

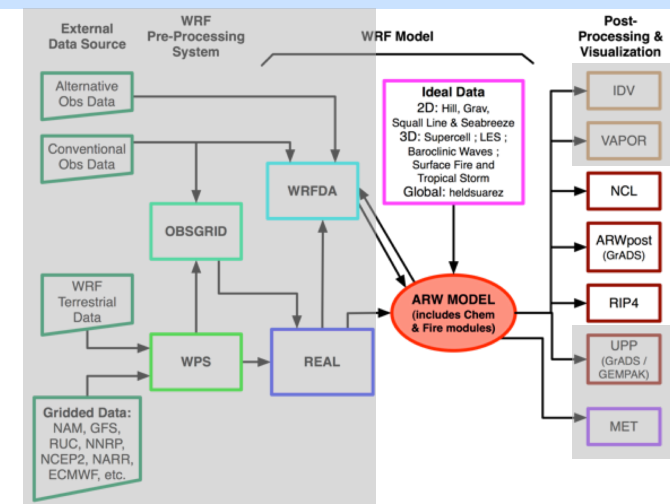
Idealized Cases: Introduction

Initialization for Idealized Cases

Why do we provide idealized cases?

1. The cases provide simple tests of the dynamics solver for a broad range of space and time scale:
LES - Δx meters, $\Delta t < \text{second}$;
Baroclinic waves - Δx 100 km, $\Delta t = 10$ minutes.
2. The test cases reproduce known solutions (analytic, converged, or otherwise).
3. The cases provide a starting point for other idealized experiments.
4. They can be used to test physics development.
5. These tests are the easiest way to test the solver.

Idealized Cases: Introduction

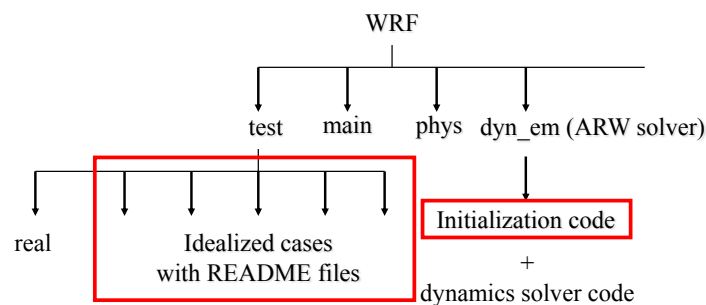


WRF ARW Tech Note

A Description of the Advanced Research WRF Version 3 (V4 technote coming soon)
<http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/pub-doc.html>

Idealized Cases: Introduction

WRF ARW code



Idealized Cases: Introduction

Idealized Test Cases for the WRF ARW Model V4

- 2D flow over a bell-shaped mountain – *WRF/test/em_hill2d_x*
- 2D squall line (x, z; y, z) – *WRF/test/em_squall2d_x, em_squall2d_y*
- 2D gravity current – *WRF/test/em_grav2d_x*
- 2D sea-breeze case – *WRF/test/em_seabreeze2d_x*
- 3D large-eddy simulation case – *WRF/test/em_les*
- 3D quarter-circle shear supercell thunderstorm – *WRF/test/em_quarter_ss*
- 3D tropical cyclone – *WRF/test/em_tropical_cyclone*
- 3D baroclinic wave in a channel – *WRF/test/em_b_wave*
- 3D global: Held-Suarez case – *WRF/test/em_heldsuarez*
- 1D single column test configuration – *WRF/test/em_scm_xy*
- 3D fire model test cases – *WRF/test/em_fire*
- 3D convective radiative equilibrium test – *WRF/test/em_convrad*

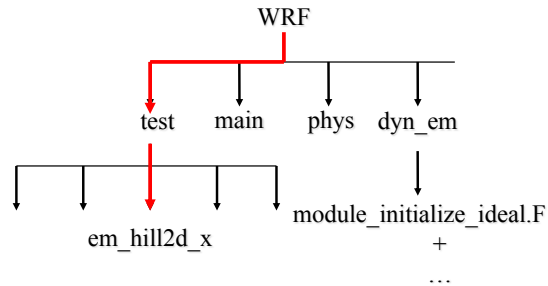
Idealized Cases: 2d flow over a bell-shaped mountain

