







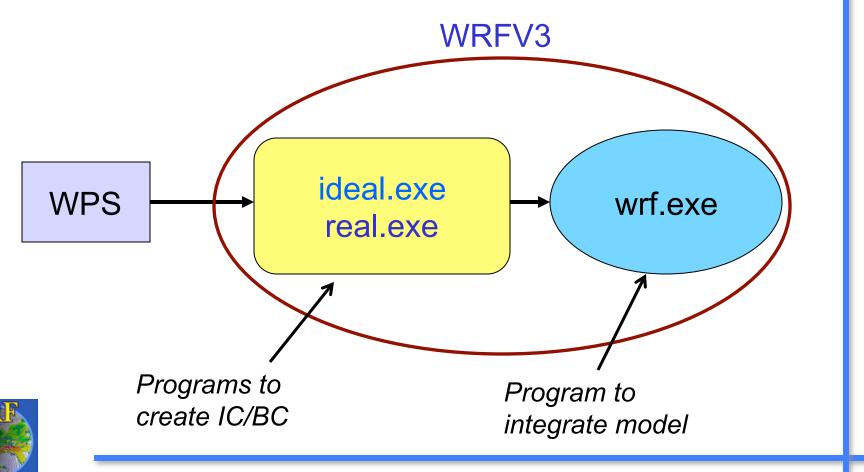
Set Up and Run WRF

(Ideal and real data)

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WRF System Flowchart



Outline

- Running WRF code
 - Before you run..
 - Running idealized case
 - Running real-data case
- Basic runtime options for a single domain run (namelist)
- Check output
- Simple trouble shooting
- Running a nested case: later



Before You Run ..

- Check and make sure appropriate executables are created in WRFV3/main/ directory:
 - ideal.exe executable to create idealized IC
 - real.exe executable to create IC/BC
 - wrf.exe executable for model integration
 - ndown.exe utility
 - tc.exe utility routine for TC bogusing
- If you are running a real-data case, be sure that files for <u>a few time periods</u> from WPS are correctly generated:
 - met_em.d01.*



WRF test case directories

You have these choices in WRFV3/test/ (made at compile time):

```
} 3-dimensional real-data — real.exe
em real
em quarter ss
em b wave
em les
                       3d ideal
em_tropical_cyclone
em heldsuarez
em hill2d x
em_squall2d x
                                     ideal.exe
em squall2d y
                        2d ideal
em grav2d x
em seabreeze2d x
em scm xy
                         1d ideal
```



Steps to Run

- 1. cd to *run*/ or one of the *test case* directories
- 2. Move or link WPS output files to the directory for real-data cases
- 3. Edit *namelist.input* file for the appropriate grid and times of the case
- 4. Run a initialization program (*ideal.exe* or *real.exe*)
- 5. Run model executable, wrf.exe



WRFV3/run directory

```
README.namelist
LANDUSE . TBL
GENPARM, TBL
SOILPARM. TBL
VEGPARM, TBL
URBPARM, TBL
RRTM DATA
RRTMG SW DATA
RRTMG LW DATA
CAM ABS DATA
CAM AEROPT DATA
ozone.formatted
ozone lat.formatted
ozone plev.formatted
ETAMPNEW DATA
tr49t67
tr49t85
tr67t85
gribmap.txt
grib2map.tbl
```

description of namelists

These are model physics data files: they are used to either initialize physics variables, or make physics computation faster

for grib 10



(a few more)

WRFV3/run directory after compile

```
LANDUSE . TBL
SOILPARM. TBL
VEGPARM. TBL
GENPARM, TBL
URBPARM, TBL
RRTM DATA
                             An example after
RRTMG SW DATA
                             em real case
RRTMG LW DATA
                             compile
ETAMPNEW DATA
tr49t67
tr49t85
tr67t85
namelist.input - copied from ../test/em real/namelist.input
real.exe -> ../main/real.exe
wrf.exe -> ../main/wrf.exe
ndown.exe -> ../main/ndown.exe
... (a few more)
```



If you have compiled an ideal case, you should have:
 ideal.exe - ideal case initialization program

 wrf.exe - model executable

These executables are linked to:

```
WRFV3/run
and
WRFV3/test/em_test-case
```

→ One can go to either directory to run.



