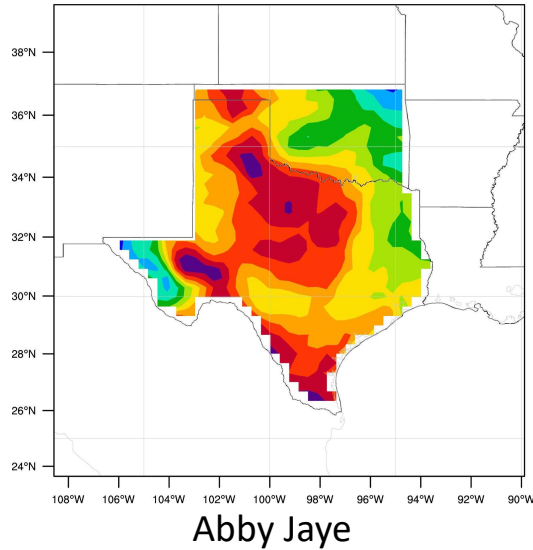


Post-processing Tools: NCL

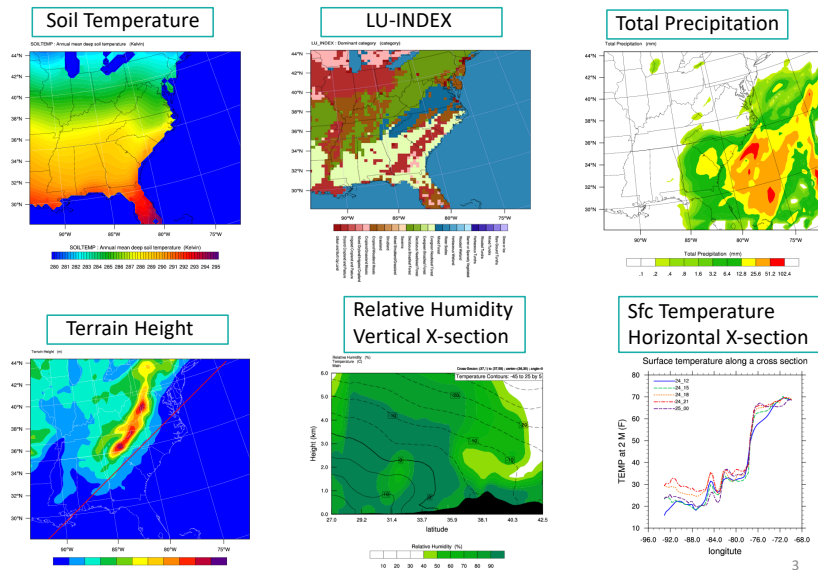


NCL

- NCAR Command Language
- Website: <http://www.ncl.ucar.edu>
- Reads WRF-ARW data directly
- Can generate many types of graphical plots
 - Horizontal
 - Cross-section
 - SkewT
 - Meteogram
 - Panel

