

# A description of the WRFv3.1 single-column model

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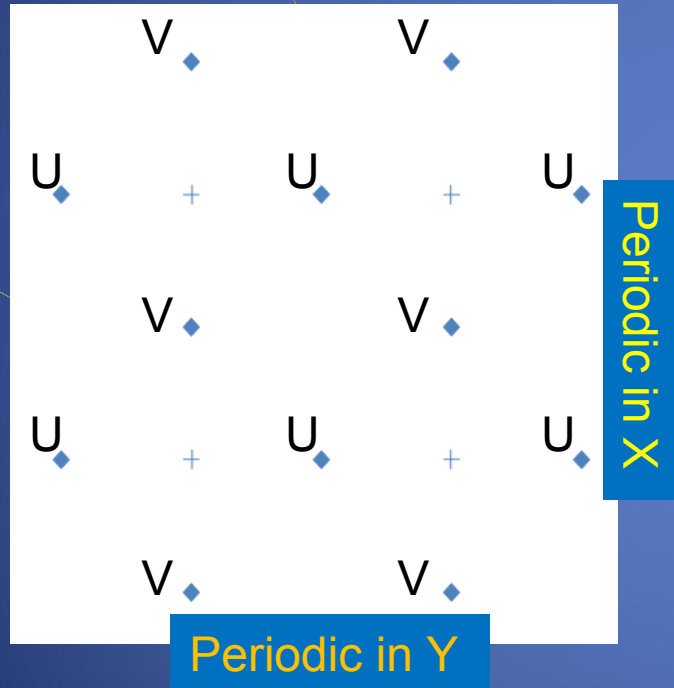
K. Arsenault (COLA/IGES)

*Thanks to W. Wang and J. Dudhia for helping get the SCM  
into the WRF release.*

# Possible R&D topics for a WRF-SCM

- Process studies
- Physics evaluation
- Physics development
- Data assimilation in the PBL

# Configuration



- 2x2 mass-grid stencil
- Periodic in X and Y
- All terrain heights equal but can be non-zero
- Other physics and dynamics set as usual (except Coriolis)

# Initialization

- Initialized with ideal.exe, similar to other idealized cases
  - Requires **input\_sounding** ASCII file
  - Requires **input\_soil** ASCII file
- Initializes soil using the real-data initialization subroutine.
- Initializes the atmosphere like other ideal cases, but allows for non-zero terrain height and corresponding surface pressure

# Run-time input

- Forcing can be idealized or from real data
- Forcing via auxiliary input stream; looks a lot like a lateral boundary condition file
  - $W$ , and tendencies
  - $U_g$ ,  $V_g$ , and tendencies
  - Advection information, and tendencies
- Here a tendency is the time rate of change of the forcing over the specified interval

# More forcing details

- Forcing is 1D on arbitrary and time-varying height coordinates (AMSL).  $W$ ,  $U_g$ ,  $V_g$  are required but could be set to 0.
- External advection (optional) for variable  $\psi$  computed as:

$$\frac{\psi_{upstream} - \psi}{\tau_a}$$
- Both the advection time scale  $\tau$  and the upstream values are computed from an external data set (e.g. a 3D WRF simulation)
- Effect is to relax the SCM toward a prescribed state

# Namelist

&time\_control

auxinput3\_inname = "force\_ideal.nc"

auxinput3\_interval\_h = 59

# Namelist

&scm

scm_force	= 1
scm_force_dx	= 10000
num_force_layers	= 8
scm_lu_index	= 2
scm_isltyp	= 4
scm_vegfra	= 0.5
scm_lat	= 37.600
scm_lon	= -96.700
scm_th_adv	= .false.
scm_wind_adv	= .false.
scm_qv_adv	= .false.
scm_vert_adv	= .false.

# Namelist

&dynamics

pert\_coriolis = .true.