Go to the desired *ideal* test case directory: e.g. cd test/em_quarter_ss

If there is 'run_me_first.csh' in the directory, run it first - this links physics data files to the currect directory:

./run_me_first.csh



Then run the ideal initialization program:

```
./ideal.exe
```

The input to this program is typically a sounding file (file named <u>input_sounding</u>), or a pre-defined 2D input (e.g. <u>input_jet</u> in em_b_wave case).

Running ideal.exe only creates WRF initial condition file: wrfinput d01



Note that wrfbdy file is not needed for idealized cases.

Instead, the boundary conditions are set in the namelist.input file. For example, these are for options in east-west, or x direction:

```
periodic_x = .false.,.false.,.false.,
symmetric_xs = .false.,.false.,.false.,
symmetric_xe = .false.,.false.,.false.,
open_xs = .true., .false.,.false.,
open_xe = .true., .false.,.false.,
```

To run the model interactively, type

```
./wrf.exe >& wrf.out &
```

for single processor (serial) or SMP run. Or

```
mpirun -np N ./wrf.exe &
```

for a MPI run (where **N** is the number of processors requested)

 Successful running of the model executable will create a model history file called wrfout_d01_<date>

```
e.g. wrfout_d01_0001-01-01_00:00:00
```



Based on start date set in namelist

```
wrfout_d01_0001-01-01_00:00:00
```

Based on start date set in namelist

```
start_year
start_month
start_day
start_hour
start_minute
start_second
end_year
end_month
end_day
end_hour
end_minute
end_minute
end_second
```

```
= 0001, 0001, 0001,

= 01, 01, 01,

= 01, 01, 01,

= 00, 00, 00,

= 00, 00, 00,

= 0001, 0001, 0001,

= 01, 01, 01,

= 01, 01, 01,

= 01, 01, 01,

= 00, 00, 00,

= 120, 120, 120,

= 00, 00, 00,
```



- Edit namelist.input file to change options.
- For your own case, you may provide a different sounding.
- You may also edit dyn_em/
 module_initialize_<case>.F to change other
 aspects of the initialization. (more in talk on Thur.)

Note:

- For 2D cases and baroclinic wave case, ideal.exe must be run serially
- For all 2D cases, wrf.exe must be run serially or with SMP



For the 1D case, compile and run serially



 If you have compiled the em_real case, you should have:

```
real.exe - real data initialization program
wrf.exe - model executable
ndown.exe - program for doing one-way nesting
tc.exe - program for TC bogusing
```

These executables are linked to:

```
WRFV3/run
and
WRFV3/test/em_real
```



One can go to either directory to run.

WRFV3/test/em_*real* directory

```
LANDUSE.TBL -> ../../run/LANDUSE.TBL
GENPARM.TBL -> ../../run/GENPARM.TBL
SOILPARM.TBL -> ../../run/SOILPARM.TBL
VEGPARM.TBL -> ../../run/VEGPARM.TBL
URBPARM.TBL -> ../../run/URBPARM.TBL
RRTM DATA -> ../../run/RRTM DATA
RRTMG SW DATA -> ../../run/RRTMG SW DATA
RRTMG LW DATA -> ../../run/RRTMG LW DATA
ETAMPNEW DATA -> ../../run/ETAMPNEW DATA
tr49t67 -> ../../run/tr49t67
tr49t85 -> ../../run/tr49t85
tr67t85 -> ../../run/tr67t85
namelist.input - editing required
real.exe -> ../../main/real.exe
wrf.exe -> ../../main/wrf.exe
ndown.exe -> ../../main/ndown.exe
.... (a few more)
```



- One must successfully run WPS, and create
 met_em.* file for more than one time period
- Move or link WPS output files to the run directory:

```
cd test/em_real
ln -s ../../WPS/met_em.d01.* .
```

