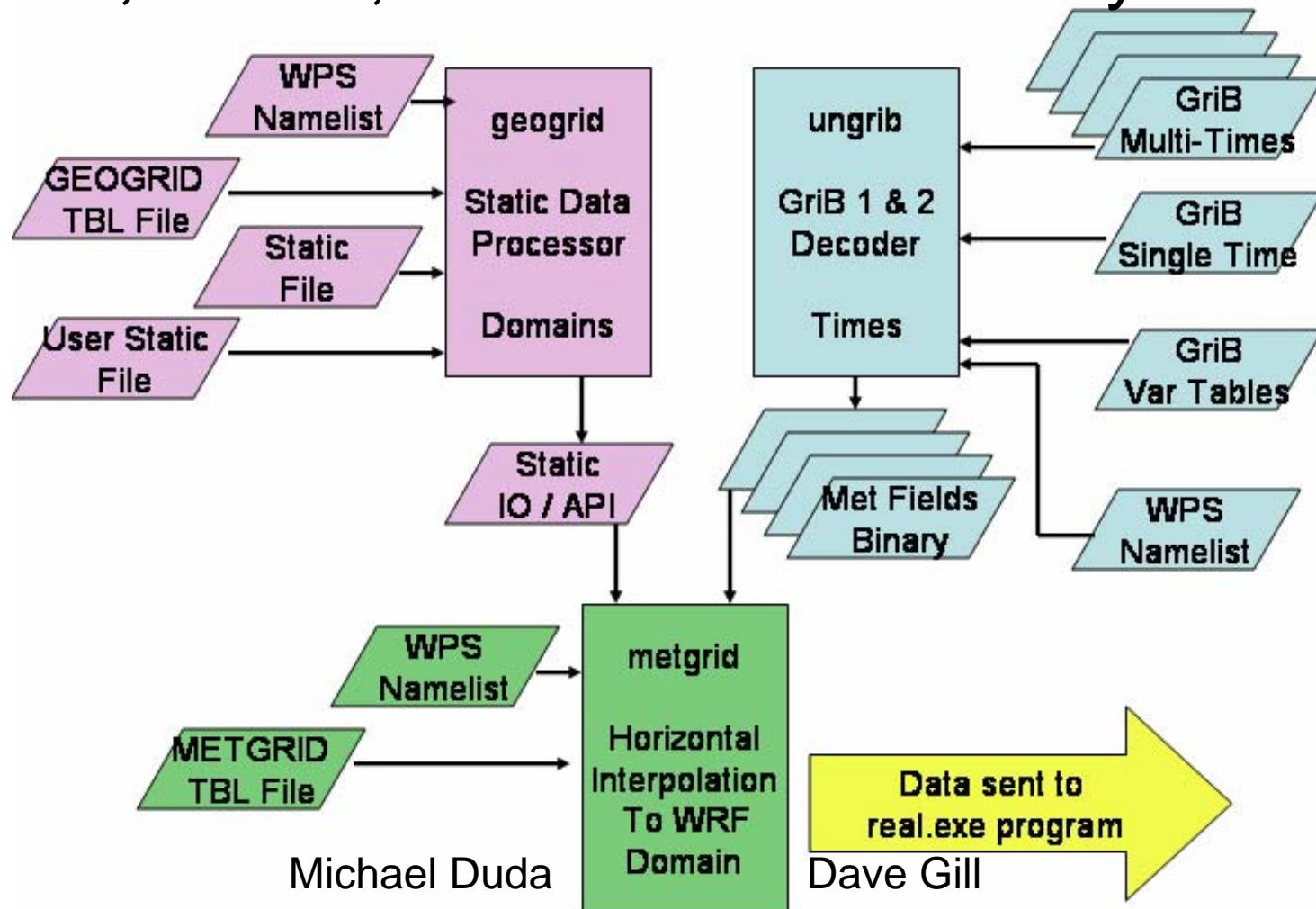


# A Package to Produce WRF Initial, Lower, and Lateral Boundary Conditions

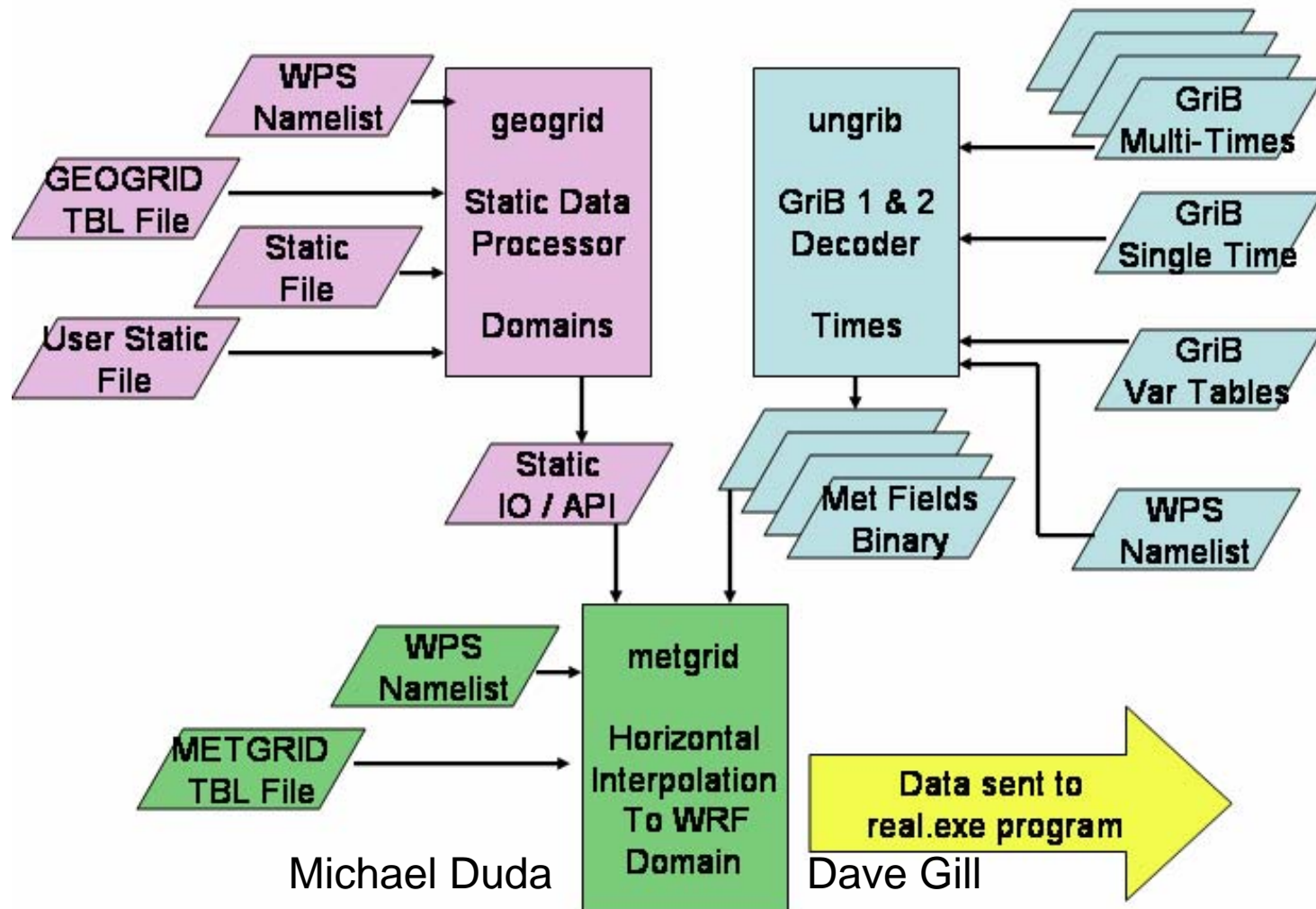


Michael Duda  
James Bresch

Dave Gill  
Wei Wang  
Kevin Manning  
Jordan Powers  
Jimmy Dudhia

# WRF Preprocessing System

## WPS



Michael Duda  
James Bresch

Dave Gill  
Wei Wang  
Kevin Manning  
Jordan Powers  
Jimmy Dudhia

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data - *geogrid*
  - GriB Decoder - *ungrib*
  - Horizontal Interpolator - *metgrid*
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Motivation – Problems with SI

- User related
  - Concerns for ease of use
  - Medium domains hampered by timing performance and memory constraints, large domains not possible
- Developer related
  - Difficulty in expanding existing capabilities
  - Separate programs for ARW and NMM
  - Too many data formats, too many intermediate files

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Motivation (*geogrid* timings)

Grid Name	# Doms	Sizes	DX	SI	WPS
44	2	300x237 253x253	15 km 5 km	24 min	30 sec
92	1	354x222	15 km	23 min	22 sec
AMPS	6	Various	60 km → 2.22 km	210 min	2 min

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data
  - GriB Decoder
  - Horizontal Interpolator
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Design Requirements

Contributions provided by

Keith Brewster (University of Oklahoma)

Sue Chen (Naval Research Laboratory)

Bill Gallus (University of Iowa)

Paula McCaslin (ESRL/GSD, NOAA)

Matt Pyle (National Centers for Environmental  
Prediction, NOAA)

Brent Shaw (Weather Systems, Inc.)

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Design Requirements

- 1) User impact
  - a) Easy to install and use
  - b) Documentation: user level, on-line tutorial
  - c) Suitable for both research and operations
  - d) Portable
  - e) Flexible for user modifications



# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Design Requirements

### 2) Performance

- a) Efficient
- b) Scalable to large domains
- c) Minimal intermediate files

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Design Requirements

### 3) Dynamical Cores

- a) Support rectangular and diamond staggers
- b) Nesting, moving nests
- c) Generic utilities
- d) Isolate core-specifics, developer responsible

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Design Requirements

### 4) Projections

- a) ARW Real: Lambert, polar, Mercator
- b) NMM Real: Rotated lat/lon
- c) Input: cylindrical equidistant, Gaussian, recognized projections
- d) Global latitude/longitude and channel capabilities to be added this year

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Design Requirements

### 5) Data Ingest

- a) User-supplied static files
- b) Increase GriB sources
- c) Tiled GriB
- d) Pressure-level and native vertical coordinate

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

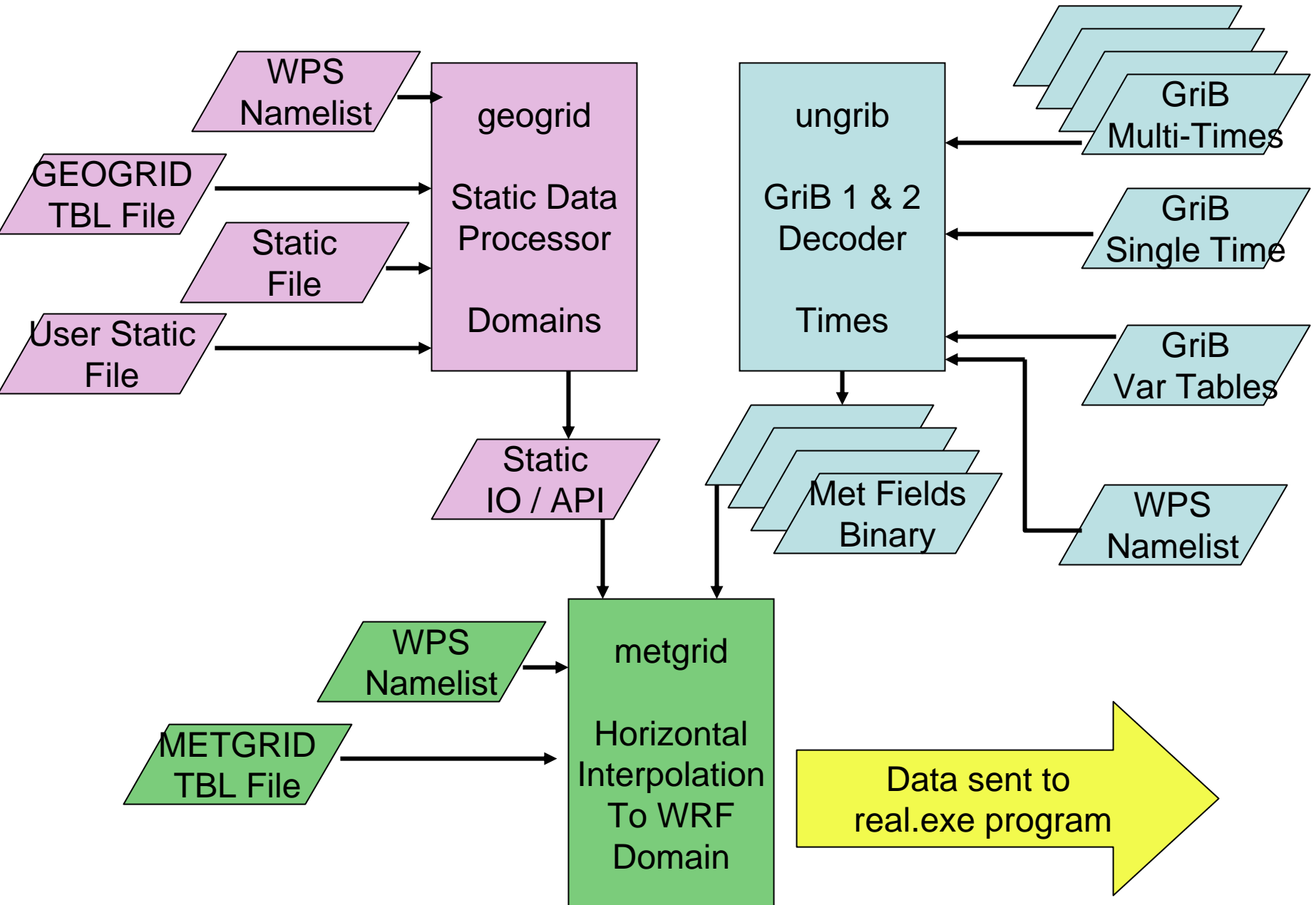
## Design Requirements

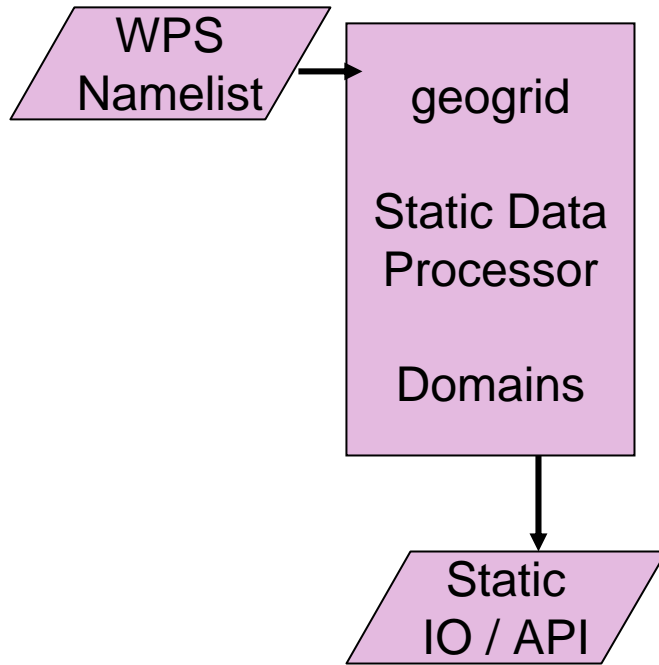
- 6) Needs from Larger WRF Community
  - a) LSM (simplify adding new fields)
  - b) Chemistry (ingest gridded data)
  - c) Climate (process many time periods)
  - d) Real-time (timing performance)
  - e) TC bogus initialization (later this year)

