARWpost

- Converter
 - Requires GrADS to display data
- GrADS software only needed to display data, not needed to compile the code
- Generate a number of graphical plots
 - Horizontal, cross-section, skewT, meteogram, panel
- Version 2 (old – not recommended)
 - Could produce vis5d output
 - Needed WRFV3 complied

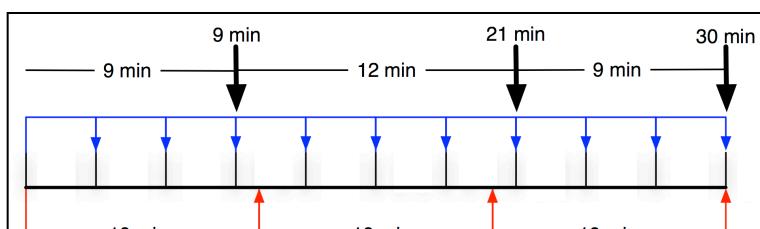


ARWpost - converter

- Download Code (<http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users>)
- OnLine Tutorial
<http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/graphics/ARWpost/ARWpost.htm>
- Compile (*similar to WPS*)
`./configure & ./compile`
- For GrADS output
 - GrADS libraries only needed to display data (*freely available*)
 - <http://grads.iges.org/grads/grads.html>



namelist.ARWpost

<i>start_date</i> <i>end_date</i>	Start & end date Format: <i>YYYY-MM-DD_HH:mm:ss</i>
<i>interval_seconds</i>	Seconds between times to process. <i>Code will skip times not required. Data can be in multiple files.</i>
<i>tacc</i>	If model output is not at regular intervals, use closest time within <i>tacc</i> seconds of time requested. (<i>150 sec</i>)  A diagram illustrating the 'tacc' selection process. At the top, a horizontal timeline shows several time points with labels: '9 min', '12 min', '21 min', and '30 min'. Arrows point from these labels to specific points on the timeline. Below the timeline, there are three rows of vertical bars representing model output. The first row has four bars, the second row has five bars, and the third row has four bars. Blue arrows point from the '9 min' and '21 min' labels to the second bar in the first row and the fourth bar in the second row, respectively. Red arrows point from the '10 min' label to the third bar in the first row and the fifth bar in the second row. This indicates that the code will select the closest time within a 10-minute window for each 9-minute interval, even if the model output is not at regular 9-minute intervals.
<i>debug_level</i>	Set high for extra information



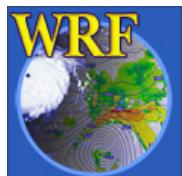
namelist.ARWpost

<i>input_root_name</i>	Path and root name of files to use as input. <i>Do not only provide directory name.</i> Can use wild characters.
<i>output_root_name</i>	Output root name. <code>output_root_name.dat</code> & <code>output_root_name.ctl</code>
<i>mercator_defs</i>	Set to true if mercator plots are distorted