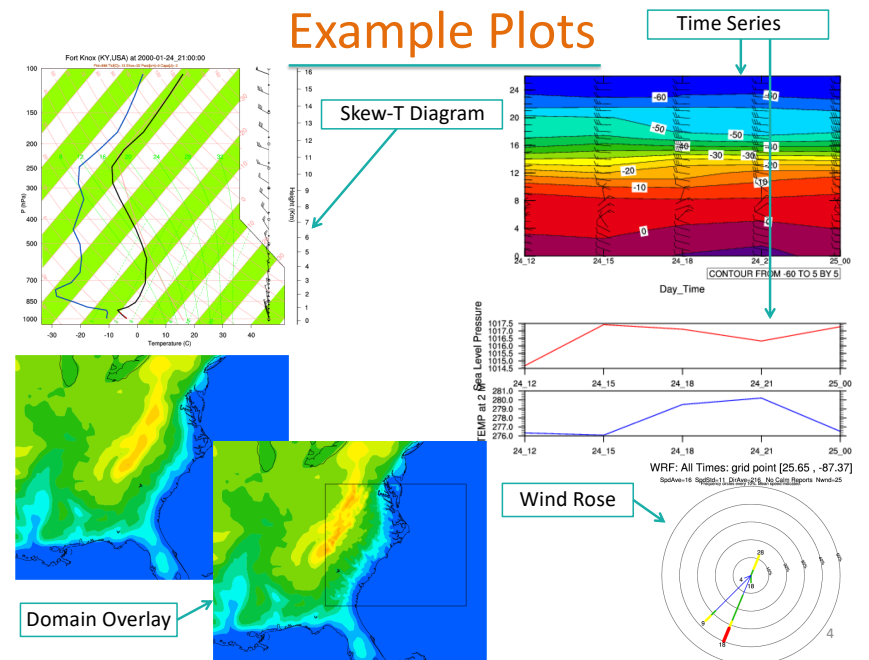
2

Example Plots



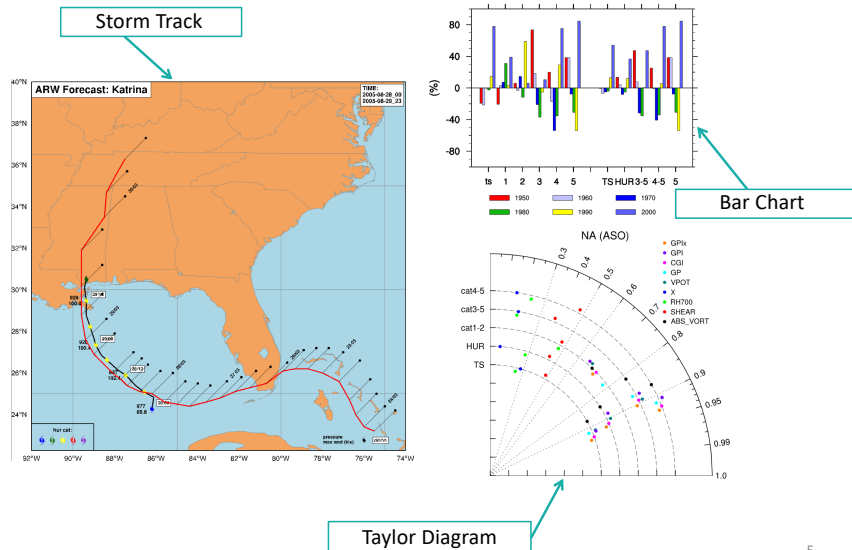
3

Example Plots



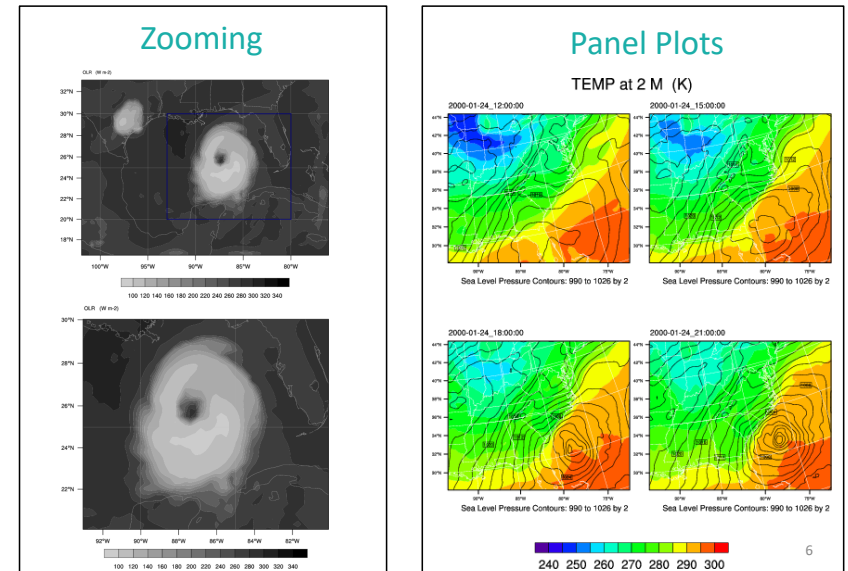
4

Example Plots



5

Example Plot Functions

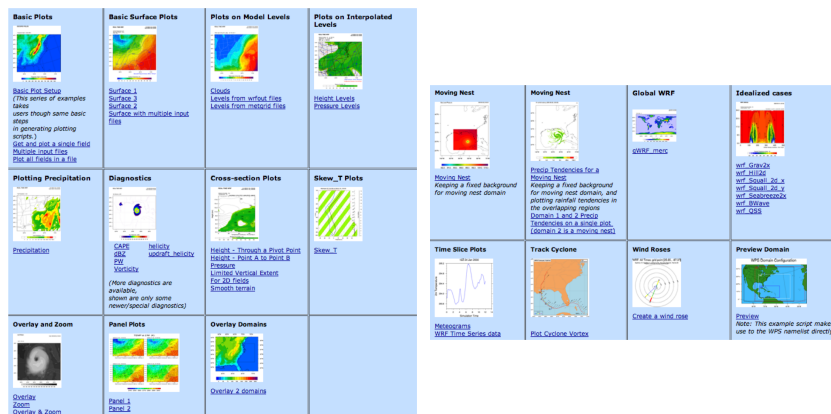


6

Generating Plots

A good start: WRF Online Tutorial

http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/Graphics/NCL/NCL_examples.php



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NCL Download

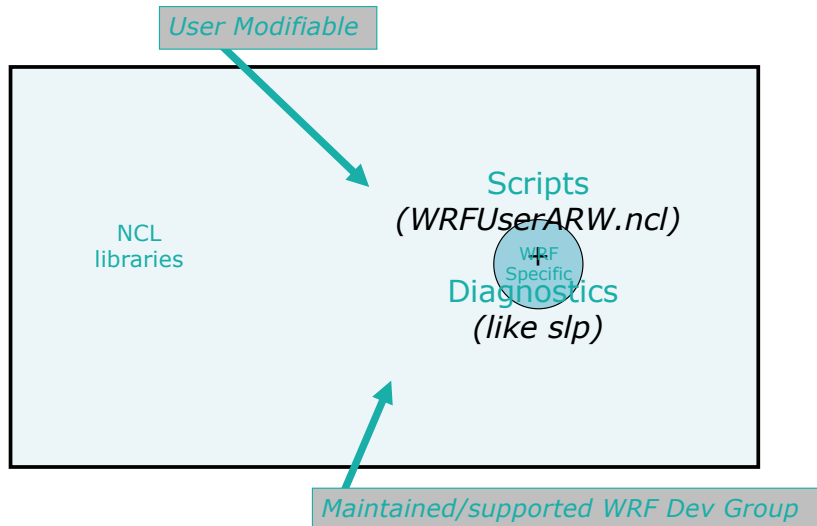
<http://www.ncl.ucar.edu/Download>

- Fill out short registration form (short waiting period)
- Read and agree to OSI-based license
- Get version 6 or LATER (current: v6.5.0)

****Always download binary code instead of source code****

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NCL & WRF



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~/.hluresfile

- Very important for NCL versions earlier than v6
 - <http://www.ncl.ucar.edu/Document/Graphics/hlures.shtml>
- Must be placed in your “~/” directory (*home directory*)
- Will control:
 - Color table; font
 - White/black background
 - Size of plot
 - Characters

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Generating Plots

- Set NCARG_ROOT environment variable
`setenv NCARG_ROOT /usr/local/ncl` ← for example
- Ensure you have a ~/.hluresfile file
- Create a script
 - `wrf_real.ncl`
 (start with a sample script)
 Most of the WRF script routines are called from
`"$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"`
 Feel free to add or change this script
- Run NCL script
`ncl wrf_real.ncl`

11

Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load ncl library scripts
```

```
begin
```

```
  ; Open input file(s)
  ; Open graphical output
```

```
  ; Read variables
```

```
  ; Set up plot resources & Create plots
  ; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
```

Load not required for NCL version 6.3 or later
load "/mydir/myWRFUserARW.ncl"

```
; Open input file(s)
; Open graphical output
```

```
; Read variables
```

```
; Set up plot resources & Create plots
; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

13

Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
```

```
; Open input file(s)
; Open graphical output
```

```
; Read variables
```

```
; Set up plot resources & Create plots
; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
```

```
a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc", "r")
```

```
; Open graphical output
```

```
; Read variables
```

```
; Set up plot resources & Create plots
; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2005-10-08_00:00:00.nc", "r")
Can be "r", "w", "c"

```
> ls wrfout*
wrfout_d01_2005-10-08_00:00:00

a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2005-10-08_00:00:00.nc", "r")
```

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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
```

```
a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc", "r")
```

```
wks = gsn_open_wks("X11", "plt_Surface")
```

```
; Read variables
```

```
; Set up plot resources & Create plots
; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

Can output either on the screen (X11),
or as pdf, eps, ps, png, cgm

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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
```

```
  a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc","r")
  wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plt_Surface")
```

```
  T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)
```

```
  ; Set up plot resources & Create plots
  ; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

```
T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)
T2 = a->T2(0, :, :)
```

```
T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",-1)
T2 = a->T2
```

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Special WRF NCL Functions

wrf_user_getvar

Get fields from input file

```
ter = wrf_user_getvar(a,"HGT",0)      {ter=a->HGT(0, :, :)}
t2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",-1)       {t2=a->T2}
slp = wrf_user_getvar(a,"slp",1)
```

avo/pvo: Absolute/Potential Vorticity, **eth**: Equivalent Potential Temperature, **cape_2d**: 2D mcaps/mcin/lcl/lfc, **cape_3d**: 3D cape/cin, **ctt**: cloud top temperature, **dbz/mdbz**: Reflectivity (3D and max), **geopt/geopotential**: Geopotential, **lat/lon**: latitude/longitude, **helicity/updraft_helicity**: Storm Relative Helicity/Updraft helicity, **omg**: Omega, **p/pres/pressure**: Pressure, **pw**: Precipitable Water, **rh/rh2**: Relative Humidity (3D and 2m), **slp**: Sea Level Pressure, **times**: Time as a string *[[Times: Time as characters]]*, **td/td2**: Dew Point Temperature (3D and 2m), **ter**: terrain, **tc/tk**: Temperature (C and F), **th/theta**: Potential Temperature, **tv**: Virtual Temperature, **twb**: Wetbulb Temperature, **z/height**: Height, **ua/va/wa**: wind on mass points, **uvmet/uvmet10**: wind rotated to earth coordinates (3D and 10m)

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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
```

```
  a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc","r")
  wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plt_Surface")
```

```
  T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)
```

```
  ; Set up plot resources & Create plots
  ; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
```

```
  a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc","r")
  wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plt_Surface")
```

```
  T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)
```

```
  pltres = True
  mpres = True
  opts = True
  opts@cnFillOn = True
  ; Output graphics
```

