#### Running the WRF Preprocessing System

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NCAR-NCAS WRF Tutorial 7 – 10 October 2019





#### Overview

- How to run through the WPS for a single-domain case
  - Basic steps for running the WPS
    - Geogrid
    - Ungrib
    - Metgrid
- WPS utility programs
- Common WPS mistakes



#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps

#### For geogrid, only the <u>&share</u> and <u>&geogrid</u> namelists need to be edited in namelist.wps

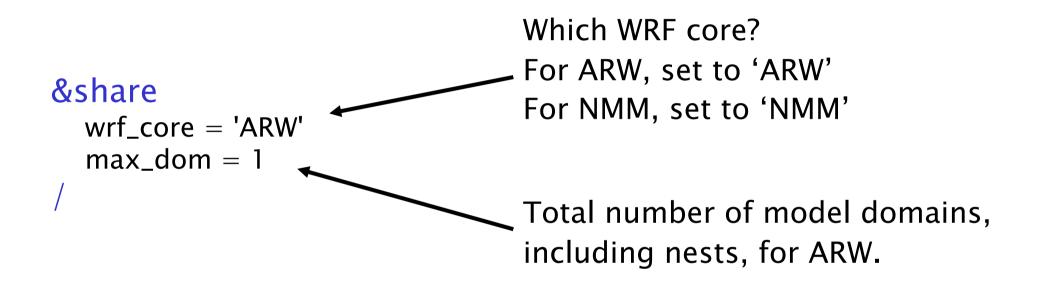
#### &share

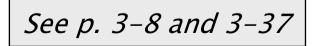
wrf\_core = 'ARW' max\_dom = 1

#### &geogrid



#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps





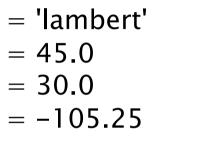


#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps

#### &geogrid

- - -

= 'la
= 45
= 30
= -1



Map projection: What projection to use? What are the parameters of the projection?



#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps

&geogrid

Earth is the center of the ref\_lat = 40.0domain? = -105.25ref\_lon **Domain size**: How many = 220e we grid points does the = 175e sn domain have? What is the dx = 15000grid spacing? dy = 15000geog\_data\_res = 'default' Static data: What resolution geog\_data\_path = '/data/static/geog/' of source data to interpolate from for each domain? Where to find data on the filesystem?

**Domain location**. Where on

(See "Extra slides"...)

WRF

Geogrid processes each

#### STEP 2: Run geogrid.exe

domain individually. Parsed 11 entries in GEOGRID. TBL Processing domain 1 of 1 There will be one section Processing XLAT and XLONG of messages for each Processing MAPFAC domain. Processing F and E Processing ROTANG Processing LANDUSEF As each field is Calculating landmask from LANDUSEF processed, a message Processing HGT M will be written to the screen and to the ... Successful completion of geogrid.