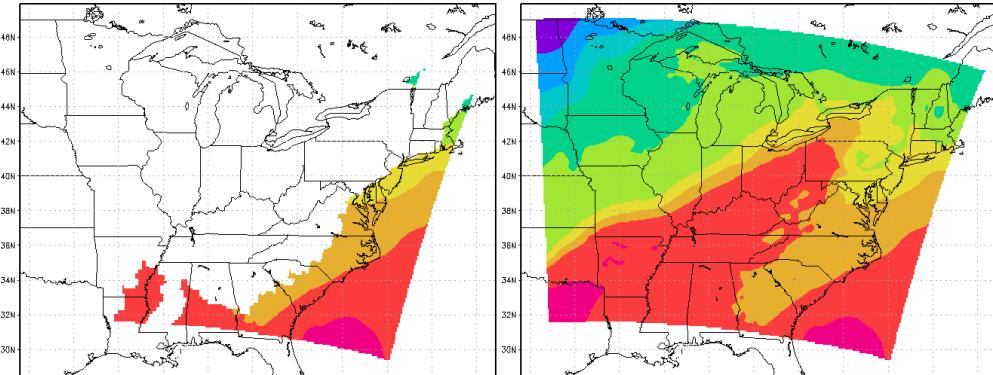


namelist.ARWpost

<i>split_output</i>	Split your GrADS output files into a number of smaller files (<i>a common .ctl file will be used for all .dat files</i>).
<i>frames_per_outfile</i>	If <i>split_output</i> is .True., how many time periods are required per output (.dat) file.
<i>plot</i>	Which fields to process. (<i>all, list, all_list</i>) Order has no effect, i.e., “all_list” and “list_all” “list” – list variables in “fields”
fields	Fields to plot. Only used if list was used in the “plot” variable. Must use to generate diagnostics.
Available diagnostics: cape, cin, mcape, mcin, clfr, dbz, max_dbz, geopt, height, lcl, lfc, pressure, rh, rh2, theta ,tc, tk, td, td2, slp, umet, vmet, u10m, v10m, wdir, wspd, wd10, ws10	



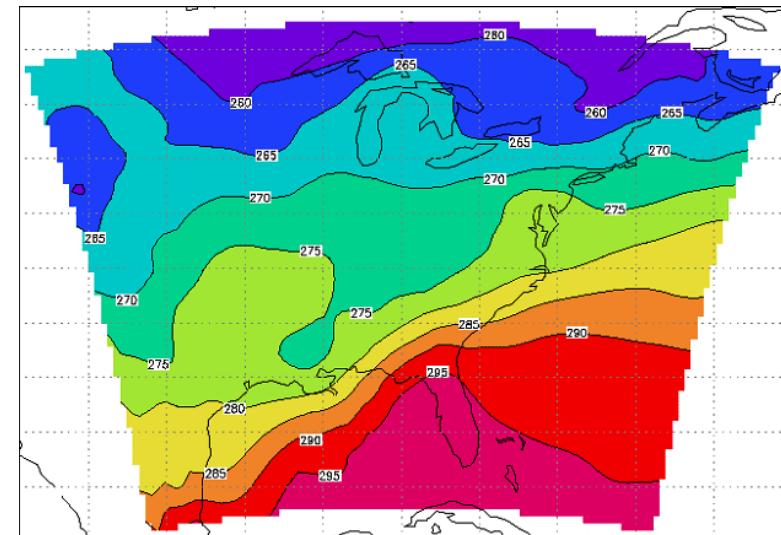
namelist.ARWpost

interp_method	0 = sigma levels, -1 = code defined "nice" height levels, 1 = user defined height or pressure levels
interp_levels	Only used if interp_method=1 Supply levels to interpolate to, in hPa (<i>pressure</i>) or km (<i>height above sea level</i>) Supply levels bottom to top
extrapolate	Extrapolate below ground (<i>default .false.</i>) 



GrADS specific notes

- To display images
 - Requires GrADS software
 - Freely available from: <http://grads.iges.org/grads/grads.html>
 - Documentation: <http://grads.iges.org/grads/gadoc/index.html>
- Projection
 - Data is plotted on model projection



GrADS - .ctl file

```
dset ^test.dat
options byteswapped
undef 1.e37
title OUTPUT FROM WRF V2.2 MODEL
pdef 259 163 lcc 40.000 -98.000 130.000 82.000
      60.00000 30.00000 -98.00000 22000.000 22000.000
xdef 877 linear -141.49254 0.09909910
ydef 389 linear 18.88639 0.09909910
```

