Commercial Implementation of WRF with Efficient Computing and Advanced Data Assimilation

Brent Shaw*, Richard Carpenter, Phillip Spencer, and Zach DuFran Weather Decision Technologies, Inc. Norman, OK *bshaw@wdtinc.com

9th WRF Users' Workshop Boulder, June 2008



Motivation

Dubai International Airport Project

- Incorporate WRF in the Aviation Weather Decision Support System (AWDSS)
- Need for an operationally reliable turn-key system that can run without an on-site NWP expert
- Incorporation of data assimilation and rapid refresh
- Refresh of WDT's internal infrastructure
 - Replacement of older WRF+ADAS system
 - Hardware nearing end-of-life
- Develop a shared code base for deployable and internal WRF-based systems



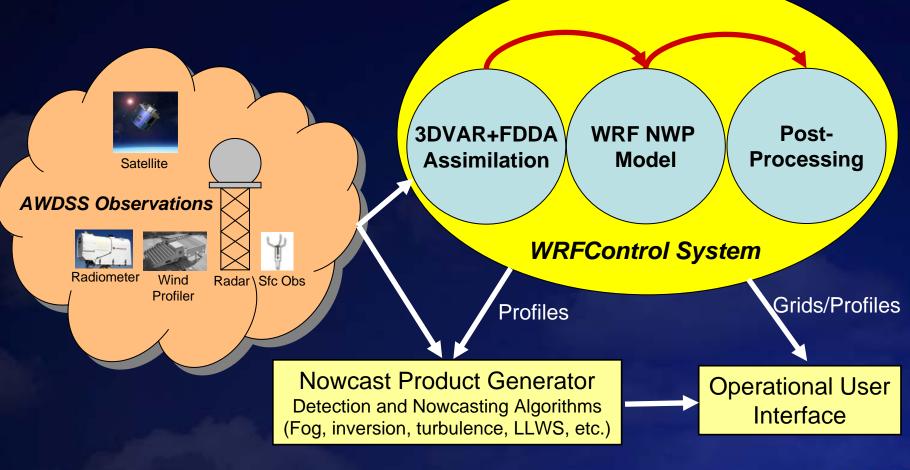
System Components

Public WRF Components

- WRF Domain Wizard
- WPS
- WRF-Var
- WRF-ARW Version 2.2.1 with FDDA
- WRF Post Processor (from WRF-NMM Distribution)
- WDT Components
 - WRFControl Package
 - WRF Management Portal
 - Custom Post-Processing and Plotting
- High-Performance Linux Cluster
 - Built and managed with ROCKS, using Sun Grid Engine (SGE) for job control and Ganglia for system monitoring



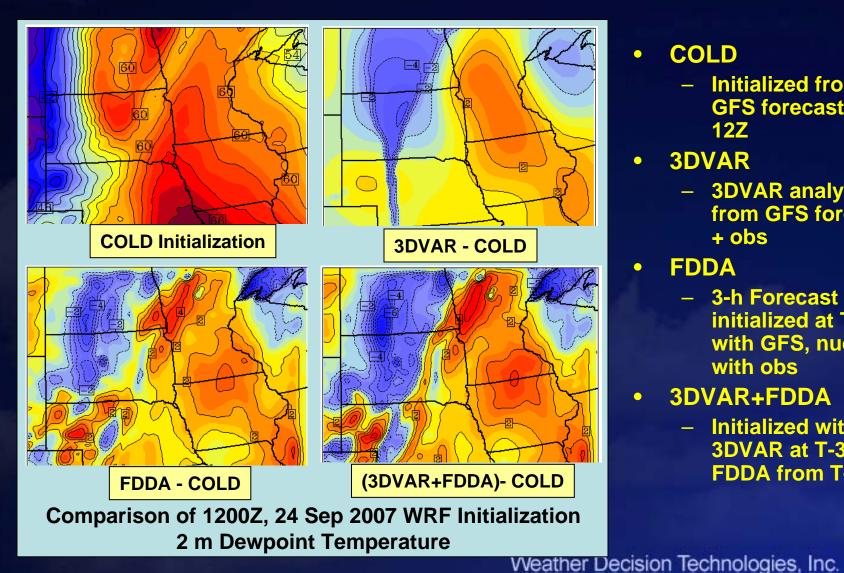
AWDSS WRF Integration



9th WRF Users' Workshop Boulder, June 2008



Data Assimilation: 3DVAR+FDDA Initialization



COLD

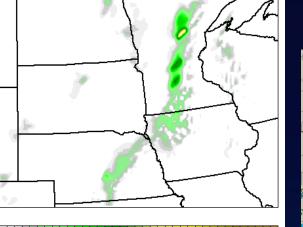
 $\overline{}$

 \mathbf{O}

- Initialized from **GFS** forecast at **12Z**
- **3DVAR**
 - 3DVAR analysis from GFS forecast + obs
- **FDDA** 0
 - 3-h Forecast initialized at T-3 with GFS, nudged with obs
- **3DVAR+FDDA** \mathbf{O}
 - Initialized with **3DVAR at T-3**, FDDA from T-3 to T