&bdy\_control

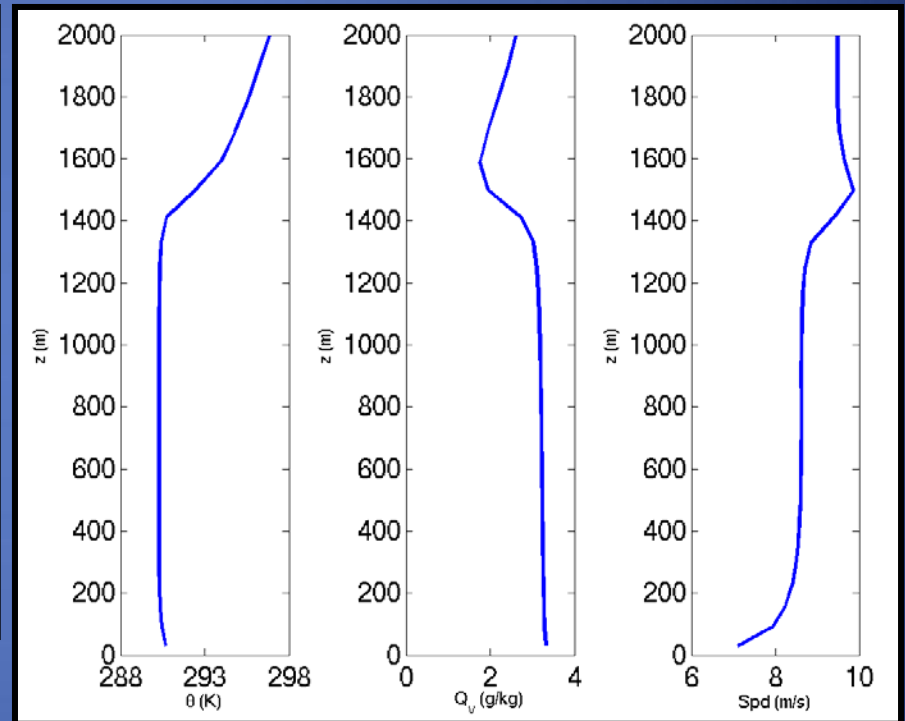
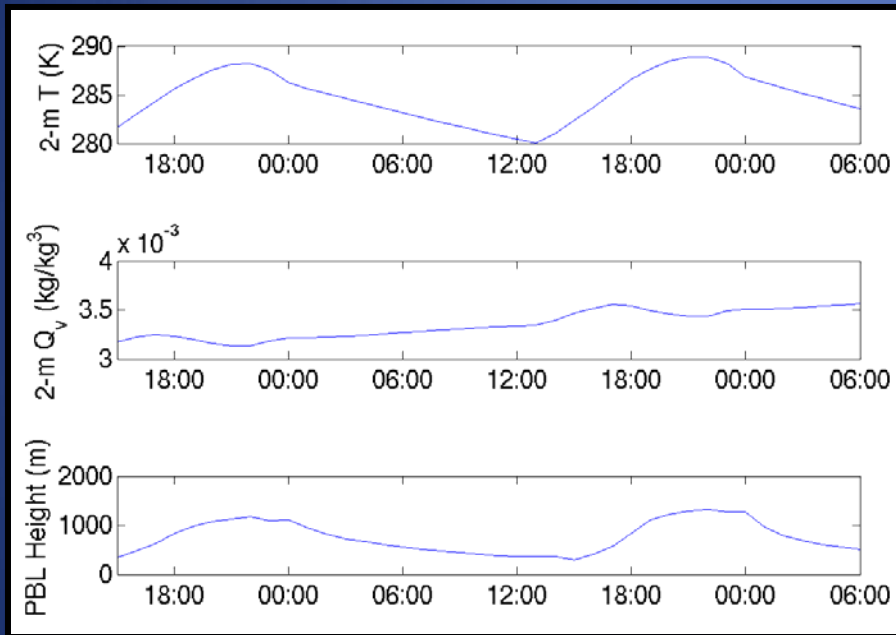
periodic\_x = .true.

periodic\_y = .true.