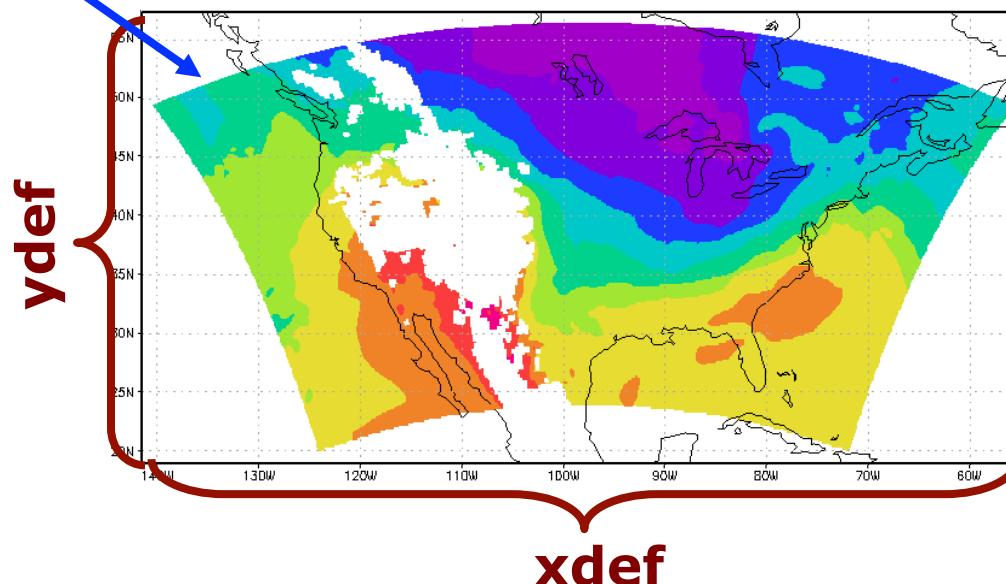
options byteswapped

*Needed on some machines - if you get NaNs when you plot,
remove this line from .ctl file*



GrADS - .ctl file

```
dset ^test.dat
options byteswapped
title OUTPUT FROM WRF V3.2 MODEL
pdef 259 163 lcc 40.000 -98.000 130.000 82.000
60.00000 30.00000 -98.00000 22000.000 22000.000
xdef 877 linear -141.49254 0.09909910
ydef 389 linear 18.88639 0.09909910
```