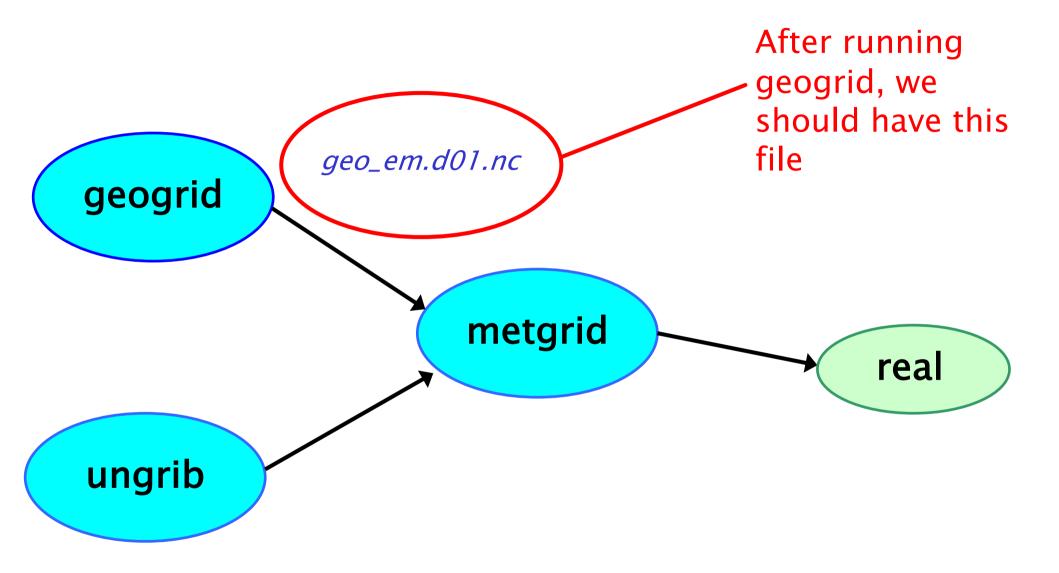


#### **STEP 3**: Check that geogrid ran successfully

If geogrid ran sucessfully, this message should be printed:

If there was an error, check for an ERROR or WARNING message in the geogrid.log file, or for a system error, like "Segmentation fault".







#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps

For ungrib, only the <u>&share</u> and <u>&ungrib</u> namelists need to be edited

```
&share

wrf_core = 'ARW'

max_dom = 1

start_date = '2006-04-01_00:00:00'

end_date = '2006-04-01_12:00:00'

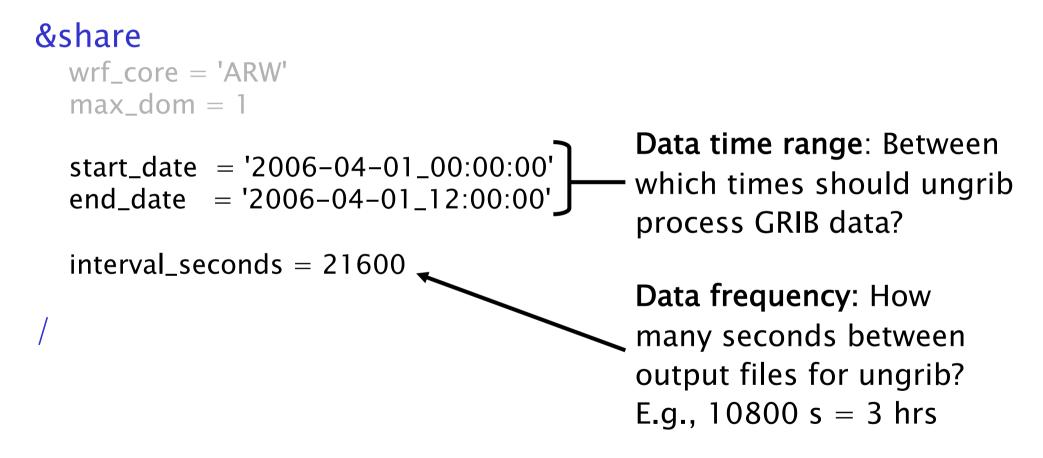
interval_seconds = 21600

&ungrib

prefix = 'GFS'
```



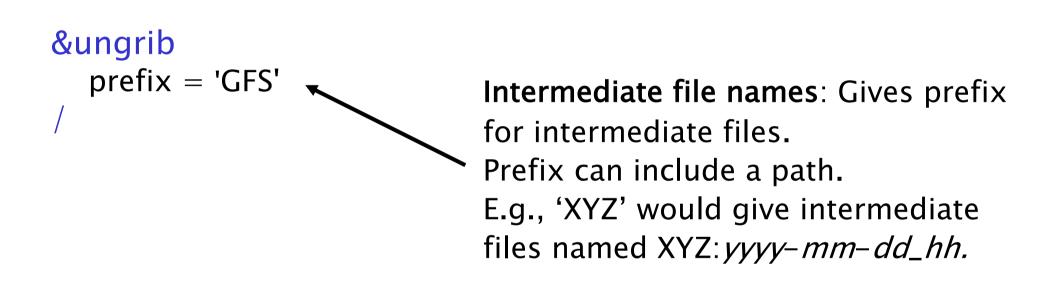
#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps

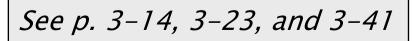


See p. 3–14, and 3–38



#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps







- <u>STEP 2</u>: Link the correct Vtable to the file name "Vtable" in the run directory
  - Some Vtables are provided with WPS in the WPS/ungrib/Variable\_Tables directory
    - E.g., Vtable.GFS, Vtable.SST, Vtable.ECMWF

