Installing WRF & WPS

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Installing Steps

- Check system requirements
- Installing Libraries
- Download source data
- Download datasets
- Compile WRFV3
- Compile WPS



System Requirements

- On what kinds of systems will WRF run?
 - Generally any 32- or 64-bit hardware, running a UNIX-like operating system
 - You may also use dual-booting into a UNIX-like OS (e.g., Windows with Linux build parallel)
- Examples of acceptable systems:
 - Laptops, desktops, and clusters running Linux
 - Laptops and desktops running MacOS X
 - Clusters running Linux or AIX (Cray, IBM, SGI, etc.)



Check System Requirements

Webpage:

http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compilation_tutorial.php



This page is meant to provide guidance through the steps of compiling WRF. It will take a beginning user through the processes of ensuring the computer environment is set up correctly, to testing the components and their compatibility with each other, then to installing WRFV3 and WPS, and finally to some guidance for preparing to run WPS and then WRFV3.

Click on a tab below for quick navigation. If you are a beginner, it is recommended to start at the beginning and follow through each step.



**IMPORTANT NOTES: PLEASE READ BEFORE CONTINUING!

- In order to use personal machines, you must have all the pre-required programs and compilers built, as well as their functionality/compatibility verified through testing. We cannot be responsible or provide assistance for the installation of Linux, Linux utilities, or the compilers.
- We are attempting to walk you through the steps for building necessary libraries (netCDF, MPICH, JasPer, Libpng, and Ziib); however, if you
 experience errors, we cannot be responsible for helping to correct the errors, as these are related to your particular system, and are not
 supported by our wrfhelp group. You will need to contact someone in your systems administation office, or go to the library websites to contact
 someone in their support group for assistance.
- All of the examples given here are in tcsh. If you are very familiar with another shell (e.g., bash), and feel comfortable making the necessary alterations to the commands, then feel free to use your other shell. If not, however, we recommend using tcsh.



Check System Requirements

- It is mandatory to have a Fortran (e.g., gfortran) compiler, gcc, and cpp on your system. Check by typing:
 - which gfortran
 - which cpp
 - which gcc
 - If installed, you will be given a path for each
- Fortran compiler should be version 4.4.0, or later
 Check this by typing (for csh):

acc -version

Tests available for checking that — your fortran compiler is built properly, and that it is compatible with the C compiler.

System Environment Tests

- First and foremost, it is very important to have a gfortran compiler, as well as gcc and cpp.
 To test whether these exist on the system, type the following:
 - which gfortranwhich cppwhich gcc

If you have these installed, you should be given a path for the location of each.

We recommend using gfortran version 4.4.0 or later. To determine the version of gfortran you have, type:

```
gcc --version
```

- 2. Create a new, clean directory called Build_WRF, and another one called TESTS.
- There are a few simple tests that can be run to verify that the fortran compiler is built properly, and that it is compatible with the C compiler. Below is a tar file that contains the tests. Download the tar file and place it in the TESTS directory.

```
Fortran and C Tests Tar File
```

To unpack the tar file, type:

```
tar -xf Fortran C tests.tar
```

There are 7 tests available, so start at the top and run through them, one at a time.

```
Test #1: Fixed Format Fortran Test: TEST 1 fortran only fixed.f
```

Type the following in the command line:

```
gfortran TEST 1 fortran only fixed.f
```

Now type:

```
./a.out
```

The following should print out to the screen:

```
SUCCESS test 1 fortran only fixed format
```



Additional Necessary Requirements

• Scripting languages (testing available in test package):

csh perl sh

UNIX commands:

ar	head	sed	awk
hostname	sleep	cat	In
sort	cd	ls	tar
ср	make	touch	cut
mkdir	tr	expr	mv
uname	file	nm	WC
grep	printf	which	gzip
rm			



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Installing Libraries

- NetCDF (needed by WRF and WPS)
- Optional libraries for GRIB2 met data support
 - JasPer (JPEG 2000 "lossy" compression library)
 - PNG ("lossless" compression library)
 - Zlib (compression library used by PNG)
- Optional MPI library (for building in parallel):
 - MPICH2



Installing Libraries

 Installation of these libraries (MPICH2, NetCDF, JasPer, zlib, and libpng) is NOT part of the WPS and WRF installation scripts

VERY IMPORTANT!