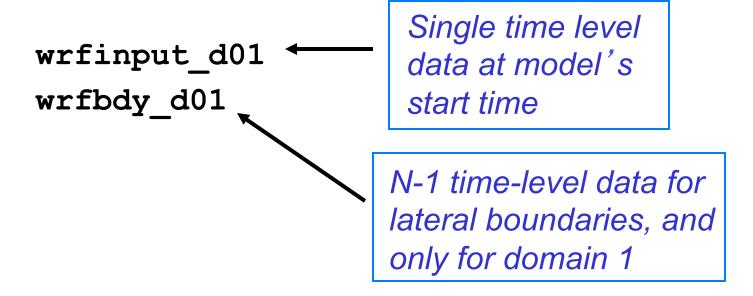


- Edit namelist.input file for runtime options (at mininum, one must edit &time_control for start, end and integration times, and &domains for grid dimensions)
- Run the real-data initialization program:

```
./real.exe, if compiled serially / SMP, or
mpirun -np N ./real.exe, or
mpirun -machinefile file -np N ./real.exe
for a MPI job
```

where *N* is the number of processors requested, and *file* has a list of CPUs for a MPI job

 Successfully running this program will create model initial and boundary files:



N: the number of time periods processed



ncdump -v Times wrfbdy_d01

- Typing 'ncdump -v Times wrfbdy_d01' will give you, for a 24 hour period, 6 hourly data interval:
 - .. a bunch of prints and at the end:

```
data:
```

```
Times =

"2005-08-28_00:00:00",

"2005-08-28_06:00:00",

"2005-08-28_12:00:00",

"2005-08-28_18:00:00";
```



Run the model executable by typing:

```
./wrf.exe >& wrf.out &
or
mpirun -np N ./wrf.exe &
```

 Successfully running the model will a create model *history* file:

```
wrfout d01 2005-08-28 00:00:00
```

Based on start date set in namelist

and a restart file if restart interval is set to a time within the range of the forecast time:



Exact time at a restart

```
wrfout_d01_2005-08-28_00:00:00
```

Based on start date set in namelist

```
start_year
start_month
start_day
start_hour
start_minute
start_second
end_year
end_month
end_day
end_hour
end_minute
end_second
```

```
/ 2008 ) 2008 , 2008 ,
       08,
= 08,
            08,
= 28, 28, 28,
= 00, 00, 00,
= 00, /00, 00,
≥ 00, / 00, 00,
= 2008, 2008, 2008,
= 08,
      08, 08,
= 29, 29, 29,
= 00, 00, 00,
= 00, 00, 00,
= 00, 00,
            00,
```



Basic namelist Options



What is a namelist?

- A Fortran namelist contains a list of runtime options for the code to read in during its execution. Use of a namelist allows one to change runtime configuration without the need to recompile the source code.
- Fortran 90 namelist has very specific format, so edit with care:

```
&namelist-record - start
/ - end
```

- As a general rule:
 - Multiple columns: domain dependent
 - Single column: value valid for all domains



namelist record &time_control

```
run days
                                       domain 1 option
run hours
                         24
run minutes
                         0,
                         0,
run seconds
                         2000,
start year
                         01,
start month
                                       01
start day
                         24,
                                       24,
start hour
                         12,
                                       12,
start minute
                         00,
                                00,
                                       00,
                         00,
start second
                                00,
                                       00,
end year
                         2000
                                2000,
                                      2000
                         01,
                                01,
end month
                                      01,
                         25,
end day
                                25,
                                      25,
                         12,
                                      12,
end hour
                                12,
                         00,
end minute
                                00,
                                      00,
                                00,
                         00,
                                      00,
end second
                         21600
interval seconds
                         180,
history interval
                                       60
                         1000,
frames per outfile
                                               nest options
restart interval
                         360,
restart
                         .t<mark>rue.</mark>,
```



Notes on &time_control

- run_* time variables:
 - Model simulation length: wrf.exe and domain 1 only
- start_* and end_* time variables:
 - Program *real* will use WPS output between these times to produce lateral (and lower) boundary file
 - They can also be used to specify the start and end of simulation times for the coarse grid if run_*
 variables are not set (or set to 0).