See p. 3-15

Ungrib always expects to find a file named
 Vtable in the run directory

> In -s ungrib/Variable\_Tables/Vtable.GFS Vtable

```
> Is Vtable
```

Vtable -> ungrib/Variable\_Tables/Vtable.GFS



# STEP 3: Link GRIB files to the correct file names in the run directory

- Ungrib always expects GRIB files to be named GRIBFILE.AAA, GRIBFILE.AAB, GRIBFILE.AAC, etc., in the run directory
- The link\_grib.csh script can be used to link GRIB files to these file names:

> link\_grib.csh /data/GRIB/GFS/gfs\*

See p. 3-15

> Is GRIBFILE.\*

GRIBFILE.AAA -> /data/GRIB/GFS/gfs\_060401\_00\_00



2

#### STEP 4: Run ungrib.exe

\*\*\* Starting program ungrib.exe \*\*\*
Start\_date = 2006-08-16\_12:00:00 ,
output format is WPS
Path to intermediate files is ./
ungrib - grib edition num

End date = 2006-08-16 12:00:00

PRES	TT	υU	vv	RH	HGT		
2013.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2001.0	х	х	x	х	0	X	
1000.0	Х	X	x	x	x		
975.0	х	Х	Х	x	x		
950.0	х	X	Х	X	x		
925.0	х	Х	Х	x	x		
900.0	х	Х	Х	х	х		



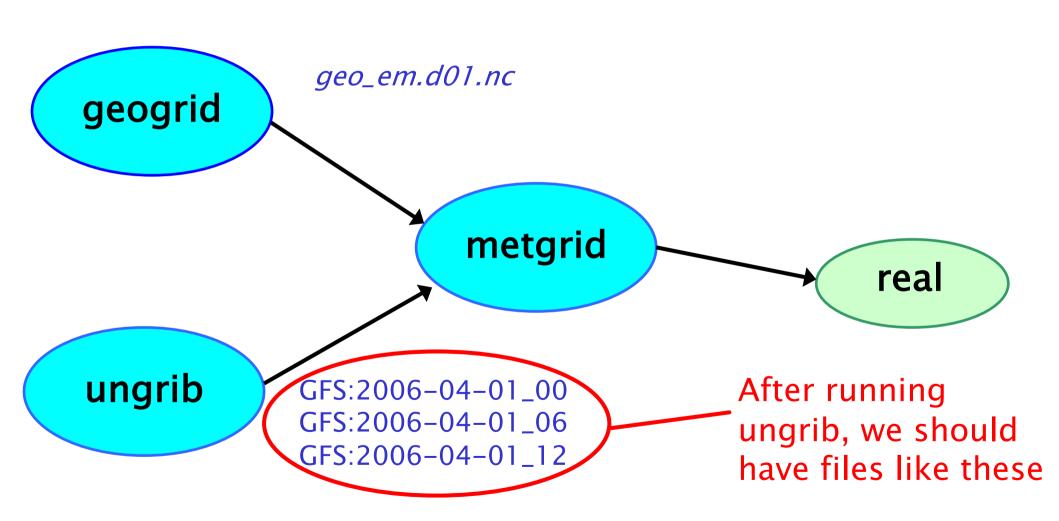
#### **STEP 5**: Check that ungrib ran successfully

If ungrib ran successfully, this message should be printed:

If there was an error, check for error message in ungrib's printout or in the ungrid.log file.

Common errors are related to incorrect date specifications in the &share namelist, or because GRIB2 data was used with a version of WPS compiled without GRIB2 libraries.







#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps

For metgrid, only the <u>&share</u> and <u>&metgrid</u> namelists need to be edited