- Make sure these libraries are installed using the same compilers as will be used to install WRF and WPS
- Downloads for the libraries, with installation instructions, and library compatibility tests are also included on the compilation website



Installing Libraries: NetCDF

```
setenv DIR directory-where-your-tar-files-are
setenv CC qcc
setenv CXX q++
setenv FC qfortran
setenv FCFLAGS -m64
                        # FCFLAGS may be needed on some systems
setenv F77 qfortran
setenv FFLAGS -m64  # FFLAGS may be needed on some systems
tar xzvf netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz # no '.gz' if downloaded to most Macs
cd netcdf-4.1.3
./configure --prefix=$DIR/netcdf --disable-dap --disable-netcdf-4 --
disable-shared
make
make install
setenv PATH $DIR/netcdf/bin:$PATH
setenv NETCDF $DIR/netcdf
cd ..
```



Installing Libraries: MPICH2

- In principle, any implementation of the MPI-2 standard should work with WRF; however, we have the most experience with MPICH
- Assuming environment variables for netCDF install are already set:

```
tar xzvf mpich-3.0.4.tar.gz # no '.gz' if downloaded to most Macs
cd mpich-3.0.4
./configure --prefix=$DIR/mpich
make
make install
setenv PATH $DIR/mpich/bin:$PATH
cd ..
```



Installing Libraries: zlib

 Assuming environment variables from netCDF install are already set:

```
tar xzvf zlib-1.2.7.tar.gz # no '.gz' if downloaded to most Macs
cd zlib-1.2.7
./configure --prefix=$DIR/zlib
make
make install
cd ..
```



Installing Libraries: libpng

Assuming environment variables from netCDF install are already set

```
tar xzvf libpng-1.2.50.tar.gz # no '.gz' if downloaded to most Macs
cd libpng-1.2.50
./configure --prefix=$DIR/libpng
make
make install
cd ..
```



Installing Libraries: JasPer

Assuming environment variables from netCDF install are already set

```
tar xzvf jasper-1.900.1.tar.gz # no '.gz' if downloaded to most Macs
cd jasper-1.900.1
./configure --prefix=$DIR/jasper
make
make install
cd ..
```



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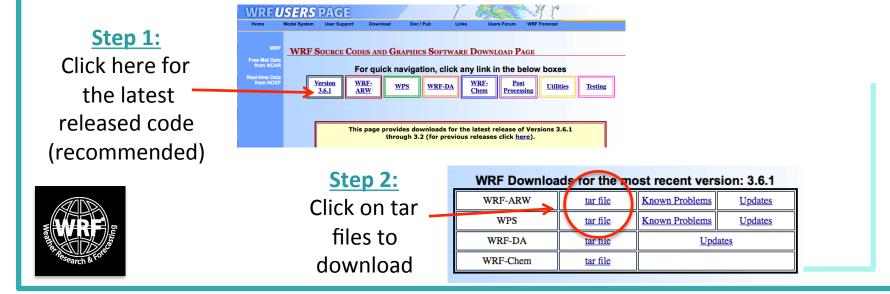


Download WRF & WPS Code

Download WRF & WPS source code from:

http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_source.html

- Click 'New User,' register and download, or
- Click 'Returning User,' enter your email, and download



Download Static Geographical Data

From the WRF Download page:

http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_sources.html



Step 1: Click 'WPS' box

Step 2: Click 'here' to get geography data



WRF Preprocessing System (WPS) Code Downloads

Version 3.6.1	August 14, 2014	tar file
Version 3.6	April 18, 2014	tar file
Version 3.5.1	September 23, 2013	tar file
Version 3.5	April 18, 2013	tar file
Version 3.4.1	August 16, 2012	tar file
Version 3.4 (Updated)	June 5, 2012	tar file
Version 3.4	April 6, 2012	tar file
Version 3.3.1	September 22, 2011	tar file
Version 3.3	April 6, 2011	tar file
Version 3.2.1	August 18, 2010	tar file
Version 3.2	April 2, 2010	tar file
Version 3.4 (Updated) Version 3.4 Version 3.3.1 Version 3.3 Version 3.2.1	June 5, 2012 April 6, 2012 September 22, 2011 April 6, 2011 August 18, 2010	tar file