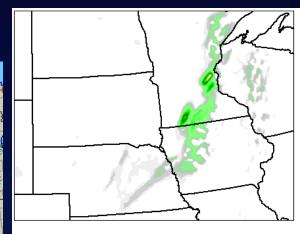


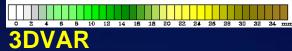
11-h Forecast of Valid 2300Z/24 Sep 2007 Total Precipitation from 2200-2300Z

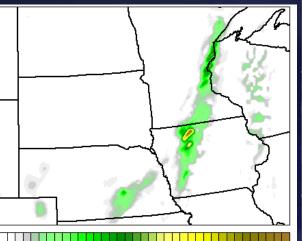




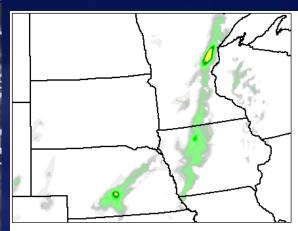












FDDA

9th WRF Users' Workshop Boulder, June 2008

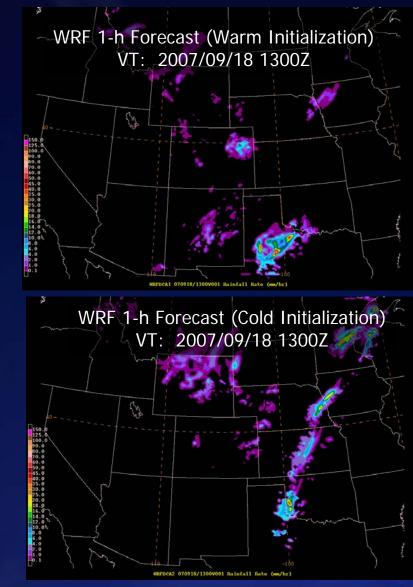
3DVAR+FDDA Weather Decision Technologies, Inc.

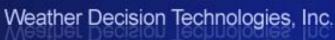


Data Assimilation Issues

- Cycling of 3DVAR Problematic
- Numerous Data Formats
- Observation QC in FDDA
- Availability of Documentation
 - I/O Formats
 - Obs. Types and Usage
 - GenBE Code











Computational System

- Linux Cluster
 - 2 dual-core AMD Opteron CPUs per node
 - 8 GB RAM per node
 - Dual power supplies
 - High-availability network attached storage
- ROCKS Cluster Software
 - Built with Red Hat Linux
 - Sun Grid Engine (SGE) Job Management
 - Ganglia Web Monitor
- PGI Fortran and Gnu C Compilers
- Functional Partitioning for Reliability
 - Primary/backup headnode
 - Separate queues for serial vs. parallel jobs
- No single point of failure

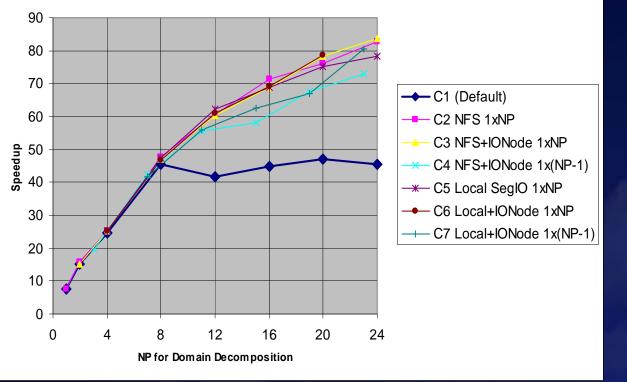


WRF Nodes



Optimizing Parallel WRF Performance System Tuning on Small Clusters without Interconnect

Execution Performance Ratio (Excludes I/O Steps)



Key Results

Decomposition matters!

MPICH2 better than MPICH1

OpenMPI may be even better

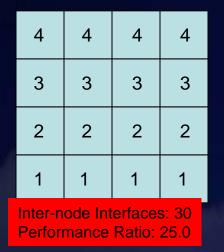
Multi-core systems present new challenges

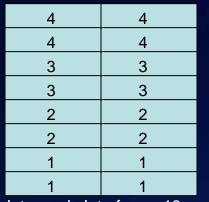
NOTE: All issues above are mitigated if high-speed interconnect is used!