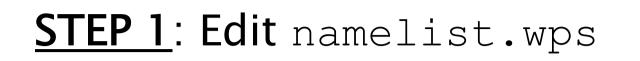
#### &share

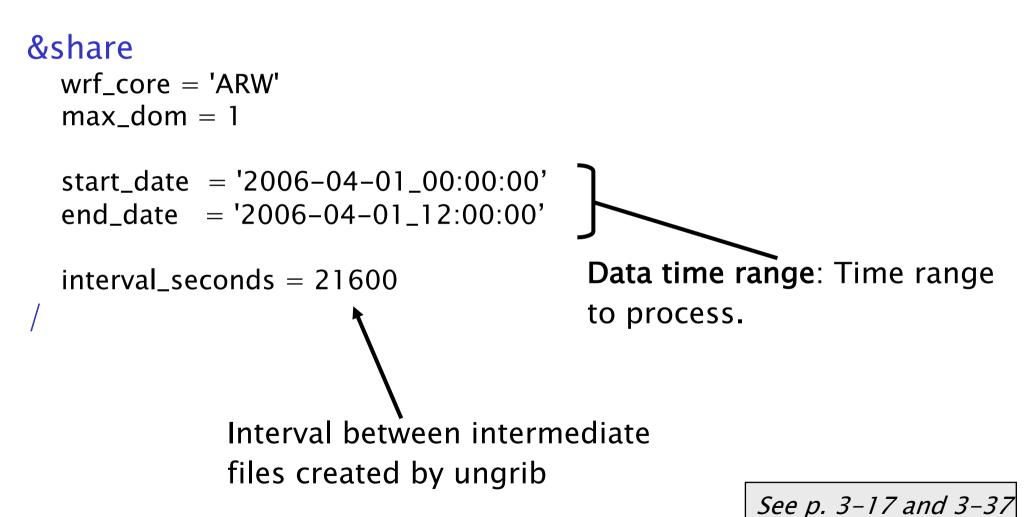
```
wrf_core = 'ARW'
max_dom = 1
start_date = '2006-04-01_00:00:00'
end_date = '2006-04-01_12:00:00'
interval_seconds = 21600
```

#### &metgrid

```
fg_name = 'GFS'
constants_name = 'SST:2006-04-01_00'
```

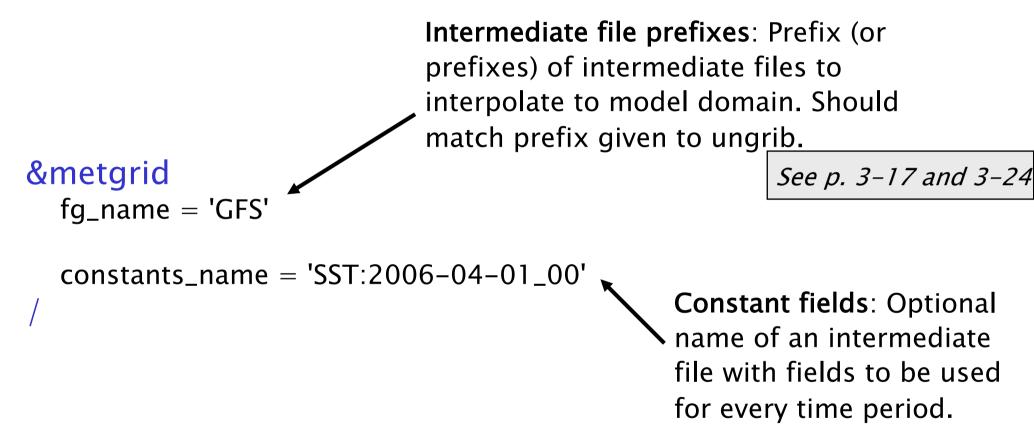




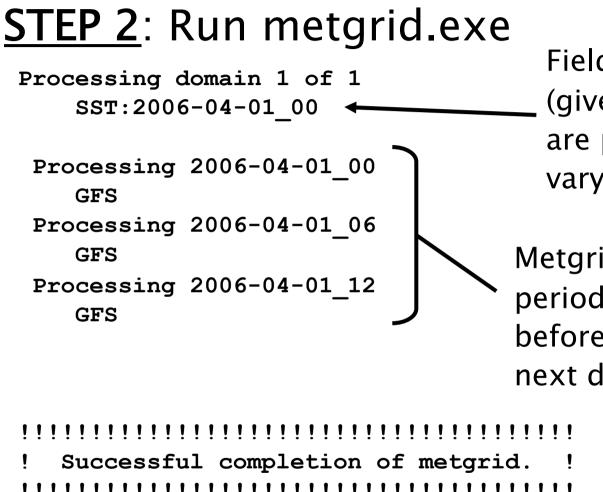




#### STEP 1: Edit namelist.wps







Fields from constant files (given using constants\_name) are processed before any time varying fields.