**IMPORTANT: Before running WPS, you will need to download the WPS Geography data, which you can find here.

Download Static Geographical Data

Geographical Input and Data Download Page:

http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_sources_wps_geog.html

geog.tar.gz ~ 15 GB when uncompressed

This is the one you want



WR	WRF Preprocessing System (WPS) Geographical Input Data Downloads							
	All Available Files	Download Complete Dataset	Download Lowest Resolution of Each Mandatory Field	Download New Static Data Released With v3.6				
	NUDAPT44_1km	x						
	<u>albedo_ncep</u>	x	x					
	<u>clayfrac_5m</u>	х	х					
	<u>greenfrac</u>	х	х					
	<u>greenfrac_fpar_modis</u>	х						
	<u>hangl</u>	х	х					
	<u>hanis</u>	х	х					
	<u>hasynw</u>	х	х					
	<u>hasys</u>	х	х					
	<u>hasysw</u>	х	х					
	<u>hasyw</u>	х	х					
	<u>hcnvx</u>	х	х					

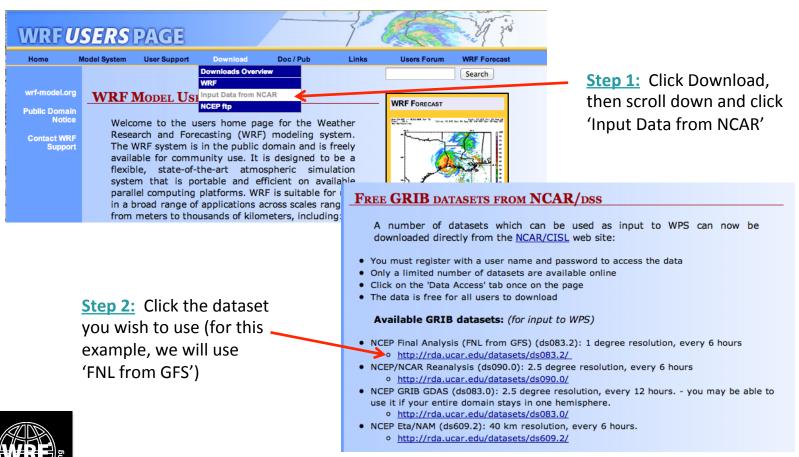
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Download Datasets

From the WRF Users' page: http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/



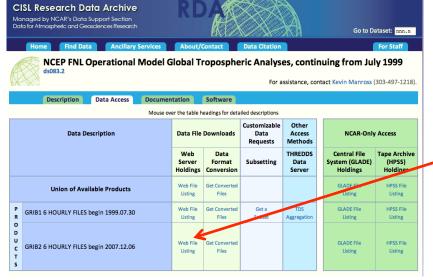
*Note: NOMADS site has several types of useful data: http://nomads.ncdc.noaa.gov

Download Datasets (continued)

Step 3: Register, or sign in, if you already have an account

Hello Guest Register Now 1 Sign In | Forgot Password? CISL Research Data Archive Managed by NCAR's Data Support Section Data for Atmospheric and Geosciences Research Go to Dataset: nnn.n **Ancillary Services** About/Contact For Staff NCEP FNL Operational Model Global Tropospheric Analyses, continuing from July 1999 For assistance, contact Kevin Manross (303-497-1218). Data Access Documentation Description Software These NCEP FNL (Final) Operational Global Analysis data are on 1.0x1.0 degree grids prepared operationally every six hours. This product is from the Global Data Assimilation System (GDAS), which continuously collects observational data from the Global Telecommunications System (GTS), and other sources, for many analyses. The FNLs are made with the same model which NCEP uses in the Global Forecast System (GFS), but the FNLs are prepared about an hour or so after the GFS is initialized. The FNLs are delayed so that more observational data can be used. The GFS is run earlier in support of time critical forecast needs, and uses the FNL from the previous 6 hour cycle as part of its initialization.

