



An Introduction to the WRF Modeling System

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NCAS/NCAR Tutorial, Lincoln UK

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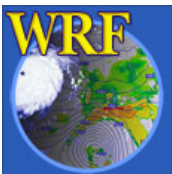
Acknowledgement: figures contributed by many at MMM



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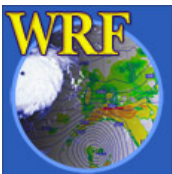
Outline

- What is WRF?
 - A brief history of WRF
- What does WRF look like to you, the user?
- Some basic concepts about modeling
- What is covered in this tutorial?
- What should you expect to gain from this tutorial?



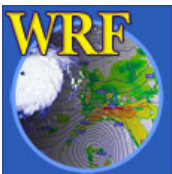
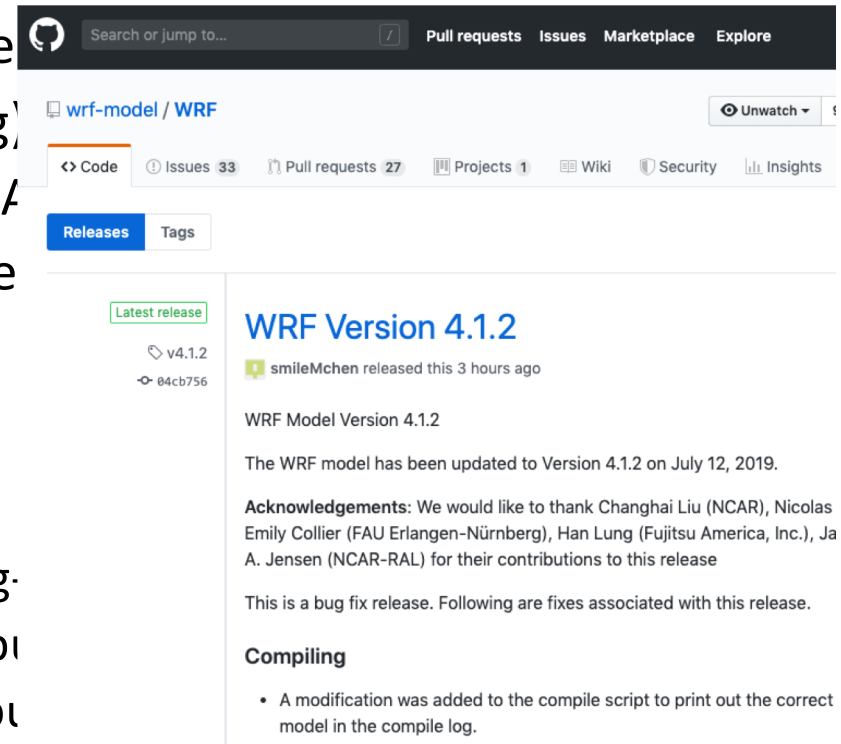
What is WRF?

- WRF: Weather Research and Forecasting Model
- It is a supported “community model”, i.e. a free and shared resource with distributed development and centralized support
- Its development is led by NCAR, NOAA/ESRL and NOAA/NCEP/EMC with partnerships at AFWA, FAA, DOE/PNNL and collaborations with universities and other government agencies in the US and overseas



WRF Community Model

- Version 1.0 WRF was released December 1992
- Version 2.0: May 2004 (add nesting)
- Version 3.0: April 2008 (add global / regional)
- ... (major releases in April, minor releases in August)
- Version 3.9: April 2017
 - Version 3.9.1 (August 2017)
- Version 4.0 (June 2018)
 - Version 4.0.1 (October 2018) – bug-fix release
 - Version 4.0.2 (November 2018) – bug-fix release
 - Version 4.0.3 (December 2018) – bug-fix release
- Version 4.1 (April 2019) – last major release
 - Version 4.1.1 (June 2019) – bug-fix release
 - Version 4.1.2 (July 2019) – current release

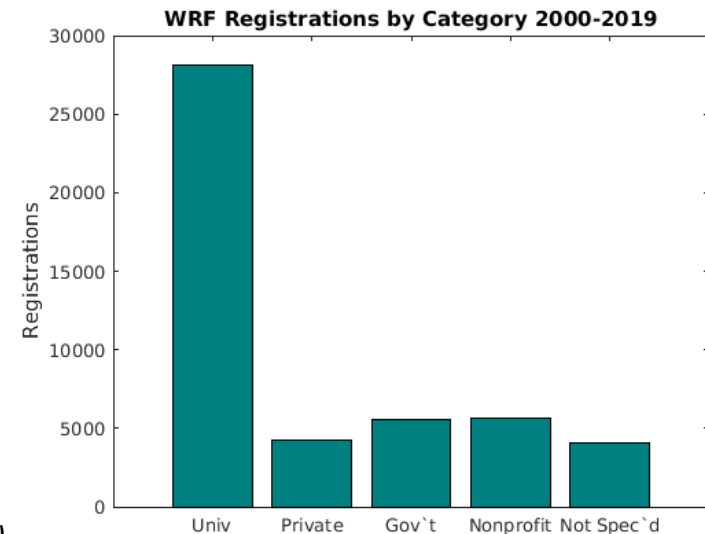
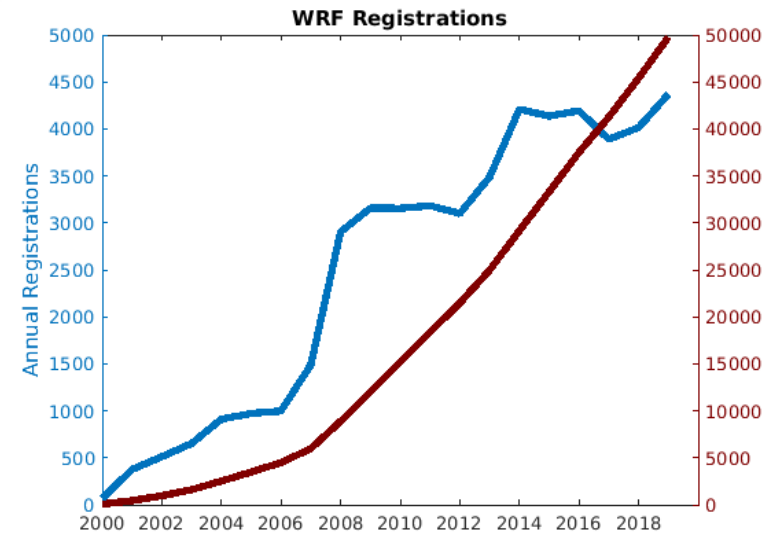


WRF Users



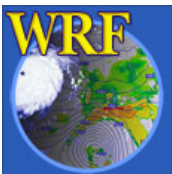
As of July 2019:
 No. of countries: 185
 No. of users: 47700
 US: 12765
 Foreign: 34935

(From Powers)



What is ARW?

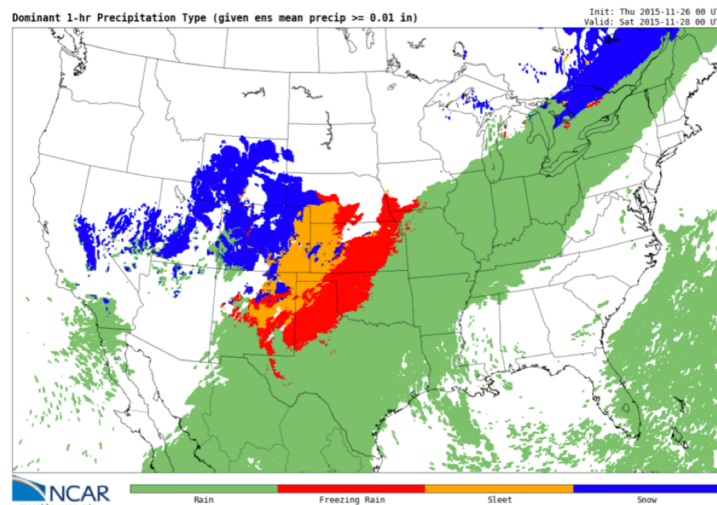
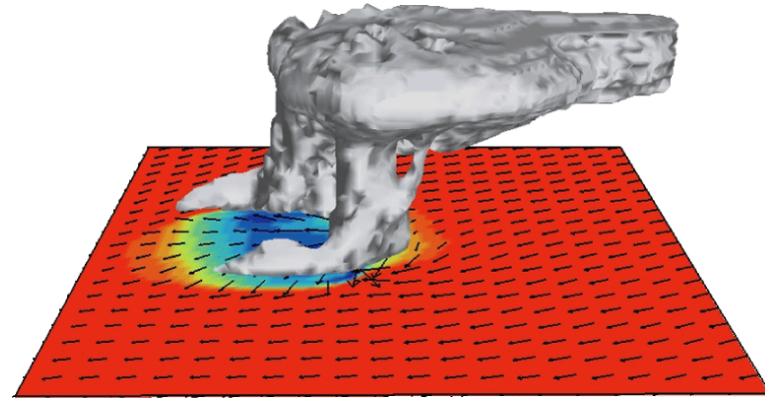
- WRF has two dynamical cores: **The Advanced Research WRF (ARW)** and Nonhydrostatic Mesoscale Model (NMM)
 - Dynamical core includes mostly advection, pressure-gradients, Coriolis, buoyancy, filters, diffusion, and time-stepping
- ARW support and development are centered at NCAR/MMM
- NMM development is centered at NCEP/EMC and support is provided by NCAR/DTC (now only used for HWRF)
- This tutorial is for only the ARW core



What is ARW?