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

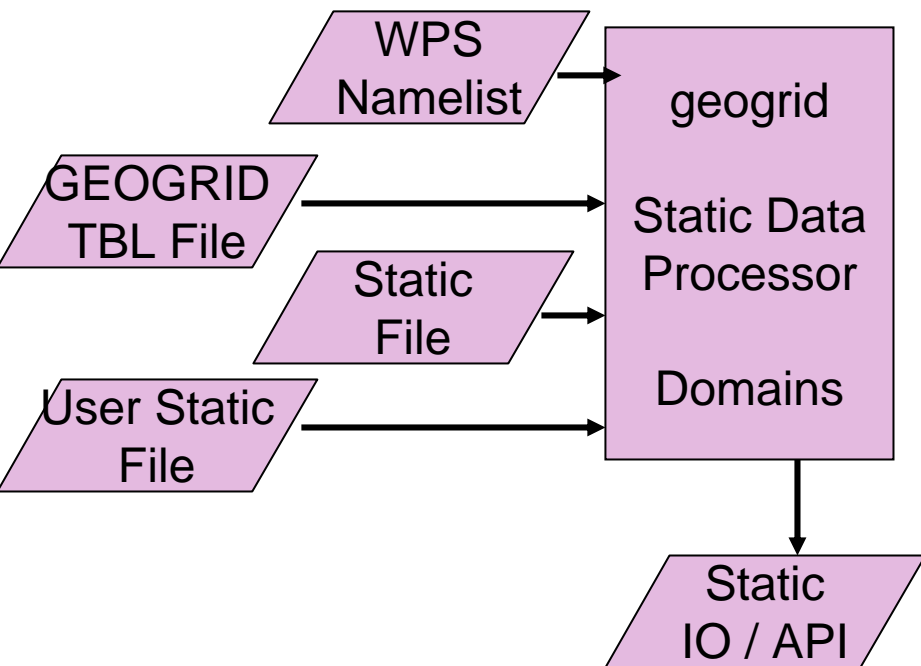
- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data - *geogrid*
  - GriB Decoder
  - Horizontal Interpolator
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview









# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Static Data - *geogrid*

- Single program for ARW and NMM
- Serial and DM parallel
- Run-time options: namelist and table file
- General programming, specifics in input files
- Optional user-supplied static-data input file(s)
- Multiple interpolator sequence, resolution tied to interpolator, masks, staggerings, input priorities
- WRF IO/API compatible

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Static Data - *geogrid*

- Static data may either be projected or regular lat/lon
- Handles  $(i,j) \Leftrightarrow (\text{lat}, \text{lon})$  for polar stereographic, Mercator, Lambert conformal, rotated lat/lon
- $(\text{lat}, \text{lon}) \rightarrow (i,j)$  for Gaussian

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Static Data - *geogrid*

- Interpolation from raw input data to target location at the correct stagger for the variable
- No intervening domains
- Interpolation schemes available for both static and meteorological fields
  - 4 point (16 point) interpolation
  - 4 point (16 point) average for masked fields
  - Nearest neighbor
  - Model grid cell average, can be masked
  - Search for closest of correct mask

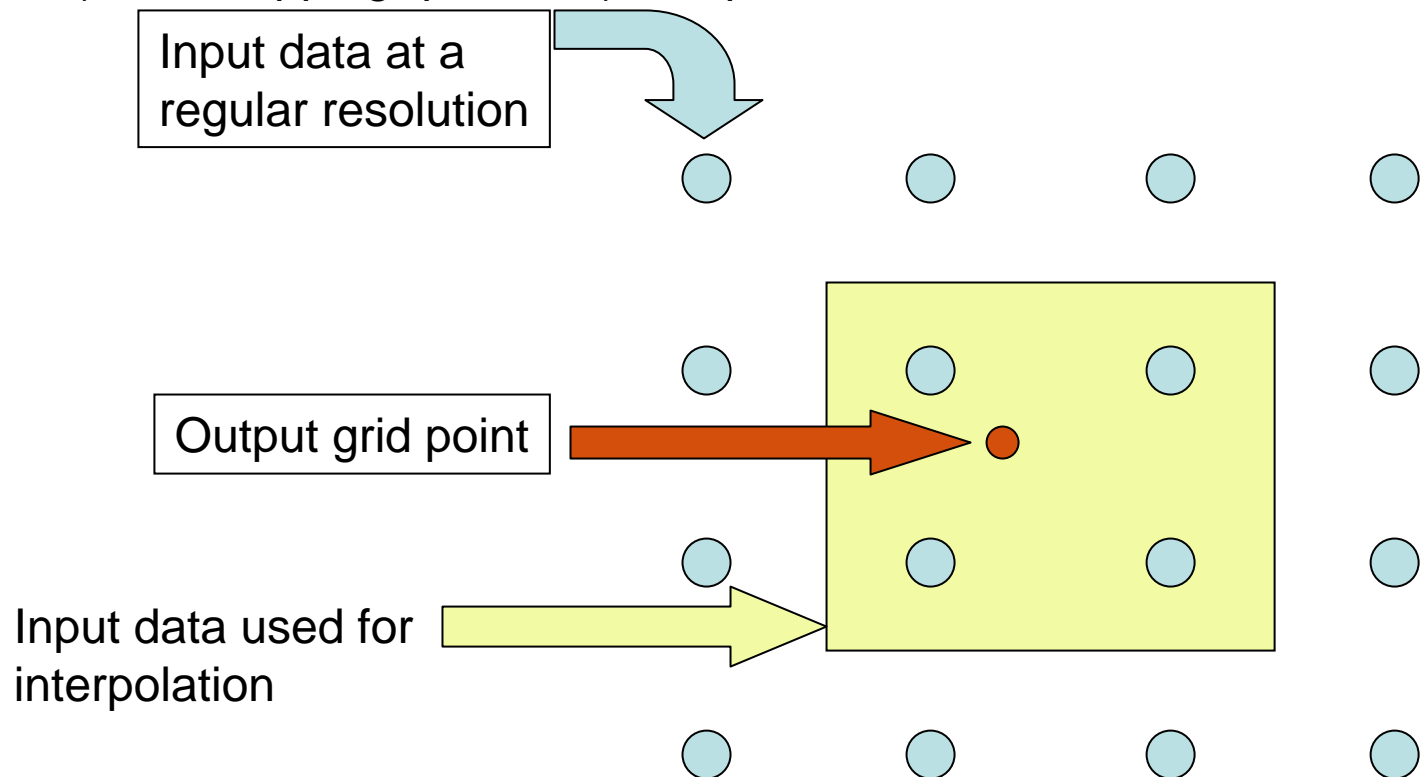
# Horizontal: Four Point (or 16 Point) Interpolation

Assumes that the input resolution is coarser than the output resolution

Useful for continuous fields

Requires all input values are the same mask as the target output

Bi-linear (or overlapping quadratic) interpolation



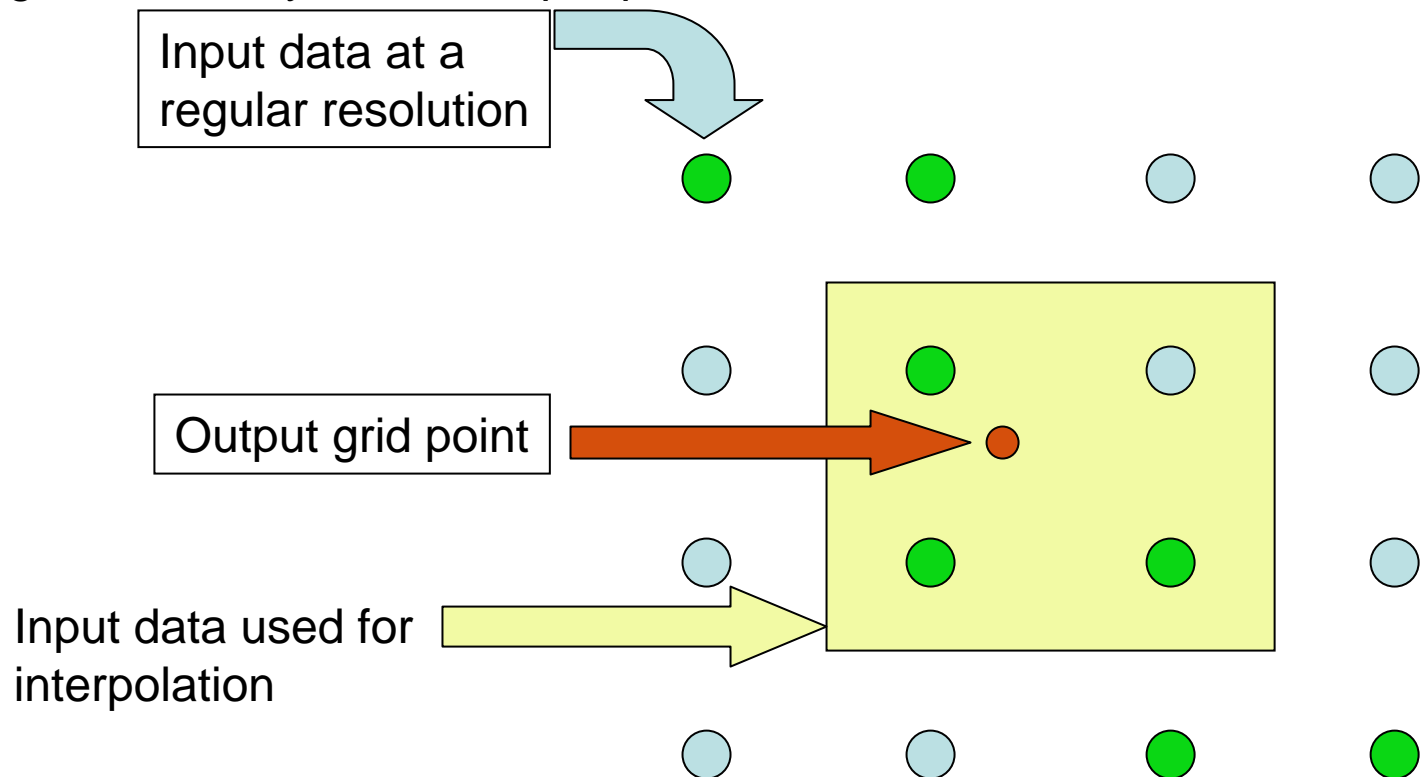
# Horizontal: Four Point (or 16 Point) Average

Assumes that the input resolution is coarser than the output resolution

Useful for continuous fields

Assumes target and input may have different masks

Average of correctly masked input points



If the output target point is masked similarly to the “green” input values, then the average of the three surrounding “green” points would be used.