```
end
```

pltres: Plotting resources - like overlays
mpres: Map resources - like map resolution and zooming option

opts: Resources associated with each individual plot

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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"

begin

  a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc","r")
  wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plt_Surface")

  T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)

  pltres = True
  mpres = True
  opts = True
  opts@cnFillOn = True
  contour_t2 = wrf_contour(a,wks,T2,opts)
  plot= wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour_t2/),pltres,mpres)

end
```

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Creating a Plot

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"

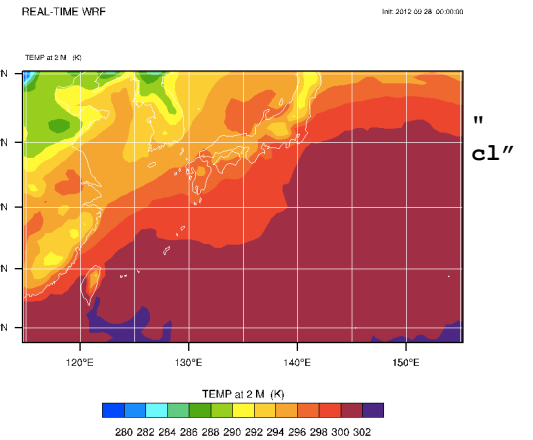
begin

  a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc","r")
  wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plt_Surface")

  T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)

  pltres = True
  mpres = True
  opts = True
  opts@cnFillOn = True
  contour_t2 = wrf_contour(a,wks,T2,opts)
  plot= wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour_t2/),pltres,mpres)

end
```



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Creating a Plot: NCL script

```
T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)
slp = wrf_user_getvar(a,"slp",0)

pltres = True
mpres = True

opts = True
opts@cnFillOn = True
contour_t2 = wrf_contour(a,wks,T2,opts)
delete(opts)

opts = True
opts@cnLineColor = "Blue"
contour_slp = wrf_contour(a,wks,slp,opts)
delete(opts)

plot = wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour_t2,contour_slp/),
  pltres,mpres)

end
```

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Creating a Plot

```
T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",0)
slp = wrf_user_getvar(a,"slp",0)

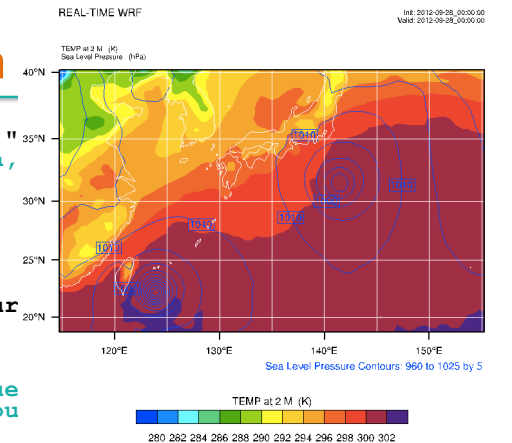
pltres = True
mpres = True

opts = True
opts@cnFillOn = True
contour_t2 = wrf_contour(a,wks,T2,opts)
delete(opts)

opts = True
opts@cnLineColor = "Blue"
contour_slp = wrf_contour(a,wks,slp,opts)
delete(opts)

plot = wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour_t2,contour_slp/),
  pltres,mpres)

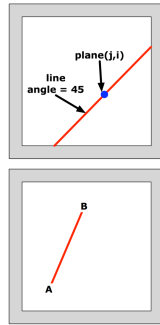
end
```



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Special WRF NCL Functions

- `wrf_user_getvar`
Get native and diagnostic variables
- `wrf_contour` / `wrf_vector`
Create line/shaded & vector plots
- `wrf_map_overlays` / `wrf_overlays`
Overlay plots created with `wrf_contour` and `wrf_vector`
- `wrf_user_intrp3d` / `wrf_user_intrp2d`
*Interpolate horizontally to a given pressure/height
(3d data only)*
- `wrf_user_ll_to_ij` / `wrf_user_ij_to_ll`
Interpolate vertically along a given line
- `wrf_user_ll_to_ij` / `wrf_user_ij_to_ll`
Convert: lat/lon ↔ ij
- `wrf_user_unstagger`
Unstagger an array
- `wrf_user_vert_interp`
- `wrf_wps_read_int` / `wrf_wps_write_int`



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NCL and WRF_NCL

- Combine strength of WRF_NCL specific and NCL general capabilities

```
plot = wrf_map_overlays \
(a,wks,(/contour/),pltres,mpres)

mpres@mpGridSpacingF = 45
plot = wrf_map_overlays \
(a,wks,(/contour/),pltres,mpres)

mpres@mpGeophysicalLineColor
mpres@mpGridLineColor
mpres@mpNationalLineColor
mpres@mpUSStateLineColor

mpres@mpOutlineBoundarySets
"NoBoundaries" ; "Geophysical"
"National" ; "USStates"
"GeophysicalAndUSStates"
"AllBoundaries"
```

```
a = addfile("./wrfout.d01.nc","r")

t2 = a->T2(5,,:,:)
t2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",5)

qv = a->QVAPOR(5,,:,:)
qv = wrf_user_getvar(a,"QVAPOR",5)

t2 = a->T2
t2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",-1)

t2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",
(/0,10,2/))
t2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",
(/1,2,3,4,5/))
```

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NCL Resources

- The special WRF functions have unique resources:
<http://www.ncl.ucar.edu/Document/Functions/wrf.shtml>
- All general NCL resources can also be used to control the plot:
<http://www.ncl.ucar.edu/Document/Graphics/Resources>

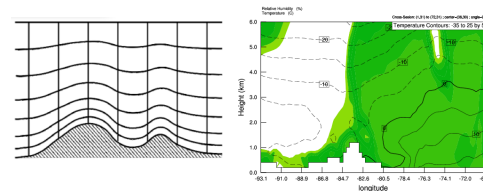
am (anotation manager)
app (app)
ca (coordinate array)
cn (contour)
ct (coordinate array table)
dc (data comm)
err (error)
gs (graphic style)
gsn (gsn high-level interfaces)
lb (label bar)
lg (legends)
mp (maps)
pm (plot manager)
pr (primitives)

sf (scalar field)
st (streamline)
tf (transformation)
ti (title)
tm (tickmark)
tf (irregular transformation)
tx (text)
vc (vectors)
vf (vector fields)
vp (view port)
wk (workstation)
ws (workspace)
xy (xy plots)

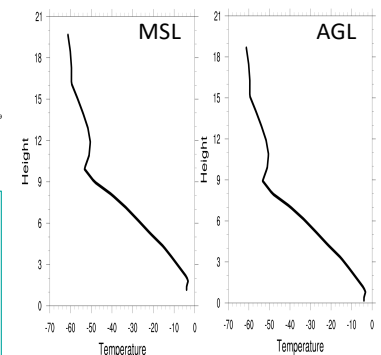
27

wrf_user_intrp3d

- `rh_plane = wrf_user_intrp3d(rh,z,"v",plane,angle,opts)`
– Interpolate “rh” to “z”, which by definition
is **Height Above Mean Sea Level**



```
z_AGL = z
dims = dimsizes(z)
do k=0,dims(0)-1
  z_AGL(k,:,:) = z_AGL(k,:,:) - ter(:,:)
end do
```



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wrf_user_vert_interp

- Interpolate to:
 - "pressure", "pres" - pressure [hPa]
 - "ght_msl" - grid point height msl [km]
 - "ght_agl" - grid point height agl [km]
 - "theta" - potential temperature [K]
 - "theta-e" - equivalent potential temperature [K]
- Extrapolate below the ground
 - Resource - `opts@extrapolate`

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wrf_user_vert_interp