- A research tool:

Idealized simulations →

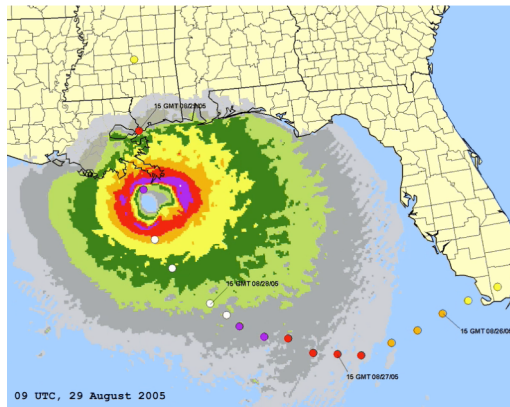


← Real-time forecast

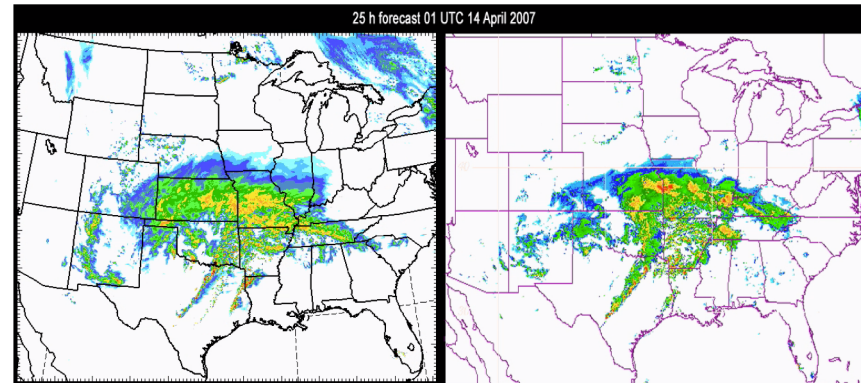


What is ARW?

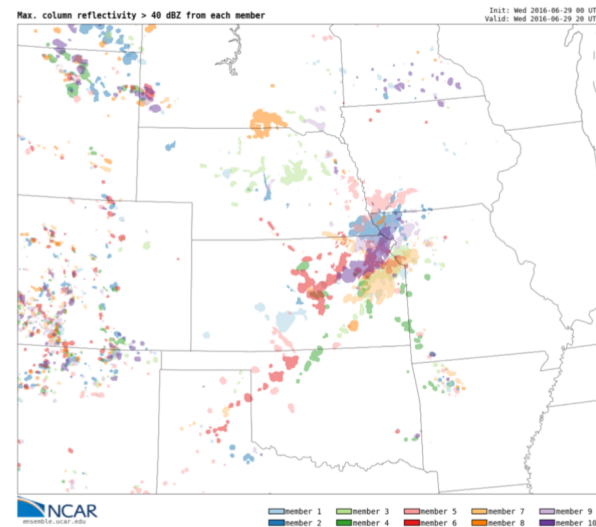
- A research tool:
Convection forecast →



Ensemble forecast →



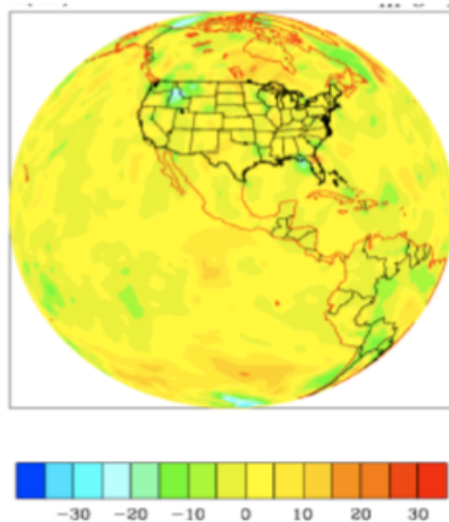
← High-resolution hurricane simulations



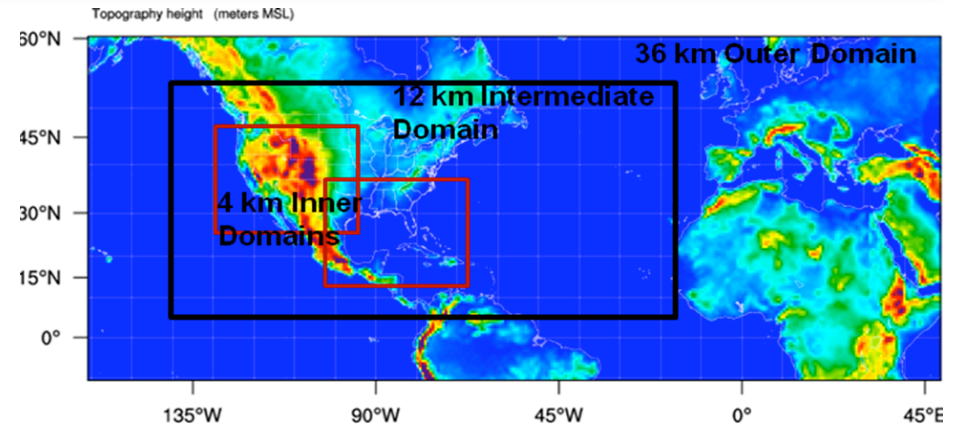
What is ARW?

- A research tool:

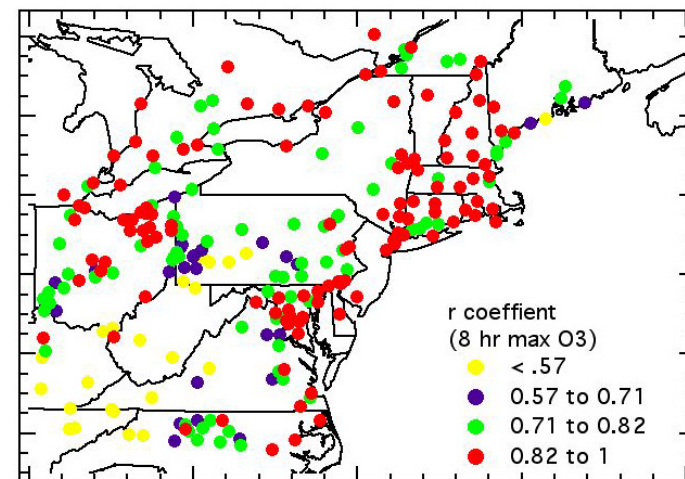
Regional Climate Modeling →



WRF-Chemistry →

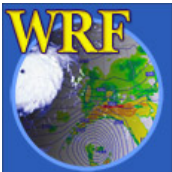


← Data assimilation



What can WRF be used for?

- A tool for research
 - Develop and test physical parameterizations
 - Case-study research for specific weather events
 - Regional climate studies
 - Coupled-chemistry, fire, and hydrological applications
 - Data assimilation research
 - Teaching modeling and NWP
- A tool for numerical weather prediction
 - Hind-casting
 - Real-time (operational) forecasting
 - Forecasting for wind, solar and air quality (online and offline)



What does WRF look like to a user?

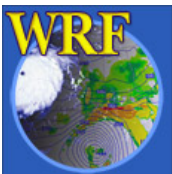
- A set of programs (mostly in Fortran) and executables
 - No GUI;
 - Command-line;
 - Simple graphic tools to use along the way.



What does WRF look like to a user?