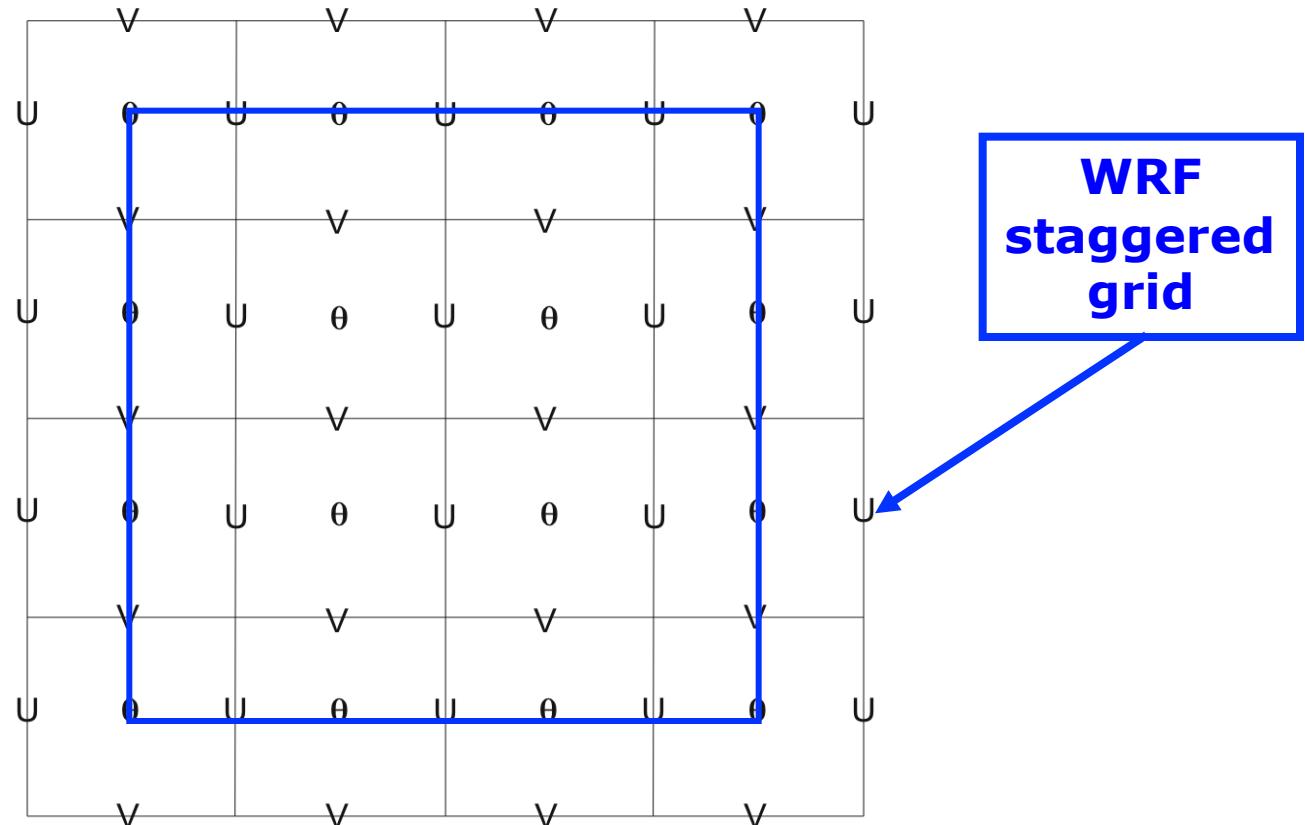
GrADS conversion - question

- Why is a converter needed if GrADS can display netCDF files?
 - Can only display model surface coordinates
 - Cannot interpolate to height or pressure levels
 - All diagnostics must be added via GrADS script files
- GRIB1 model output can also be read directly by GrADS, but above issues are still valid
- For GRIB1, there is also a stagger problem