Running a test case: *em_hill2d_x* example

2D Flow Over a Bell-Shaped Mountain

Initialization module: `dyn_em/module_initialize_ideal.F`

Case directory: `test/em_hill2d_x`



Idealized Cases: 2d flow over a bell-shaped mountain

From the WRF main directory:

- > `configure` (choose *serial* build, *no nesting* option)
- > `compile em_hill2d_x`

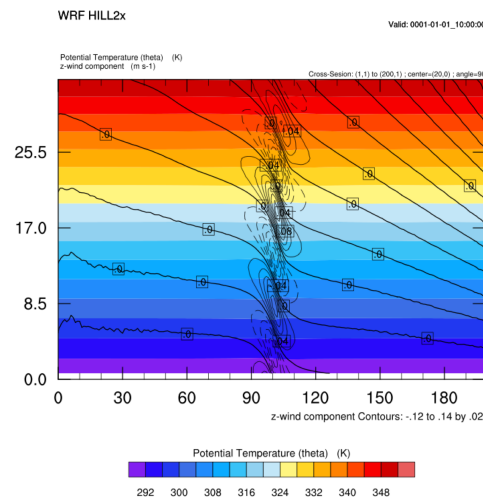
Move to the test directory:

- > `cd test/em_hill2d_x`
- > `ideal.exe` (this produces the ARW initial conditions)
- > `wrf.exe` (executes ARW)

Finish by plotting output using scripts downloaded from the ARW website (`wrf_Hill2d.ncl`)

Idealized Cases: 2d flow over a bell-shaped mountain

(`dx = 2km, dt=20s, T=10 h, wrf_Hill2d.ncl`)



Idealized Cases: 2d flow over a bell-shaped mountain

What happens during the initialization

Initialization code: `WRF/dyn_em/module_initialize_ideal.F`

- Idealize test specifics are enabled in the code using the Fortran CASE construct.
SELECT CASE (`model_config_rec%ideal_case`)
CASE (`hill2d_x`)
- Model levels are set within the initialization to produce a stretched η coordinate (close to equally spaced z), or equally spaced η coordinate.
- Terrain is set in the initialization code
- A single sounding (z , θ , Q_v , u and v) is read in from `WRF/test/em_hill2d_x/input_sounding`
- Sounding is interpolated to the ARW grid, equation of state and hydrostatic balance used to compute the full thermodynamics state.
- Wind fields are interpolated to model η levels.

3D meshes are always used, even in 2D (x,z ; y,z) cases. The third dimension contains only 5 planes, the boundary conditions in that dimension are periodic, and the solutions on the planes are identical in the initial state and remain so during the integration.

Idealized Cases: 2d flow over a bell-shaped mountain

Setting the terrain heights

In *WRF/dyn_em/module_initialize_ideal.F*

```

SUBROUTINE init_domain_rk ( grid, &

CASE (hill12d_x)
  hm = 100.
  xa = 5.0
  icm = ide/2

CASE (hill12d_x)
  DO j=jts,jte
  DO i=its,ite
    grid%ht(i,j) = hm/(1.+(float(i-icm)/xa)**2)
    grid%phb(i,1,j) = g*grid%ht(i,j)
    grid%php(i,1,j) = 0.
    grid%ph0(i,1,j) = grid%phb(i,1,j)
  ENDDO
ENDDO

```

mountain height and half-width

mountain position in domain (center gridpoint in x)