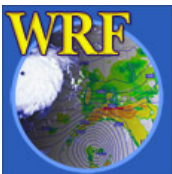
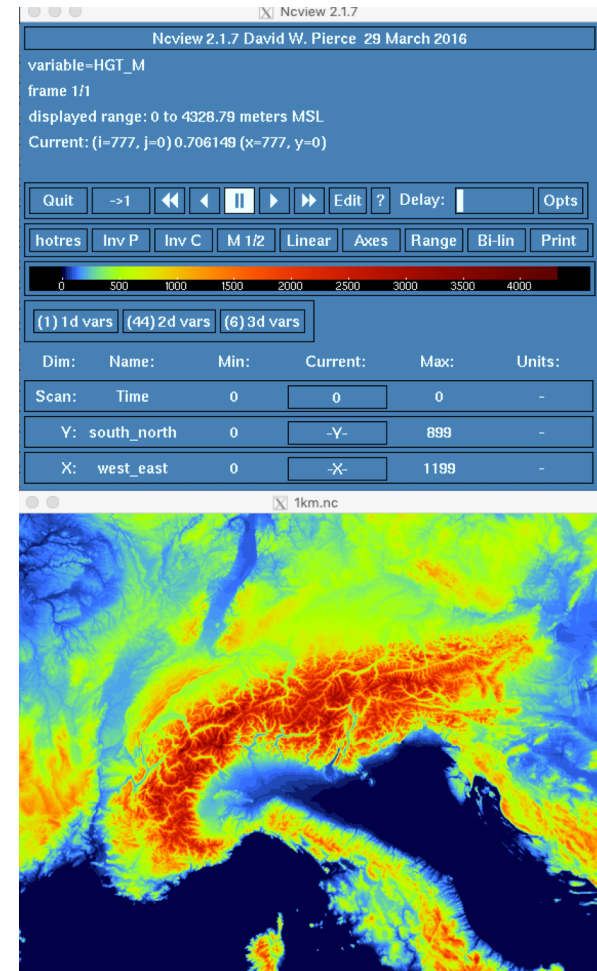
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```
wind-turbine-1.tbl
> tar -xf WRF-4.1.2.tar.gz
> cd WRF-4.1.2
> configure
> compile em_real >& compile.log &
> cd run/
> ln -s ../../WPS-4.1/met_em.d01.* .
> mpirun -np 4 real.exe
> ls -l wrfinput* wrfbdy*
> mpirun -np 8 wrf.exe
```



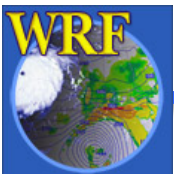
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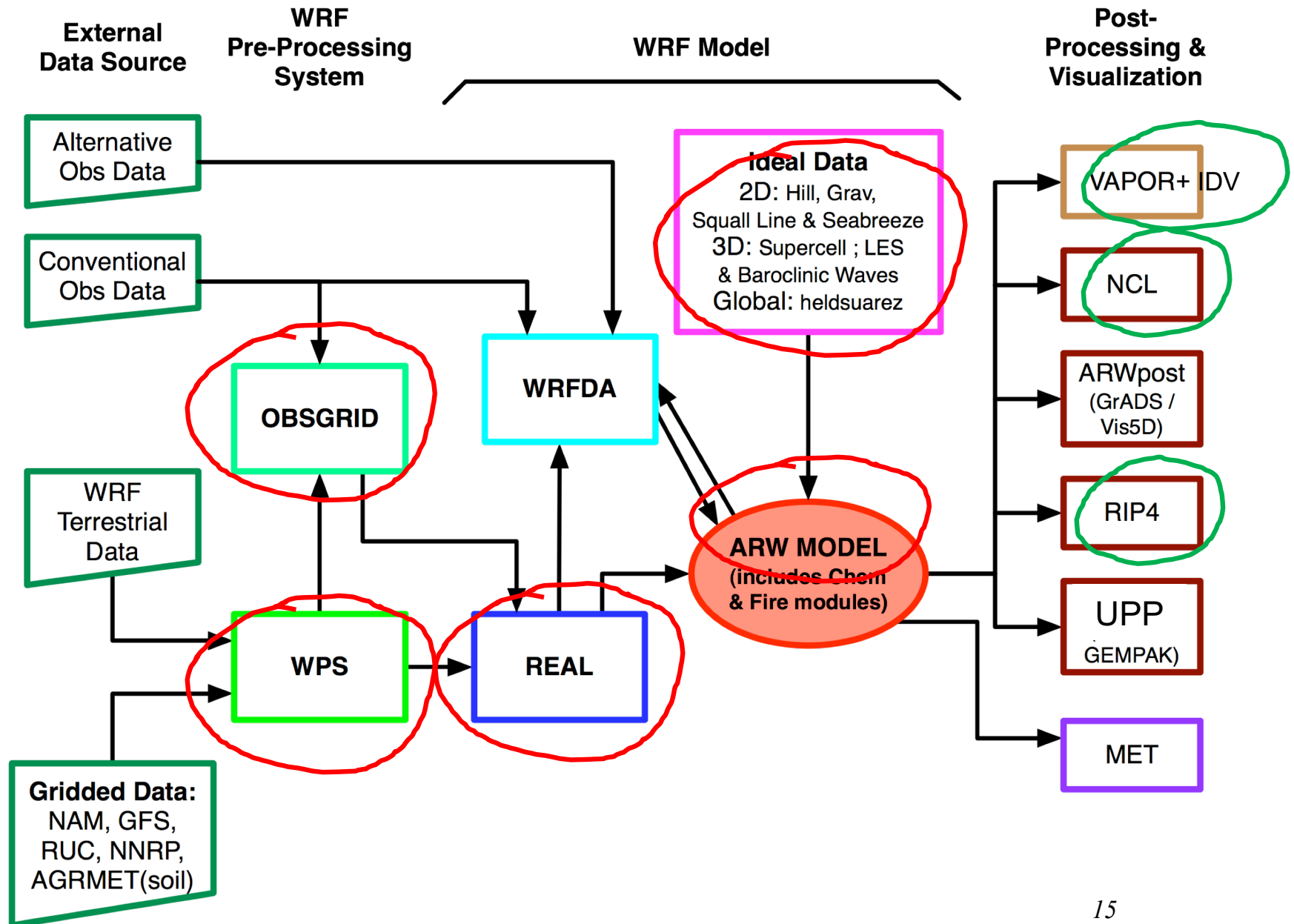


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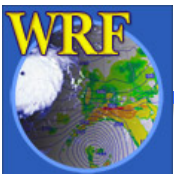
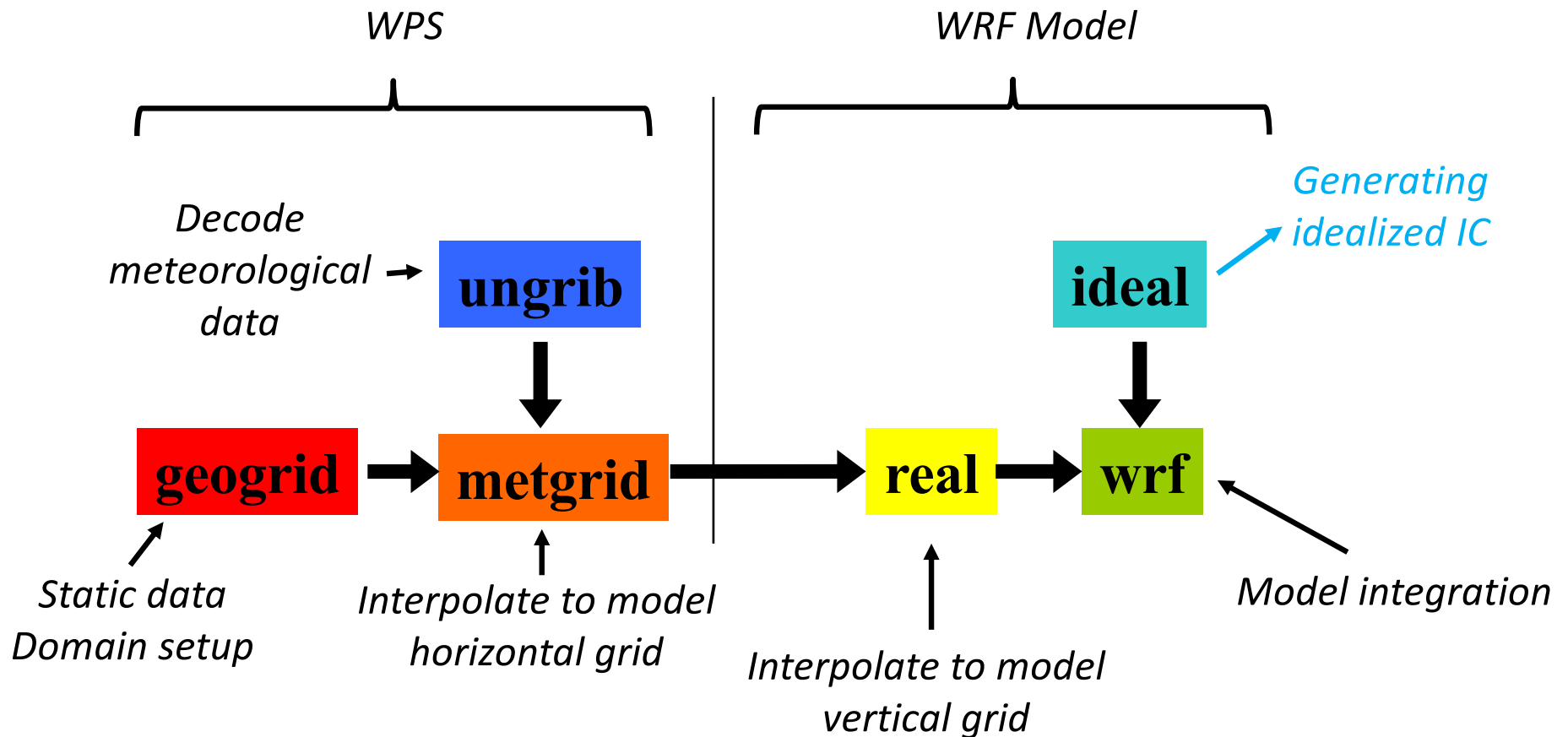
- A set of programs (mostly in Fortran) and executables
 - No GUI;
 - Command-line;
 - Simple graphic tools to use along the way.
- The modeling system programs have many functionalities
 - Many different ways to run a model;
 - Decisions needed at every step (input data, domain configuration, model options, etc.);