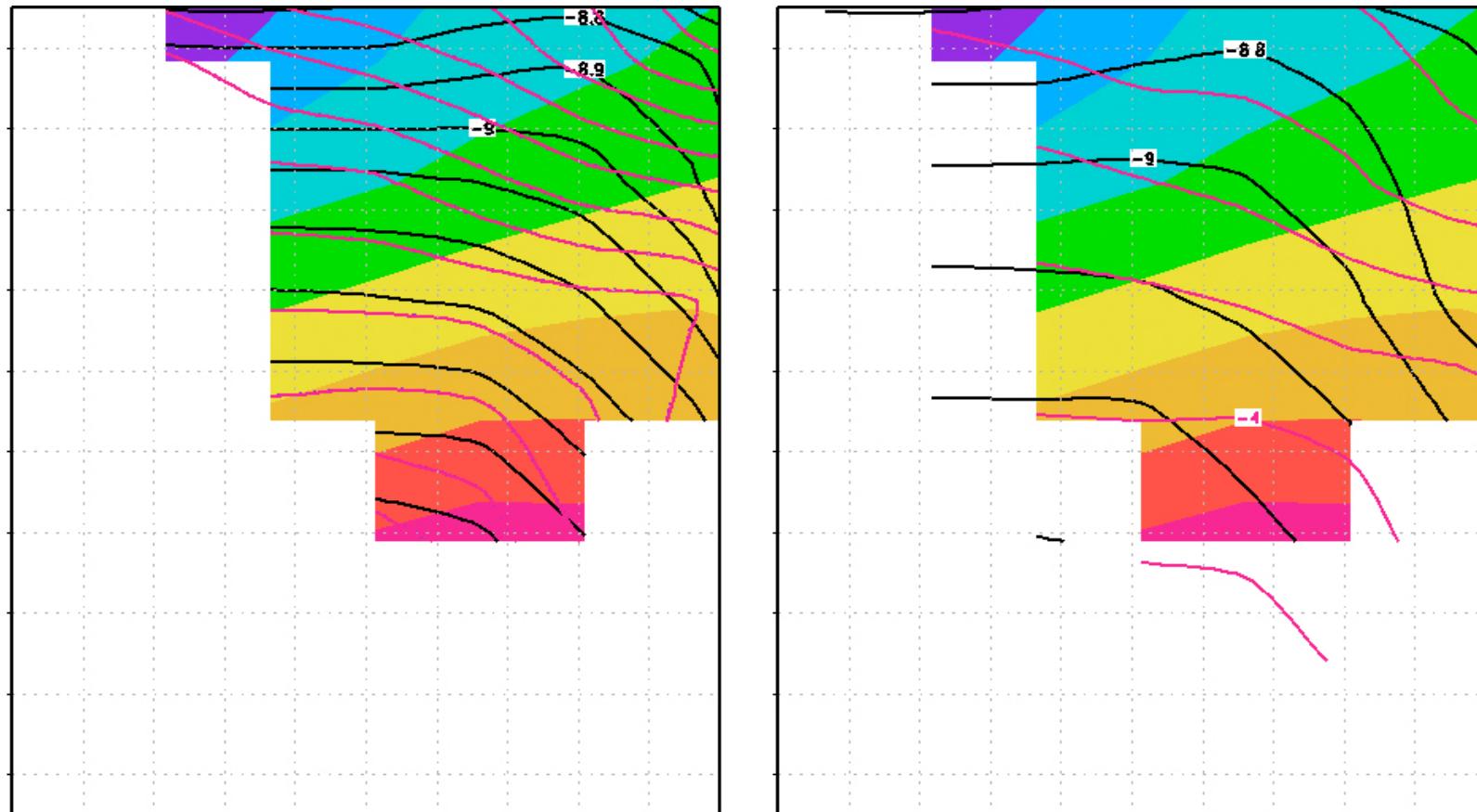
GrADS conversion - question

- Why is a converter needed if GrADS can display netCDF files?



Staggering

shaded=T ; black=U ; red=V

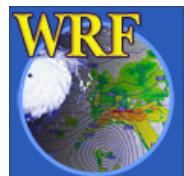
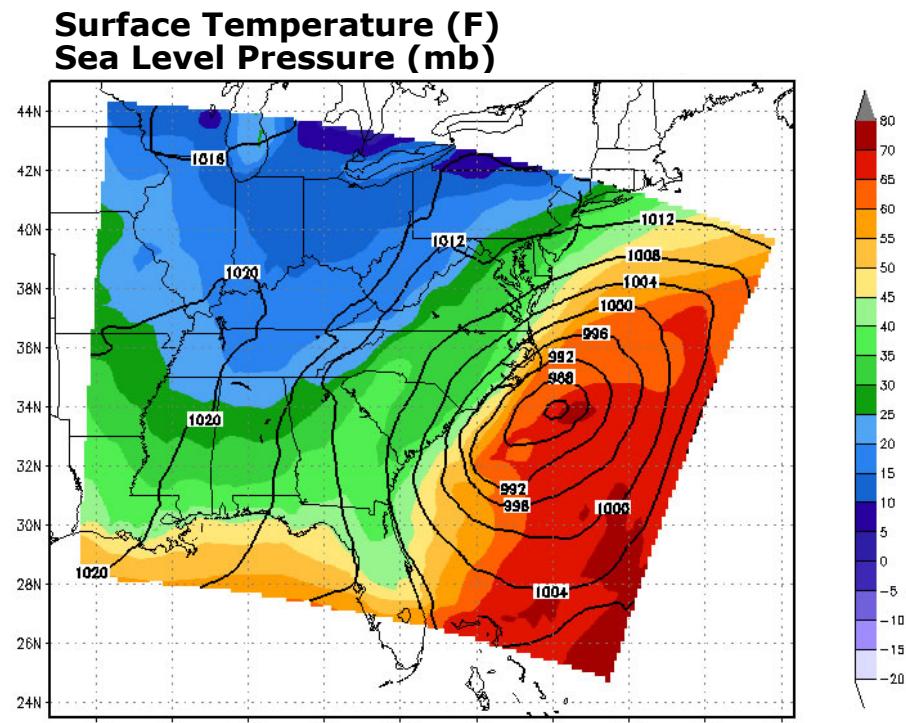


Creating a Plot

```
open em_real.ctl  
set mpdset hires  
set display color white
```

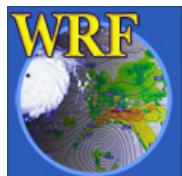
```
define tf=1.8*tc + 32  
set gxout shaded  
set z 1  
d tf  
run cbar.gs
```

```
set gxout contour  
set ccolor 1  
set cint 4  
d slvl
```

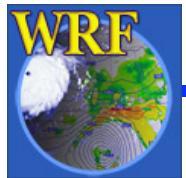


How to add diagnostics

- RIP4
 - Create a subroutine (note RIP4 expects the code to be in “j/l/-k” orientation)
 - Add links to the RIP4/src/fields.f routine
 - Add new subroutine to RIP4/src/Makefile
- ARWpost
 - Create a subroutine
 - Add links to ARWpost/src/module_diagnostics.f90
 - Add new subroutine to ARWpost/src/Makefile