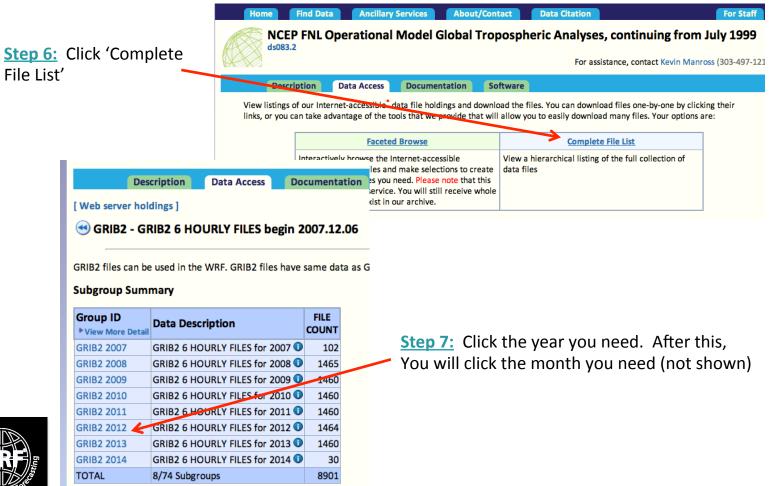
Step 4: Click 'Data Access'



Step 5: Click 'Web File Listing' for the span of years you need



Download Datasets (continued)





Download Datasets (continued)

Step 8: Click a box for each time span that you need



06/01/2012 GRIB2 2012.06

06/02/2012 GRIB2 2012.06

06/02/2012 GRIB2 2012.06

06/02/2012 GRIB2 2012.06

06/02/2012 GRIB2 2012.06

4 fnl 20120601 18 00 \ 17.0M GRIB2

5 fnl 20120602 00 00 \ 16.8M GRIB2

6 fnl 20120602 06 00 \ 16.6M GRIB2

7 fnl 20120602 12 00 \ 16.8M GRIB2

8 fpl 20120602 18 00 Q 16 8M GRIB2

Step 9: Once you have chosen
All your times, click on the 'View Selected Files/Get
As a Tar File' button
To download one tar file with all your
Dates/times



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Before Compiling

• Check where your netCDF library and include file are. If it is not in the usual location (i.e., /usr/local/netcdf), then use the NETCDF environment variable to set the path. e.g., for a C-shell environment:

setenv NETCDF /where-netcdf-is

Unpack your remaining tar files:

You should now have the following directories:



*Useful Tip:

Create another directory inside here, called 'TAR_FILES' and place all the tar files in there to keep things organized.

Compile WRFV3

- It is important to compile WRFV3 first, before WPS
 - WPS makes use of the external I/O libraries in the WRFV3/ external directory
 - The libraries are built when WRF is installed
- Two steps to compiling:
 - 1) Create a configuration file for your computer and compiler
 - ./configure
 - 2) Compile the code
 - ./compile test_case >& log.compile



Step 1: Configure for WRFV3

Inside the WRFV3/ directory, type: ./configure

```
checking for perl5... no
checking for perl... found /usr/bin/perl (perl)
Will use NETCDF in dir: /usr/local/netcdf
PHDF5 not set in environment. Will configure WRF for use without.
configure: WRF operating system set to "Linux" via environment variable $WRF OS
configure: WRF machine set to "i686" via environment variable $WRF MACH
$JASPERLIB or $JASPERINC not found in environment, configuring to build without grib2 I/
Please select from among the following supported platforms.
 1. Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran compiler with gcc (serial)
  Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran compiler with gcc (smpar)
 3. Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran compiler with gcc
  4. Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran compiler with gcc (dm+sm)

    Linux i486 i586 i686, g95 compiler with gcc (serial)

 6. Linux i486 i586 i686, g95 compiler with gcc (dmpar)
  7. Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with qcc (serial)
  Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (smpar)
  9. Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (dmpar)
  10. Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler with gcc (dm+sm)
 11. Linux x86 64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc
                                                          (serial)
  12. Linux x86 64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc
                                                          (smpar)

    Linux x86 64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc

                                                          (dmpar)
 14. Linux x86 64 i486 i586 i686, ifort compiler with icc
                                                          (dm+sm)
Enter selection [1-16] :
```