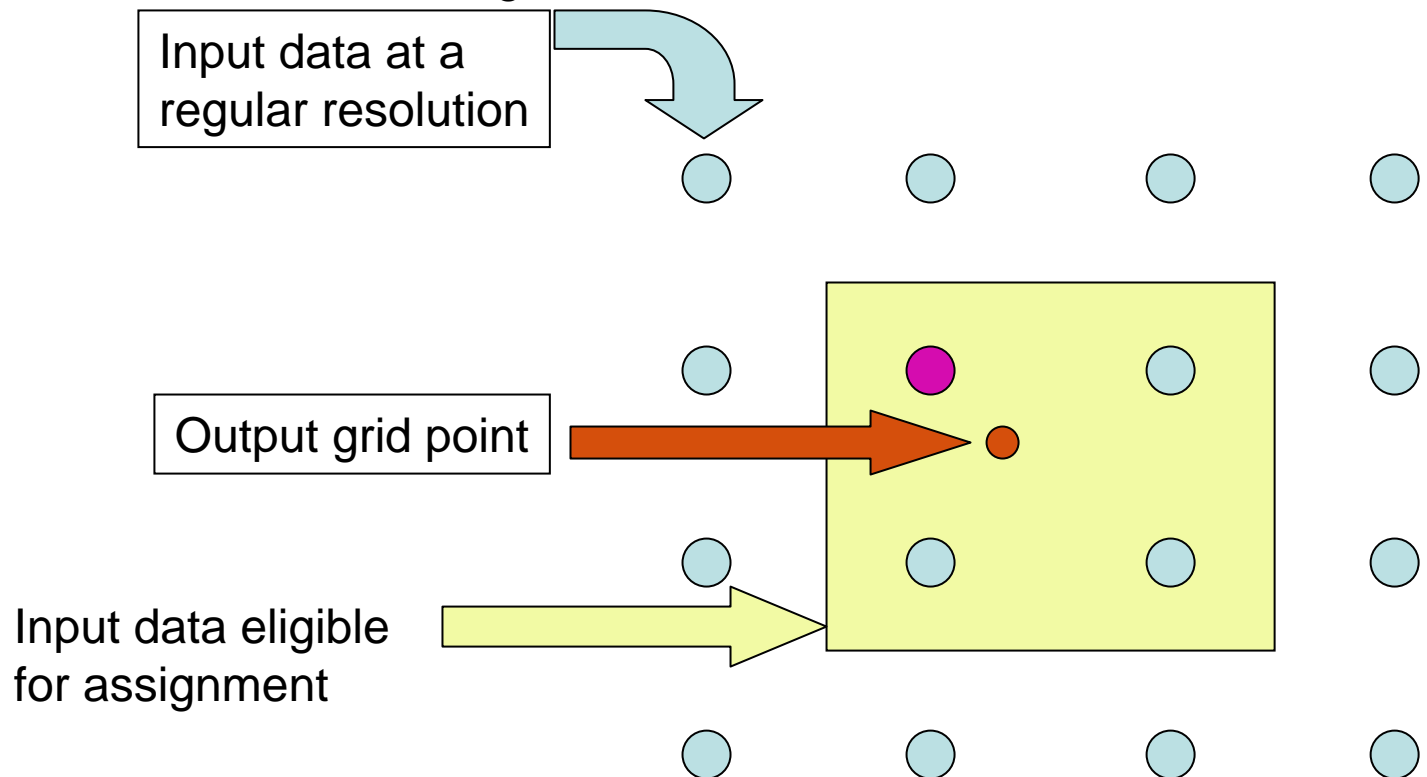
# Horizontal: Nearest Neighbor

Assumes that the input resolution is coarser than the output resolution

Useful for discrete fields

Assumes target defines input mask

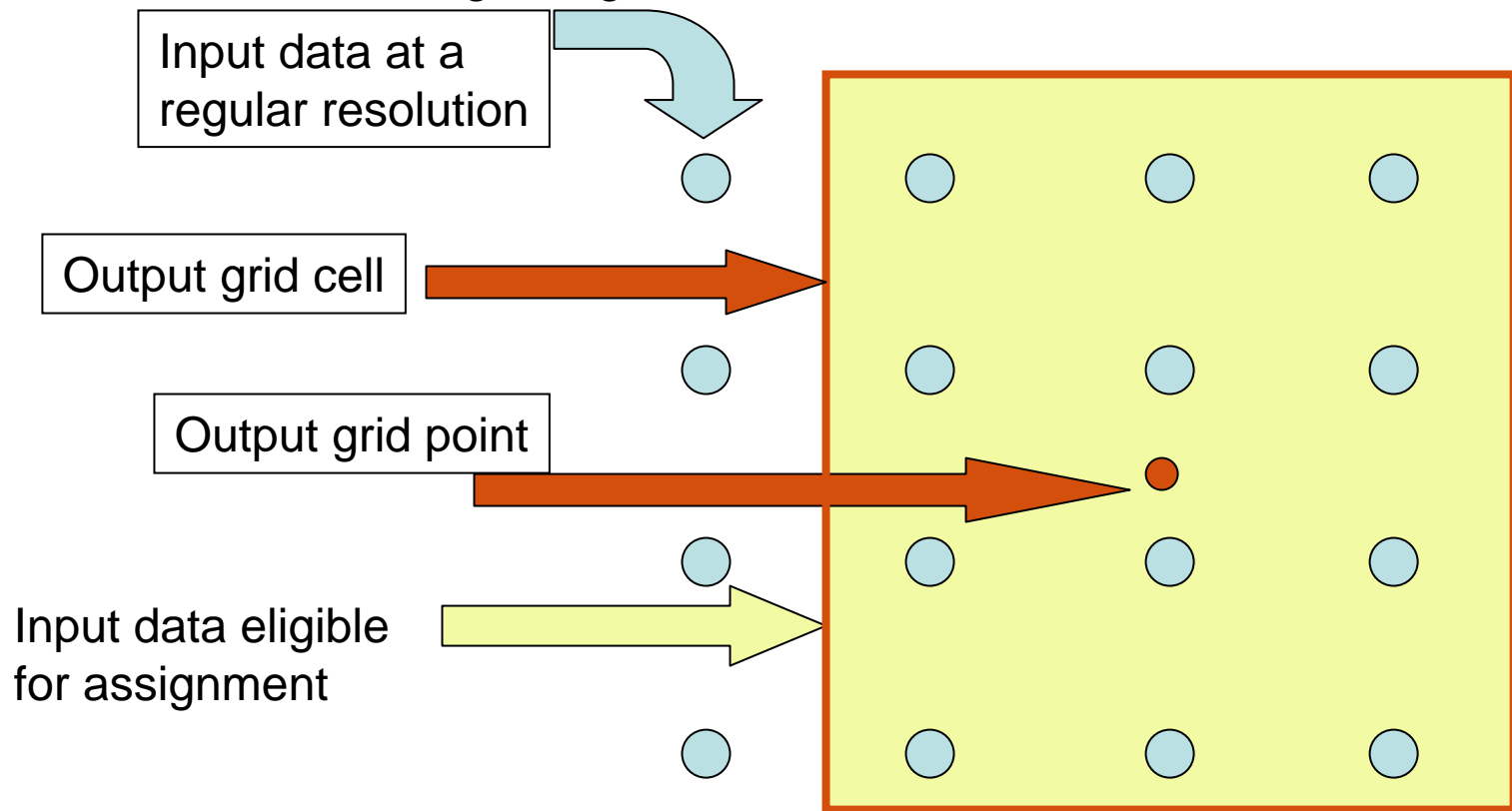
Selects closest of surrounding values



Since the output grid point is closest to the “purple” input grid point, the target value is assigned as that of the “purple” cell.

# Horizontal: Cell Average (Special)

Assumes that the input resolution is finer than the output resolution  
Useful for categorical or conserved fields  
Assumes target defines input mask  
Selects all values within single target cell



Either the average or the dominant value of the input points is assigned to the single coarser target grid point, all input within the target cell

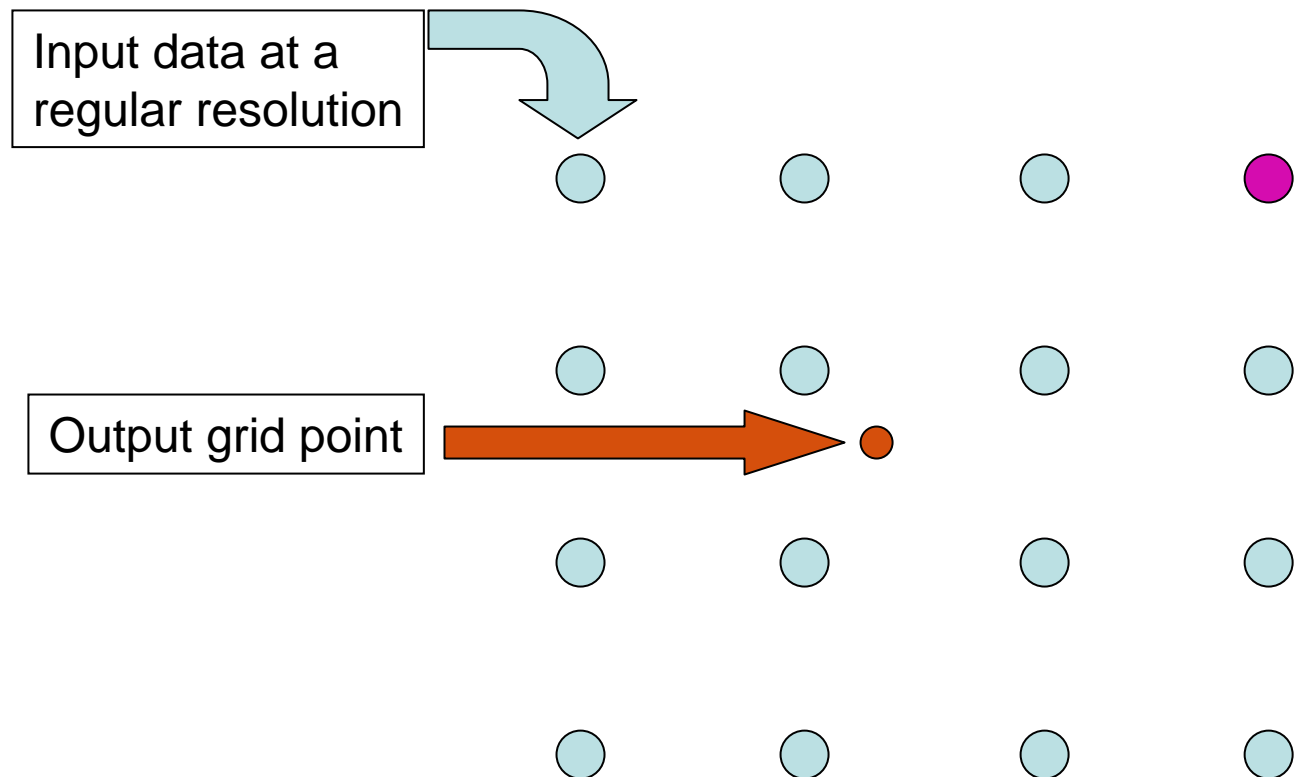


# Horizontal: Search

Useful for masked fields

Assumes target defines input mask

Selects closest of suitable type, can be STREAKY

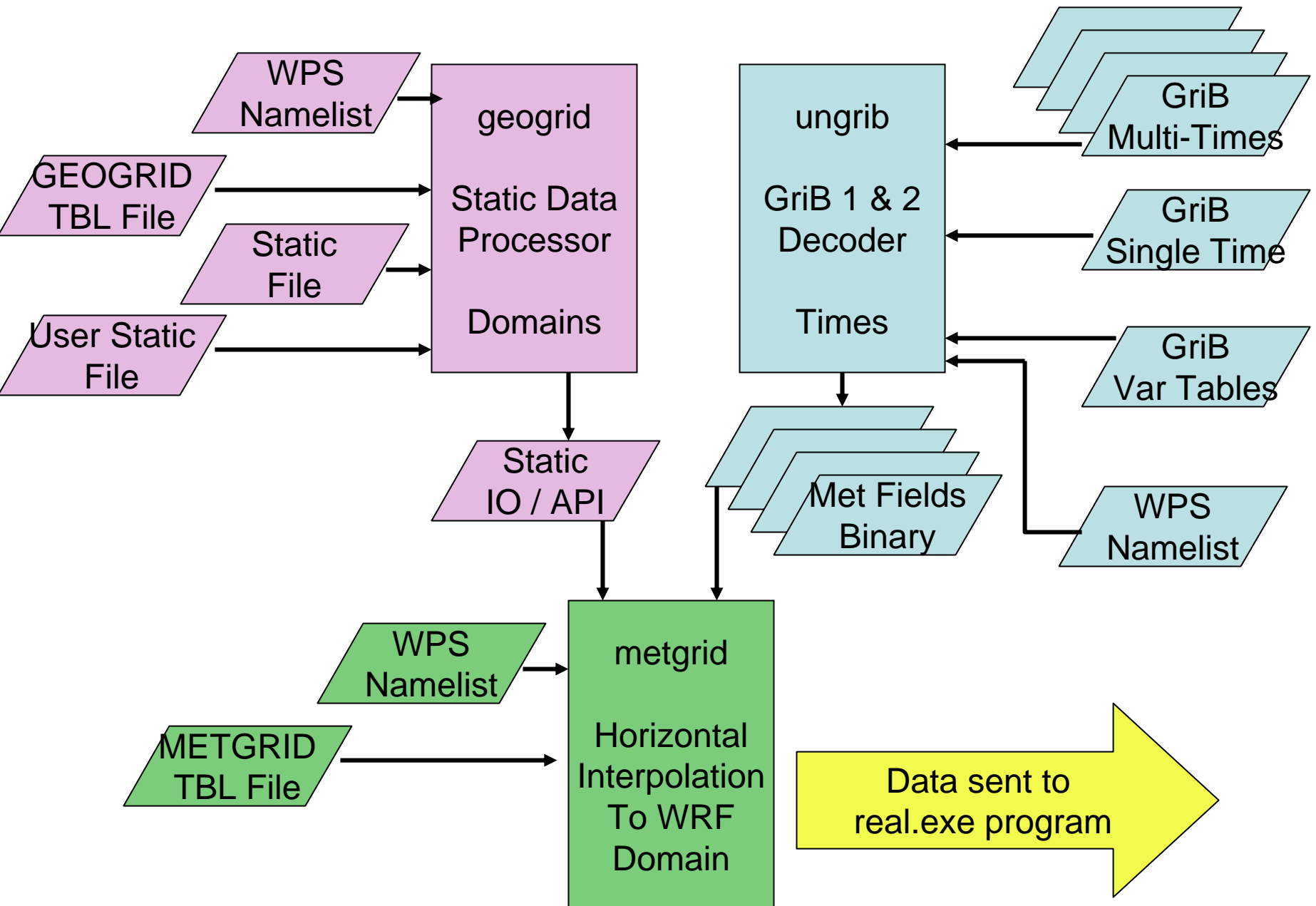


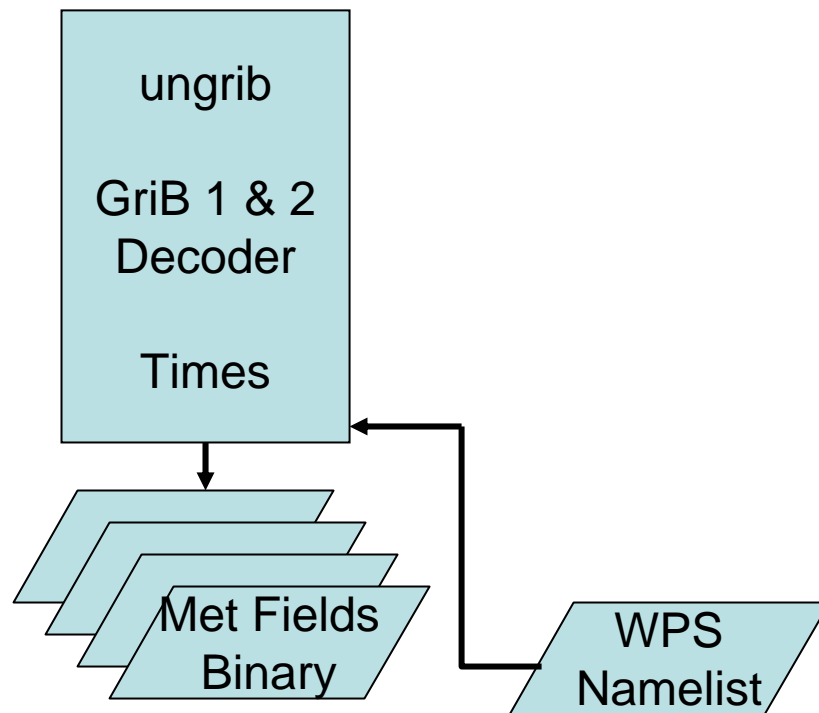
Since the output grid point is closest to the masked “purple” input grid point, the target value is assigned as that of the “purple” cell.

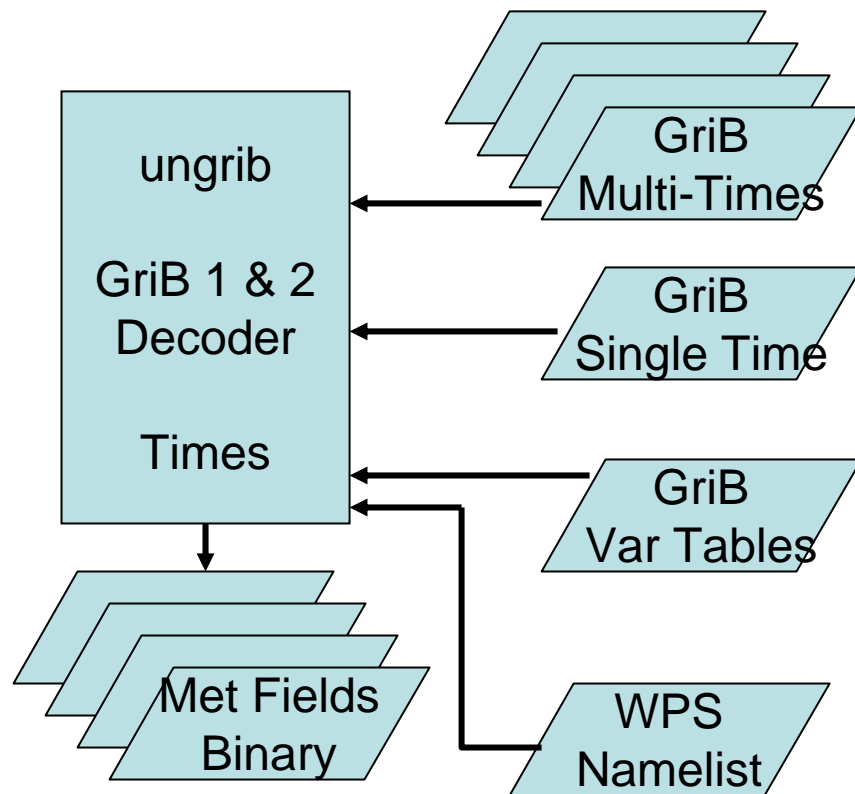
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data
  - GriB Decoder - *ungrib*
  - Horizontal Interpolator
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview







# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

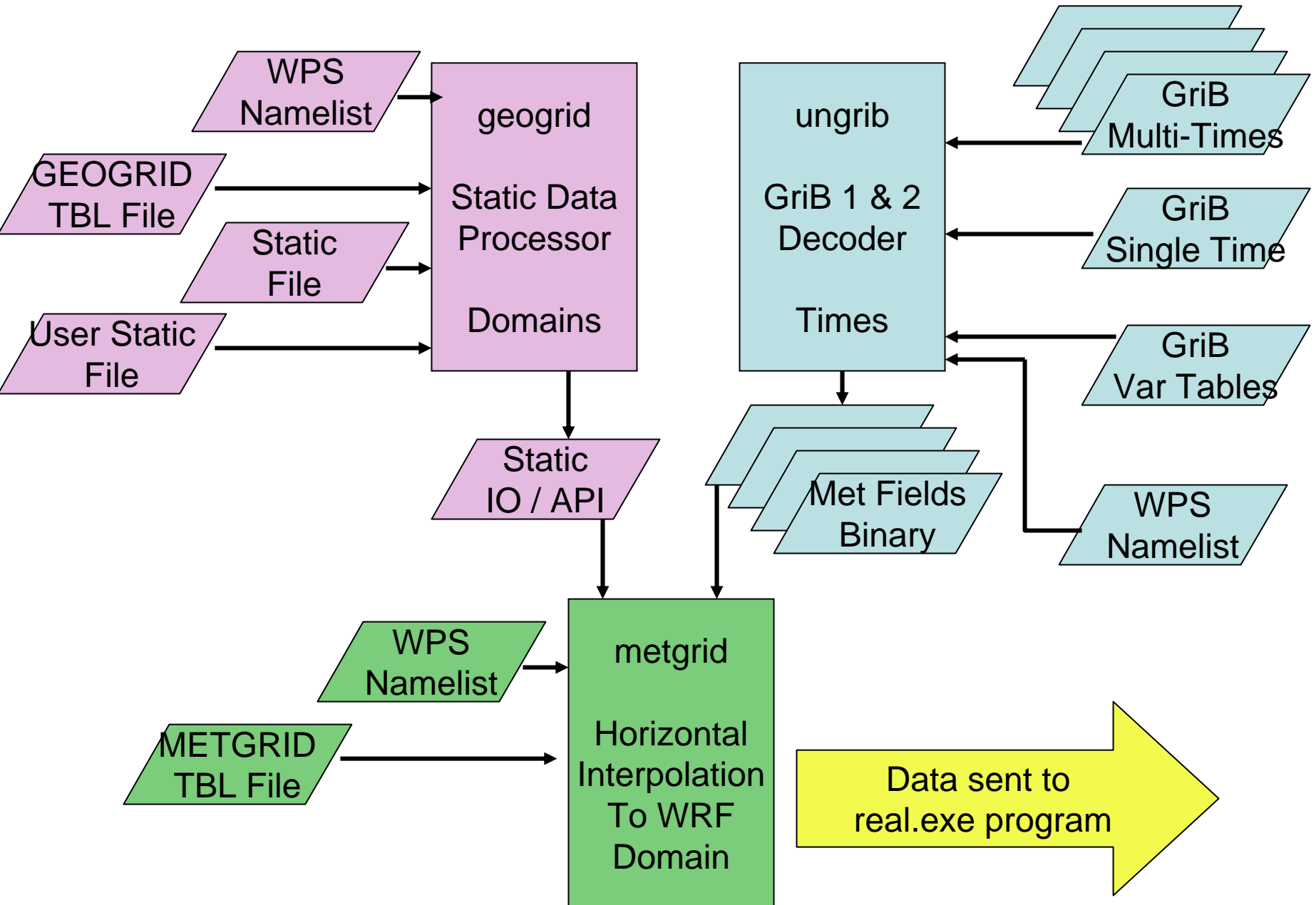
## GriB Decoder - *ungrib*

- GriB1 and GriB2
- Pressure and native vertical coordinate
- External jasper library (for compression) required for GriB2
- Run-time options through namelist and Vtables
- Backward compatible (also writes MM5 and SI decoded GriB)

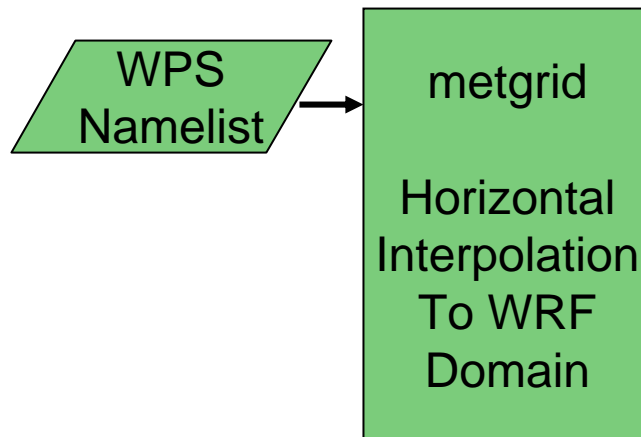
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

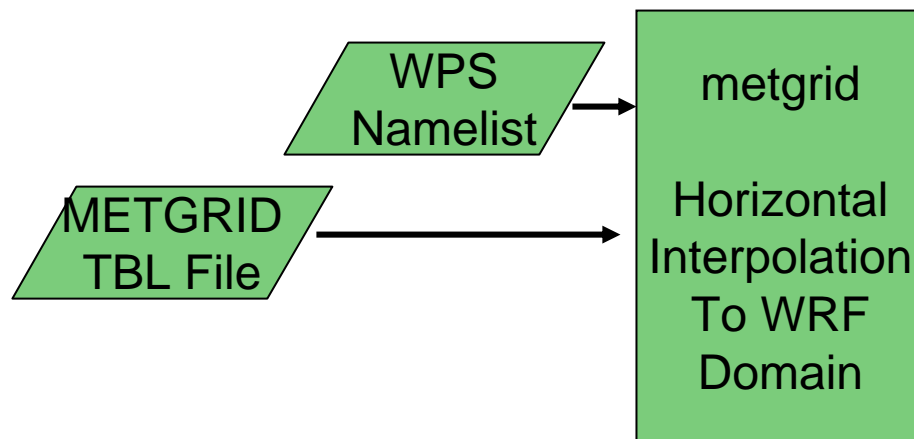
- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data
  - GriB Decoder
  - Meteo Fields - *metgrid*
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview









# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

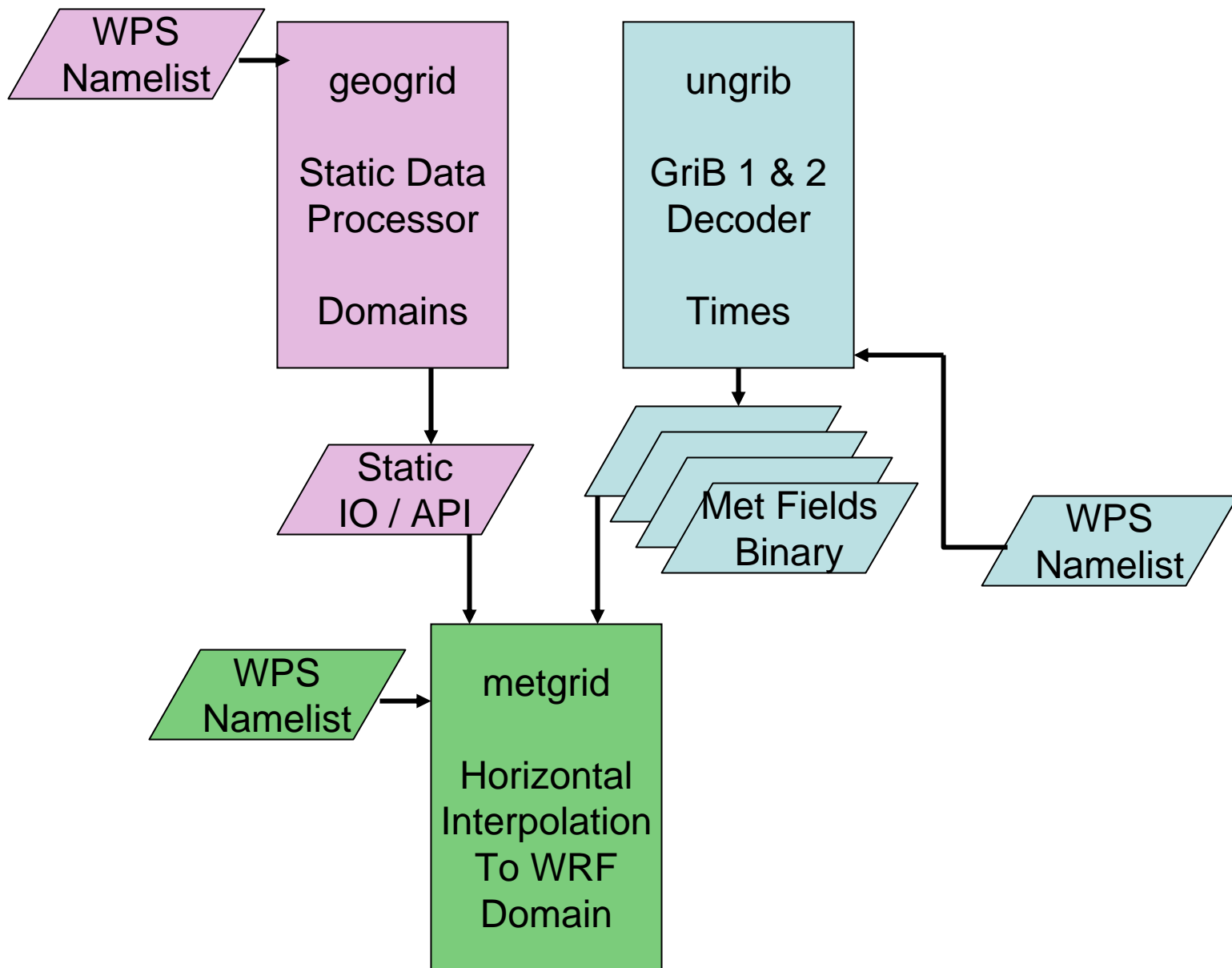
## Horizontal Interpolator - *metgrid*

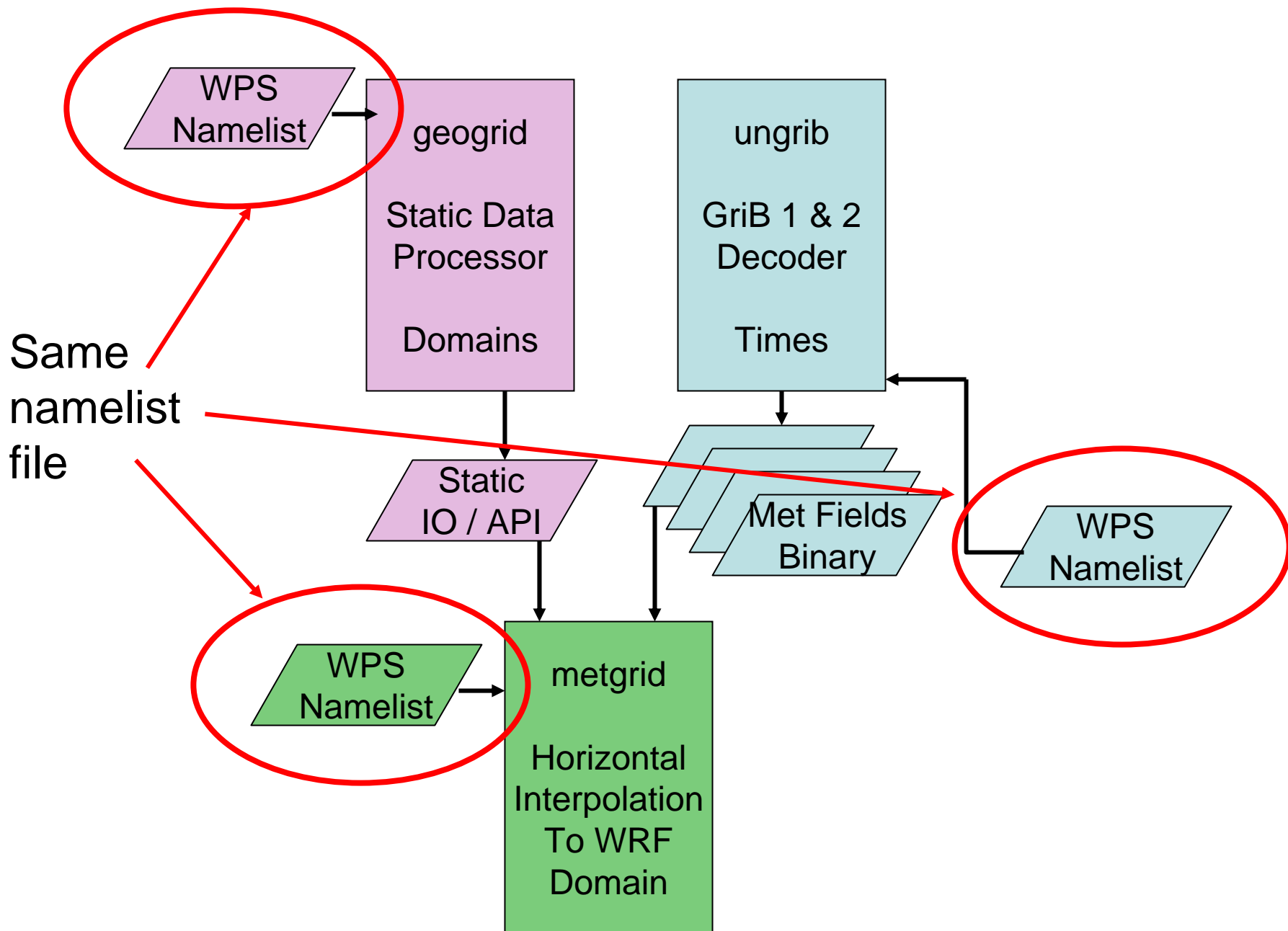
- Single program for ARW and NMM
- Serial and DM parallel
- Run-time options: namelist and table file
- General programming, specifics in input files  
(exception: needs to know about U and V for map-projection wind rotation)

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Horizontal Interpolator - *metgrid*

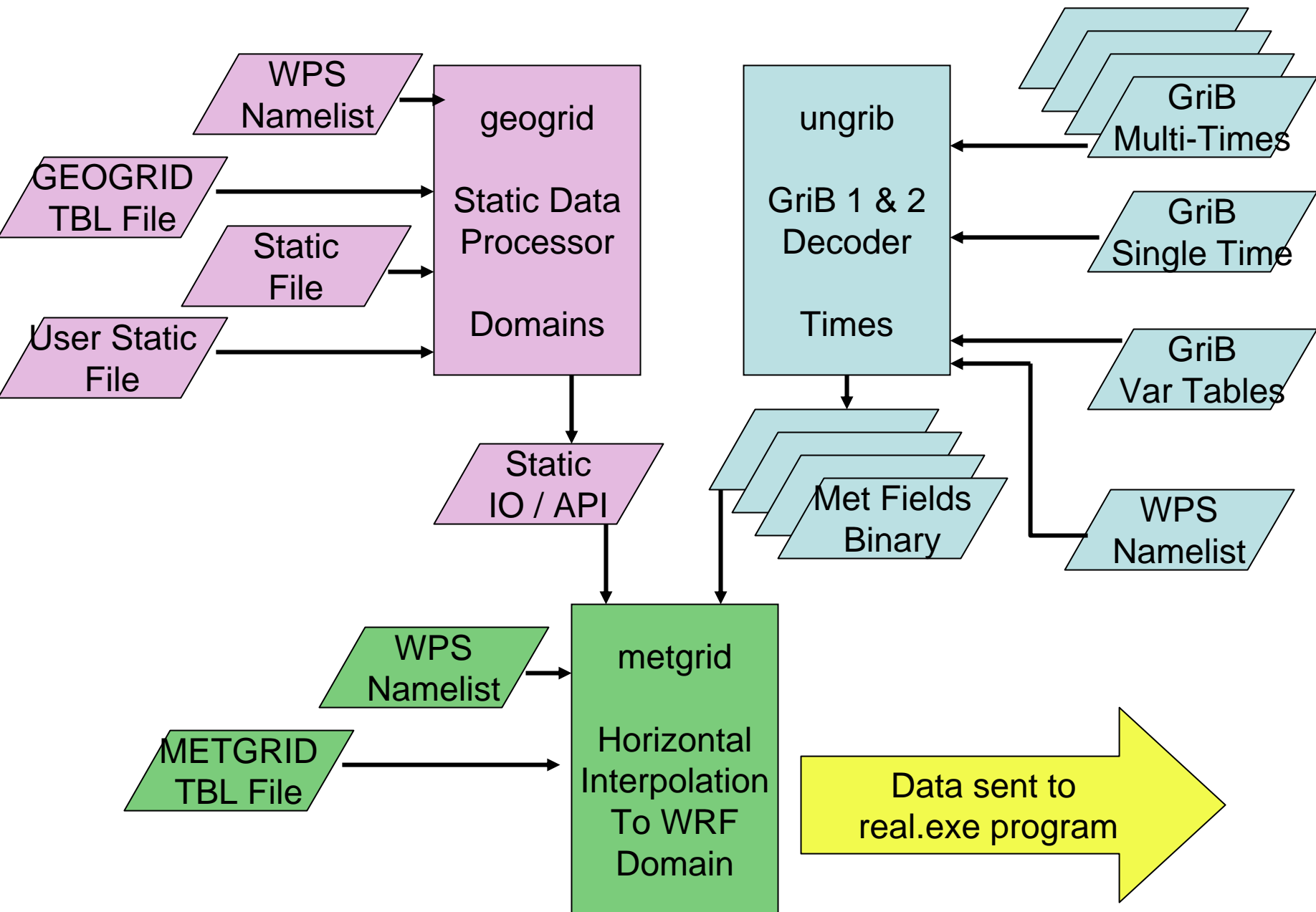
- Multiple interpolator sequence, masks, input priorities
- WRF IO/API compatible
- Small-memory roll-over to disk
- Backward compatible (also reads MM5 and SI decoded GriB)





# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data
  - GriB Decoder
  - Horizontal Interpolator
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule





# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## real.exe

- ARW only so far, working with NCEP for NMM core
- Vertical interpolation
  - Pressure
  - Native vertical coordinate
- Backward compatible (also reads input from SI)
- Two namelist changes:
  - Add # vert levels in namelist
  - Specify input file name

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data
  - GriB Decoder
  - Horizontal Interpolator
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples

- CONUS, 360x230, 22 km resolution
  - Land use categories, nearest neighbor, categorical, 2 min static input
  - MM5 *Terrain* vs WPS *geogrid*
  - SI *grid\_gen* vs WPS *geogrid*

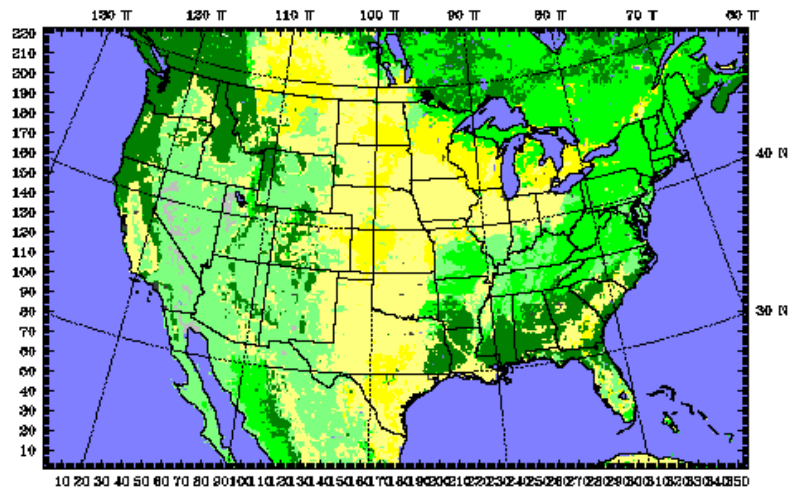
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples: CONUS, 360x230 22 km

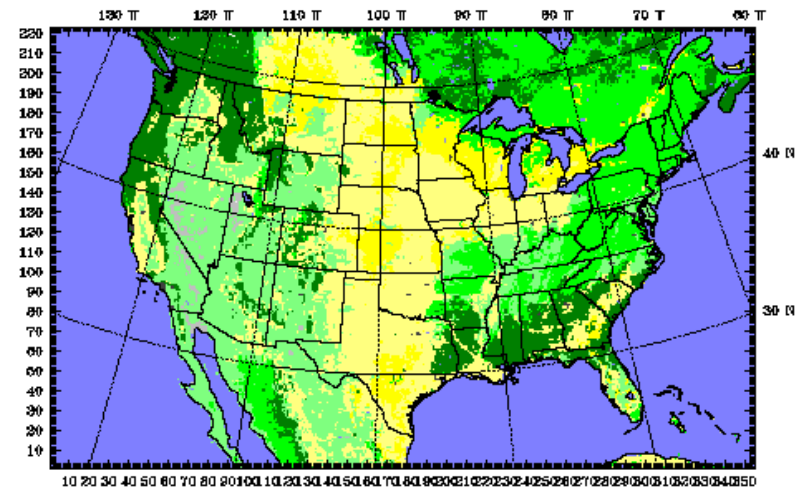
### Land use categories, 2 min input

Dataset: conus1 RIP: test Init: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33  
Fcst: 0.00 h Valid: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33 (0800 MDT Thu 27 Oct 33)  
Land use category

Dataset: conus1 RIP: test Init: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33  
Fcst: 0.00 h Valid: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33 (0800 MDT Thu 27 Oct 33)  
\*\*\*\*\*



MM5 Land Use



WPS *geogrid* Land Use

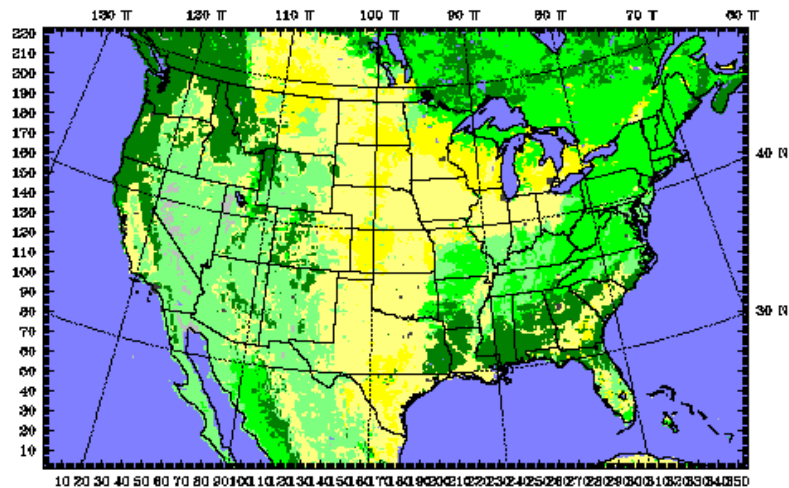
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples: CONUS, 360x230 22 km

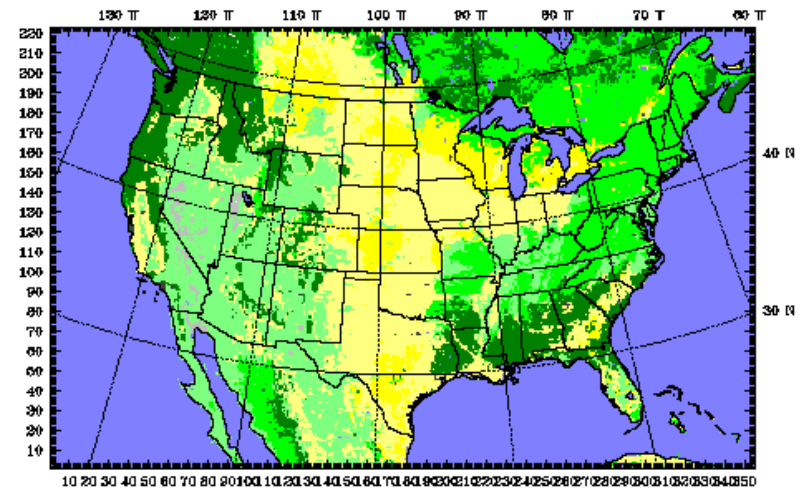
### Land use categories, 2 min input

Dataset: conus1 RIP: test Init: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33  
Fcst: 0.00 h Valid: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33 (0800 MDT Thu 27 Oct 33)  
\*\*\*\*\*

Dataset: conus1 RIP: test Init: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33  
Fcst: 0.00 h Valid: 1400 UTC Thu 27 Oct 33 (0800 MDT Thu 27 Oct 33)  
\*\*\*\*\*



SI Land Use



WPS *geogrid* Land Use

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

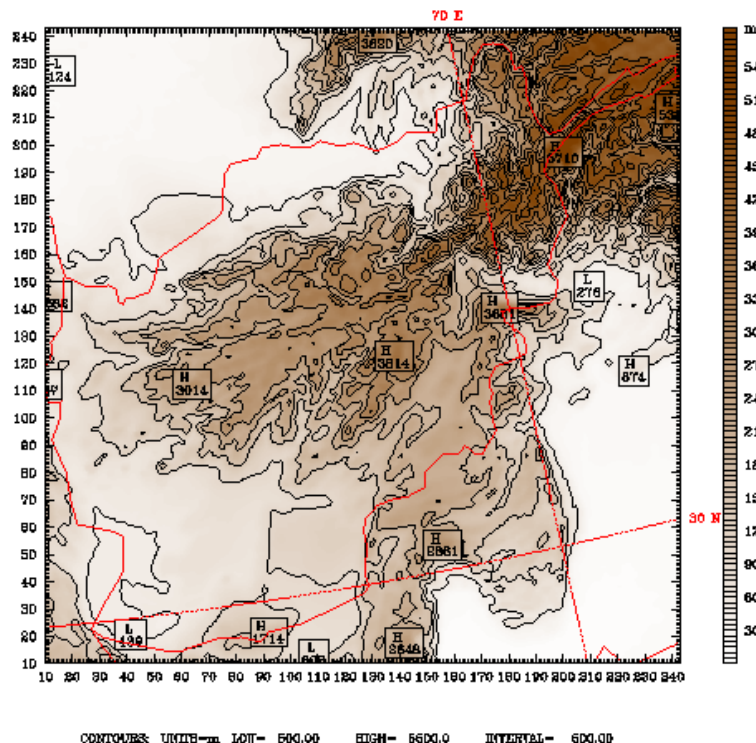
## Examples

- Afghanistan, 241x241, 5 km resolution
  - Topography, 16-point interpolation, continuous, 30 second static input
  - WPS *geogrid*
  - Difference of WPS *geogrid* and SI *grid\_gen*

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

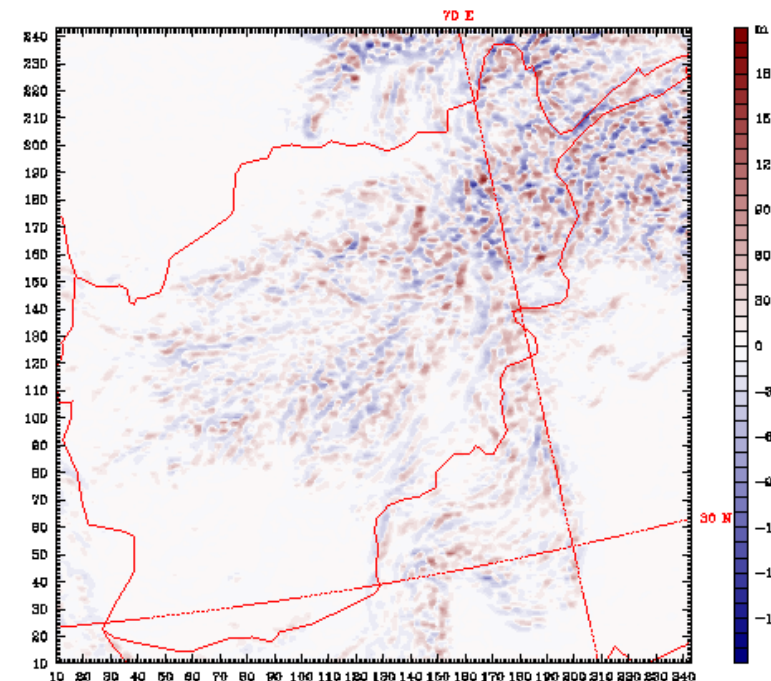
## Examples: Afghanistan, 241x241, 5 km Topography, 30 second input

Dataset: afghan2 RIP: test Init: 0200 UTC Sun 26 Feb 34  
Fcst: 0.00 h Valid: 0200 UTC Sun 26 Feb 34 (1900 MST Sat 25 Feb 34)  
Terrain height AMSL  
Terrain height AMSL



WPS *geogrid*

Dataset: afghan2 RIP: test Init: 0000 UTC Fri 31 Dec 99  
Fcst: 2.00 h Valid: 0200 UTC Fri 31 Dec 99 (1900 MST Thu 30 Dec 99)  
Terrain height AMSL  
(diff. from time= 0.00)



vs

WPS *geogrid* – SI *grid\_gen*

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

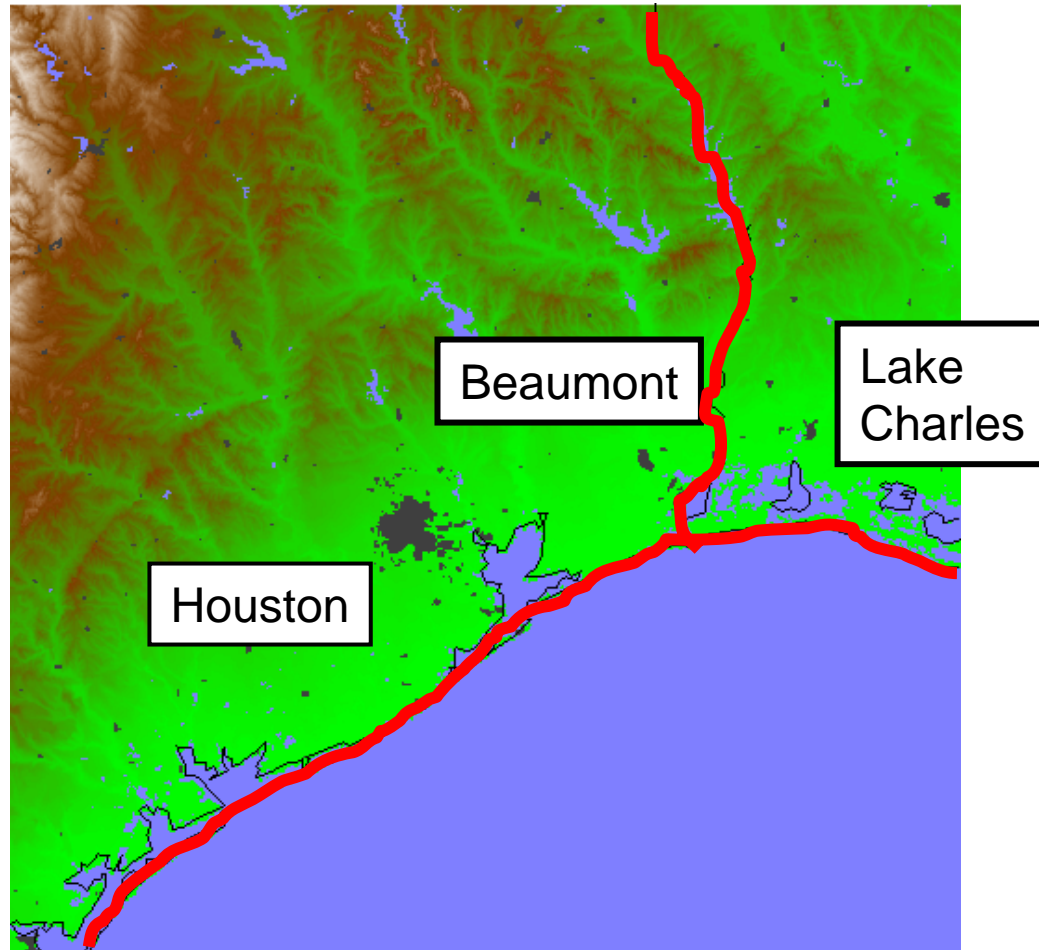
## Examples

- Houston, 1000x1000, 500 m resolution
  - Topography, 16 point, continuous, 30 second static input
  - Land use categories, nearest neighbor, categorical, 30 second static input