Other Post-processing Tools



VAPOR



Computational and Information Systems Laboratory
National Center for Atmospheric Research

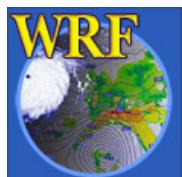
Visualization and Analysis Platform for Oceanic, atmospheric and solar Research

Alan Norton

alan@ucar.edu

vapor@ucar.edu

National Center for Atmospheric Research



WRF in VAPOR



Computational and Information Systems Laboratory
National Center for Atmospheric Research

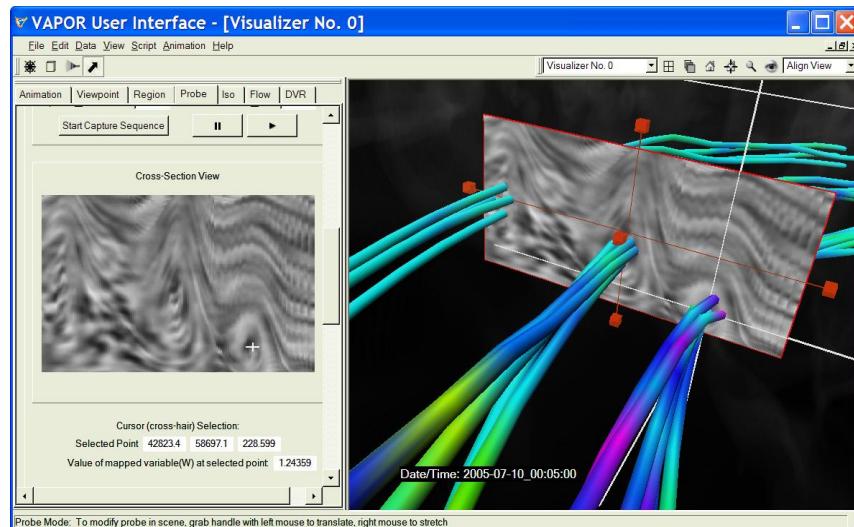
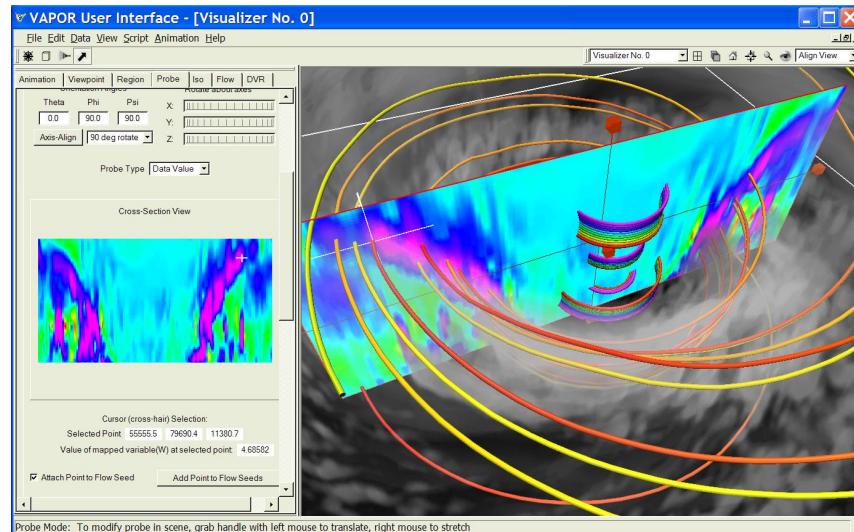
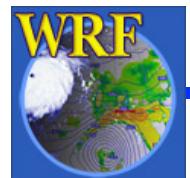
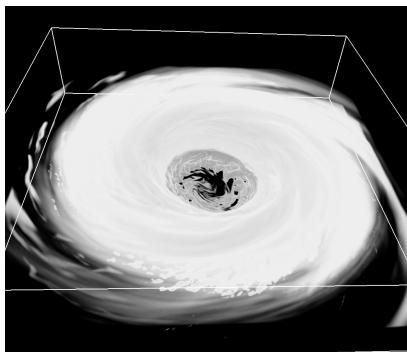
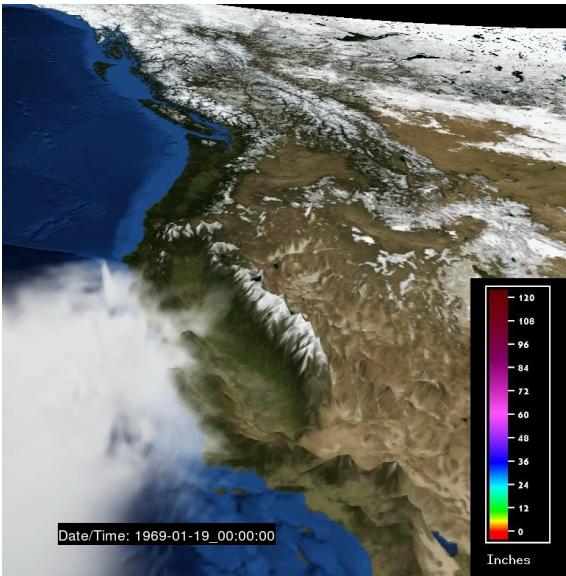
- Interactive 3D visualization of WRF–ARW data (*wrfout files only*)
- Available free on Linux, Windows, Mac
- Interactive rendering and animation (using GPU acceleration)
- Simple 2-step data conversion from WRF output to VAPOR
 - wrfvdfcreate & wrf2vdf
- Steady and unsteady flow integration
- Data probing
- Downloads, documentation, examples at:
<http://www.vapor.ucar.edu>
- <http://www.vapor.ucar.edu/doc/WRFsupport.pdf>



