

# Compiling WRF and WPS

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# Outline

- 0. Checking system requirements
  - Compilers, UNIX tools
- 1. Downloading source code and datasets
- 2. Installing supporting libraries
  - NetCDF, Jasper, zlib, png; optionally, MPI
- 3. Installing WRF
- 4. Installing WPS



On what kinds of systems will WRF run?

- Generally, any 32- or 64-bit hardware running a UNIX-like operating system
  - Dual-booting into a UNIX-like OS should be fine
- Processor architecture not all that important
  - WRF has been built on POWER, ARM, x86, x86\_64 architectures
  - Availability of Fortran and C compilers for the architecture is important
- Examples:
  - Laptops, desktops, and clusters running linux
  - Laptops and desktops running MacOS X
  - Clusters running linux or AIX (Cray, IBM, SGI, etc.)
  - Probably systems running BSD
  - Your Raspberry Pi



On what kinds of systems will WRF generally not run?

- Any non-UNIX-like systems
  - Windows, MS-DOS, OS/360, Cygwin, Commodore64
- Systems running linux through a virtual environment
  - Weird filesystem issues have been observed...
- Android and iOS tablets and phones
  - Although this would really impress us if you were to demonstrate otherwise...



So much for hardware and OS... what about other software?

- The source code for WRF is written in Fortran and C; therefore, we require Fortran and C compilers
  - We most often test with GNU, PGI, Intel, and XLF compilers
- The configuration and build system for WRF makes use of several shell and scripting languages
  - csh, sh, perl
- Also used throughout the configuration and build system are various UNIX utilities/commands
  - tar, gzip, sed, awk, cut, sort, uname, nm, and many others...



Before embarking on the great adventure of compiling WRF, it's important to ensure that your system has *compatible* Fortran and C compilers, shells, and utility programs

The web page http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compilation\_tutorial.php serves as a guide through the process of checking system requirements, building libraries, and building WRF and WPS



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#### Downloading source code: WRF, WPS

#### Download WRF and WPS source code from

http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\_source.html

Click 'New User', register and download, or

Click 'Returning User', enter your e-mail, and download





# Downloading geographical datasets

#### From the WRF Download page:

#### http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\_sources.html





### Downloading geographical datasets

#### Geographical Input and Data Download Page:

http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\_sources\_wps\_geog.html

WRF Source Codes and Graphics Software Download Page

geog.tar.gz ~ 15 GB when uncompressed

Below you will find three variations of the WPS geographical input data download sets. A table is provided to show what can be found in each download. To download, click on the (blue) title of the dataset that is best suited for your simulation.
 The first column is all available datasets. These can be downloaded individually, as needed. The second column is a complete dataset. This is every type of static data we have available (\*\*WARNING\*\* this is a VERY large file ~49 GB, uncompressed). The third column is a column that contains the lowest resolution of each field that is mandatory (this is the minimum requirement for running geogrid.exe). The final column contains the files that are new to version 3.6 of the wrf code release. An 'x' indicates which fields are available in each data tar file.

This is the one you want





### Downloading source code: NetCDF

The only software library that is *required* by WRF is NetCDF

- Can be installed through packages (e.g., apt-get)
- However, installing from source is easy and ensures compatibility with your Fortran and C compilers!
  - We highly recommend installing from source!
- Download source code from http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compilation\_tutorial.php#STEP2
- Also available from Unidata (http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/, the authors/maintainers of NetCDF)
  - The latest versions are split into different downloads for Fortran and C, and are more difficult to install



Using version 4.1.3 from the link above is much easier...

### Downloading source code: GRIB2 libraries

In order for the WPS to process GRIB2 files, several compression libraries are required

• The WPS can be compiled without these libraries, but most gridded meteorological data are available on GRIB2

Required libraries: Jasper, PNG, zlib

• Source code for all three libraries available through http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compilation\_tutorial.php#STEP2

Also available directly from their homepages: Jasper: http://www.ece.uvic.ca/~frodo/jasper/ PNG: http://libpng.org/pub/png/libpng.html zlib: http://www.zlib.net/



### Downloading source code: MPICH

WRF can be run in parallel using OpenMP, which is supported by most recent Fortran and C compilers

For distributed-memory parallelism, WRF requires an implementation of the MPI-2 standard

- Distributed-memory parallelism required when running across multiple nodes of a non-shared memory cluster
- We most often test and run WRF using MPICH
  - Other implementations of MPI exist, e.g., OpenMPI, MVAPICH, vendor-specific implementations
- Download source code from http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compilation\_tutorial.php#STEP2
- MPICH is also available from <a href="http://www.mpich.org/">http://www.mpich.org/</a>



#### Downloading source code: MPICH

Compute clusters with a queuing system are likely to already have an installation of MPI available; this installation is probably setup to interact with the queuing system to get your job running on available nodes.

