

# WRF and WPS: Compile

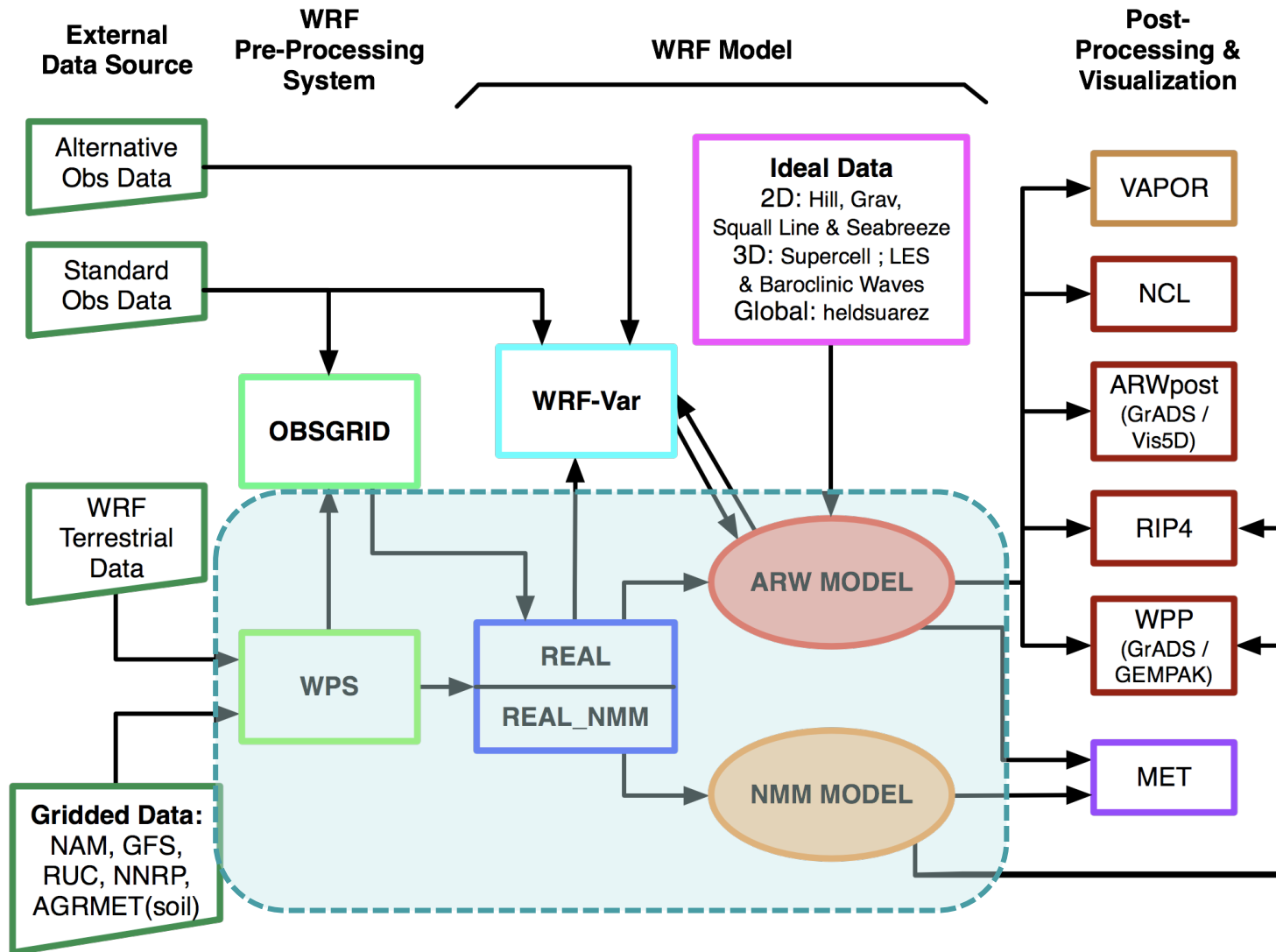
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# Program Flow