```
begin
a = addfile("wrfout_d01_1991-01-01_00:00:00.nc","r")
tk = wrf_user_getvar(a,"tk",0) ; Get our variable

vert_coord = "pressure" ; Set the surface we want to interpolate to and which levels
interp_levels = (/200,300,500,1000/)

opts = True ; Set options for the function
opts@extrapolate = True
opts@field_type = "t"
opts@logP = True
tk_interp = wrf_user_vert_interp(a,tk,vert_coord,interp_levels,opts)

wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plot_tk_1000mb") ; open the workstation
opts2 = True ; Set options for the plot
opts2@cnFillOn = True
pltres = True
mpres = True
mpres@mpGeophysicalLineColor = "Black"
; Make the contour and plot it over a map
contour = wrf_contour(a,wks,tk_interp(0,3,::),opts2) ; Plot at time 0 and level 3
plot = wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour/),pltres,mpres)
end
```

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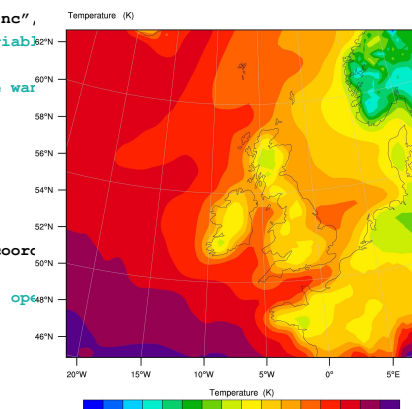
wrf_user_vert_interp

```
begin
a = addfile("wrfout_d01_1991-01-01_00:00:00.nc",
tk = wrf_user_getvar(a,"tk",0) ; Get our variable

vert_coord = "pressure" ; Set the surface we want to interpolate to and which levels
interp_levels = (/200,300,500,1000/)

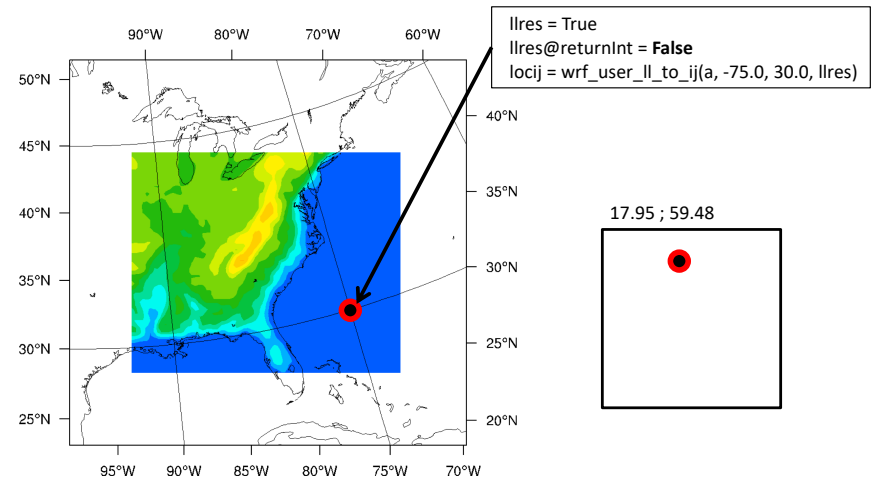
opts = True ; Set options for the function
opts@extrapolate = True
opts@field_type = "t"
opts@logP = True
tk_interp = wrf_user_vert_interp(a,tk,vert_coord,interp_levels,opts)

wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plot_tk_1000mb") ; open the workstation
opts2 = True ; Set options for the plot
opts2@cnFillOn = True
pltres = True
mpres = True
mpres@mpGeophysicalLineColor = "Black"
; Make the contour and plot it over a map
contour = wrf_contour(a,wks,tk_interp(0,3,::),opts2) ; Plot at time 0 and level 3
plot = wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour/),pltres,mpres)
end
```



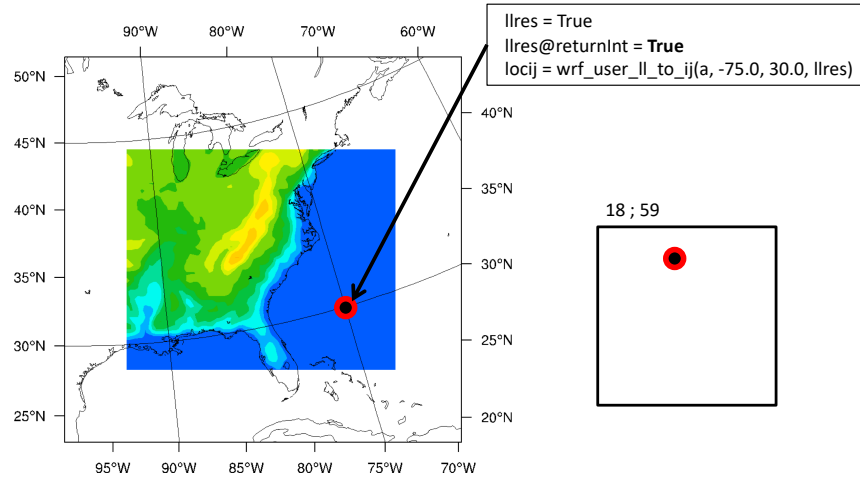
31

wrf_user_ll_to_ij



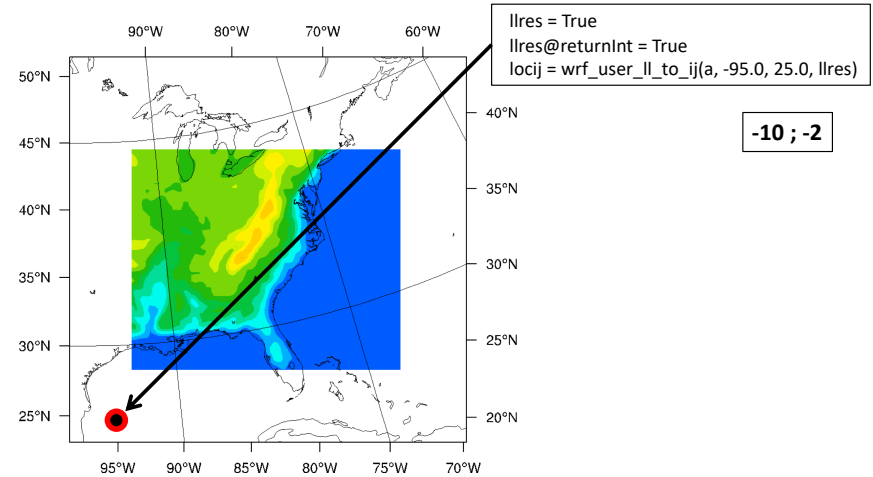
32

wrf_user_ll_to_ij



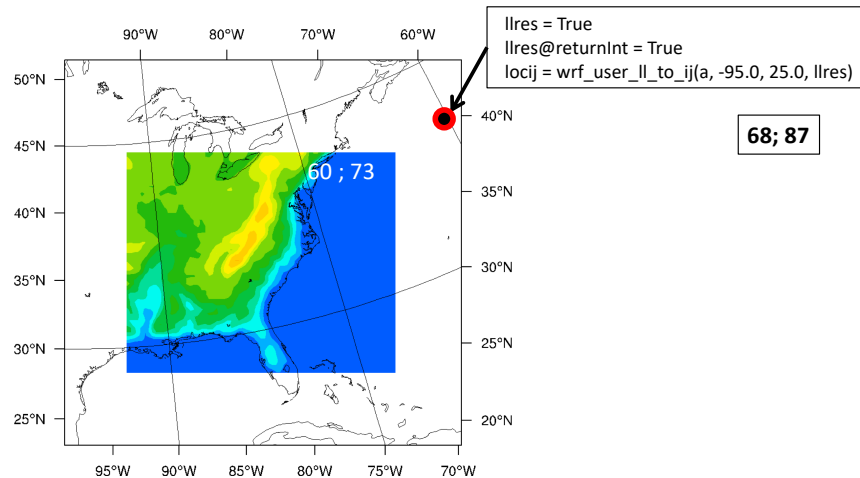
33

wrf_user_ll_to_ij



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wrf_user_ll_to_ij



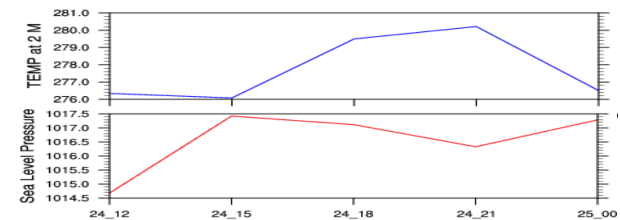
35

Time Series

