

#### Analysis Nudging

$$\frac{\partial p^* \alpha}{\partial t} = F(\alpha, \mathbf{x}, t) + G_{\alpha} \cdot W_{\alpha} \cdot \epsilon_{\alpha}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot p^*(\hat{\alpha}_0 - \alpha)$$

- G is nudging inverse time scale
- W is vertical weight (upper air and surface)
- ε is a horizontal weight for obs density (not implemented)

### Analysis-Nudging namelist options

Can choose

- Frequency of nudging calculations (fgdt in minutes)
- Nudging time scale for each variable (guv, gt, gq in inverse seconds)
- Which variables not to nudge in the PBL (if\_no\_pbl\_nudging\_uv, etc.)
- Model level for each variable below which nudging is turned off (if\_zfac\_uv, k\_zfac\_uv, etc.)
- Ramping period over which nudging is turned off gradually (if\_ramping, dt\_ramp\_min)

# Analysis Nudging

- 3d analysis nudging uses the WRF input fields at multiple times that are put in wrffdda\_d01 file by program real when run with grid\_fdda=1
  - With low time-resolution analyses, it is recommended not to use 3d grid-nudging in the boundary layer, especially for temperature
- Surface (2d) analysis nudging
  - Nudges surface and boundary layer only

## Surface Analysis Nudging

- 2d (surface) nudging (grid\_fdda=1 and grid\_sfdda=1) for surface analyses
  - wrfsfdda\_d01 file created by obsgrid.exe
  - Weights given by  $guv\_sfc,\,gt\_sfc,\,and\,gq\_sfc$
  - Note: grid\_fdda=1 must be used to activate this. If upper-air nudging not wanted, set upper weights guv, gt, gq =0.
- In Version 3.8 we have FASDAS (grid\_sfdda=2)
  - Flux-Adjusted Surface Data Assimilation System
  - This is a special option to also nudge the soil state
    - Only works with YSU PBL and Noah LSM

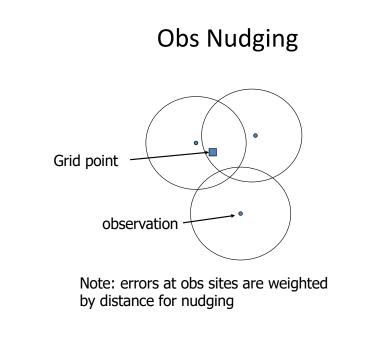
# Spectral Nudging (grid\_fdda=2)

- Spectral nudging does 3d nudging of only selected larger scales
  - Allows model small scales to evolve with no nudging
- This may be useful for controlling longer wave phases for long analysis-driven simulations (e.g. months to years)
  - Compensates for error due to low-frequency narrow lateral boundaries
  - Top wavenumber nudged is selected in namelist (xwavenum, ywavenum, e.g. =3)
    - Typically choose so that (domain size)/(wavenumber)=~1000 km in each direction
  - Nudges u, v, theta, geopotential (and optionally q since V4.0)
  - Can nudge in all levels or use ramp above a specified model level (if\_zfac\_ph, k\_zfac\_ph, dk\_zfac\_ph, etc.)

## Obs Nudging (obs\_nudge\_opt=1)

 Each grid point is nudged using a weighted average of differences from observations within a radius of influence and time window

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial p^* lpha}{\partial t} &= F(lpha, \mathbf{x}, t) + G_lpha \cdot p^* rac{\sum_{i=1}^N W_i^2(\mathbf{x}, t) \cdot \gamma_i \cdot (lpha_o - \hat{lpha})_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N W_i(\mathbf{x}, t)} \ &W(\mathbf{x}, t) &= w_{xy} \cdot w_\sigma \cdot w_t \end{aligned}$$



#### **Obs Nudging**

$$w_{xy}=rac{R^2-D^2}{R^2+D^2}$$
  $0\leq D\leq R$ 

 $w_{xy} = 0$ 

D > R,

• R is radius of influence

• D is distance from ob modified by elevation difference

### Obs Nudging

 $|t-t_0| < au/2$ 

 $w_t = rac{ au - |t-t_0|}{ au/2} \qquad au/2 \leq |t-t_0| \leq au$ 

 $w_t = 1$ 

t is the specified time window for the obs
This is a function that ramps up and down

### **Obs-Nudging namelist options**

Can choose

- Frequency of nudging calculations (iobs\_ionf)
- Nudging time scale for each variable (obs\_coef\_wind, etc.)
- Horizontal and vertical radius of influence (obs\_rinxy, obs\_rinsig)
- Time window (obs\_twindo)
- Ramping period over which nudging is turned off gradually (obs\_idynin, obs\_dtramp)

# Obs Nudging

w<sub>σ</sub> is the vertical weighting – usually the vertical influence is set small (0.005 eta-difference) so that data is only assimilated on its own eta level
 obs input file is a special ascii file (OBS\_DOMAIN101) with obs sorted in chronological order

 each record is the obs (u, v, T, Q) at a given model position and time
 Utility programs exist to convert data to this format from other common formats
 In V3.1 obsgrid.exe can create this file from standard observations that are in little\_r format

## Vertical weighting functions

- Added flexibility options for advanced usage of obsnudging with surface observations (switches in run/README.namelist, e.g. obsnudgezfullr1\_uv, etc.)
  - These allow specifying how variables are nudged in a profile with their full weight and/or ramp down function relative to the surface or PBL top in different regimes (stable or unstable).
  - Defaults are set to reasonable values, so these can be left out of namelist unless needed.

#### **FDDA Summary**

- FDDA grid nudging is suitable for coarser grid sizes where analysis can be better than model-produced fields
- Obs nudging can be used to assimilate asynoptic or high-frequency observations
- Grid and obs nudging can be combinedFDDA has fake sources and sinks and so should not be used on the domain of interest and in the time period of interest for scientific studies and simulations

End