9th WRF Users' Workshop Boulder, June 2008

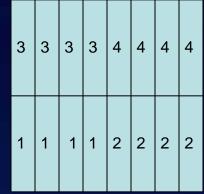


Optimizing Parallel WRF Performance Decomposition Tuning via NPROC_X and NPROC_Y

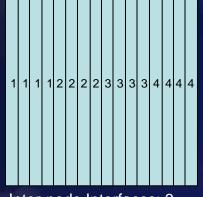




Inter-node Interfaces: 12 Performance Ratio: 27.6



Inter-node Interfaces: 24 Performance Ratio: 31.8



Inter-node Interfaces: 3 Performance Ratio: 29.4

4
4
4
4
e
с М
e
с М
N
N
N
N
7
~
7
-
Inter-node Interfaces: 3

Inter-node Interfaces: 3 Performance Ratio: 33.4

Weather Decision Technologies



9th WRF Users' Workshop Boulder, June 2008

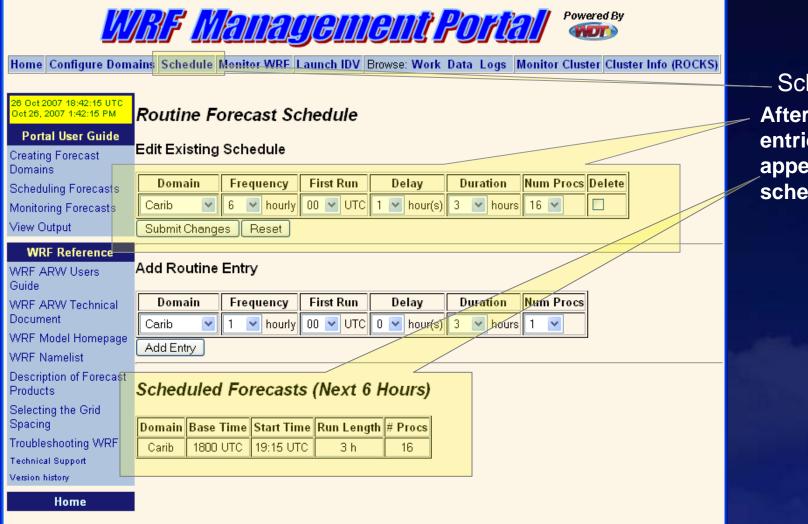
Operationalization

- Efficiency
 - Computational system optimizations
 - Separation/parallelization of WPS ungrib process
- Reliability
 - Elimination of single failure points
 - Enterprise-class servers and OS
 - Dual head nodes using SGE "shadow master"
 - Extra compute nodes
 - NetApp file server
 - Fault tolerance
 - Handling of missing data, 3DVAR problems, etc.
 - Dynamic resource allocation via SGE to handle failed servers
 - Configurable e-mail alerting levels
- Usability
 - Turn-key system with flexible user configuration options
 - Web-based WRF Management Portal
 - Standardized output formats for easy integration into operations



	RF Management Portal Powered By		
Home Configure Dom	ains Schedule Monitor WRF Launch IDV Browse: Work Data Logs Monitor Cluster Cluster Info (ROCKS)		
26 Oct 2007 18:36:37 UTC Oct 26, 2007 1:36:37 PM Portal User Guide Creating Forecast Domains Scheduling Forecasts Monitoring Forecasts View Output	All currently configured WRF domains for this system are shown below. Click on the thumbnail images to see the full resolution domain map. To add a new domain, or to change or delete an existing domain, please click on the link above to launch the WRF Domain Wizard, ensuring that you complete the "Run Geogrid" step for each domain you edit. Click <u>here</u> to see the correct Domain Wizard settings	Configure Domains Domain Wizard	
WRF Reference WRF ARW Users Guide WRF ARW Technical Document WRF Model Homepage WRF Namelist Description of Forecast Products Selecting the Grid	Note: Any changes made may take up to 10 minutes after the "Run Geogrid" step is completed before being made effective.	Summary of Configured Domains	
Spacing Troubleshooting WRF Technical Support Version history Home	Name Projection Standard Lon TrueLat1 TrueLat2 Colombia Mercator -72.0 5.0 0.0 Nest Center Center Grid Nx Ny Nz Time d01 5.00 -72.00 12.0 km 193 36 72.0 sec		
Weather Decision Technologies, Inc.			