WRF in VAPOR



Computational and Information Systems Laboratory
National Center for Atmospheric Research

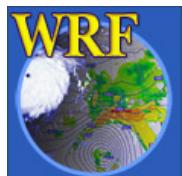




IDV

Integrated Data Viewer

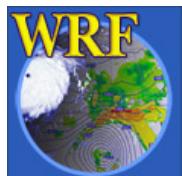
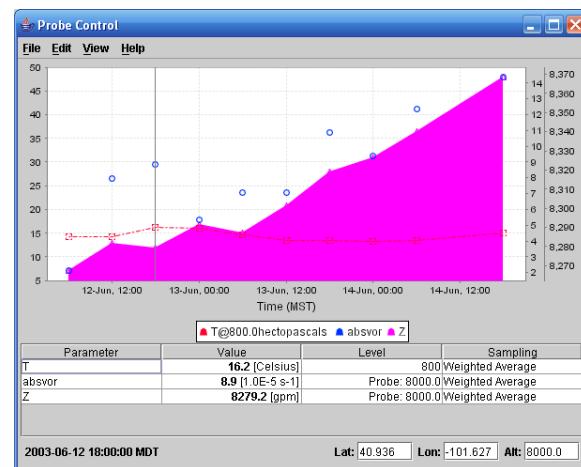
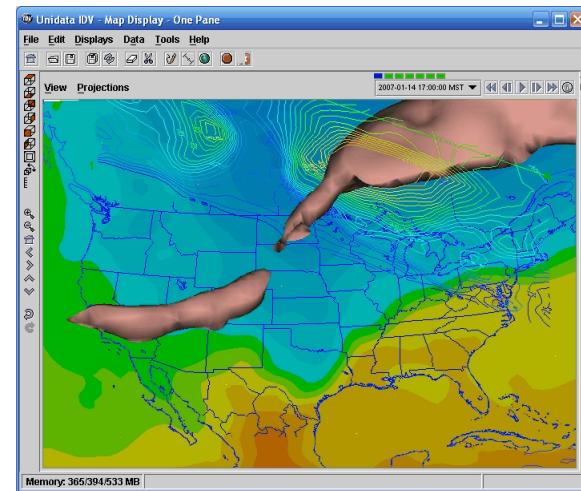
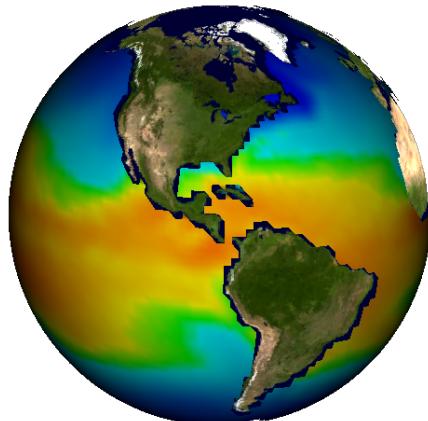
Yuan Ho and Julien Chastang
Unidata Program Center/UCAR





What is the IDV?