\*First need to compile WRF and then WPS

# System Requirements

Required libraries (WRF and WPS):

- FORTRAN 90/95 compiler
- C compiler
- Perl
- netCDF
- NCAR Graphics (optional, but recommended – used by graphical utility programs)

Optional libraries\* for GRIB2 support (in WPS):

- JasPer (JPEG 2000 “lossy” compression library)
- PNG (“lossless” compression library)
- zlib (compression library used by PNG)

\*Installation of these libraries is **NOT** part of the WPS installation script

## Installing WRF

1. Download source code
2. Set environment
3. Configure and Compile WRF

## 1. Download WRF Source Code

- The WRF source code can be obtained from:  
[http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\\_source.html](http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_source.html)
  - Click ‘New Users’, register and download, or
  - Click ‘Returning User’, enter email and download
- Both the ARW and NMM cores are included in:  
***WRFV3.3.1.TAR.gz*** (or the latest release available)
- After *gunzip* and *untar*:  
***tar -zxvf WRFV3.3.1.TAR.gz***
- look for a directory: **WRFV3/**  
***cd*** to **WRFV3/** directory

# WRFV3 Directory

	<b>Makefile</b>	<b>Top-level makefile</b>
	<b>README</b>	<b>General information about WRF code</b>
	<b>README.NMM</b>	<b>NMM specific information</b>
	<b>README.rsl_output</b>	<b>Describes options for RSL output files</b>
	<b>README test cases</b>	<b>Explanation of the test cases for ARW</b>
Data dictionary →	<b>Registry/</b>	<b>Directory for WRF Registry file</b>
Compile rules →	<b>arch/</b>	<b>Directory where compile options are gathered</b>
Compile scripts →	<b>clean</b>	<b>script to clean created files and executables</b>
	<b>compile</b>	<b>script for compiling WRF code</b>
	<b>configure</b>	<b>script to configure the configure.wrf file for compile</b>
Source code directories	<b>dyn_em</b>	<b>Directory for ARW dynamic modules</b>
	<b>dyn_exp/</b>	<b>Directory for a 'toy' dynamic core</b>
	<b>dyn_nmm/</b>	<b>Directory for NMM dynamic modules</b>
	<b>external/</b>	<b>Directory that contains external packages, such as those for IO, time keeping and MPI</b>
	<b>frame/</b>	<b>Directory that contains modules for WRF framework</b>
	<b>inc/</b>	<b>Directory that contains include files</b>
	<b>main/</b>	<b>Directory for main routines, such as wrf.F, and all executables</b>
	<b>phys/</b>	<b>Directory for all physics modules</b>
	<b>share/</b>	<b>Directory that contains mostly modules for WRF mediation layer and WRF I/O</b>
	<b>tools/</b>	<b>Directory that contains tools</b>
Run directories →	<b>run/</b>	<b>Directory where one may run WRF</b>
	<b>test/</b>	<b>Directory containing sub-directories where one may run specific configurations of WRF.</b>

## 2. Set environment

- If the *netCDF* is not in the standard */usr/local* then set the **NETCDF** environment variable before typing '*./configure*':

Example: *setenv NETCDF /usr/local/netcdf-pgi*

- WRF needs both the *lib* and *include* directories
- As a general rule for LINUX systems, make sure the *netCDF* and *MPI* libraries are installed using the same compiler (PGI, Intel, g95) that will be used to compile WRF.