```
locij = wrf_user_ll_to_ij(a, -87., 32.5, llres)
locij = locij - 1
locX = locij(0)
locY = locij(1)
```

```
t2_point = a->T2(:, locY, locX)
t2_plot = gsn_csm_xy(wks, taus, t2_point, t2_res)

slp = wrf_user_getvar(a, "slp", -1)
slp_point = slp(:, locY, locX)
slp_plot = gsn_csm_xy(wks, taus, slp_point, t2_res)
```

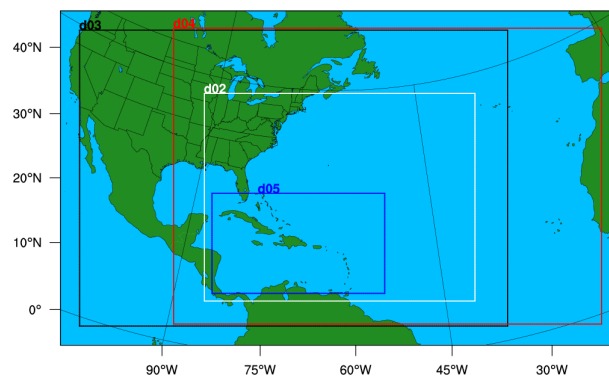


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Domain Design

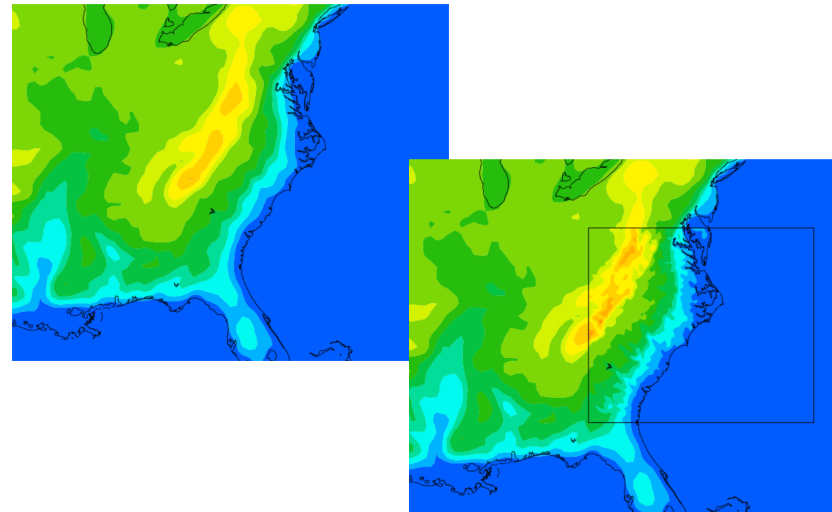
mp = wrf_wps_dom (wks, mpres, lnres, txres)
WPS/util/plotgrids.ncl

Test Domain



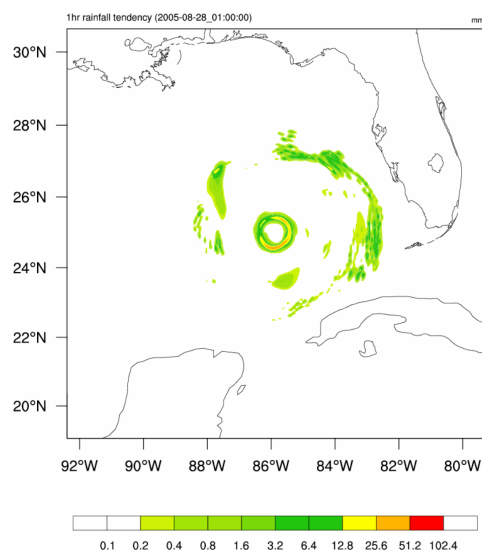
37

Overlay Domains



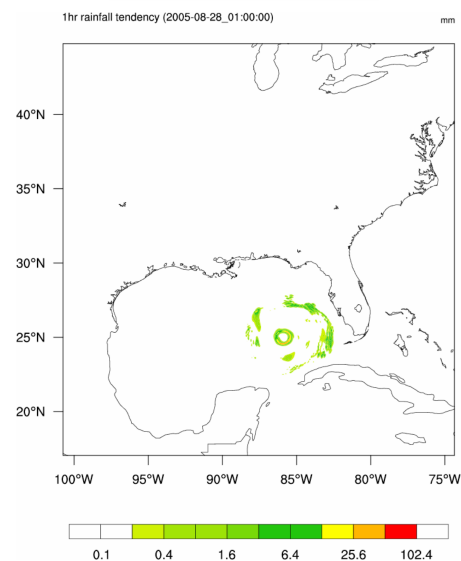
38

Moving Nests



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Moving Nests



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Change Fields in netCDF File

```
begin

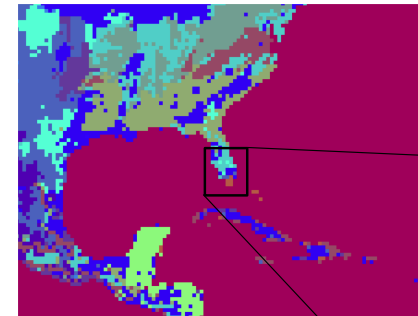
DATADir = "./"
FILES = systemfunc (" ls -l " + DATADir + "met_em.d01* ")
numFILES = dimsizes(FILES)

do i=0,numFILES-1
  a = addfile(FILES(i),"w")
  sst = a->SST      ; read the field
  sst = sst + 1     ; change the entire field
  a->SST = sst      ; write the field back to the file
end do

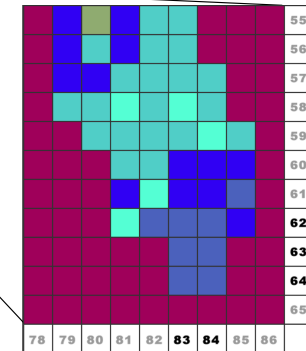
end
```

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Change Fields in netCDF File



```
a = addfile("../geo_em.d01.nc","w")
var= a->LANDUSE
var(:,63:64,83:84) = 7
var(:,62,84) = 7
a->LANDUSE = var
```



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Data Manipulation in NCL