Metgrid processes all time period for one domain before processing for the next domain

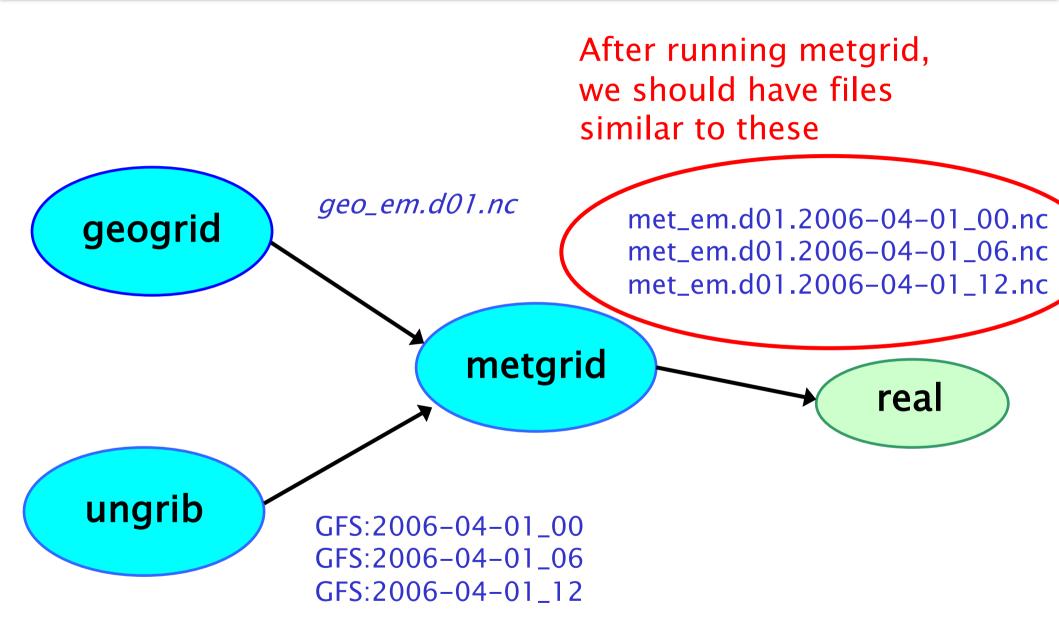


#### **STEP 3**: Check that metgrid ran successfully

If metgrid ran successfully, this message should be printed:

If there was an error, check for an ERROR or WARNING message in the metgrid.log file, or for a system error, like "Segmentation fault".







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  - Basic steps for running WPS
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- WPS utility programs
- Common WPS mistakes



#### WPS Utility Programs

- Besides geogrid, ungrib, and metgrid, some simple utility programs are distributed with WPS:
  - For checking contents of intermediate format files
  - For listing contents of GRIB1 & GRIB2 files
  - To assist in locating domains
  - For computing 3d pressure field for ECMWF data
- Some programs use NCAR Graphics libraries for plotting
  - For these utilities, *NCAR Graphics must be installed*

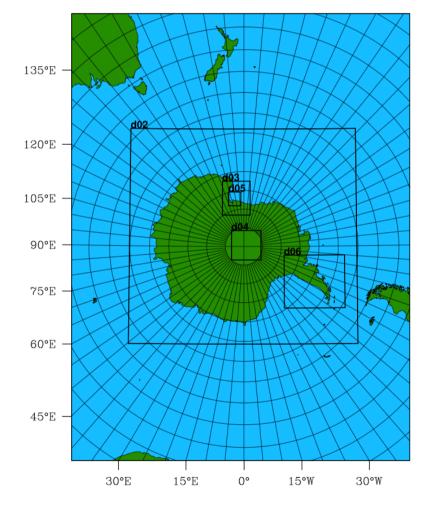
See p. 3-27



Utility: plotgrids.ncl

# The *plotgrids.ncl* script plots the locations of grids defined in *namelist.wps*

- plotgrids can be used to iteratively refine the locations of grids.
- *plotgrids.ncl* uses the namelist.wps file only, so there is no need to run geogrid first!