Set height field

lower boundary condition

Idealized Cases: 2d flow over a bell-shaped mountain

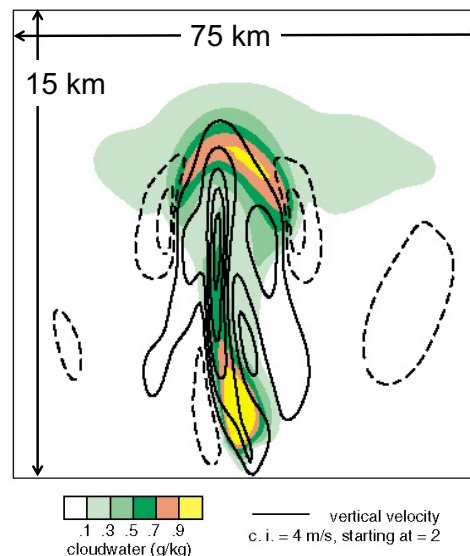
Sounding File Format

File: *WRF/test/em_quarter_ss/input_sounding*

	surface Pressure (mb)	surface potential Temperature (K)	surface vapor mixing ratio (g/kg)		
line 1	1000.00	300.00	14.00		
each successive line is a point in the sounding	250.00	300.45	14.00	-7.88	-3.58
	750.00	301.25	14.00	-6.94	-0.89
	1250.00	302.47	13.50	-5.17	1.33
	1750.00	303.93	11.10	-2.76	2.84
	2250.00	305.31	9.06	0.01	3.47
	2750.00	306.81	7.36	2.87	3.49
	3250.00	308.46	5.95	5.73	3.49
	3750.00	310.03	4.78	8.58	3.49
	4250.00	311.74	3.82	11.44	3.49
	4750.00	313.48	3.01	14.30	3.49
	height (m)	potential temperature (K)	vapor mixing ratio (g/kg)	U (west-east velocity (m/s)	V (south-north velocity (m/s)

Idealized Cases: 2d squall line

Squall-line simulation
 $T = 3600$ s
 $\Delta x = \Delta z = 250$ meters
 $v = 300$ m²/s



Idealized Cases: 2d squall line

squall2d_x is (x,z), *squall2d_y* is (y,z); both produce the same solution.

Initialization code is in

WRFV3/dyn_em/module_initialize_ideal.F

This code also introduces the initial perturbation.

The thermodynamic soundings and hodographs are in the ascii input files

WRFV3/test/em_squall2d_x/input_sounding

WRFV3/test/em_squall2d_y/input_sounding

Idealized Cases: 2d gravity (density) current

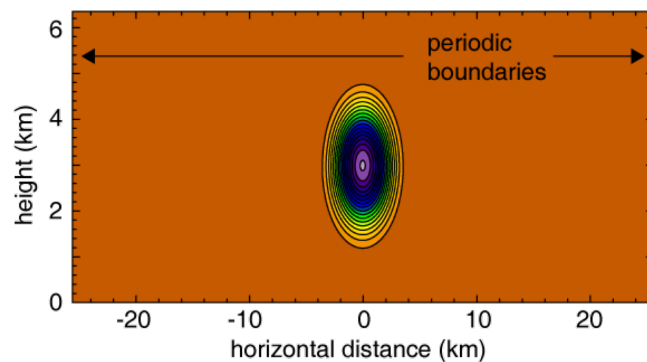
(Straka et al, IJNMF, 1993)

2D channel (x, z; 51.2 x 6.4 km)

Initial state: theta = 300 K (neutral) + perturbation (max = 16.2 K)

Eddy viscosity = 75 m²/s (constant)

Initial state, potential temperature (c.i. = 1 K)