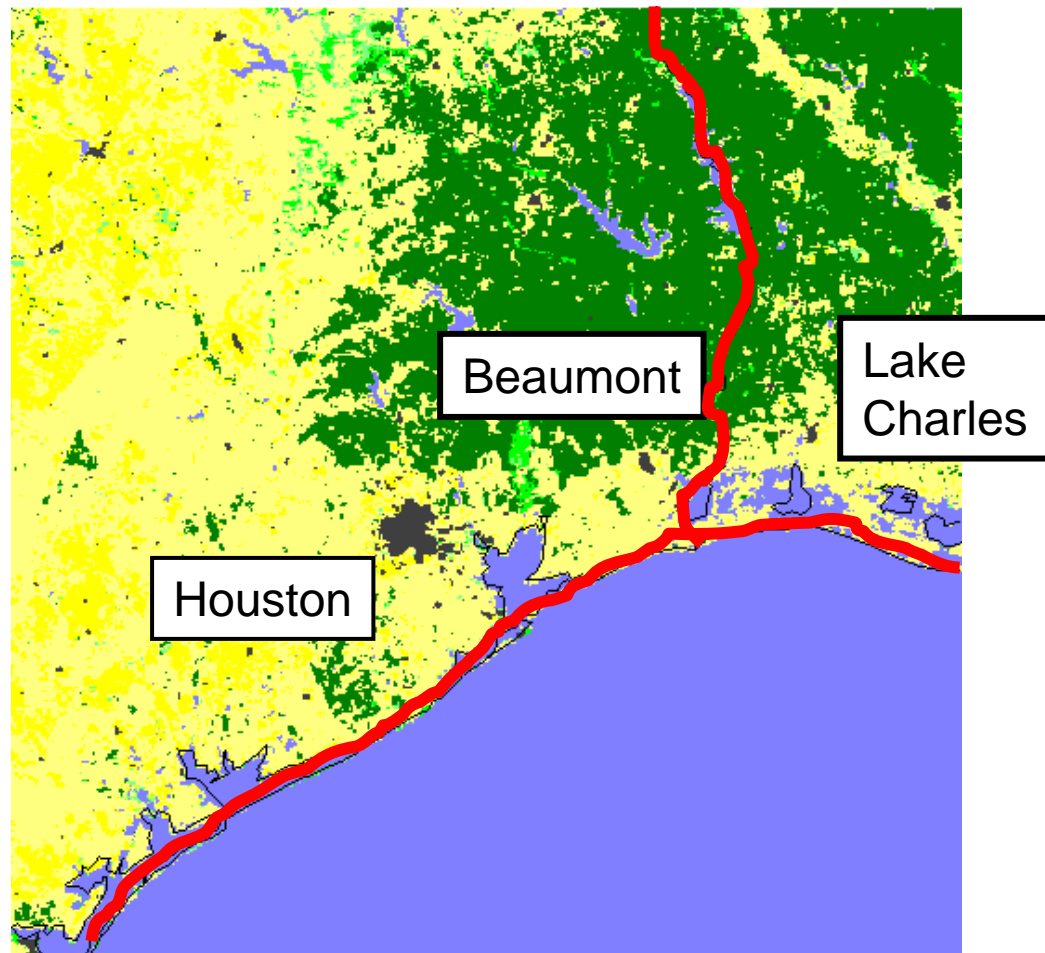
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

Examples: Houston, 1000x1000 500 m  
Topography, 30" input



# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

Examples: Houston, 1000x1000 500 m  
Land use categories, 30" input



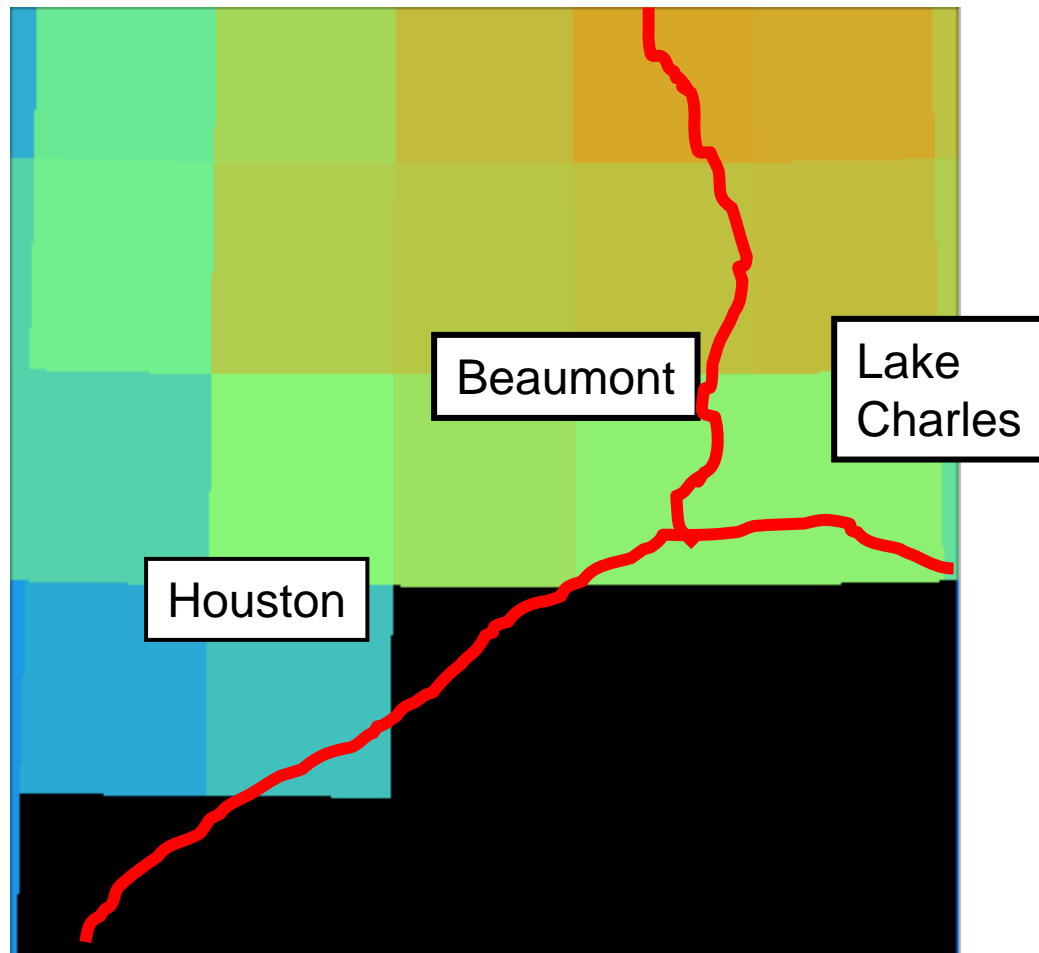
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples

- Houston, 1000x1000, 500 m resolution
  - Raw GFS 1 degree: soil moisture
  - GFS 1 degree: interpolating method
  - GFS 1 degree: interpolated soil moisture
  - NAM 12-km: interpolated soil moisture

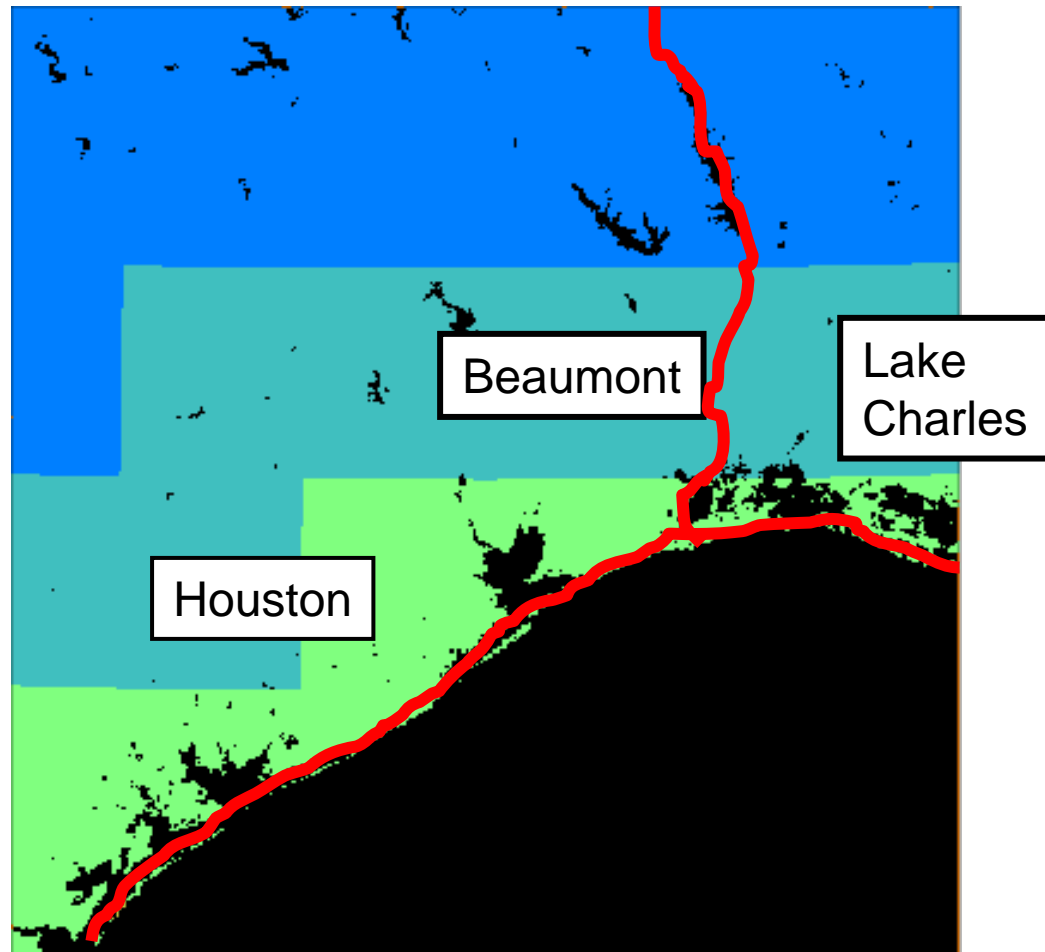
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

Examples: Houston, 1000x1000 500 m  
Soil moisture, Raw 1 degree GFS input



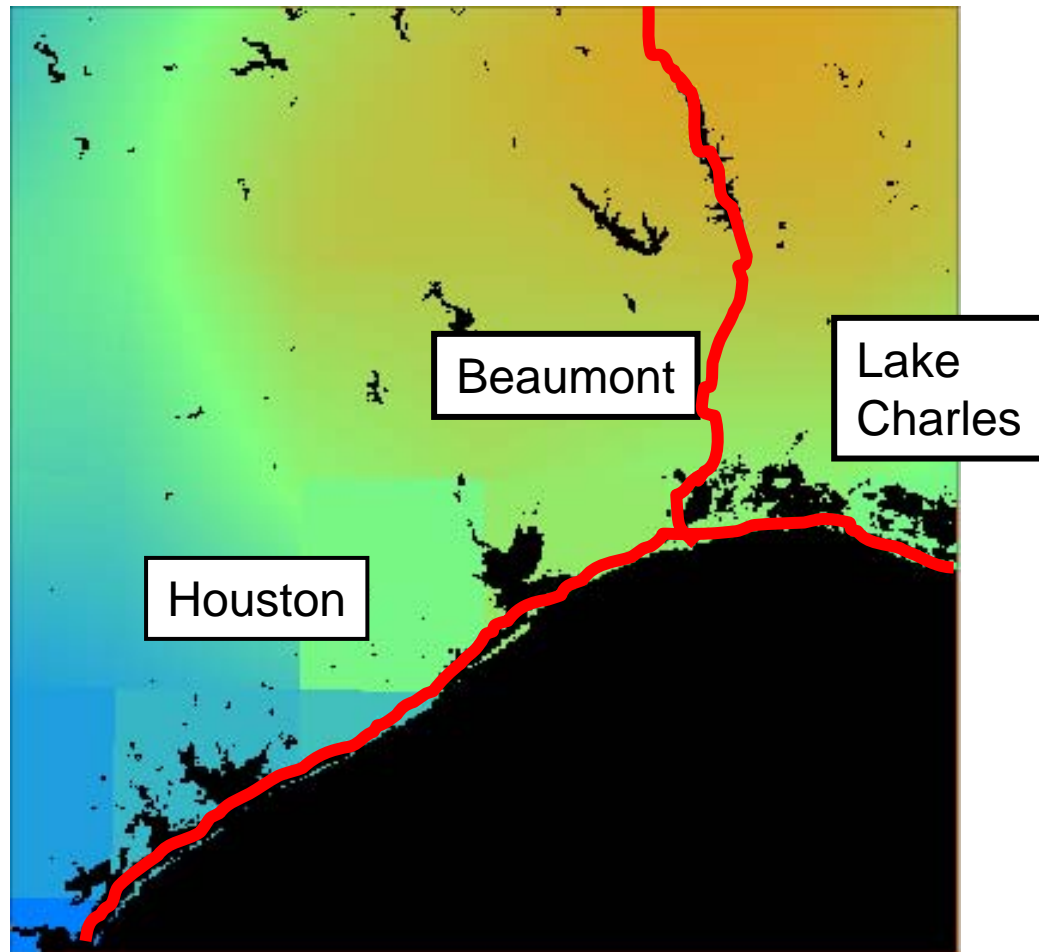
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

Examples: Houston, 1000x1000 500 m  
Interpolating Methods, 1 degree GFS input



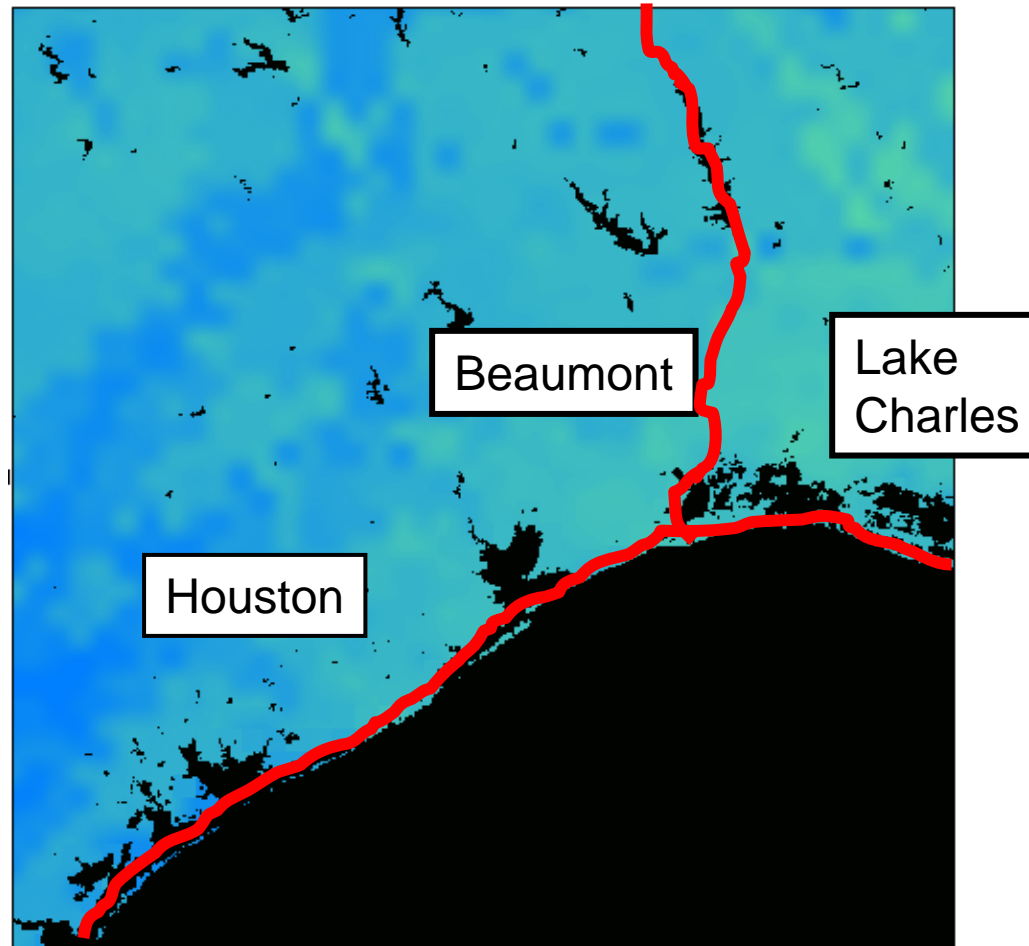
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