Compile for nesting? (1=basic, 2=present moves, 3=vortex following) [default 1]:

Output from configuration: a file called 'configure.wrf'

Step 2: Compile WRFV3

Where **em_case** is one of the following (type ./compile to see all options)

```
em_real (3d real case)
em_ hill2d_x
em_ quarter_ss
em_ squall2d_x
em_ squall2d_y
em_ les
em_ heldsuarez
em_ heldsuarez
em_ tropical_cyclone
em_ scm_ xy (1d ideal)

em_ hill2d_x
em_ squall2d_x
em_ squall2d_x
em_ grav2d_x
em_ seabreeze2d_x
em_ scm_ xy (1d ideal)
```

Compilation should take at most 20-30 mins



Successful Compilation

• If the compilation is successful, you should find these executables in WRFV3/main (non-zero size):

Real data case:

```
wrf.exe - model executable
real.exe - real data initialization
ndown.exe - one-way nesting
tc.exe - for tc bogusing (serial only)
```

<u>Ideal case</u>:

```
wrf.exe - model executable
ideal.exe - ideal case initialization
```

*Note: Each ideal case compile creates a different executable, but with the same name



These executables are linked to 2 different directories (WRFV3/run and WRFV3/test/em_real). You can go to either place to run WRF.

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Compile WPS

 Once WRFV3 is successfully compiled, change directory to WPS prior to compiling
 cd ../WPS

- Two steps to compiling WPS, as well:
 - 1) Create a configuration file for your computer ./configure
 - 2) Compile the code
 ./compile >& log.compile



Step 1: Configure for WPS

Inside the WPS/ directory, type: ./configure

```
Will use NETCDF in dir: /usr/local/netcdf-pgi
$JASPERLIB or $JASPERINC not found in environment. Using /usr/local for library paths...
Please select from among the following supported platforms.
  1. Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler
                                             (serial)
  2. Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler
                                             (serial NO GRIB2)
   3. Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler
                                             (dmpar)
   4. Linux i486 i586 i686, PGI compiler
                                             (dmpar NO GRIB2)
   5. Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler
                                               (serial)
   6. Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler
                                               (serial NO GRIB2)
  7. Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler
                                               (dmpar)
  8. Linux i486 i586 i686, Intel compiler
                                               (dmpar NO GRIB2)
  9. Linux i486 i586 i686, g95
                                   (serial)
 10. Linux i486 i586 i686, g95
                                  (serial NO GRIB2)
 11. Linux i486 i586 i686, q95
                                  (dmpar)
 12. Linux i486 i586 i686, g95
                                   (dmpar NO GRIB2)
  13. Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran
                                                 (serial)
 14. Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran
                                        (serial NO GRIB2)
 15. Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran
                                        (dmpar)
 16. Linux i486 i586 i686, gfortran
                                      (dmpar NO GRIB2)
Enter selection [1-16] :
```

• Choose to compile WPS **serially** (even if you compiled WRFV3 in parallel), unless you plan to use very large domains

*NOTE: If you compile WPS in parallel, ungrib.exe must still be run serially



Output from configuration: a file called 'configure.wps'

Step 2: Compile WPS

In the WPS/ directory, type:
 ./compile >& log.compile

- Compilation should only take a few minutes
- If successful, these executables should be in your WPS/ directory (and they are linked, respectively, from their source code directories):

```
geogrid.exe -> geogrid/src/geogrid.exe
ungrib.exe -> ungrib/src/ungrib.exe
metgrid.exe -> metgrid/src/metgrid.exe
```



./clean -a

- The './clean —a' command is something that should be used when you have made corrections to your configure.wrf file, configure.wps file, or any changes to the registry. If you have made any of these changes, or if you plan to recompile your code from scratch, you must issue a 'clean —a' before recompiling.
- If you made any changes to any subroutines within the code, you will need to recompile your code, but you do NOT need to issue the 'clean —a' command, nor do you need to reconfigure. You will simply just recompile. This compilation should take a lot less time than a clean compile.



Questions?