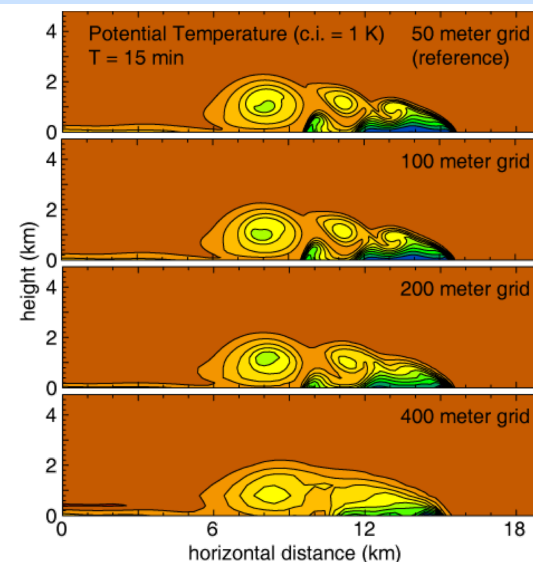


Idealized Cases: 2d gravity (density) current

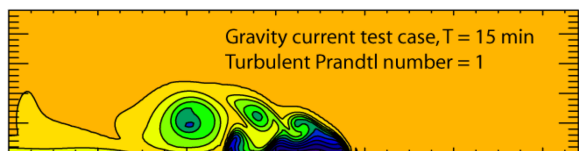
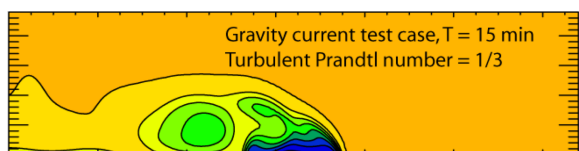
Default case, dx = 100 m,
5th order upwind advection,
uses namelist.input.100m

dx = 200 m,
5th order upwind advection,
use namelist.input.200m

dx = 400 m,
5th order upwind advection,
use namelist.input.400m



Idealized Cases: 2d gravity (density) current



The turbulent Prandtl number in WRF is 1/3, and
the default WRF test case will give this solution.

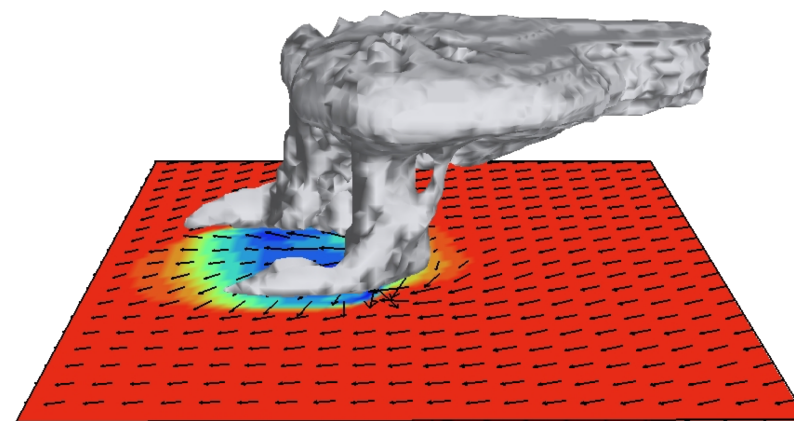
To recover the Straka et al (1993) solution,
change the parameter *Prandtl* to 1 (from 1/3) in
WRF/share/module_model_constants.F

Idealized Cases: 3d supercell thunderstorm

Height coordinate model

(dx = dy = 2 km, dz = 500 m, dt = 12 s, 160 x 160 x 20 km domain)

Surface temperature, surface winds and cloud field at 2 hours



Idealized Cases: 3d Large Eddy Simulation (LES)