Examples: Houston, 1000x1000 500 m  
Soil Moisture, 1 degree GFS input



# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

Examples: Houston, 1000x1000 500 m  
Soil Moisture, 12-km NAM input



# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples

- CONUS, 971x741 domain size, 4-km resolution, 36-h forecast
  - Land use categories
  - Topography
  - SLP, T sfc, sfc wind
  - 500 mb T, height, winds
  - Reflectivity



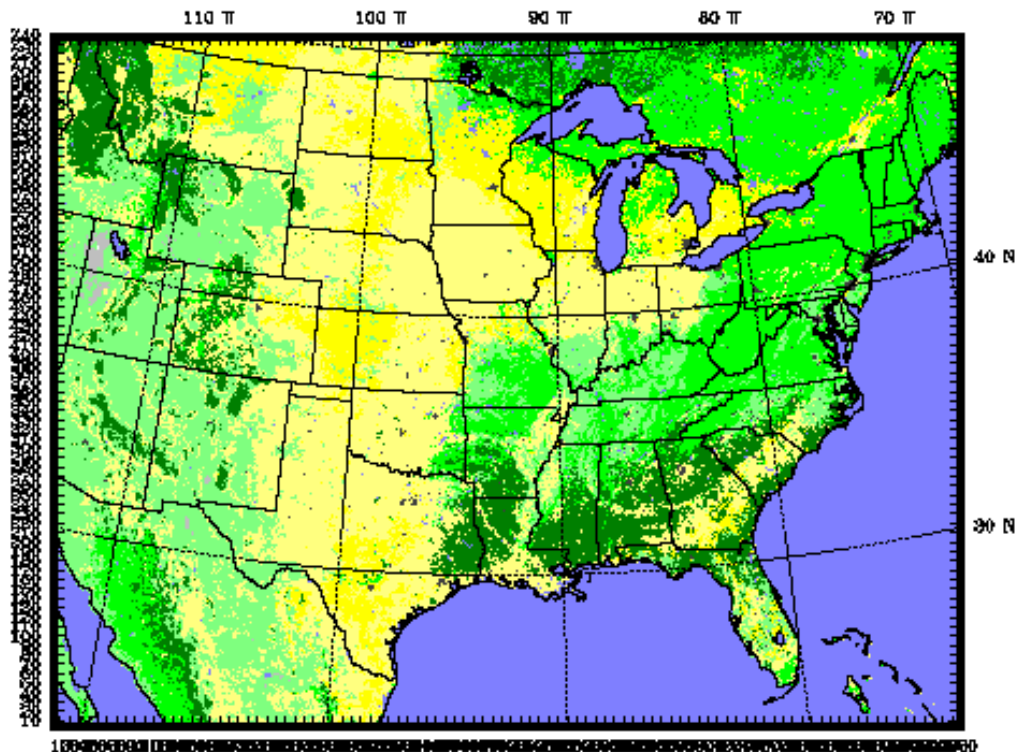
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples: CONUS, 971x741 4km

### Land use categories

Dataset: new sl RIP: sl bld  
Fcst: 3.00 h  
Land use category

Init: 0000 UTC Sat 04 Jun 05  
Valid: 0300 UTC Sat 04 Jun 05 (2100 MDT Fri 03 Jun 05)



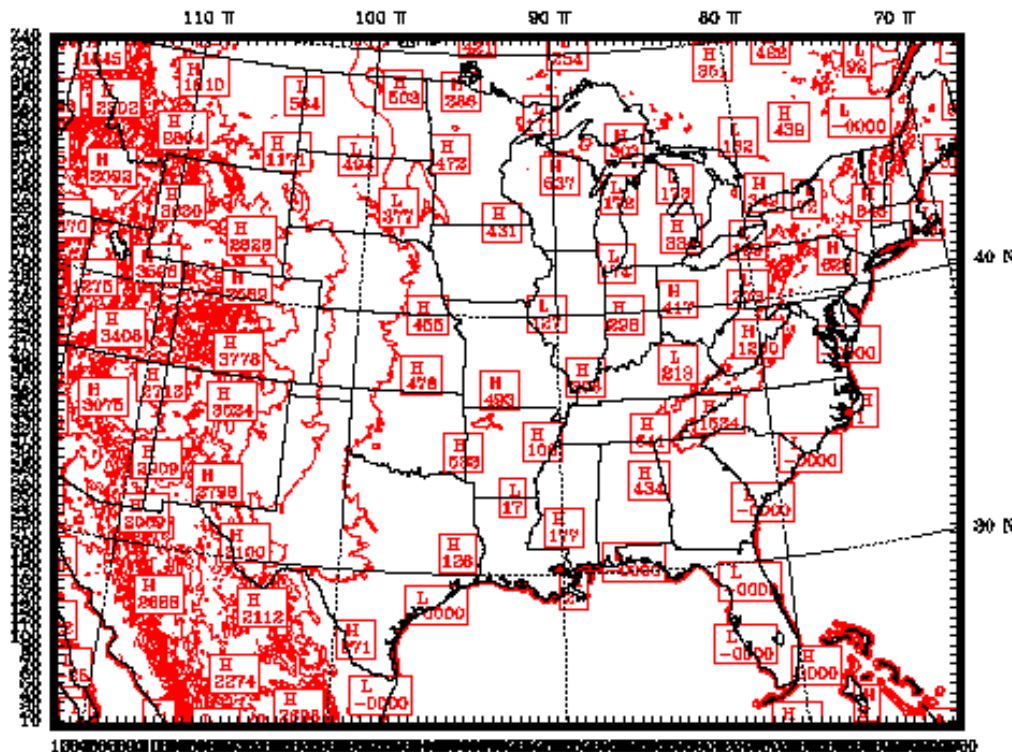
Model Info: V2.1.2 M KF VSU PBL TSM Solas Noah LSM 4.0 km, 34 levels, 24 sec  
LW: RRTM SW: Dudhia DIFF: none

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples: CONUS, 971x741 4km Topography

Dataset: bfd RIP: si bfd  
Fcst: 36.00 h  
Terrain height AMSL

Init: 0000 UTC Sat 04 Jun 05  
Valid: 1200 UTC Sun 05 Jun 05 (0600 MDT Sun 05 Jun 05)



CONTOURS: UNITS-m LUT- .00000E+00 HIGHS- 3500.0 INTERVAL- 500.00  
Model Info: V2.1.2 M KF VSU PBL TSM Solas Noah LSM 4.0 km, 34 levels, 24 sec  
LUT: RRTM ST: Dudhia DIFF: none

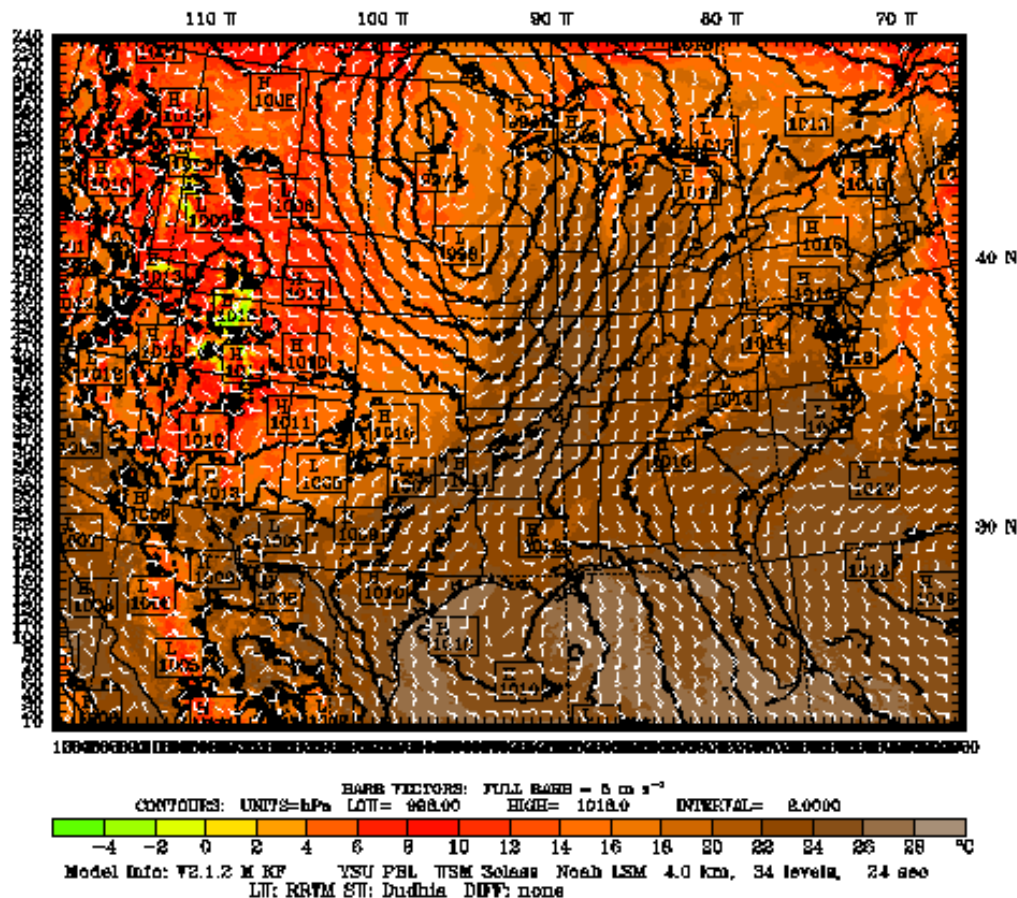
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples: CONUS, 971x741 4km

### SLP, surface T and winds

Dataset: bfd RIP: si bfd  
Fcst: 36.00 h  
Temperature  
Sea-level pressure  
Horizontal wind vectors

Valid: 1200 UTC Sun 05 Jun 05 (0600 MDT Sun 05 Jun 05)  
Init: 0000 UTC Sat 04 Jun 05  
at k-index = 34  
at k-index = 34



Examples: CONUS, 971x741 4km  
500 mb T, height, winds

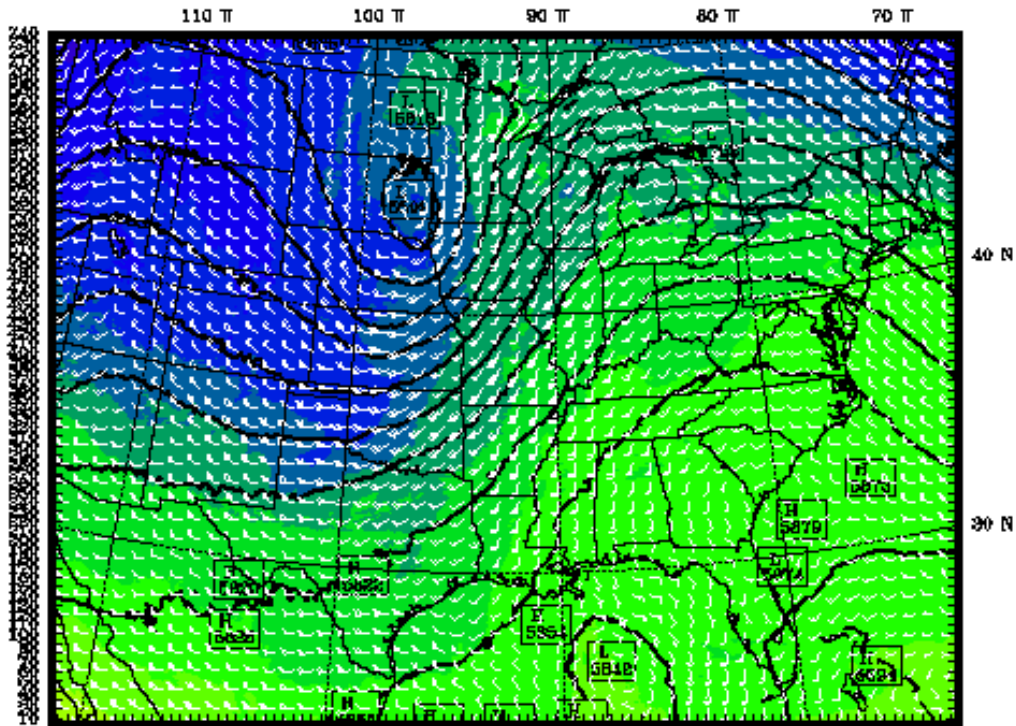
Init: 0000 UTC Sat 04 Jun 05

Valid: 1200 UTC Sun 05 Jun 05 (0600 MDT Sun 05 Jun 05)

at pressure - 500 hPa

at pressure = 500 hPa

at pressure = 500 hPa

[illegible]

HARB VECTORS: FULL HARB = 5 m s<sup>-3</sup>  
 CONTOURS: UNITS=mm LOU= 5010.0 HIGH= 5080.0 INTERVAL= 50.000



Model Info: V2.1.2 M KF YSU PBL TSM 3class Noah LSM 4.0 km, 34 levels, 24 sec

LT: RRTM ST: Duthia DFF: none

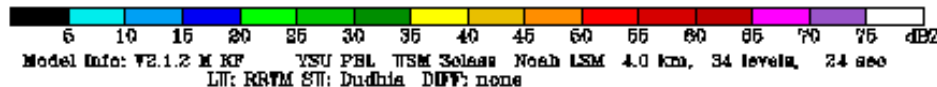
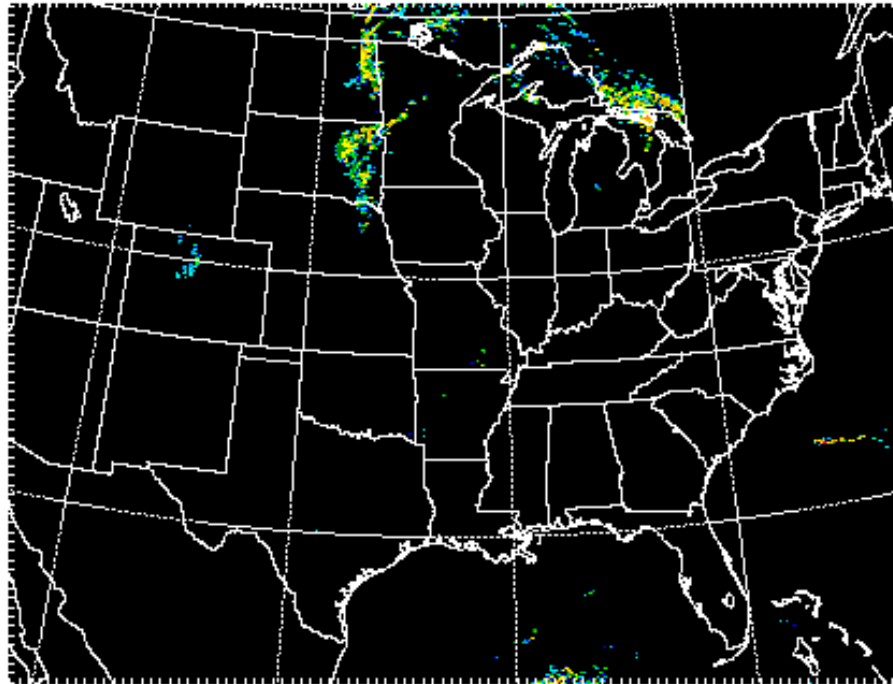
# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Examples: CONUS, 971x741 4km