# Canned example (almost GABLS II)

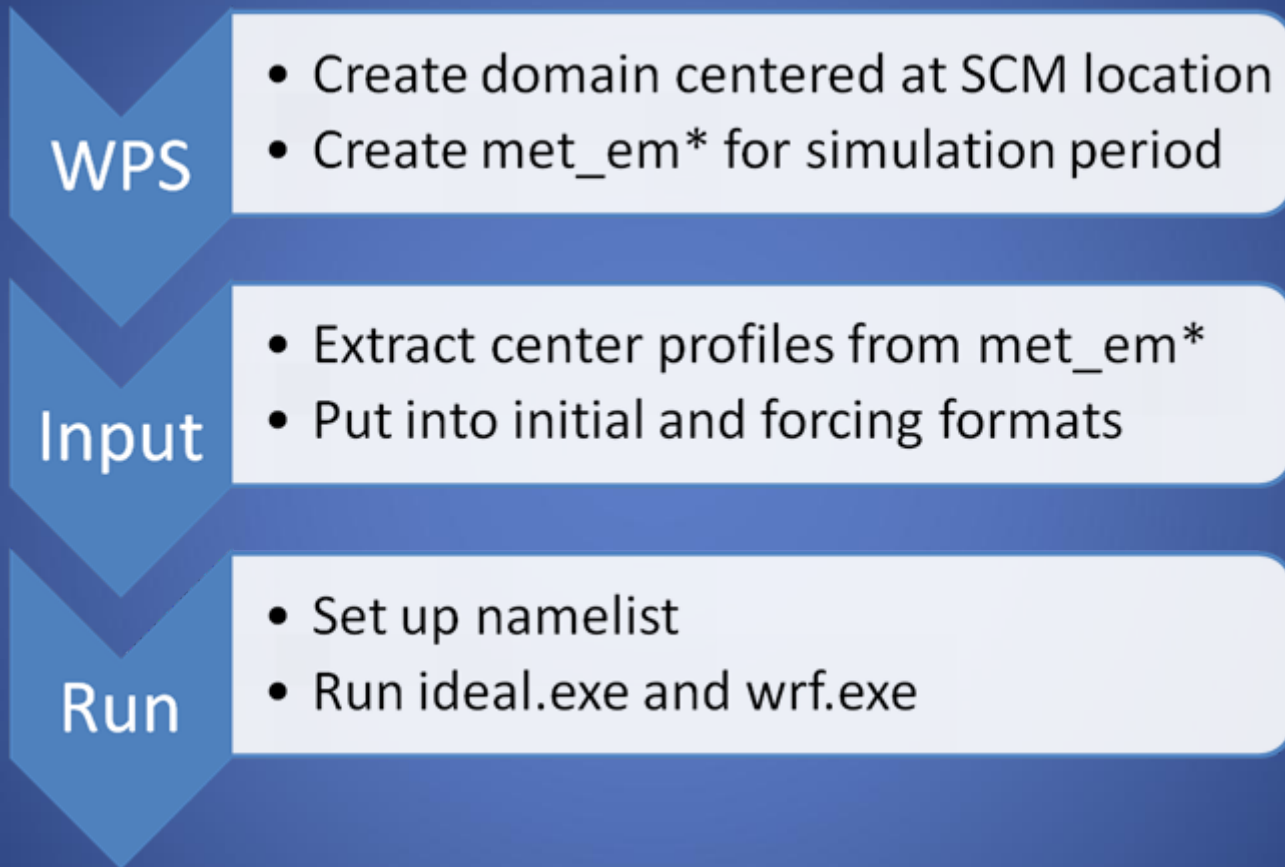
- Initial conditions as in GABLS II
- Forcing as in GABLS II except during initial period (i.e. no transition)
- No advection (method for GABLS advection not available right now, but an easy extension)
- Runs an LSM instead of specified surface fluxes

# Almost-GABLS II output



Valid 2100 UTC on the second day.