 - Best practices required.



WRF Modeling System Flow Chart



WPS and WRF Program Flow



For a real-data application

Some basic concepts

- What does model integration mean?

$$\frac{\Delta A}{\Delta t} = F(A)$$

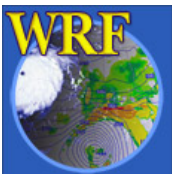
ΔA = change in a forecast variable at a particular point in space

$F(A)$ = Describes the physical processes that can change the value of A

Δt = change in time

So a forecast is

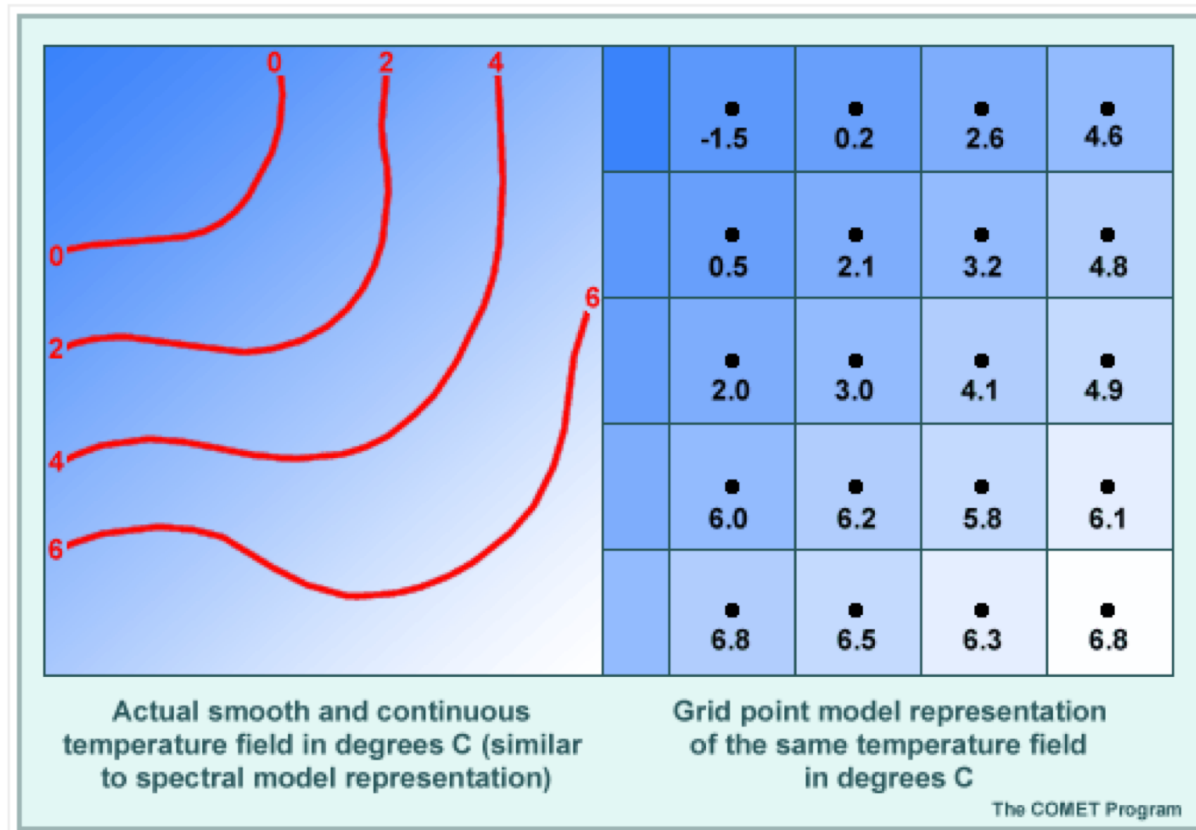
$$A^{forecast} = A^{initial} + F(A) \Delta t$$



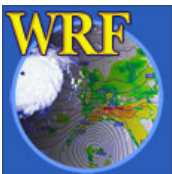
(adapted from COMET)

Some basic concepts

- How are data represented, and equations solved on a model grid?

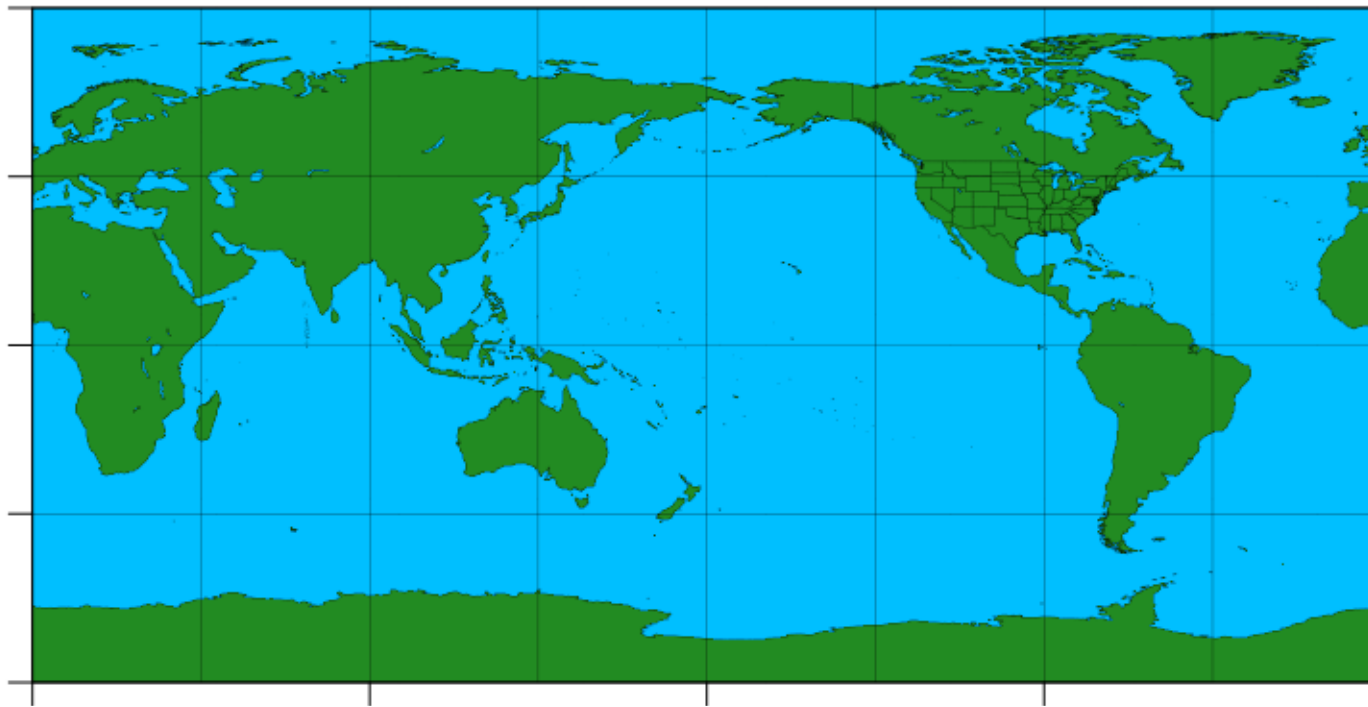


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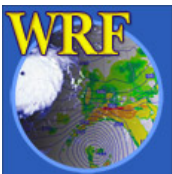


Some basic concepts

- What is a LAM (limited area model)?

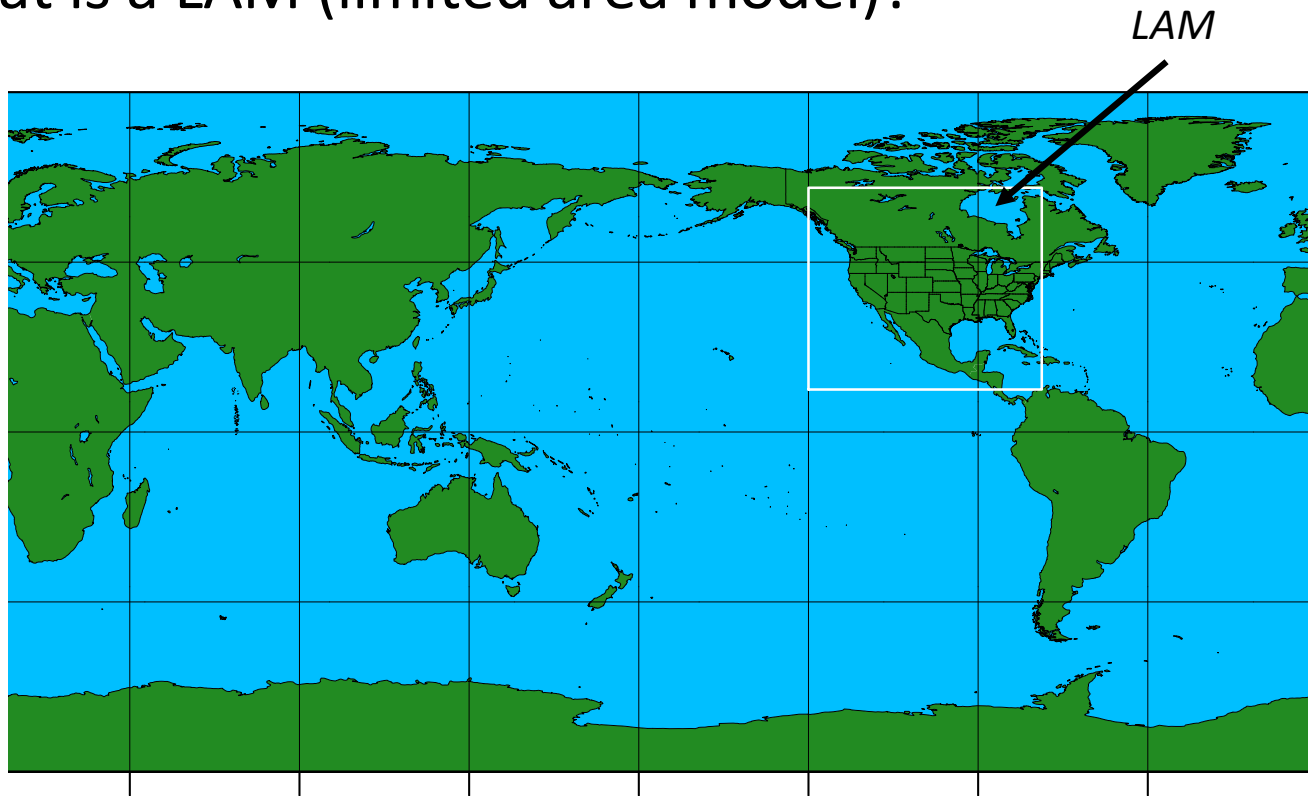