Initialization code is in

WRF/dyn_em/module_initialize_ideal.F

Test case directory is in

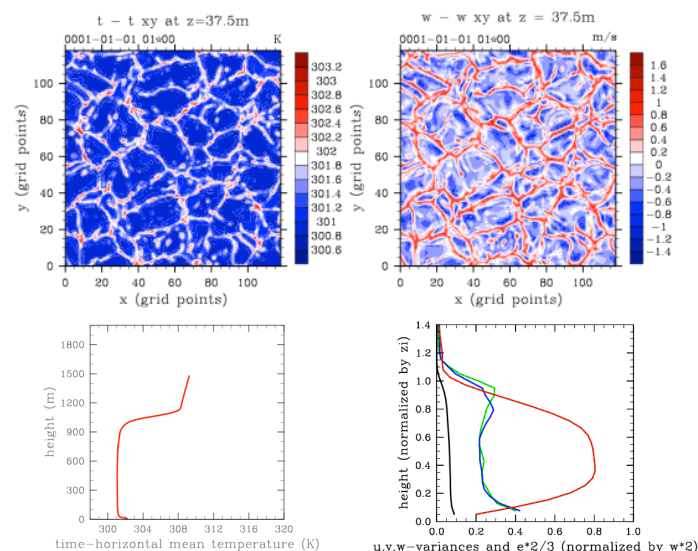
WRF/test/em_les

The default case is a large-eddy simulation of free convective boundary layer with no winds. The turbulence of the free CBL is driven and maintained by namelist-specified surface heat flux.

An initial sounding with mean winds is also provided.

Reference: Moeng et al. 2007 MWR

Idealized Cases: 3d Large Eddy Simulation (LES)



Idealized Cases: 3d tropical cyclone

Default vortex:

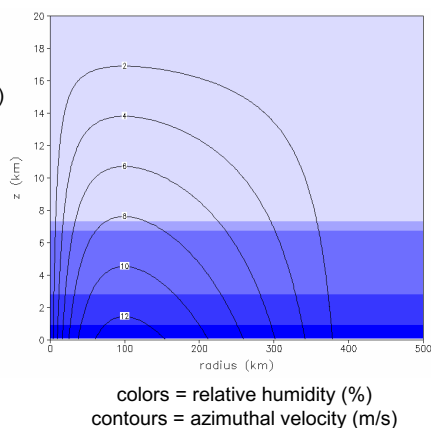
- weak (12.9 m/s) axisymmetric analytic vortex (Rotunno and Emanuel, 1987, JAS)
- placed in center of domain
- in "module_initialize_tropical_cyclone.F" users can modify initial size and intensity (see parameters r0, rmax, vmax, zdd)

Default environment:

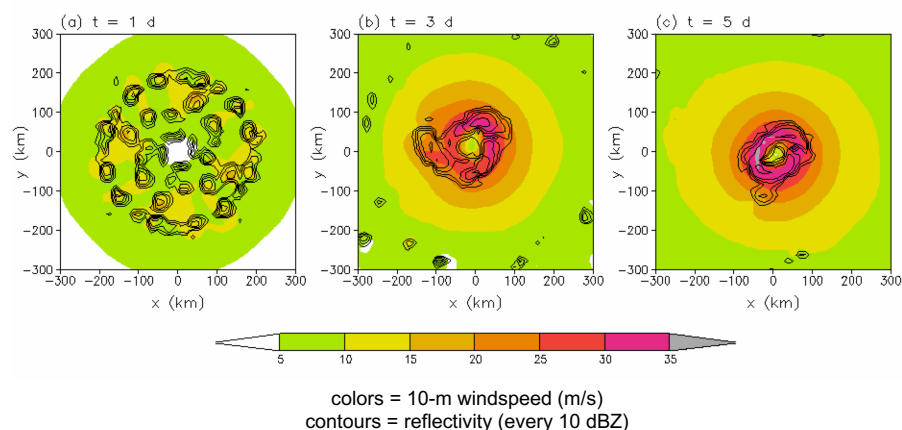
- mean hurricane sounding from Jordan (1958, J. Meteor.)
- SST = 28 degrees C
- $f = 5e-5 \text{ s}^{-1}$ (20 degrees North)

Default domain:

- 3000 km x 3000 km x 25 km domain
- default dx, dy is only 15 km: useful for quick tests of new code (i.e., new physics schemes); research-quality studies should use smaller dx, dy