Notes on &time control

- interval_seconds:
 - Time interval between WPS output times, and lateral BC (and lower BC) update frequency
- history_interval:
 - Time interval in <u>minutes</u> when a history output is written
 - The time stamp in a history file name is the time when the history file is first written, and multiple time periods may be written in one file. e.g. a history file for domain 1 that is first written for 1200 UTC Jan 24 2000 is

wrfout_d01_2000-01-24_12:00:00



Notes on &time_control

- frames_per_outfile:
 - Number of history times written to one file.
- restart_interval
 - Time interval in minutes when a restart file is written.
 - By default, restart file is not written at hour 0.
 - A restart file contains only one time level data, and its <u>valid time</u> is in its file name, e.g. a restart file for domain 1 valid for 0000 UTC Jan 25 2000 is

```
wrfrst_d01_2000-01-25_00:00:00
```

restart:



whether this is a restart run

Notes on &time control

Example 1: all output times are in a single file

```
history interval = 180, 60, 60,
frames per outfile = 1000, 1000, 1000,
 wrfout d01 2000-01-24 12:00:00
```

Example 2: each output file only contains a single time

```
history interval = 180, 60, 60,
frames per outfile = 1, 1, 1,
wrfout d01 2000-01-24 12:00:00
wrfout d01 2000-01-24 15:00:00
wrfout d01 2000-01-24 18:00:00
```



Notes on restart

- What is a restart run?
 - A restart run is a continuation of a model run.
- How to do a restart run:
 - In the first run, set <u>restart_interval</u> to a value that is within the model integration time.
 - A restart file will be created. e.g.
 wrfrst_d01_2000-01-25_00:00:00
- When doing a restart run:
 - Set restart = .true.,
 - Set start time to restart time in namelist



&time_control

```
io_form_history = 2,
io_form_restart = 2,
io_form_input = 2,
io_form_boundary = 2,
```

For large files:

io_form_restart = 102 :
write output in patch
sizes: fast for large grid
and useful for restart file

IO format options:

- = 1, binary
- = 2, netcdf (most common)
- = 4, PHDF5
- = 5, Grib 1
- =10, Grib 2
- =11, pnetCDF



namelist record &domains

```
time step
                       = 180
time_step_fract_num
                       = 0,
time step fract den = 1,
max dom
                       = 1,
                       = 74,
e we
                                  , nest 1,
                       = 61,
e sn
                                 8options,
                       = 28,
e vert
                       = 21
num metgrid levels
num metgrid soil levels = 4
                       = 30000, 1000, 33/3
dx
                       = 30000, 1000, 3333
dy
eta_levels
                       = 1.0, 0.996, 0.99, 0.98, \dots 0.0
                       = 5000,
p top requested
```



Notes on &domains

- time_step, time_step_fract_num, time_step_frac_den:
 - Time step for model integration in seconds.
 - Fractional time step specified in separate integers of numerator and denominator.
 - Typically 5 to 6xDX (DX is grid distance in km)
- e_we, e_sn, e_vert:
 - Model grid dimensions (staggered) in X, Y and Z directions.
- num_metgrid_levels:
 - Number of metgrid (input) data levels.
- num_metgrid_soil_levels:
 - Number of soil data levels in the input dataFound by typing ncdump -h met_em.d01.<date> | more
- *dx*, *dy*:
 - grid distance: in meters



Notes on &domains

p_top_requested:

- Pressure value at the model top.
- Constrained by the available data from WPS.
- Default is 5000 Pa (recommended as lowest Ptop)

eta levels:

- Specify your own model levels from 1.0 to 0.0.
- If not specified, program real will calculate a set of levels
- Use a minimum of 30 levels with 5000 Pa model top to limit vertical grid distance < 1 km. Use more vertical levels when decreasing horizontal grid sizes.



namelist record &bdy control

```
spec bdy width
spec zone
relax zone
specified
nested
```

```
typical optional
    = 5, (10)
    = 1, (1)
    = 4, (9)
    = .true., .false., .false.,
     = .false., .true., .true.,
```

```
May change relax_zone
and spec bdy width
(spec zone + relax zone
= spec bdy width)
```

* Wider boundary zone may work better for coarser driving data



Where do I start?

- Always start with a namelist template provided in a test case directory, whether it is an ideal case, or a real data case.
 - A number of namelist templates are provided in test/test_<case>/ directories

```
For example: in test/em_real/, there are
```

```
namelist.input.4km ~ 4 km grid size
```

namelist.input.jun01 ~ 10 km grid size

namelist.input.jan00 ~ 30 km grid size



Where do I start?