Global Model

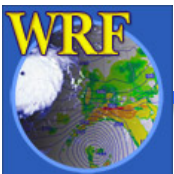


Some basic concepts

- What is a LAM (limited area model)?

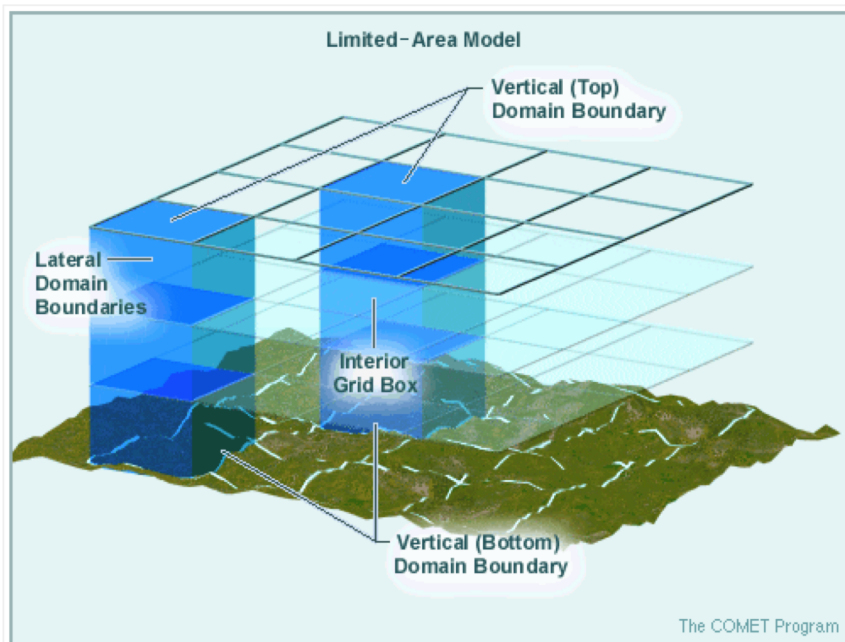


Regional Model

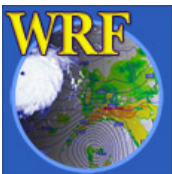
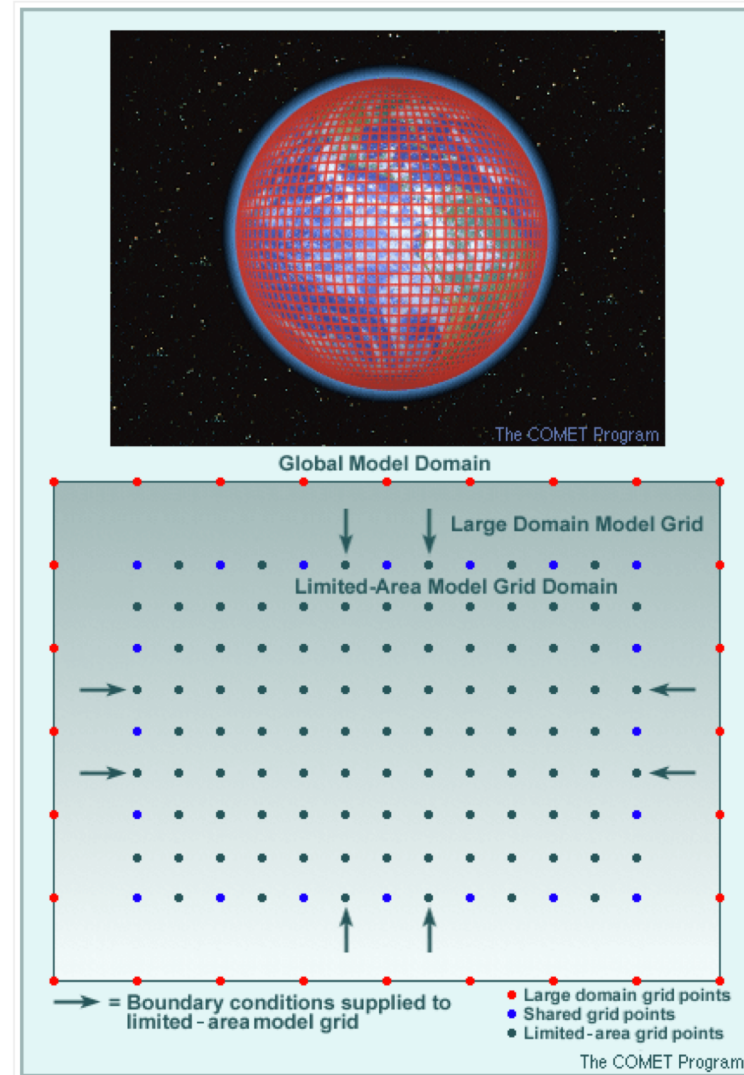


Some basic concepts

- What is a LBC (lateral boundary condition)?

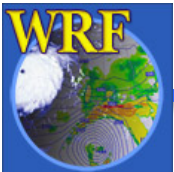
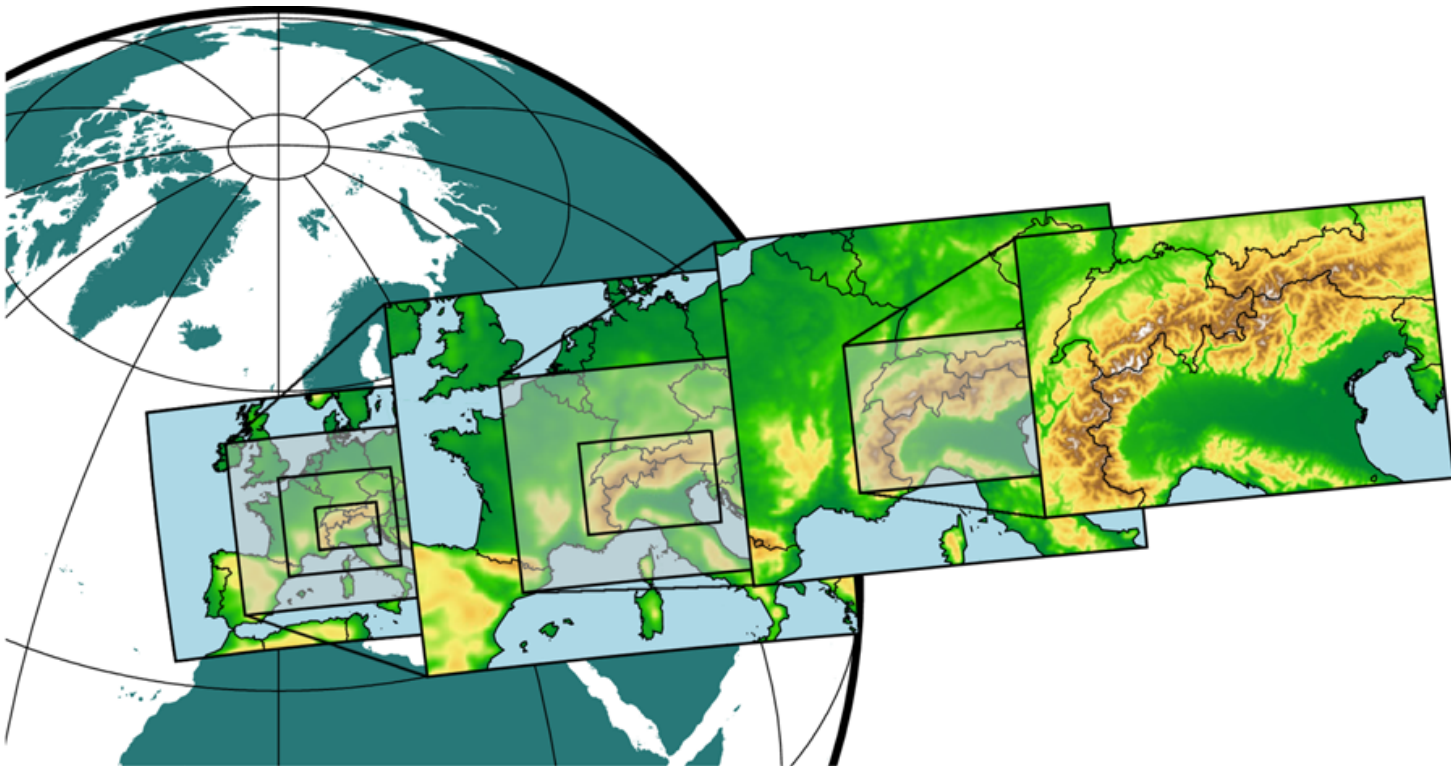


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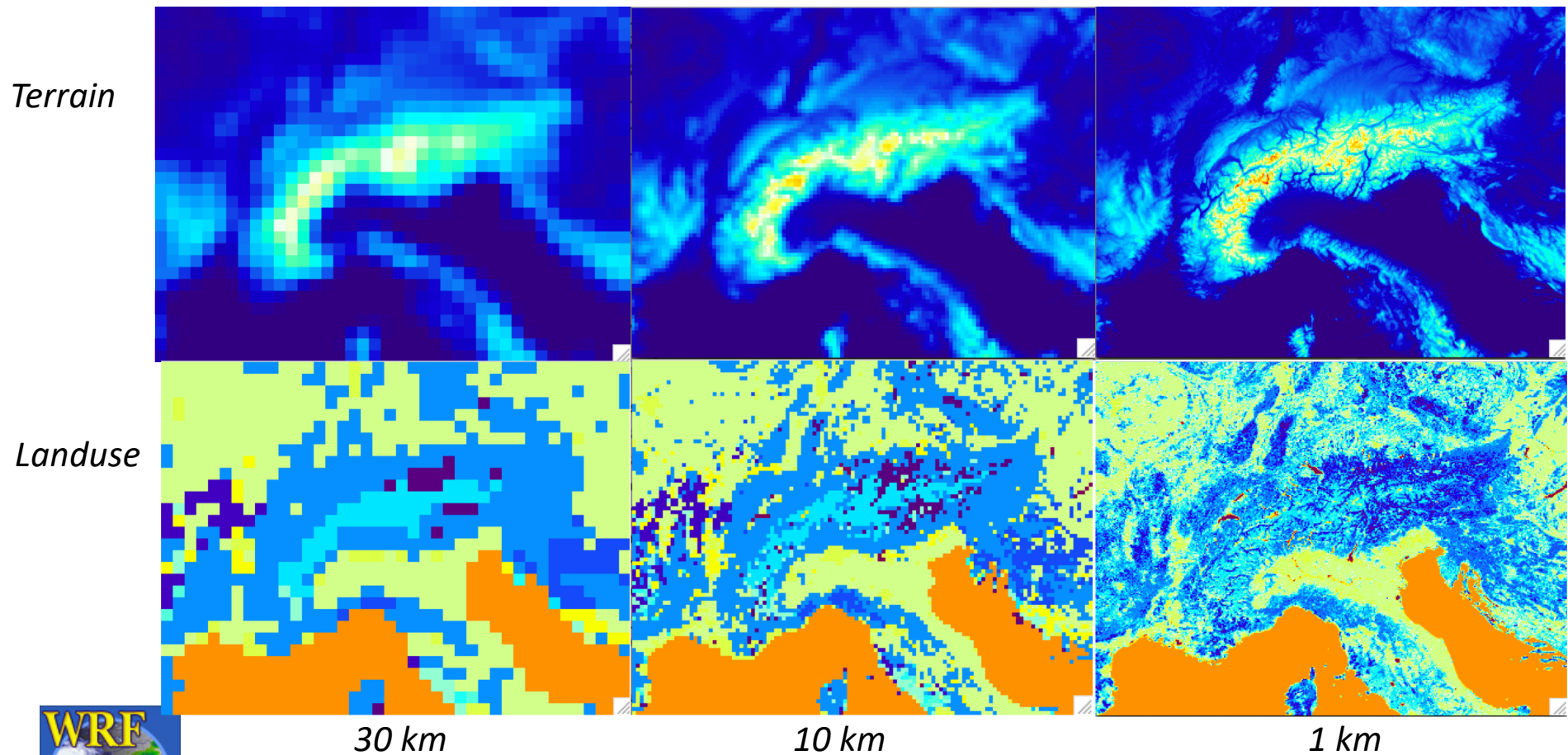
Some basic concepts

- Nesting in limited area model



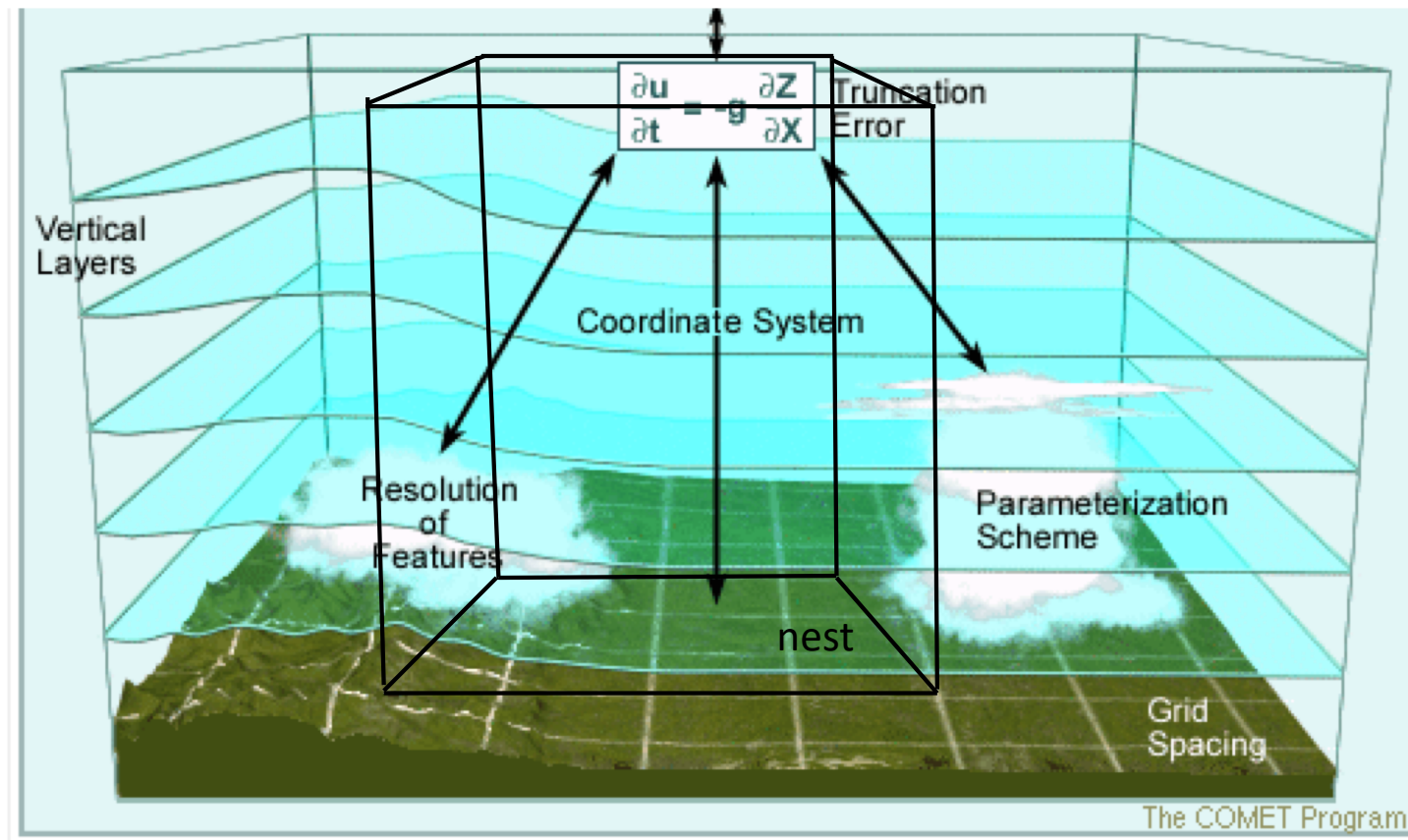
Some basic concepts

- Why nesting?



Some basic concepts

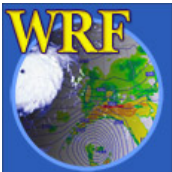
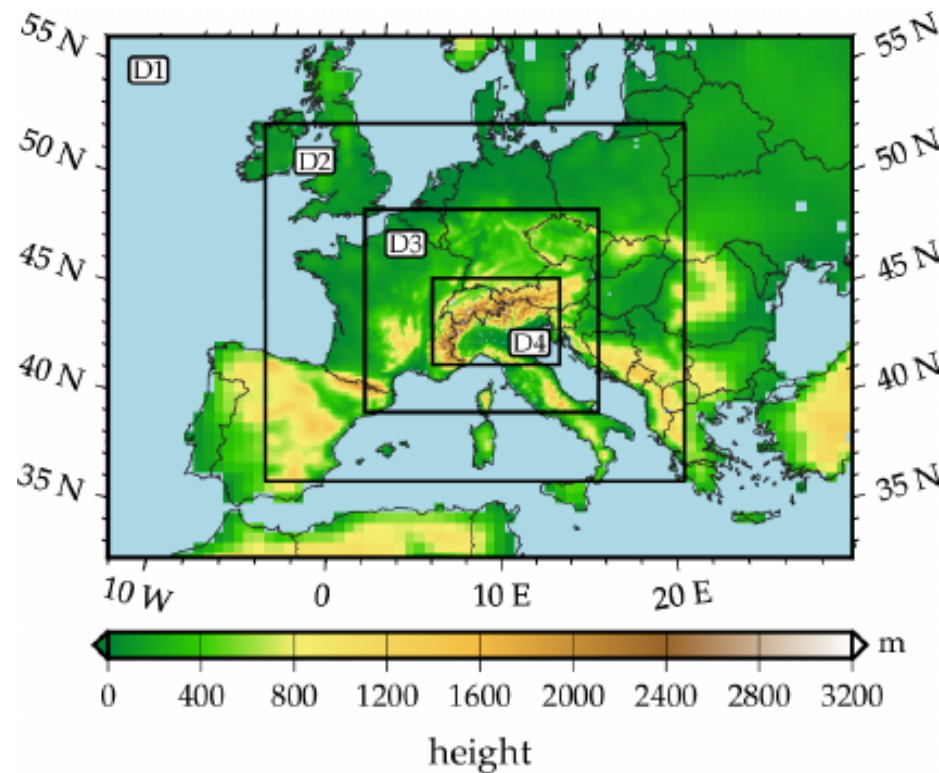
- A 3D view of LAM



(partially from COMET)

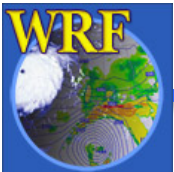
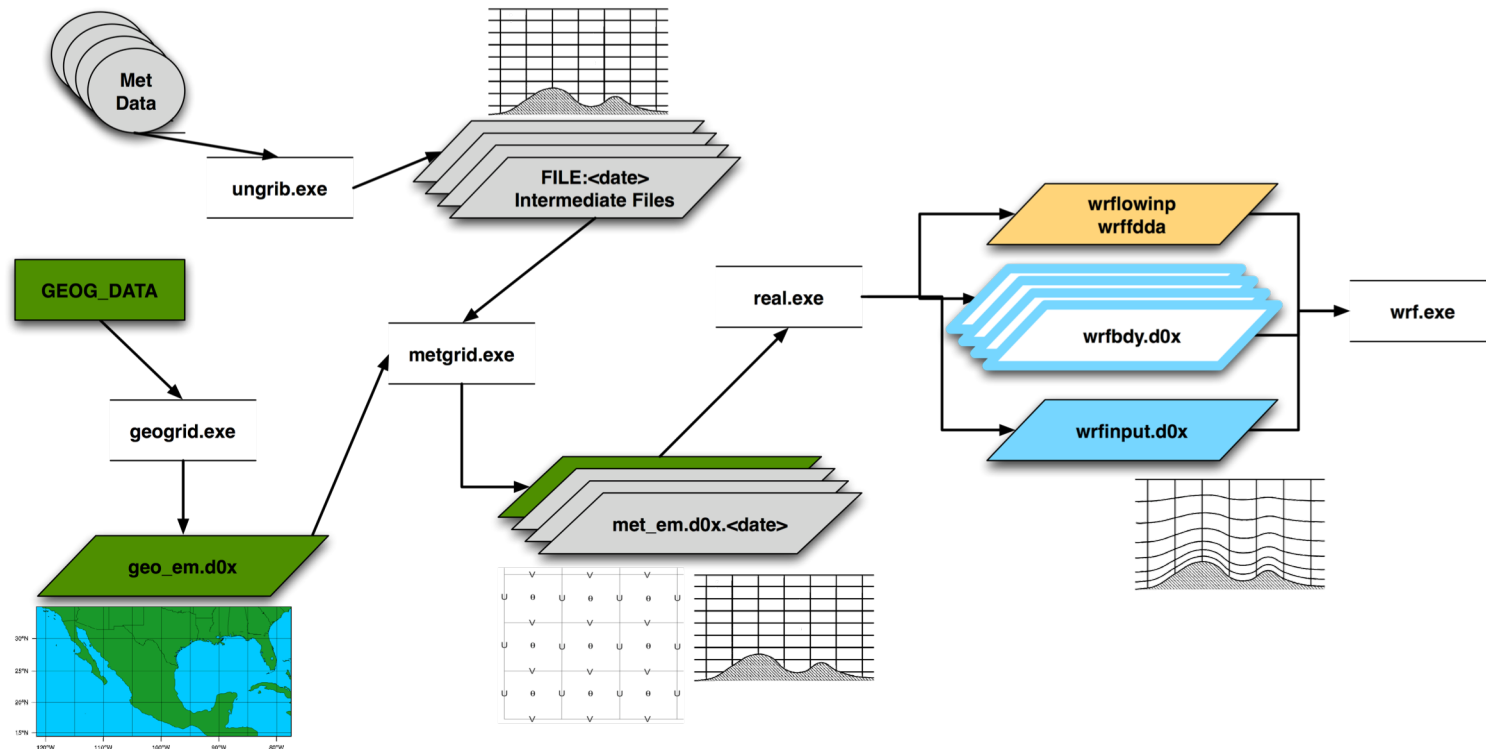
What will you learn in this tutorial?