```
begin

out = addfile("t2_dailymax_1993-08-20.nc","c") ; Create new netCDF file
filedimdef(out,"Time",-1,True) ; Make Time unlimited

a = addfile("wrfout_d01_1993-08-20_00:00:00.nc","r") ;File has 24 time steps
fileattdef(out,a) ; Transfer attributes to new file
t = a->T2-273.15
landmask = a->LANDMASK(0,:,:)
lat = a->XLAT(0,:,:)
lon = a->XLONG(0,:,:)
times = a->Times(0,0:9)

tland = mask(t,landmask,1) ; Mask out the ocean

tmax = dim_max_n(t,0) ; Daily max
tlandmax = dim_max_n(tland,0) ; Daily max with ocean masked out

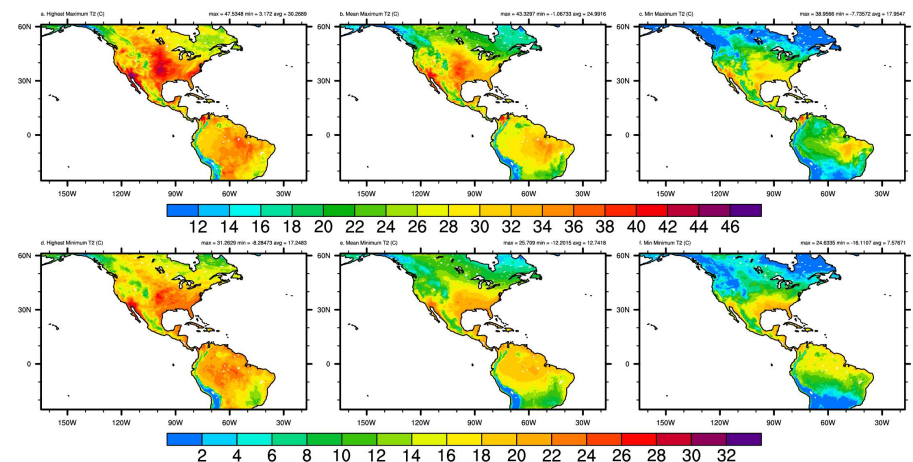
; Write attributes for the variable
tlandmaxday!0 = "Time"
tlandmaxday!1 = "south_north"
tlandmaxday!2 = "west_east"
tlandmaxday@units = "C"
tlandmaxday@coordinates = "XLONG XLAT"
tlandmaxday@description = "DAILY MAX TEMP at 2 M (masked)"

; Write out data
out->XLAT = lat
out->XLONG = lon
out->LANDMASK = landmask
out->T2MAX = tlandmaxday

end
```

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Data Manipulation in NCL



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Reading ASCII Data

```
begin
  fname = "/mydir/ascii.txt"
  foo = asciiread(fname, (/21,6/), "integer")
end
```

/mydir/ascii.txt

Variable: foo
Dimensions and sizes:
[Data]21 x [Columns]6

(0,0) 1950
(0,1) 13
(0,2) 11
(0,3) 3
(0,4) 8
(0,5) 3
(1,0) 1951
(1,1) 10

1950	13	11	3	8	3
1951	10	8	3	5	2
1952	7	6	3	3	1
1953	14	6	2	4	1
1954	11	8	6	2	1
1955	12	9	3	6	2
1956	8	4	2	2	1
1957	8	3	1	2	2
1958	10	7	2	5	3
1959	11	7	5	2	1
1960	7	4	2	2	2
1961	11	8	1	7	4
1962	5	3	2	1	0
1963	9	7	5	2	1
1964	12	6	0	6	4
1965	5	4	3	1	1
1966	11	7	4	3	1
1967	8	6	5	1	1
1968	8	5	5	0	0
1969	18	12	7	5	1
1970	10	5	3	2	0

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Reading ASCII Data: Trajectory

```
begin
  flnm = "track-1995_0723-0812-380.txt"
  n_col = numAsciiCol(flnm)

  n_var = n_col
  cnLevels = ispan(7, 21, 1)

  wks = gsn_open_wks("x11", "traj")
  gsn_define_colormap(wks, "GMT_panoply")
  cmap = gsn_retrieve_colormap(wks)

  res = True ; mapping resources
  res@mpLimitMode = "LatLon"
  res@mpMaxLatF = 60
  res@mpMinLatF = 0
  res@mpMinLonF = -110
  res@mpMaxLonF = 0
  res@mpCenterLonF = -65

  pres = True ; polyline resources
  pres@gsLineThicknessF = 6.0 ; line thickness

  mres = True ; marker resources
  first = True
  first@gsMarkerSizeF = 9.0
  first@gsMarkerColor = "red"

  19950804 12 31.2 265.6 1013.8 16.3 11.2 9.0 32.8 3.9 -4.2 4.6
  19950804 18 31.7 264.9 1013.9 17.2 13.6 10.5 27.8 5.7 -2.6 5.5
  19950805 00 32.1 264.4 1011.5 19.7 12.5 11.0 37.5 3.9 2.0 4.9
  19950805 06 32.5 263.7 1012.7 16.3 10.5 8.9 36.5 4.9 -1.2 3.7
  19950805 12 33.6 263.1 1013.7 13.7 7.7 7.0 27.9 5.3 -2.9 3.5
  19950805 18 34.1 262.6 1013.3 14.2 10.0 9.1 28.5 5.6 -2.2 5.2
  19950806 00 34.4 262.3 1011.6 17.0 10.2 8.8 32.8 4.4 2.6 4.1
  19950806 06 35.2 262.5 1013.6 16.1 7.3 6.5 30.5 4.5 1.6 3.1
  19950806 12 35.6 261.7 1015.3 11.0 6.6 5.9 21.4 4.9 -6.2 2.9
  19950806 18 36.3 261.6 1015.5 11.7 8.4 7.9 31.1 4.9 -6.8 4.7
  19950807 00 36.6 262.0 1013.9 13.2 10.3 7.5 34.2 4.7 -5.5 4.2
  19950807 06 37.5 261.8 1016.0 13.2 5.4 3.6 23.7 3.3 -0.3 3.9
  19950807 12 38.3 261.4 1016.6 10.3 4.4 3.5 20.0 3.9 -1.0 2.8
  19950807 18 38.8 261.8 1016.1 10.0 7.8 7.5 24.5 3.4 -4.3 4.2
  19950808 00 39.3 262.8 1014.1 11.0 9.4 7.6 21.2 3.4 -3.3 4.4
  19950808 06 41.0 259.5 1014.9 21.1 8.8 8.0 1.9 3.0 5.6 2.8
  19950808 12 47.2 259.0 1008.7 17.3 9.1 8.4 20.0 6.1 -11.7 -1.6
  19950808 18 49.7 268.6 1007.7 19.7 11.5 10.9 4.0 7.3 -14.1 -1.7
  19950809 00 58.3 262.9 1007.2 19.3 12.9 11.1 6.4 5.3 -14.4 -1.4
  19950809 06 58.8 263.6 1006.9 10.9 10.7 9.8 16.7 5.6 -15.7 -0.8
  19950809 12 53.1 266.8 1006.6 17.4 6.5 5.9 5.1 4.7 -17.8 -0.8
  19950809 18 53.7 269.5 1003.1 17.9 0.3 0.3 9.5 5.2 -17.7 -0.6
  19950810 00 54.9 272.7 999.4 18.3 12.0 9.5 13.3 4.9 -12.0 -0.8
  19950810 06 56.4 276.6 997.2 17.8 14.6 13.0 12.4 3.9 -13.2 -1.9
  19950810 12 57.0 282.4 997.3 19.0 21.9 11.1 10.7 1.8 -16.0 0.2
  19950810 18 57.2 289.7 994.3 25.6 16.8 15.8 34.7 4.1 -20.6 1.7
  19950811 00 56.0 296.9 996.1 30.0 14.6 12.1 41.5 3.9 -19.7 2.8
  19950811 06 53.8 303.5 997.1 30.8 16.0 14.3 47.2 6.2 -19.0 1.2
```

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Reading ASCII Data: Trajectory

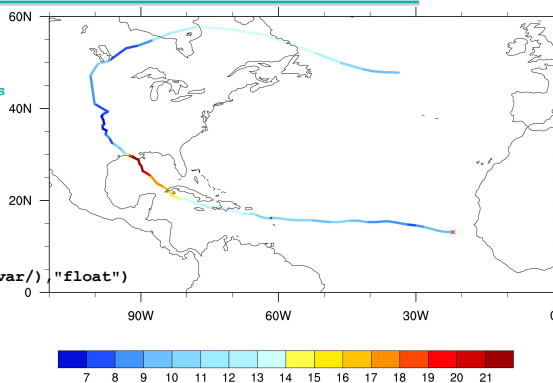
```
mres = True ; marker resources
first = True
first@gsMarkerSizeF = 9.0
first@gsMarkerColor = "red"