#### Utility: rd\_intermediate

The rd\_intermediate lists information about the fields found in an intermediate-format file

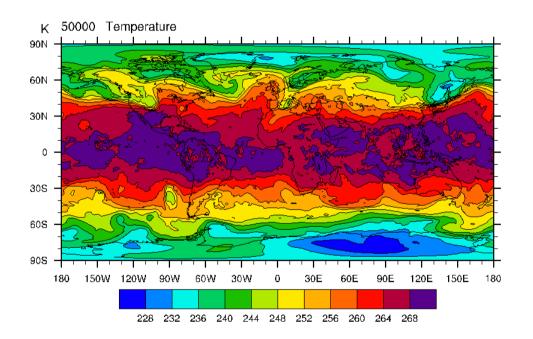
```
FIELD = TT
UNITS = K DESCRIPTION = Temperature
DATE = 2000-01-24 12:00:00 FCST = 0.000000
SOURCE = unknown model from NCEP GRID 212
LEVEL = 200100.000000
I, J DIMS = 185, 129
TPRO_{1}T = 1
  REF X, REF Y = 1.000000, 1.000000
  REF LAT, REF LON = 12.190000, -133.459000
  DX, DY = 40.635250, 40.635250
  TRUELAT1 = 25.000002
DATA(1,1) = 295.910950
```



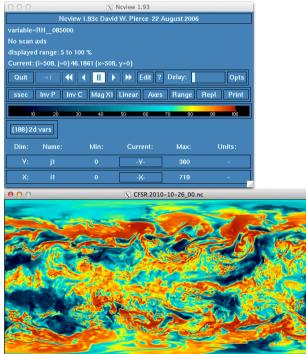
#### Utility: int2nc + plotfmt\_nc.ncl

# The int2nc program converts an ungrib intermediate file to a standard NetCDF file

Users may then visualize fields with ncview, NCL, or other graphical packages:



Visualize NetCDF intermediate fields using plotfmt\_nc.ncl script



Visualize NetCDF intermediate fields using ncview



#### Utility: g1print and g2print

# The *g1print* and *g2print* programs list the contents of a GRIB1 or GRIB2 file:

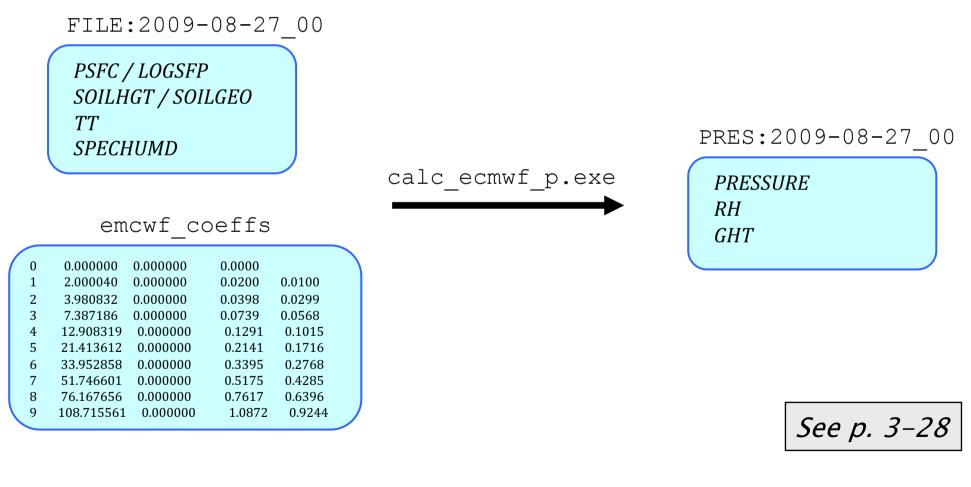
	Prod Disc	Cat	Param num	Lvl code	Lvl one	Lvl two		Time	Fcst hour
1	0	3	5	100	100000	0	HGT	2006-08-16 12:00:00	00
2	0	3	5	100	97500	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00
3	0	3	5	100	95000	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00
4	0	3	5	100	92500	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00
5	0	3	5	100	90000	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00
6	0	3	5	100	85000	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00
7	0	3	5	100	80000	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00
8	0	3	5	100	75000	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00
9	0	3	5	100	70000	0	HGT	2006-08-16 12:00:00	00
10	0	3	5	100	65000	0	HGT	2006-08-16_12:00:00	00



7 - 10 October 2019, Lincoln, UK

Utility: calc\_ecmwf\_p

# The *calc\_ecmwf\_p* utility creates intermediate files with a pressure (and possibly GHT and RH) field





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#### **Common WPS Mistakes**