a. Configuration of simulation domains



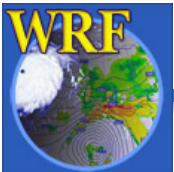
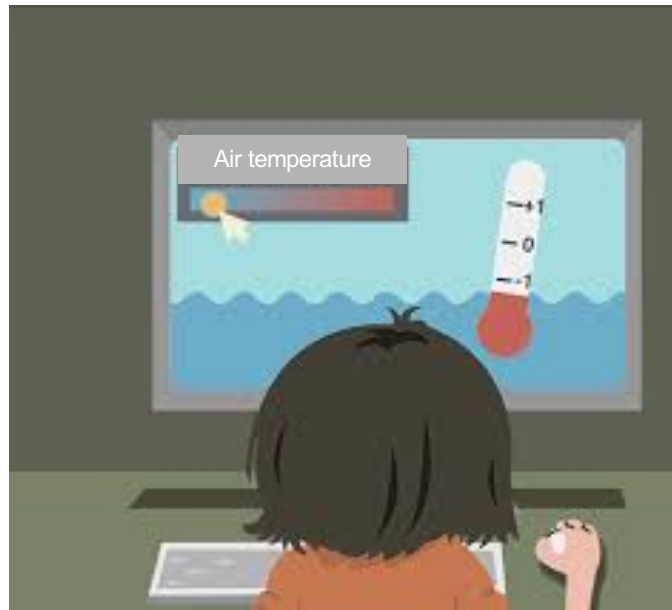
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- b. Preparation of data for initial and boundary conditions



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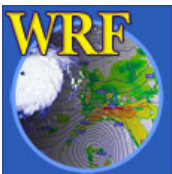
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- c. Running the model



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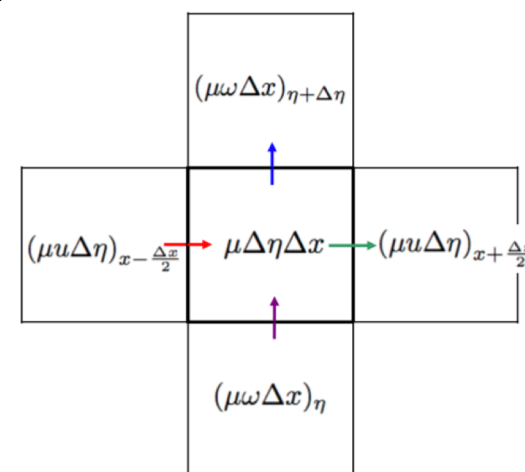
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- c. Running the model
- d. Model internals:
 - i. Dynamics: formulation of compressible, non-hydrostatic equations

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial W}{\partial t} + g \left(\mu_d - \frac{\alpha}{\alpha_d} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \eta} \right) &= - \frac{\partial U_w}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Omega_w}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial \mu_d}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \eta} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial \Theta}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial U \theta}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \Omega \theta}{\partial \eta} &= \mu Q \\ \frac{d\phi}{dt} &= g_w\end{aligned}$$



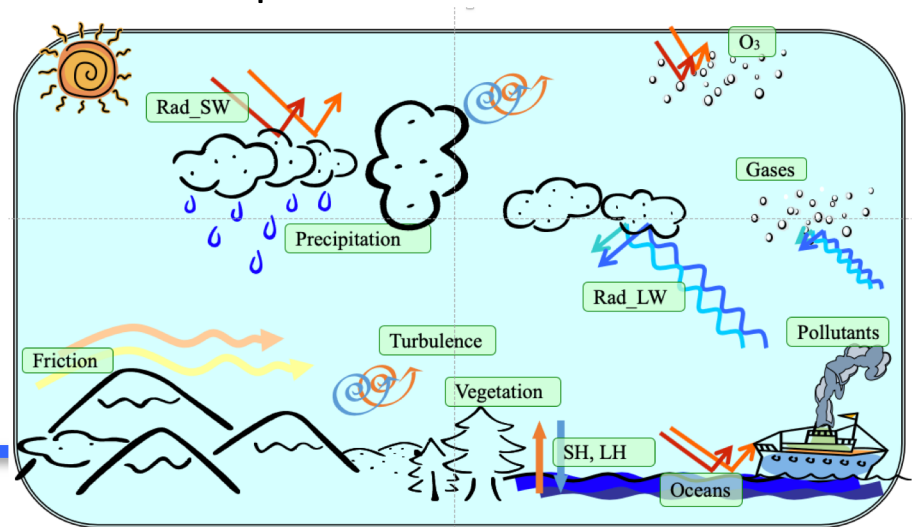
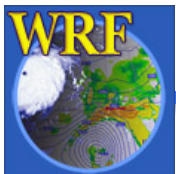
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 - ii. Numerics: how to solve equations numerically



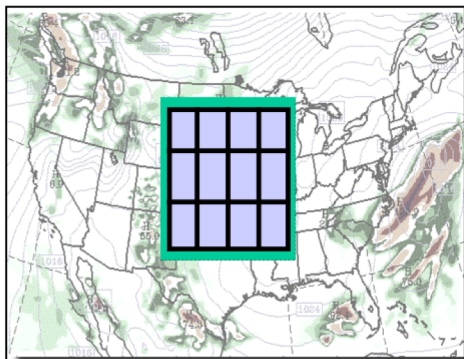
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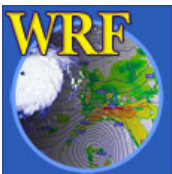
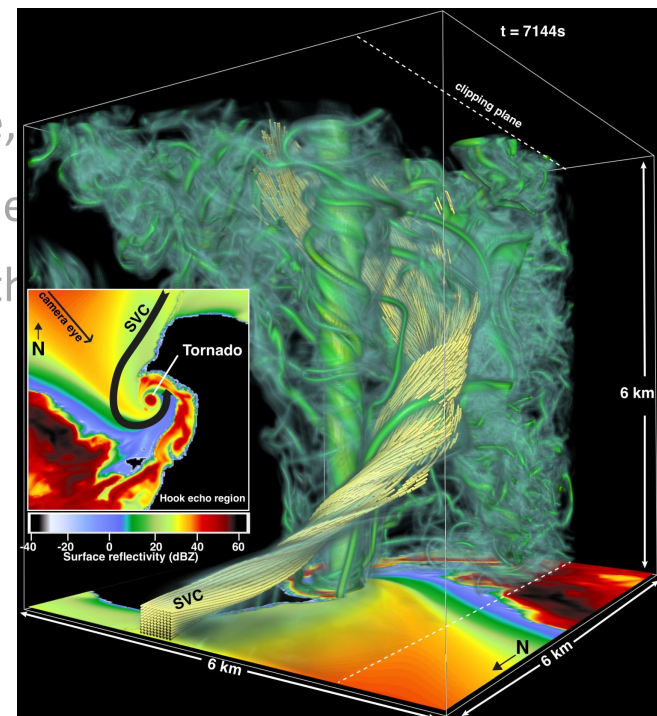
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- d. **Model internals:**
 - i. Dynamics: formulation of compressible, non-hydrostatic equations
 - ii. Numerics: how to solve equations numerically