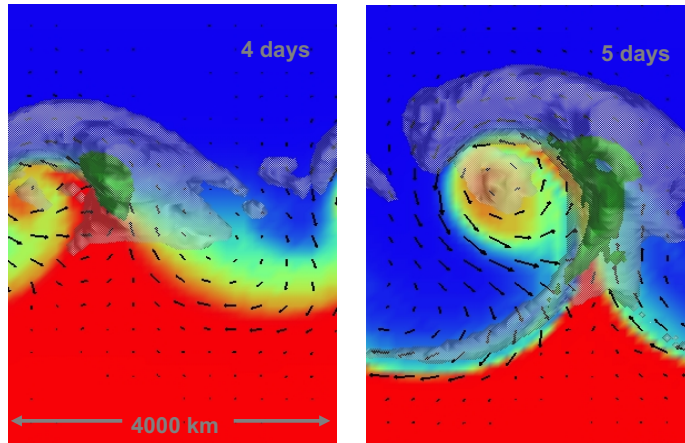


Idealized Cases: 3d tropical cyclone



Idealized Cases: baroclinic wave in a channel

Height coordinate model ($dx = 100$ km, $dz = 250$ m, $dt = 600$ s)
Surface temperature, surface winds, cloud and rain water



Idealized Cases: baroclinic wave in a channel

Initialization code is in

WRF/dyn_em/module_initialize_ideal.F

The initial jet (y, z) is read from the binary input file

WRF/test/em_b_wave/input_jet

The initial perturbation is hardwired in the initialization code.

Idealized Cases: baroclinic wave in a channel

Default configuration in

WRF/test/em_b_wave/namelist.input

runs the dry jet in a periodic channel with dimension
(4000 x 8000 x 16 km) (x, y, z).

Turning on any microphysics

($mp_physics > 0$ in *namelist.input*) puts moisture
into the model state.

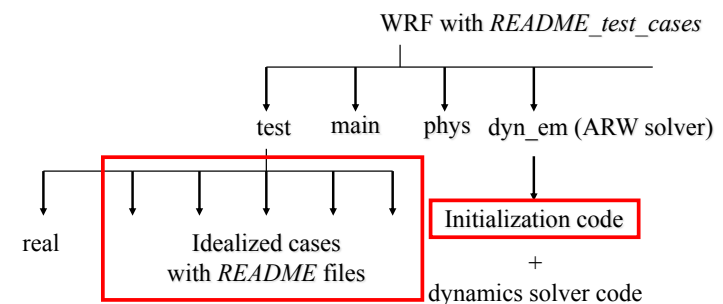
The initial jet only works for $dy = 100$ km and
81 grid points in the y (south-north) direction.

Idealized Cases: More information

Descriptions:

WRF/README_test_cases

WRF/test/em_/README*



Idealized Cases

Idealized Test Cases for the WRF ARW Model V4

- 2D flow over a bell-shaped mountain – *WRF/test/em_hill2d_x*
 - 2D squall line (x, z ; y, z) – *WRF/test/em_squall2d_x, em_squall2d_y*
 - 2D gravity current – *WRF/test/em_grav2d_x*
 - 2D sea-breeze case – *WRF/test/em_seabreeze2d_x*
 - 3D large-eddy simulation case – *WRF/test/em_les*
 - 3D quarter-circle shear supercell thunderstorm – *WRF/test/em_quarter_ss*
 - 3D convective radiative equilibrium test – *WRF/test/em_convrad*
 - 3D baroclinic wave in a channel – *WRF/test/em_b_wave*
- These cases are initialized using `dyn_em/module_initialize_ideal.F`
- 3D global: Held-Suarez case – *WRF/test/em_heldsuarez* and *dyn_em/module_initialize_heldsuarez.F*
 - 1D single column test configuration – *WRF/test/em_scm_xy* and *dyn_em/module_initialize_scm.F*
 - 3D fire model test cases – *WRF/test/em_fire* and *dyn_em/module_initialize_fire.F*
 - 3D tropical cyclone – *WRF/test/em_tropical_cyclone* and *dyn_em/module_initialize_tropical_cyclone.F*