1) All 3-d fields must have same number of levels in metgrid

WRF\_DEBUG: Warning DIM 4 , NAME
num\_metgrid\_levels REDIFINED by var GHT 27
26 in wrf\_io.F90 line 2347
ERROR: Error in ext\_pkg\_write\_field

 This is usually corrected by ensuring that all 3-d meteorological fields have surface level data

 Try setting debug\_level=1000 in &share namelist, and checking metgrid.log for a table showing which fields are available at each level



- 2) When using a regional data set (e.g., NAM), ensure that model domain is completely covered by the data
  - The metgrid program will stop if the model domain has grid points that are not covered by data
- 3) For native vertical coordinate data sets (e.g., RUCb, ECMWF), ensure that both pressure and geopotential height fields are available



# Questions?



## Extra slides



#### **Choosing Static Datasets**

# WPS v3.9 supports several land cover datasets and two different topography datasets

#### Land use:

- USGS 24-class, 30-arc-second resolution
- USGS 24-class + inland water, 30-arc-second resolution
- MODIS 20-class, 30- and 15-arc-second resolution
- MODIS 20-class + inland water, 30-arc-second resolution
- NLCD 2011 40-class, 9-arc-second resolution

#### <u>Terrain</u>:

- GTOPO30
- GMTED2010



#### Choosing Static Datasets

Selection of alternate static datasets is performed using the geog\_data\_res namelist option in the &geogrid record

Prefix the usual geog\_data\_res selection with the name for the land use or topography dataset to be used.

E.g.,

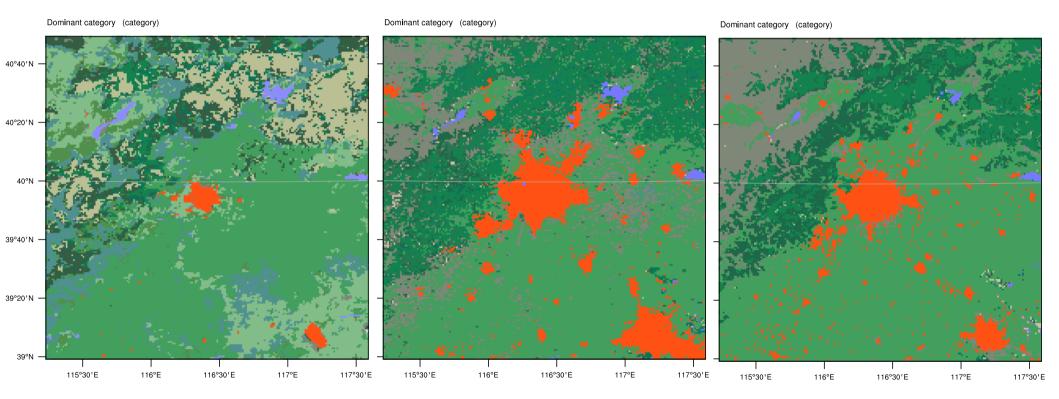
```
geog_data_res = 'nlcd2011_9s+default'
```

to use NLCD 2011 9-arc-second land cover, and default resolution for other static fields.



#### **Global Land Cover Datasets**

#### Consider an example 1-km domain centered over Beijing:



USGS 30-arc-second resolution, from ~1993 data; select using 'usgs\_30s' MODIS 30-arc-second resolution, from 2001(?) data; the MODIS data are used by default MODIS 15-arc-second resolution, most prevalent category between 2001 and 2010; select using 'modis\_15s'



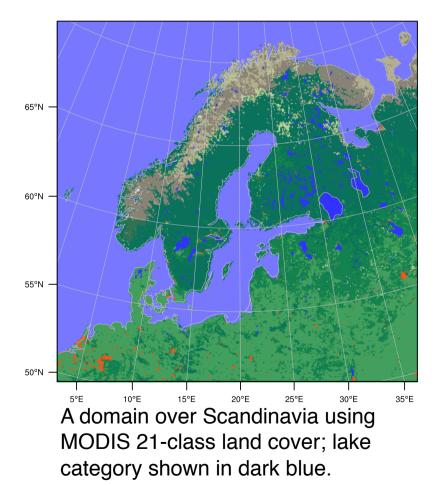
#### Identifying Inland Water Bodies

Two land cover datasets also provide a special category to identify "inland water bodies", which can sometimes require special treatment, e.g., when initializing SST field or running the lake model in WRF.