# Therefore, on such systems, attempting to install MPICH yourself is probably not going to work.

Instead, ensure that the system-supplied MPI tools (mpif90, mpicc, mpiexec, etc.) are in your shell path.



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# Installing supporting libraries: NetCDF

#### A typical sequence of commands (in csh) to install NetCDF:

```
setenv NETCDF path to where netcdf will be installed
setenv CC qcc
setenv CXX q++
setenv FC gfortran
setenv FCFLAGS -m64
                       # FCFLAGS may be needed
setenv F77 gfortran
setenv FFLAGS -m64
                       # FFLAGS may be needed
tar xzvf netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz
cd netcdf-4.1.3
./configure --prefix=$NETCDF --disable-dap \
          --disable-netcdf-4 --disable-shared
make
make install
setenv PATH $NETCDF/bin:$PATH
                                 # adds ncdump command to path
```



# Installing supporting libraries: zlib

A typical sequence of commands (in csh) to install zlib:

```
setenv GRIB2 path_to_where_grib2_libs_will_be_installed
setenv CC gcc
tar xzvf zlib-1.2.7.tar.gz
cd zlib-1.2.7
./configure --prefix=$GRIB2
make
make install
```

Note: Installing Jasper, PNG, and zlib in a common directory (i.e., \$GRIB2) will simplify the configuration of the WPS



# Installing supporting libraries: png

A typical sequence of commands (in csh) to install png:

```
setenv GRIB2 path_to_where_grib2_libs_will_be_installed
setenv CC gcc
setenv CPPFLAGS ``-I${GRIB2}/include" # for locating zlib
setenv LDFLAGS ``-L${GRIB2}/lib" # for locating zlib
```

```
tar xzvf libpng-1.2.50.tar.gz
cd libpng-1.2.50
./configure --prefix=$GRIB2
make
make install
```



### Installing supporting libraries: Jasper

#### A typical sequence of commands (in csh) to install Jasper:

```
setenv GRIB2 path_to_where_grib2_libs_will_be_installed
setenv CC gcc
tar xzvf jasper-1.900.1.tar.gz
cd jasper-1.900.1
./configure --prefix=$GRIB2
make
make install
```

With all libraries for GRIB2 compression installed in \$GRIB2, setting setenv JASPERINC \${GRIB2}/include setenv JASPERLIB \${GRIB2}/lib will allow the WPS configure script to find these libraries.



# Installing supporting libraries: MPICH

- A typical sequence of commands (in csh) to install MPICH:
  - In principle, any implementation of the MPI-2 standard should work, but we have the most experience with MPICH

```
setenv MPICH path to where mpich will be installed
setenv CC qcc
setenv CXX q++
setenv FC qfortran
setenv FCFLAGS -m64
                       # FCFLAGS may be needed
setenv F77 gfortran
setenv FFLAGS -m64
                       # FFLAGS may be needed
tar xzvf mpich-3.0.4.tar.gz
cd mpich-3.0.4
./configure --prefix=$MPICH
make
make install
setenv PATH $MPICH/bin:$PATH # add mpif90, mpicc to path
```



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Before you even think about configuring and compiling WRF, ensure that the environment variable NETCDF is set to the root installation of the NetCDF library

• Running ls \$NETCDF should show directories bin, include, lib, share

If you plan to compile WRF with support for distributed-memory parallelism, ensure that the MPI *compiler wrappers* are in your path

• Check with which mpif90 and which mpicc

Unpack the WRFV3.TAR.gz file and change to the resulting 'WRFV3' directory:

```
tar xzvf WRFV3.TAR.gz
cd WRFV3
```



It is important to compile WRFV3 **first**, before WPS WPS makes use of the external I/O libraries in the *WRFV3/ external* directory that are built when WRF is installed

Compiling WRF is a two-step process:

1) Create a configuration file for your computer and compiler ./configure

2) Compile the code
 ./compile test\_case >& log.compile



#### From inside the WRFV3 directory, run ./configure

Will use NETCDF in dir: /glade/u/home/duda/libs\_intel/netcdf Will use PNETCDF in dir: /glade/u/home/duda/libs\_intel/parallel-netcdf PHDF5 not set in environment. Will configure WRF for use without.

Please select from among the following supported platforms.

1. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (serial)

- 2. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (smpar)
- 3. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (dmpar)
- 4. Linux x86\_64 i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (dm+sm)

32. x86 64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (serial)

- 33. x86 64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (smpar)
- 34. x86 64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (dmpar)
- 35. x86\_64 Linux, gfortran compiler with gcc (dm+sm)

Enter selection [1-47] : 34

-----

Compile for nesting? (1=basic, 2=preset moves, 3=vortex following) [default 1]: 1



Configuration successful. To build the model type compile .