- For different applications, please refer to p5-25 to 5-27 of the ARW User's Guide:
 - 2 or 4 km convection-permitting runs
 - -20 30 km, 2 3 day runs
 - Antarctic region
 - Tropical storm forecasting
 - Regional climate



Where do I start?

- Use document to guide the modification of the namelist values:
 - run/README.namelist
 - test/em real/examples.namelist
 - User's Guide, Chapter 5 (online version has the latest)
 - Full list of namelists and their default values can be found in Registry files: Registry.EM_COMMON and registry.io_boilerplate (for IO options) (look for character string 'namelist')



To run a job in a different directory...

- Directories run/ and test_<case>/ are convenient places to run, but it does not have to be.
- Copy or link the content of these directories to another directory, including physics data files, wrf input and boundary files, wrf namelist and executables, and you should be able to run a job anywhere on your system.



Check Output



Output After a Model Run

Standard out/error files:

```
wrf.out, or rsl.* files
```

Model history file(s):

```
wrfout_d01_<date>
```

Model restart file(s), optional



Output from a multi-processor run

The standard out and error will go to the following files for a MPI run:

```
mpirun -np 4 ./wrf.exe →
```

```
rsl.out.0000 rsl.error.0000
rsl.out.0001 rsl.error.0001
rsl.out.0002 rsl.error.0002
rsl.out.0003 rsl.error.0003
```

There is one pair of files for each processor requested

What to Look for in a standard out File?

Check run log file by typing

tail wrf.out, or

tail rsl.out.0000

You should see the following if the job is successfully completed:

wrf: SUCCESS COMPLETE WRF



How to Check Model History File?

• Use ncdump:

```
ncdump -v Times wrfout_d01_<date>
to check output times. Or
   ncdump -v U wrfout_d01_<date>
to check a particular variable (U)
```

- Use ncview (great tool!)
- Use post-processing tools (see talks later)



What is in a wrf.out or rsl file?

Model version, decomposition info:

```
Ntasks in X 2, ntasks in Y 4
```

Time taken to compute one model step:

```
Timing for main: time 2000-01-24_12:03:00 on domain 1: 3.25000 elapsed seconds. Timing for main: time 2000-01-24_12:06:00 on domain 1: 1.50000 elapsed seconds. Timing for main: time 2000-01-24_12:09:00 on domain 1: 1.50000 elapsed seconds. Timing for main: time 2000-01-24_12:12:00 on domain 1: 1.55000 elapsed seconds.
```

Time taken to write history and restart file:

```
Timing for Writing wrfout_d01_2000-01-24_18:00:00 for domain 1: 0.14000 elapsed seconds
```

Any model error prints:

```
5 points exceeded cfl=2 in domain 1 at time 4.200000 MAX AT i,j,k: 123 48 3 cfl,w,d(eta) = 4.165821
```

→ An indication the model has become numerically unstable

Simple Trouble Shooting



Often-seen runtime problems

- module_configure: initial_config: error reading
 namelist: &dynamics
 - > Typos or erroneous namelist variables exist in namelist record &dynamics in namelist.input file
- input_wrf.F: SIZE MISMATCH: namelist
 ide,jde,num_metgrid_levels= 70 61 27; input
 data ide,jde,num_metgrid_levels= 74 61 27
 - > Grid dimensions in error



Often-seen runtime problems

- Segmentation fault (core dumped)
 - > Often typing 'unlimit' or 'ulimit -s unlimited' or equivalent can help when this happens quickly in a run, and on a small computer
- If you do: grep cfl rsl.error.* and see
 121 points exceeded cfl=2 in domain 1 at time
 4.200000 MAX AT i,j,k: 123 48 3 cfl,w,d(eta)=
 4.165821
 - > Model becomes unstable due to various reasons. If it happens soon after the start time, check input data, and/or reduce time step.



References

- Information on compiling and running WRF, and a more extensive list of namelist options and their definition / explanations can be found in the User's Guide, Chapter 5
- Also see 'Nesting Setup and Run' and 'Other Runtime Options' talks.