#### MODIS 30-arc-second:

- Selected using 'modis\_lakes'
   USGS 30-arc-second:
- Selected using 'usgs\_lakes'

We'll discuss the use of lake categories for initializing the SST field in the "WPS Advanced Features" talk on Wednesday.





## NLCD Land Use (Continental U.S. Only)

For the WRF domains over the Continental U.S., one can use highresolution land cover from the National Land Cover Database (NLCD).

#### NLCD 2011 9-arc-second:

• Selected using 'nlcd2011\_9s'

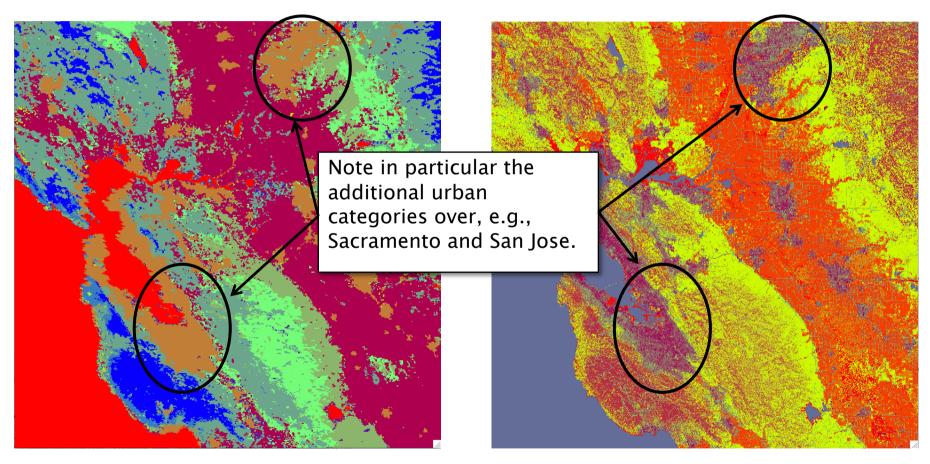
Besides high spatial resolution, the NLCD data provides four new urban categories:

- 1. Developed Open Space
- 2. Developed Low Intensity
- 3. Developed Medium Intensity
- 4. Developed High Intensity



### NLCD Land Use (Continental U.S. Only)

For the WRF domains over the Continental U.S., one can use highresolution land cover from the National Land Cover Database (NLCD).

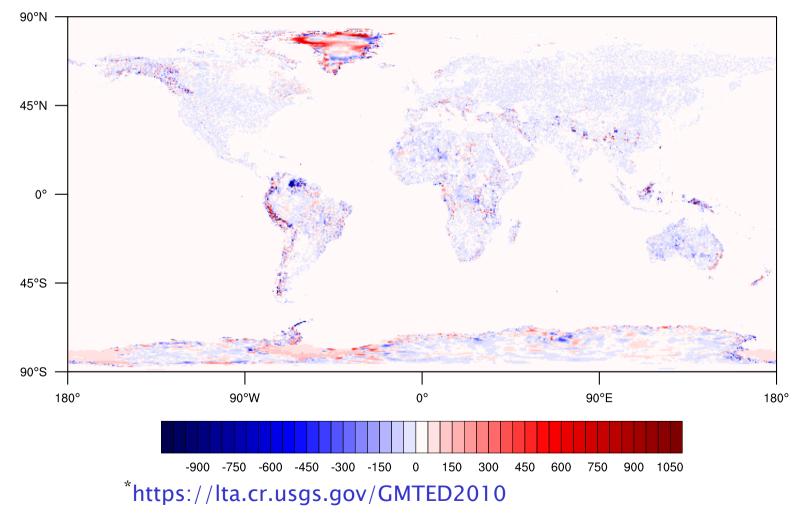


Above: (left) A 250-m WRF domain covering San Francisco Bay using MODIS 15-arcsecond land cover data; (right) the same domain using NLCD 2011 9-arc-second data.



#### GMTED2010 Terrain

WPS v3.8 and newer replace the GTOPO30 dataset with a newer, more accurate terrain dataset from the USGS: GMTED2010<sup>\*</sup>.



Left: Terrain elevation difference in meters (GMTED2010 minus GTOPO30). Note that the scale does not cover the full range of the differences.