## Set environment, cont.

- Most of these settings are not required, but if difficulties are encountered you may want to try:
  - *unset limits*
    - Especially if you are on a small system
  - *setenv MP\_STACK\_SIZE 6400000*
    - OpenMP blows through the stack size, set it large
  - *setenv OMP\_NUM\_THREADS n* (where *n* is the number of processors to use)
    - For systems with OpenMP installed, this is how the number of threads is specified
  - *setenv MPICH\_F90 f90* (Or whatever FORTRAN compiler may be called)



## 3. Configuring WRF

- To create a WRF configuration file for your computer, type:

*./configure*

- This script checks the system hardware and software, and then offers the user choices for configuring WRF:
  - Type of compiler
  - Serial, OpenMP, or MPI
  - Type of nesting (basic, preset moves, vortex following)

## SAMPLE: List of Configure Options

### Choices for IBM machines look like:

*Please select from among the following supported platforms.*

1. AIX xlf compiler with xlc (serial)
2. AIX xlf compiler with xlc (smpar)
3. AIX xlf compiler with xlc (dmpar)
4. AIX xlf compiler with xlc (dm+sm)

-

## SAMPLE: List of Configure Options

### **Choices for 64-bit LINUX machines might look like:**

*Please select from among the following supported platforms.*

1. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler with gcc (serial)
2. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler with gcc (smpar)
3. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler with gcc (dmpar)
4. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler with gcc (dm+sm)
5. Linux x86\_64, PGI accelerator compiler with gcc (serial)
6. Linux x86\_64, PGI accelerator compiler with gcc (smpar)
7. Linux x86\_64, PGI accelerator compiler with gcc (dmpar)
8. Linux x86\_64, PGI accelerator compiler with gcc (dm+sm)
9. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc (serial)
10. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc (smpar)
11. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc (dmpar)
12. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc (dm+sm)
13. Linux i486 i586 i686 x86\_64, PathScale compiler with pathcc (serial)
14. Linux i486 i586 i686 x86\_64, PathScale compiler with pathcc (dmpar)
15. x86\_64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (serial)
16. x86\_64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (smpar)
17. x86\_64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (dmpar)
18. x86\_64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (dm+sm)1dmpar)

## List of Configure Options – Part 2

*Compile for nesting? (0=no nesting, 1=basic, 2=preset moves, 3=vortex following) [default 0]:*

### **Choices for Nesting are:**

0. no nesting (only available for serial and smpar)
1. basic
2. preset moves
3. vortex following

- default is option 0 for serial/smpar, 1 for dmpar
- in addition, if running **NMM** with nesting:

***setenv WRF\_NMM\_NEST 1***

## Configuring WRF, cont.

- The *./configure* command will create a file called *configure.wrf*
  - This file contains compilation options, rules, etc. specific to your computer and can be edited to change compile options, if desired, to test or adjust settings.
  - This file is overwritten each time “configure” is run. Any edits will be lost, unless they are made in the *arch/\** files

## Configuration File

- The *configure.wrf* file is built from three pieces within the *arch* directory
  1. **preamble\_new**: uniform requirement for the code, such as maximum number of domains, word size, etc.
  2. **configure\_new.defaults**: selection of compiler, parallel, communication layer
    - User edits if a change to the compilation options or library locations is needed
  3. **postamble\_new**: standard make rules and dependencies
- The *arch/configure\_new.defaults* file can be edited to add a new option if needed.

## Sample *configure.wrf*

# Settings for Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (dmpar)

```
DMPARALLEL = 1
SFC         = pgf90
SCC         = gcc
DM_FC       = mpif90 -f90=$(SFC)
DM_CC       = mpicc -cc=$(SCC) -DMPI2_SUPPORT
FC          = $(DM_FC)
CC          = $(DM_CC) -DFSEEKO64_OK
LD          = $(FC)
RWORDSIZE  = $(NATIVE_RWORDSIZE)
FCOPTIM    = -O2 -fast
FCNOOPT    = -O0
FCDEBUG    = # -g $(FCNOOPT)
```

## Compiling WRF

- First set *one* core environment variable to 1:

**ARW:** *setenv WRF\_EM\_CORE 1*

**NMM:** *setenv WRF\_NMM\_CORE 1*

*Note: If neither of these environment variables are set, the default is to compile **ARW**.*

In addition, if running **NMM** with nesting:

*setenv WRF\_NMM\_NEST 1*



# Compiling WRF

- Type the following command to compile:

```
./compile test_case >& compile_wrf.log
```

where *test\_case* is one of the following:

```
compile em_b_wave  
compile em_quarter_ss  
compile em_heldsuarez  
compile em_les
```

*3D Ideal Case (ARW only)*

```
compile em_scm_xy  
compile em_grav2d_x  
compile em_hill2d_x  
compile em_squall2d_x  
compile em_squall2d_y  
compile em_seabreeze2d_x
```

*2D Ideal Case (ARW only)*

```
compile em_real  
compile nmm_real
```

*Real Data Cases (ARW and NMM)*

```
compile -h
```

*help message*

## Compiling ARW: Idealized Cases

- If the chosen ideal case compilation is successful, it will create two executables under **main/**:
  - ✓ *ideal.exe*: used for ARW initialization of ideal cases.
  - ✓ *wrf.exe*: used for ARW model integration.
- These executables will be linked to the specific **test/em\_test\_case** and **run** directories.

## Compiling WRF: Real Data Case

- If the real data case compilation is successful:
  - **ARW**: creates four executables in the *main/* directory:
    - ✓ *real.exe*: used for initialization of real data cases.
    - ✓ *wrf.exe*: used for model integration.
    - ✓ *ndown.exe*: used for one-way nesting
    - ✓ *nup.exe* (not used much)
  - **NMM**: creates two executables in the *main/* directory:
    - ✓ *real\_nmm.exe*: used for initialization of real data cases.
    - ✓ *wrf.exe*: used for model integration.
- These executables will be linked to either *test/em\_real* or *test/nmm\_real* and *run/* directories.

# Clean Compilation

- To remove all object files (except those in *external/*) and executables, type:

*clean*

- To remove all built files, including *configure.wrf*, type:

*clean -a*

- Recommended if
  - compilation failed
  - registry changed
  - want to compile different dynamic core
  - want to change configuration file (i.e. select a different compiler, options, etc)

# Compiling both WRF cores

Using two different WRFV3 directory trees

Set environment variables for each and configure and compile as usual

Using the same WRFV3 directory tree

Core “A”

- Set environment
- Configure, compile
- Save *main/wrf.exe* to *main/wrf\_coreA.exe*
- Copy *main/\*exe* to a temporary location outside of WRFV3/

***clean -a***

Core “B”

- Set environment
- Configure, compile
- Save *wrf.exe* to *wrf\_coreB.exe*

Move Core “A” \***exe**’s from temporary location back to *WRFV3/main* (and to *test/test\_case/* if you run there)

## Installing WPS

1. Download static terrestrial data
2. Download source code
3. Set environment
4. Configure and Compile WPS

*Reminder: A successful compilation of WRF is required prior to WPS compilation!*

## Download Static Terrestrial Data

- The terrestrial fields interpolated by *geogrid* may be downloaded from same page as the code:

[http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\\_source.html](http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_source.html)

- Two options for data: low-res and all resolutions
- Data are static: only need to be downloaded once

## Download Static Terrestrial Data, Cont.

- The *geog.tar.gz* file (all resolutions) contains:
  - *albedo\_ncep* – monthly surface albedo
  - *greenfrac* – monthly vegetation fraction
  - *islope* – slope index
  - *landuse* – land use category (30", 2', 5', and 10' res.)
  - *maxsnowalb* – maximum snow albedo (30", 2', 5', and 10' res.)
  - *modis\_landuse\_20class\_30s* - MODIS landuse (Noah LSM only)
  - *orogwd* – data for gravity wave drag schemes
  - *soiltemp* – annual mean deep soil temperature (30", 2', 5', and 10' res.)
  - *soiltype\_bot* – bottom-layer soil type (30", 2', 5', and 10' res.)
  - *soiltype\_top* – top-layer soil type (30", 2', 5', and 10' res.)
  - *topo* – topography height (30", 2', 5', and 10' res.)