The configuration step should yield a configure.wrf file

 Modifications to compiler flags (optimization, debugging, etc.) can be made by editing this file

To compile WRF, run

./compile test\_case >& log.compile

where *test\_case* is one of the following:



Start to make a pot of coffee... compilation may take 20 – 30 minutes!



If compilation is successful, the following executables should be found in the WRFV3/main directory

- Real-data case:
  - wrf.exe
  - real.exe
  - ndown.exe
  - tc.exe
- Idealized case:
  - wrf.exe ideal.exe\*

-- model executable

-- model executable

-- idealized initialization

- -- real-data initialization
- -- off-line, one-way nesting
- -- TC bogussing, serial only

\*All idealized cases produce an executable named ideal.exe, which must be recompiled when changing between idealized cases

**Executables will by symbolically linked to the** WRFV3/run and WRFV3/test/*test\_case* (e.g., WRFV3/test/em\_real) **directories; WRF may be run from either location**.



If compilation was unsuccessful, try searching for Error in the log.compile file

If you do happen to find this error:

/\* Copyright (C) 1991-2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
1
Error: Non-numeric character in statement label at (1)
fail.f:1.2:

please let us know (e.g, in person this week, or via wrfhelp@ucar.edu); the error is caused by newer versions of CPP that insert C header files into pre-processed files.



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#### Installing WPS

Before configuring WPS, ensure that the JASPERLIB and JASPERINC environment variables are set to the root installation directory of GRIB2 libraries

- ls \$JASPERLIB/ should show libjasper.a, libpng.a, and libz.a
- ls \$JASPERINC/ should show jasper/, png.h, and zlib.h

Unpack the WPSV3.TAR.gz file and change to the resulting 'WPS' directory:

tar xzvf WPSV3.TAR.gz *cd WPS* 

The WPS configuration assumes that the WRFV3 directory and the WPS directory are both contained inside the same parent directory; alternate paths to the WRFV3 directory can be manually set after the configuration step



# Installing WPS

#### From inside the WPS directory, run ./configure

Will use NETCDF in dir: /glade/u/home/duda/libs\_intel/netcdf Found Jasper environment variables for GRIB2 support... \$JASPERLIB = /glade/u/home/wrfhelp/UNGRIB\_LIBRARIES/lib \$JASPERINC = /glade/u/home/wrfhelp/UNGRIB\_LIBRARIES/include

Please select from among the following supported platforms.

- Linux x86\_64, gfortran (serial)
   Linux x86\_64, gfortran (serial\_NO\_GRIB2)
- 3. Linux x86 64, gfortran (dmpar)
- 4. Linux x86 64, gfortran (dmpar NO GRIB2)
- 5 Linux x86 64 PCI compiler (serial)
- 5. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler (serial)
- 6. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler (serial\_NO\_GRIB2)
- 7. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler (dmpar)
- 8. Linux x86\_64, PGI compiler (dmpar\_NO\_GRIB2)

•••

- 33. Cray XC CLE/Linux x86\_64, Intel compiler (serial)
- 34. Cray XC CLE/Linux x86\_64, Intel compiler (serial\_NO\_GRIB2)
- 35. Cray XC CLE/Linux x86\_64, Intel compiler (dmpar)
- 36. Cray XC CLE/Linux x86\_64, Intel compiler (dmpar\_NO\_GRIB2)

Enter selection [1-36] : 1



# Installing WPS

The configuration step should yield a configure.wps file

- You can edit this file to:
  - Set the path where WRF is installed, if not  $\ldots/\ensuremath{\texttt{WRFV3}}$
  - Use other compiler flags (optimization, debugging, etc.)
  - Demonstrate your WRF prowess to colleagues

To compile the WPS, run

./compile >& log.compile

If compilation is successful, the following executables should be
found in the top-level WPS directory
geogrid.exe -> geogrid/src/geogrid.exe
ungrib.exe -> ungrib/src/ungrib.exe
metgrid.exe -> metgrid/src/metgrid.exe



# Cleaning a WRF/WPS installation

Both the WPS and WRF provide a script, clean, which is the opposite of compile

 Removes object files, module files, auto-generated code, and (optionally) executable files

Under what circumstances would we need to run ./clean?

- Generally, we run "./clean -a". The "-a" option means to clean all files.
- Run ./clean -a after editing the Registry file
- Run ./clean -a before recompiling WRF with different compiler options

However, there is no need to run ./clean when editing regular source files (i.e., \*.F and \*.c files)



# Questions?