# Real-data strategy



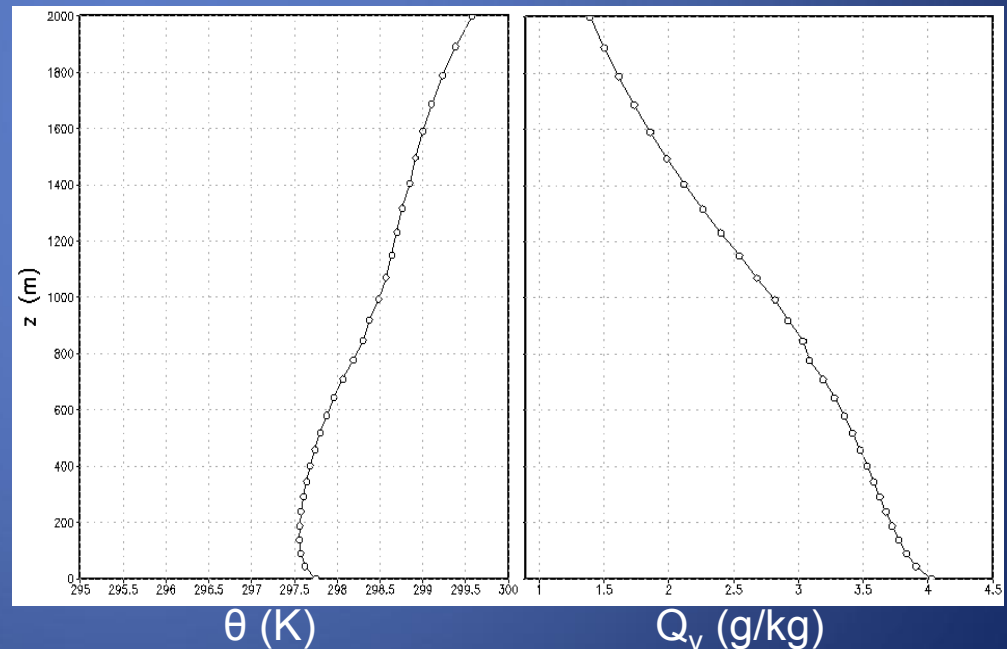
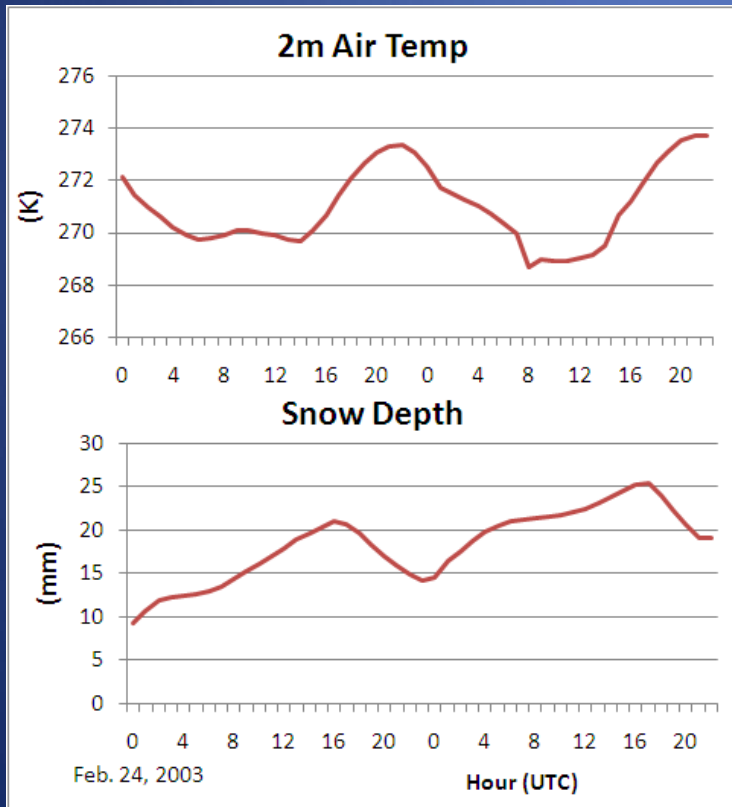
Scripts (csh/NCL) for met\_em\* to initial condition and forcing file available from J. Hacker (unsupported)

WPS → NCL/\*.csh Scripts → WRF SCM

# Real Data Case Using WPS and Scripts

**North Park, CO (FLOSS2)**  
– Feb. 23-25, 2003

- NARR Initial and Boundary Conditions
- YSU; Noah LSM; Lin MP
- 1 Ensemble Member
- Profiles Below at 21Z, Feb. 24, 2003



Also, data downloading and subsetting scripts available for running daily to seasonal WRF SCM simulations (K. Arsenault)

# Included in release: em\_scm\_xy

- `make_scm_forcing.ncl` to turn an ASCII profile into a netCDF forcing file
- ASCII input to `make_scm_forcing.ncl`, for testing
- `input_sounding` and `input_soil` files for testing
- Namelist that runs with example

# Once-Asked Questions (OAQ)

- Q: Can I specify surface-flux time series?
- A: Not right now, but possibly in the near future
- Q: How are clouds handled?
- A: The same way as in the WRF. The flow is non-divergent so they may not be realistic without advecting in cloud hydrometeors, which would be a trivial extension.

# Additional notes

- Compatible with the Data Assimilation Research Testbed (DART); scripts to generate ensemble forcing available (unsupported)
- Specifying surface flux time series instead of running an LSM is an expected capability within the next year