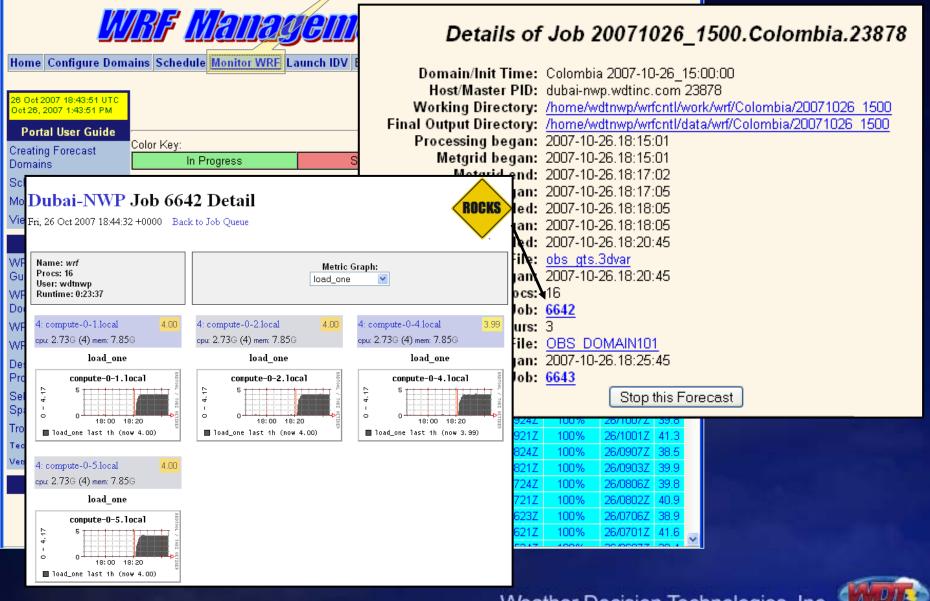


Scheduler
 After adding,
 entries
 appear on
 schedule





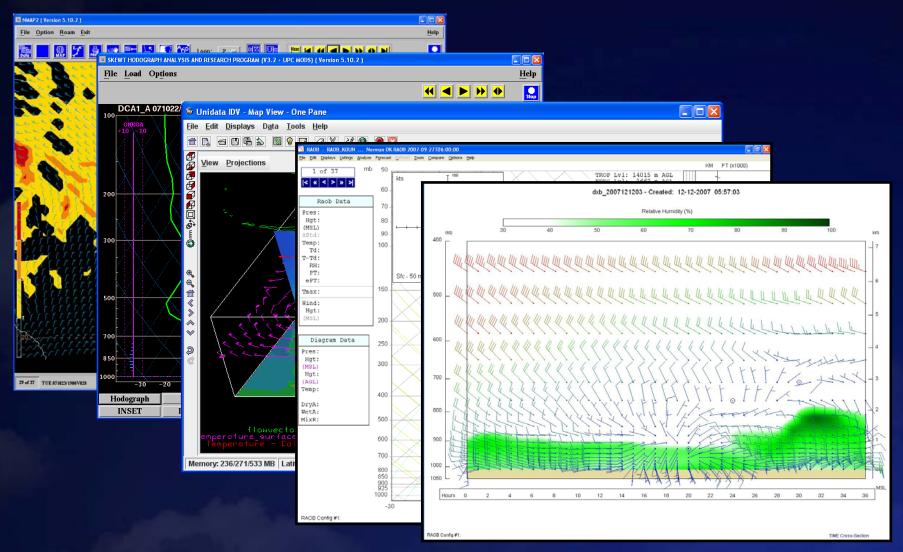
WRF Monitor



9th WRF Users' Workshop Boulder, June 2008



Post-Processing and Integration



9th WRF Users' Workshop Boulder, June 2008



Future Plans

- WDT Internal System Implementation
 - Hourly update CONUS 0-9 h forecast (10 km)
 - 6-hourly CONUS 0-72 h forecast (10 km)
 - 6-hourly Europe 0-72 h forecast (10 km)
- Test and upgrade to WRF v3.0
- Radiance and Radar Assimilation
- Address Cycling (Digital Filter?)
- Automate 3DVAR GenBE
- New Post-processing (GRIB-2)
- Deliverable Systems



Community Recommendations

- Add/Improve Documentation
 - I/O Format Specifications for 3DVAR & FDDA
 - Explanation of observation usage/limitations
 Optimizing
- Continue Software Architecture
 Improvements
 - Liberal use of inline comments
 - Integration of related software packages
 - Other decomposition options?