map = gsn_csm_map_ce(wks, res)

n_pt = numAsciiRow(flnm)
data = asciiread(flnm, (/n_pt, n_var/), "float")
lat = data(:, 2)
lon = data(:, 3)
var = data(:, 7)

do j = 0, n_pt - 1
  ; assign a color based upon an input scalar variable
  pres@gsLineColor = GetFillColor(cnLevels, cmap, avg((var(j), var(j+1))))
  gsn_polyline(wks, map, (/lon(j), lon(j+1)/), (/lat(j), lat(j+1)/), pres)
end do
gsn_polymarker(wks, map, lon(0), lat(0), first) ; draw start of trajectory

draw(map)
end
```



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Writing ASCII Data

```
t2_point = a->T2(:, locY, locX)
q2_point = a->Q2(:, locY, locX)

asciwrite("t2.txt", t2_point)
asciwrite("q2.txt", sprintf("%9.3f", q2_point))

npts = dimsizes(t2_point)
data = new(npts, "string")
do npt=0, npts-1
  data(npt) = sprintf("%7.1f ", t2_point(npt))
  data(npt) = data(npt) + sprintf("%7.1f ", q2_point(npt))
end do
asciwrite("t2_q2.txt", data)

data2 = new(/npts, 2/), "float"
data2(:, 0) = t2_point
data2(:, 1) = q2_point
write_matrix(data2, "2f7.3", True)
```

write_matrix

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Shapefiles and WRF

- A geospatial vector data format for GIS systems software
- We can use it to mask data to specific regional or state borders, rather than drawing a box over an area
- Shapefiles can have three different types of data:
 - Point (locations of cities or places of interest, population data, election data)
 - Polyline (non-closed boundaries like rivers and roads)
 - Polygon (closed geographic boundaries like countries, states, provinces, territories, and lakes)
 - Only one data type per shapefile!

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Shapefiles and WRF

```
shp_filename = "cb_2014_us_state_20m.shp"
f = addfile(shp_filename, "r")
print(f) ; print shapefile metadata
```

```
id = f->NAME ; we know we want the states,
; so read and print the metadata
```

```
print(id)

Variable: f
Type: file
Filename: cb_2014_us_state_20m
Path: /glade/p/p66770801/DNV_Ensembles/T2/Shapefiles/Shapefiles_US/cb_2014_us_state_20m.shp
File global attributes:
  layer_name : cb_2014_us_state_20m
  geometry_type : polygon
  geom_typeIndex : 0
  geom_numSegs : 1
  segs_typeIndex : 0
  segs_numPnts : 1
dimensions:
  geometry = 2
  segments = 2
  num_features = 52 // unlimited
  num_segments = 132
  num_pnts = 13785
variables:
  integer geometry ( num_features, geometry )
  integer segments ( num_segments, segments )
  double x ( num_pnts )
  double y ( num_pnts )
  double z ( num_pnts )
  string STATEFP ( num_features )
  string STATENS ( num_features )
  string AFGEOID ( num_features )
  string GEOID ( num_features )
  string STUSPS ( num_features )
  string NAME ( num_features )
  string LSAD ( num_features )
  double ALAND ( num_features )
  double AWATER ( num_features )
```

```
Variable: id
Type: string
Total Size: 416 bytes
Number of Dimensions: 1
Dimensions and sizes: [num_features | 52]
Coordinates:
Number Of Attributes: 0
(0) California
(1) District of Columbia
(2) Florida
(3) Georgia
(4) Idaho
(5) Illinois
(6) Iowa
(7) Kentucky
(8) Louisiana
(9) Maryland
(10) Michigan
(11) Minnesota
(12) Missouri
(13) New York
(14) Oregon
(15) Tennessee
(16) Texas
(17) Virginia
(18) Wisconsin
(19) Alaska
(20) Arizona
(21) Arkansas
(22) Colorado
(23) Indiana
(24) Connecticut
(25) Hawaii
(26) Nebraska
(27) New Mexico
(28) North Carolina
(29) Ohio
(30) Maine
(31) Massachusetts
(32) Mississippi
(33) Montana
(34) Oklahoma
(35) South Carolina
(36) South Dakota
(37) Utah
(38) Washington
(39) West Virginia
(40) Wyoming
(41) Delaware
(42) Rhode Island
(43) Alabama
(44) North Dakota
(45) Pennsylvania
(46) Vermont
(47) Puerto Rico
(48) Kansas
(49) Nevada
(50) New Hampshire
(51) New Jersey
```

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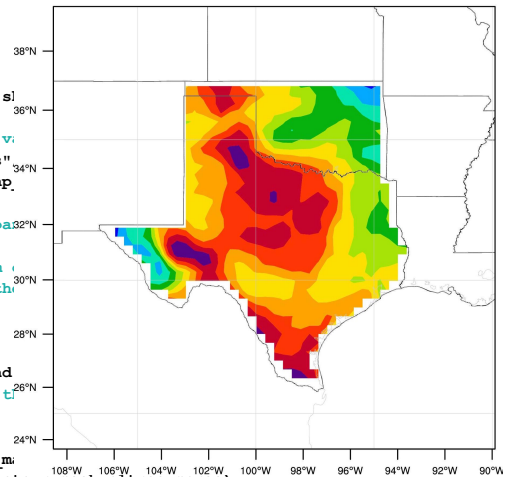
Shapefiles and WRF