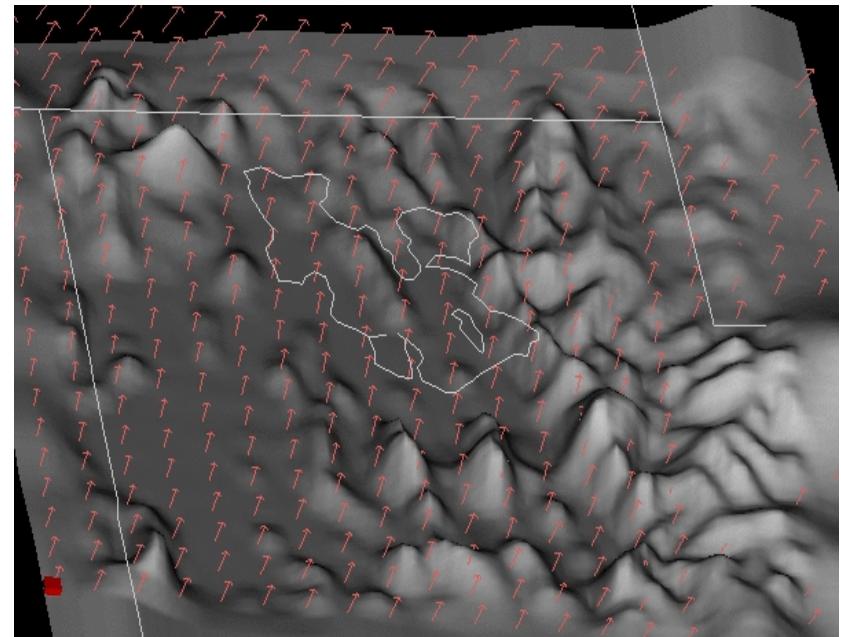
- Visualization and analysis tool for geoscience data developed and supported by Unidata
- Freely available Java™ framework and application
- Integrated 2D/3D displays of a wide range of data
- Built on VisAD library



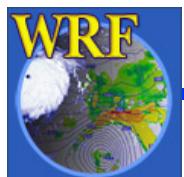


IDV Strengths

- Easy to download and install on any platform
- Remote and local access to datasets
- 2D/3D visualization
- Bundle mechanism
- Support for multi-disciplinary datasets integrated from a variety of sources
- Flexible framework supports customization (GEON-IDV, field projects, McIDAS-V)
- Extensive documentation
- Community driven development



Model simulation of wind, isentropic potential vorticity and low level moisture flow over the Great Salt Lake basin





Supported Data Sources

- **Data Types:**
 - Gridded model output
 - Satellite imagery
 - Radar data
 - Point observations
 - Balloon soundings
 - NOAA Profiler Network winds
 - Aircraft Tracks
 - Fronts
 - GIS data (WMS, shapefile)
 - Quick Time movies
 - Web Cams
- **Vertical Coordinates**
 - Pressure
 - Height/Depth
 - Other (2D only)
- **Sample of Supported Formats:**
 - netCDF
 - GRIB
 - Vis5D
 - KML
 - CSV
 - GEMPAK grid
 - ADDE
- **Access Methods:**
 - Local files
 - HTTP
 - ADDE, TDS and OPeNDAP servers
 - WMS

ADDE = Abstract Data Distribution Environment

TDS (THREDDS) = Thematic Realtime Environmental Distributed Data Services





For Further Information

- Integrated Data Viewer homepage
 - <http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/idv>
- RAMADDA homepage
 - <http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/ramadda/>
- VisAD homepage
 - <http://www.ssec.wisc.edu/~billh/visad.html>
- All IDV questions/comments
 - support-idv@unidata.ucar.edu