## Download Static Terrestrial Data, Cont.

- Uncompress the data into a directory with ~10 GB of available space (264 MB for low-res only)

```
tar -zxvf geog.tar.gz
```

- Data can be shared by users on the same machine by placing files in a common directory

## Download WPS Source Code

- The WPS source code can be obtained from:  
[http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\\_source.html](http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_source.html)
- WPS is designed to work with WRF
  - *WPS programs use WRF I/O API libraries to do file input and output*
  - *These I/O libraries are built when WRF is installed*
- For simplicity, install WPS/ in the same location as WRFV3/
- After *gunzip* and *untar*, should see a directory WPS/  
*tar -zxvf WPSV3.3.1.TAR.gz* (or the latest release available)
- ls*  
WPS/ WRFV3/
- *cd* to WPS/ directory

## Configure WPS

- To create a WPS configuration file for your computer, type:  
*./configure*
- This script offers the user choices for configuring WPS:
  - Type of compiler
  - Serial or Distributed memory
  - GRIB1 or GRIB2
- To use GRIB2 data, additional libraries are needed:  
*setenv JASPERINC /usr/local/jasper/include*  
*setenv JASPERLIB /usr/local/jasper/lib*
- The *./configure* command will create a file called *configure.wps*

# List of WPS Configure Options

Will use NETCDF in dir: /usr/local/netcdf-pgi

\$JASPERLIB or \$JASPERINC not found in environment, configuring to build without grib2 I/O...

-----  
Please select from among the following supported platforms.

- |  |                       |
|--|-----------------------|
| 1. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler   | serial, NO GRIB2      |
| 2. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler   | serial                |
| 3. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler   | DM parallel, NO GRIB2 |
| 4. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler   | DM parallel           |
| 5. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler | serial, NO GRIB2      |
| 6. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler | serial                |
| 7. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler | DM parallel, NO GRIB2 |
| 8. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler | DM parallel           |
| 9. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, g95 compiler,  | serial, NO GRIB2      |
| 10. PC Linux i486 i586 i686, g95 compiler, | serial                |

Enter selection [1-10] : 1

-----  
Configuration successful. To build the WPS, type: compile  
-----

## Compile WPS

- If configuration was successful, compile WPS:  
*./compile >& compile\_wps.log*
- If the compilation is successful, it will create three executables:
  - ✓ *geogrid.exe*: define size/location of domain(s)
  - ✓ *ungrib.exe*: extract meteorological fields from GRIB files
  - ✓ *metgrid.exe*: horizontally interpolate meteorological fields (from *ungrib*) to simulation grid(s) (defined by *geogrid*)

## Compile WPS, Cont.

- If compilation is successful, it will create the following executables in *util/*:
    - ✓ *avg\_tsfc.exe*
    - ✓ *g1print.exe*
    - ✓ *g2print.exe*
    - ✓ *mod\_levs.exe*
    - ✓ *rd\_intermediate.exe*
    - ✓ *calc\_ecmwf\_p.exe*
  - If NCAR Graphics libraries are available it will also create in *util/*:
    - ✓ *plotgrids.exe*
    - ✓ *plotfmt.exe*
- Each of these utilities are described in more detail in the WPS Overview talk

## Sharing WPS Installation

- A single build of WPS will work for both ARW and NMM core
- Multiple users may share a single installation of the WPS; not every user needs to install
  - Make WPS installation directory read-only
  - Each user will run WPS programs in their own working directories
  - Output files created in user working directories

## Additional Resources

- For more detailed information on installation of WRF and WPS, please see:
  - ARW and NMM Users Guides
  - Online Users Pages:
    - **ARW:** <http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/>
    - **NMM:** <http://www.dtcenter.org/wrf-nmm/users/>
- For further assistance regarding WRF and WPS:
  - WRF Users Forum: <http://forum.wrfforum.com>
  - WRF Email list: [wrf\\_users@ucar.edu](mailto:wrf_users@ucar.edu)
  - WRF Help email: [wrfhelp@ucar.edu](mailto:wrfhelp@ucar.edu)