 - iii. Physics: how are physical processes in the atmosphere are represented
 - iv. Software and parallel computing



Mesoscale & Microscale Meteorology Laboratory / NCAR

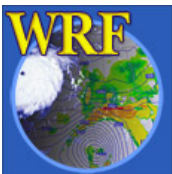
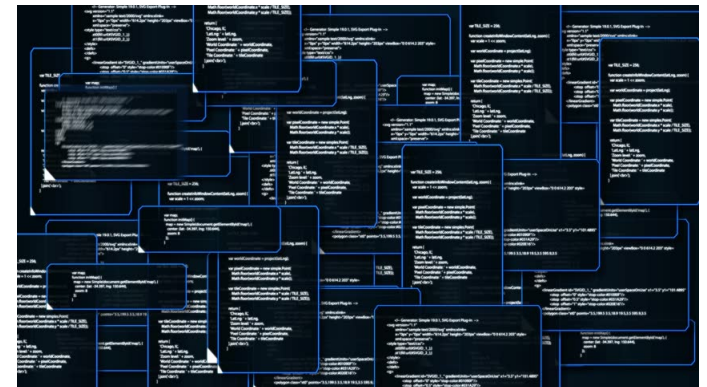
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- e. Tools to view and analyze model output



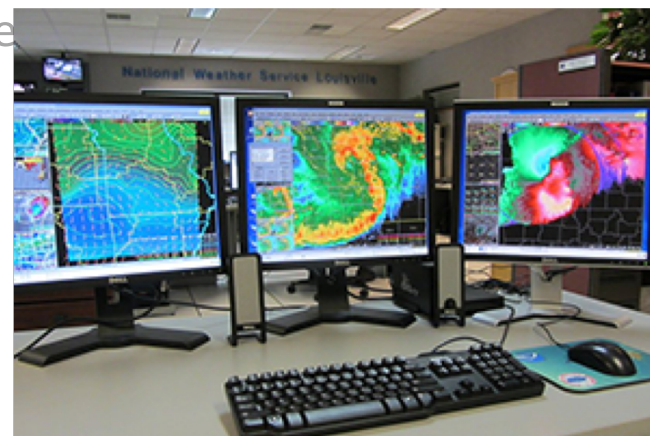
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- e. Tools to view and analyze model output
- f. How to compile the modeling system code
- g. Best practices



What will you gain from this tutorial?

- a. Knowledge needed to run WRF for basic applications
 - i. Some understanding on how the model works
 - ii. Familiarity on the process to run the model
- b. Recognize what you learn here is a starting point
 - i. Learning a tool, or many pieces of a tool
 - ii. Read more and experiment
 - iii. Practice, practice, practice...