### Reflectivity

Dataset: bfd RIP: si bfd  
Fcst: 36.00 h  
Reflectivity

Valid: 1200 UTC Sun 05 Jun 05 (0600 MDT Sun 05 Jun 05)  
Init: 0000 UTC Sat 04 Jun 05  
at k-index - 34



# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

- Motivation
- Design Requirements
- Specifics
  - Static Data
  - GriB Decoder
  - Horizontal Interpolator
  - real.exe
- Examples
- Release Schedule

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Release Schedule

- World-wide premiere 1-hr tutorial Thursday (Michael Duda)
- Taught at July 2006 WRF ARW Tutorial
- Friendly user release early August 2006
- Supported release end of September 2006
  - RIP
  - MM5 converter (*metgrid* emulator output)
  - Domain Wizard

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Release Schedule – Domain Wizard

- Standalone Java GUI deployed via Java webstart
- Just click on a web page and it will pop up and run
- Looks similar to the existing WRFSI GUI
- Supports Polar Stereographic, Lambert Conformal, and Mercator projections



# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Release Schedule – Domain Wizard

- Supports ARW and NMM, and nested domains
- Can either be run standalone, or can be run as a part of the WRF Portal software (the GUI for WRF)
- Localizes your domain (creating the namelists) and also runs *geogrid* for you
- There is a flash demo of the Domain Wizard:  
[http://www.wrfportal.org/flash/domainwiz\\_demo.html](http://www.wrfportal.org/flash/domainwiz_demo.html)

# WRF Preprocessing System Overview

## Release Schedule

- Future Work
  - Embarrassingly parallel over time periods
  - Remove computations from unused middle
  - TC bogus scheme
  - Use of tiled GriB files from ungrib
  - New projections: channel and global
  - Idealized initial data



# Domain Wizard

## Next Generation of WRFSI GUI

Jeff Smith  
Paula McCaslin  
[www.wrfportal.org](http://www.wrfportal.org)

Standalone Java GUI deployed via Java webstart  
Just click on a web page and it will pop up and run  
Looks similar to the existing WRFSI GUI  
Supports Polar Stereographic, Lambert Conformal, and  
Mercator projections  
Supports ARW and NMM and nested domains  
Can either be run standalone, or can be run as a part of the  
WRF Portal software (the GUI for WRF)  
Localizes your domain (creating the namelists) and also runs  
*geogrid* for you

There is a flash demo of Domain Wizard here:

[http://www.wrfportal.org/flash/domainwiz\\_demo.html](http://www.wrfportal.org/flash/domainwiz_demo.html)



Actions

- 1) Wizard Option 2) Open Domain 3) Horizontal Editor 4) Run Localization 5) Visualize

Computer local

Cases (domains) dir C:\domains

Select

Domain Name

Europe-Africa

United States

Preview

Open an existing domain by choosing one from the list on the left.



Delete Domain

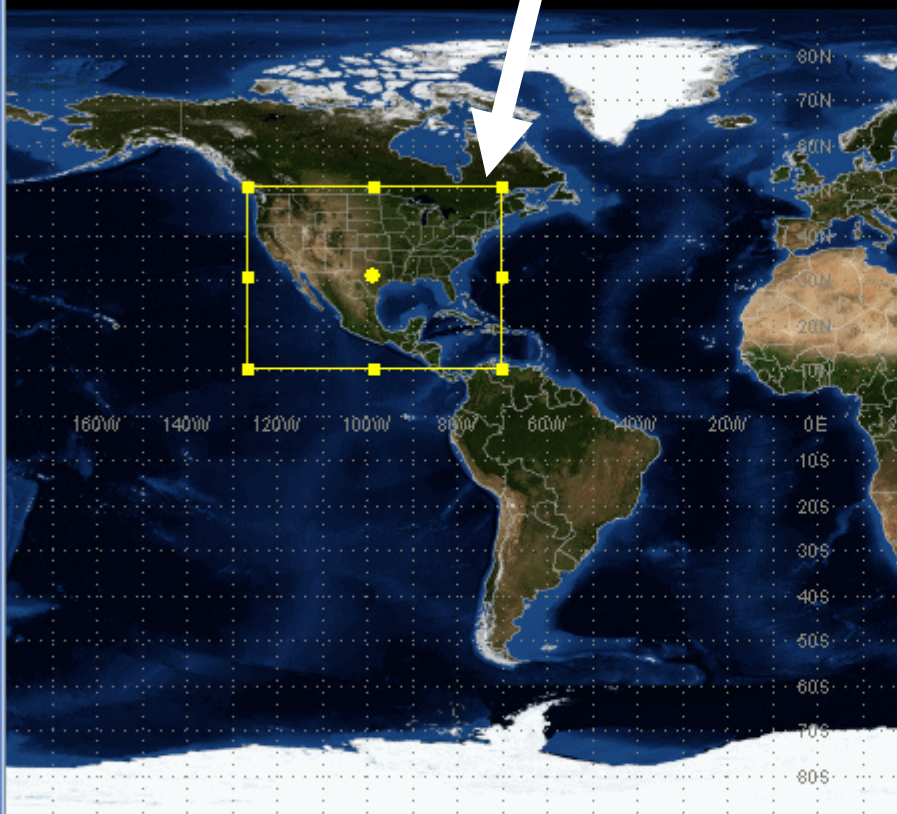
User Hint & Info

Open or delete a domain

< Back

Next >

Select a region by drawing a box...



## Map

Scale

10%

☒ Political Boundaries

Center

Over 0 degrees longitude (GMT)

## Projection (degrees)

Type (suggest Lambert)

Standard Longitude

True Latitude 1

True Latitude 2

Centerpoint Longitude

Centerpoint Latitude

Latitude-Longitude Lines

Line Color

Crop projection into box

Big, High-res Map (slower)

## Grid

Horizontal Dimension X

Horizontal Dimension Y

Distance betw. Grid Pts (km)

## Actions

Start Over

Reset Values

Update Map

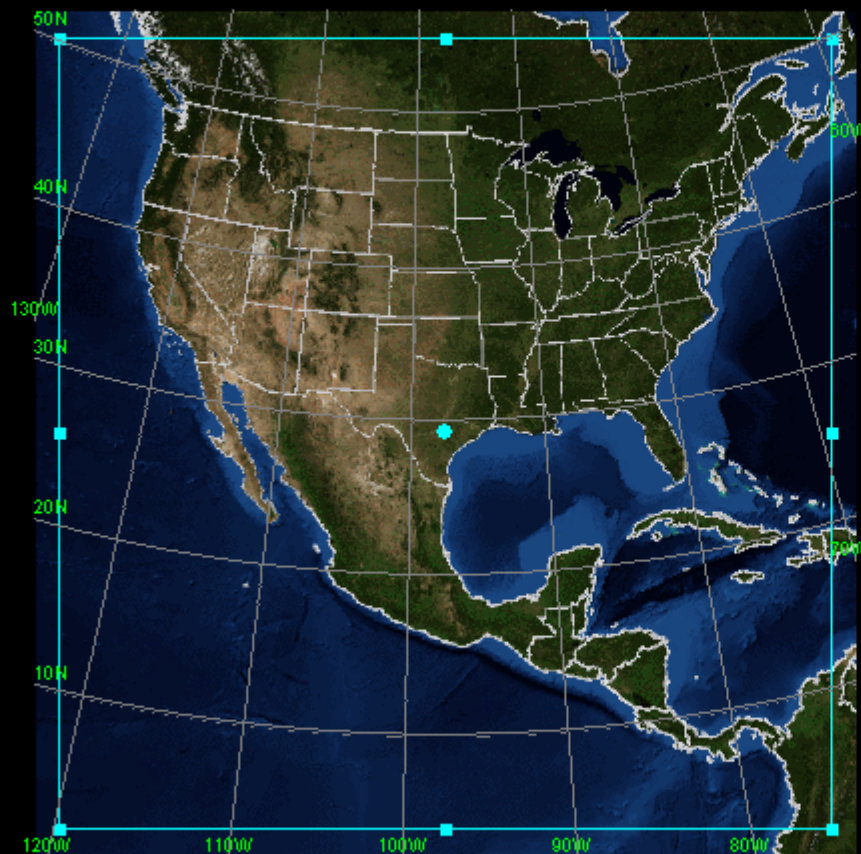
User Hint &amp; Info (46 N, 27.57 W), (X,Y)=343,170

Draw a rectangle around your domain

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Next &gt;

Click "Update Map" to project your region (in this case as Lambert Conformal)



## Map

Scale

10%

☒ Political Boundaries

Center

Over 0 degrees longitude (GMT)

## Projection (degrees)

Type (suggest Lambert)

Lambert Conformal

Standard Longitude

-98.23

True Latitude 1

34.006

True Latitude 2

34.006

Centerpoint Longitude

-98.23

Centerpoint Latitude

34.006

Latitude-Longitude Lines

Every 10 degrees

Line Color

Light gray

Crop projection into box

Yes

Big, High-res Map (slower)

No

## Grid

Horizontal Dimension X

95

Horizontal Dimension Y

97

Distance betw. Grid Pts (km)

69.317

## Actions

Start Over

Reset Values

Update Map

## User Hint &amp; Info

Draw a rectangle around your domain

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## Actions

1) Wizard Option

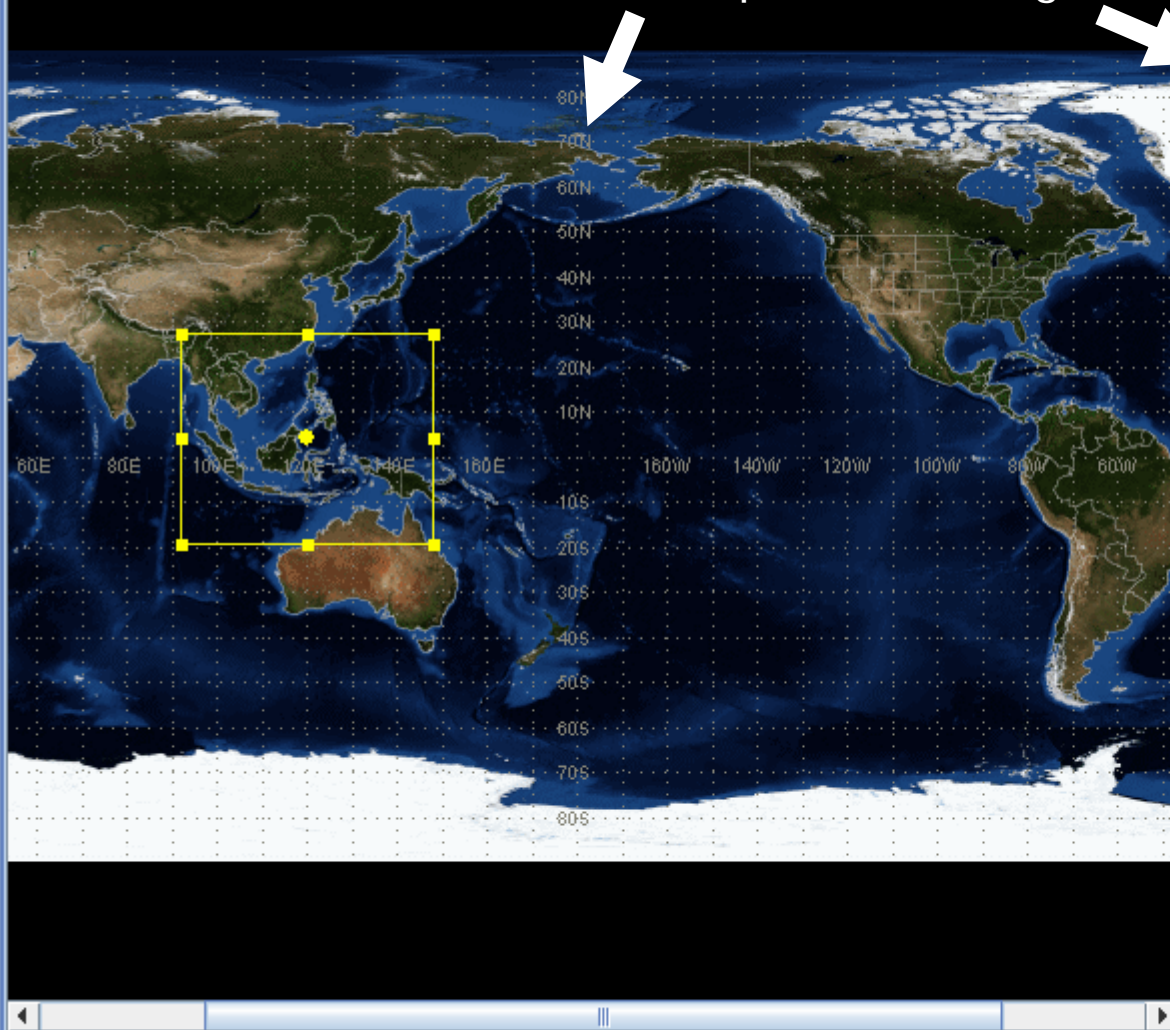
2) New Domain

3) Horizontal Editor

4) Run Localization

5) Visualize

You can also center the map over 180 deg



MOAD Domain

Nest Domain

## Map

Scale 10%

☒ Political Boundaries

Center Over 180 degrees longitude

## Projection (degrees)

Type (suggest Lambert)

Standard Longitude 120.432

True Latitude 1 4.231

True Latitude 2 4.231

Centerpoint Longitude 120.432

Centerpoint Latitude 4.231

Latitude-Longitude Lines Every 10 degrees

Line Color Light gray

Crop projection into box Yes

Big, High-res Map (slower) Yes

## Grid

Horizontal Dimension X 101

Horizontal Dimension Y 120

Distance betw. Grid Pts (km) 37.799

## Actions

Start Over

Reset Values

Update Map

## User Hint &amp; Info

Draw a rectangle around your domain

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## Actions

1) Wizard Option 2) New Domain 3) Horizontal Editor 4) Run Localization 5) Visualize



Maps have topo features and pretty good detail.  
Here we are looking at 100% scale

MOAD Domain Nest Domain

## Map

Scale 100% ☐ Political Boundaries  
Center Over 180 degrees longitude

## Projection (degrees)

Type (suggest Lambert)   
Standard Longitude 120.432  
True Latitude 1 4.231  
True Latitude 2 4.231  
Centerpoint Longitude 120.432  
Centerpoint Latitude 4.231  
Latitude-Longitude Lines Every 10 degrees  
Line Color Light gray  
Crop projection into box Yes  
Big, High-res Map (slower) Yes

## Grid

Horizontal Dimension X 101  
Horizontal Dimension Y 120  
Distance betw. Grid Pts (km) 37.799

## Actions

Start Over

Reset Values

Update Map

User Hint & Info (47.07 N, 41.6 E), (X,Y)=936,967

Draw a rectangle around your domain

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