```
a = addfile("wrfout_d01_2000-07-17_00:00:00.nc", "r")
wks = gsn_open_wks("X11", "OK_TX")
var = a->T2(0, :, :)
var@lat2d = a->XLAT(0, :, :)
var@lon2d = a->XLONG(0, :, :)
shp_filename = "cb_2014_us_state_20m.shp" ; Shapefile from internet
opt = True
opt@shape_var = "NAME" ; We know the variable name
opt@shape_names = ("/Oklahoma", "Texas"/) ; The states we want to mask
var_mask = shapefile_mask_data(var, shp_filename, opt) ; Mask the data
pltres = True
pltres@PanelPlot = True ; We need a panel plot to plot more than one state
mpres = True
mpres@Zoomin = True ; We want to zoom on our area of interest
mpres@Xstart = 150 ; Grid points of the zoomed in area
mpres@Ystart = 135
mpres@Xend = 200
mpres@Yend = 185
var_mask_zoom = var_mask(y_start:y_end, x_start:x_end) ; Zoomed in variable
; Make contours, draw them on a map, then draw the outline of the polygons
opts = True
opts@cnFillOn = True
contour_mask = wrf_contour(a, wks, var_mask, opts)
plot_mask = wrf_map_overlays(a, wks, contour_mask, pltres, mpres)
id_mask = gsn_add_shapefile_polylines(wks, plot_mask, shp_filename, True)
draw(plot_mask)
frame(wks)
```

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Shapefiles and WRF

```
a = addfile("wrfout_d01_2000-07-17_00:00:00.nc", "r")
wks = gsn_open_wks("X11", "OK_TX")
var = a->T2(0, :, :)
var@lat2d = a->XLAT(0, :, :)
var@lon2d = a->XLONG(0, :, :)
shp_filename = "cb_2014_us_state_20m.shp"
opt = True
opt@shape_var = "NAME" ; We know the variable name
opt@shape_names = ("/Oklahoma", "Texas"/)
var_mask = shapefile_mask_data(var, shp_filename, opt)
pltres = True
pltres@PanelPlot = True ; We need a panel plot to plot more than one state
mpres = True
mpres@Zoomin = True ; We want to zoom on our area of interest
mpres@Xstart = 150 ; Grid points of the zoomed in area
mpres@Ystart = 135
mpres@Xend = 200
mpres@Yend = 185
var_mask_zoom = var_mask(y_start:y_end, x_start:x_end)
; Make contours, draw them on a map, then draw the outline of the polygons
opts = True
opts@cnFillOn = True
contour_mask = wrf_contour(a, wks, var_mask, opts)
plot_mask = wrf_map_overlays(a, wks, contour_mask, pltres, mpres)
id_mask = gsn_add_shapefile_polylines(wks, plot_mask, shp_filename, True)
draw(plot_mask)
frame(wks)
```



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Geo Referenced Graphics

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```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
```

```
begin
  a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc","r")
  wks = gsn_open_wks("X11","plt_Surface")

  T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",-1)
  times = wrf_user_getvar(a,"times",-1)
  ntimes = dimsizes(times)

  mpres = True
  pltres = True

  do it=0,ntimes-1
    opts = True
    opts@cnFillOn = True
    contour_t2 = wrf_contour(a,wks,T2(it,,:),opts)
    plot = wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour_t2/),pltres,mpres)

  end do

end
```

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```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
load "$VAPOR_HOME/share/examples/NCL/wrf2geotiff.ncl"

begin
  a = addfile("./wrfout_d01_2012-09-28_00:00:00.nc","r")
  wks = gsn_open_wks("ps","plt_Surface")
  wrf2geotiff = wrf2geotiff_open(wks)

  T2 = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T2",-1)
  times = wrf_user_getvar(a,"times",-1)
  ntimes = dimsizes(times)

  mpres = True
  pltres = True
  pltres@gsnFrame = False

  do it=0,ntimes-1
    opts = True
    opts@cnFillOn = True
    contour_t2 = wrf_contour(a,wks,T2(it,,:),opts)
    plot = wrf_map_overlays(a,wks,(/contour_t2/),pltres,mpres)
    wrf2geotiff_write(wrf2geotiff,a,times(it),wks,plot,False)
    frame(wks)
  end do

  wrf2geotiff_close(wrf2geotiff,wks)
end
```

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Linking NCL to Fortran/C Code

- Link Fortran/C code to NCL scripts
 - Create a library from your Fortran/C code
 - Link to NCL script
- Link low-level NCL (NCAR Graphics) to Fortran code
 - Add calls to code inside Fortran code
 - Compile Fortran code with NCL libraries
 - Example: WPS/utils/plotfmt.exe
 - *Older way of creating plots – not recommended*

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Linking NCL to Fortran/C Code

- Easier to use F77 code, but works with F90 code
- Need to isolate definition of input variables and wrap them with special comment statements:

```
C  NCLFORTSTART
C  NCLEND
```

- Use a tool called **WRAPIT** to create a *.so file
 > WRAPIT myTK.f
- Load the *.so file into the NCL script with “external” statement
- Call Fortran function with special “::” syntax
- You must pre-allocate for arrays!

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Linking NCL to Fortran/C Code: myTK.f

```
C NCLFORTSTART
```

```
subroutine compute_tk (tk,pressure,theta, nx, ny, nz)
  implicit none
  integer nx,ny,nz
  real pi, tk(nx,ny,nz)
  real pressure(nx,ny,nz), theta(nx,ny,nz)
```

```
C NCLEND
```

```
integer i,j,k

do k=1,nz
  do j=1,ny
    do i=1,nx
      pi=(pressure(i,j,k) / 1000. )** (287./1004.)
      tk(i,j,k) = pi*theta(i,j,k)
    enddo
  enddo
enddo

end
```

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myTK.so – Create & use in NCL Script

```
% WRAPIT myTK.f
```

This will create a “myTK.so” file

```
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/csm/gsn_code.ncl"
load "$NCARG_ROOT/lib/ncarg/nclscripts/wrf/WRFUserARW.ncl"
external myTK ". /myTK.so"

begin
  t = wrf_user_getvar(a,"T",5)
  t = t + 300
  p = wrf_user_getvar(a,"pressure",5)

  ; Must preallocate space for output arrays
  dim = dimsizes(t)
  tk = new( dimsizes(t), typeof(t) )

  ; Remember, Fortran/NCL arrays are ordered differently
  myTK :: compute_tk (tk,p,t,dim(2),dim(1),dim(0))
end
```

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FORTRAN 90 Code

- Can use simple FORTRAN 90 code
- Your FORTRAN 90 program may not contain any of the following features:
 - pointers or structures as arguments,
 - missing/optional arguments,
 - keyword arguments, or
 - recursive procedure.

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Compiling with NCL

```
In function `write_png':  
  undefined reference to `png_create_write_struct'  
  undefined reference to `png_create_info_struct'  
  undefined reference to `png_destroy_write_struct'  
  undefined reference to `png_destroy_write_struct'
```

```
-L<path_to_png_lib> -lpng -L<path_to_z_lib> -lz
```

```
/usr/local/ncl/lib/libncarg.a(agcurv.o): In function `agcurv':  
agcurv.f:(.text+0x69): undefined reference to `_gfortran_copy_string'  
/usr/local/ncl/lib/libncarg.a(aggctch.o): In function `aggctch':  
aggctch.f:(.text+0x3e): undefined reference to `_gfortran_copy_string'  
aggctch.f:(.text+0x7b): undefined reference to `_gfortran_copy_string'
```

```
-L<path_to_gfortran_lib> -lgfortran
```

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WRF-Python

- A collection of diagnostic and interpolation routines for use with WRF-ARW
- Functionality is very similar to what is provided by the WRF NCL functions
- When coupled with either matplotlib or PyNGL you can create plots very similar to what you make with NCL

<https://github.com/NCAR/wrf-python>

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Practice Session

- If you want to use an NCL script that needs a wrfout file with multiple time steps:

```
ncrcat wrfout* wrfout_all.nc
```

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NCL Support

- wrfhelp@ucar.edu

all questions about WRF and NCL

- ncl-talk@ucar.edu

generic NCL questions

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