Cloud Retrieval and Nowcasting

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Initialization of clouds in NWP models



219	228	237	246	255	264	273	282	291	300	309

Non-linear radiative transfer Underdetermined problem Complex balance

Significant model errors







Poor performance for Nowcasting

Retrieval of Cloud Fraction: Method (Auligné 2013a,b)



Multivariate Minimum Residual (MMR):





Cloud fractions N^k are ajusted variationally to fit observations

Validation with Synthetic Observations

Truth = WRF forecast Radiative transfer: CRTM with **3D cloud microphysics** Synthetic AIRS observations at every model grid point Background: WRF (no clouds)







AIRS channel #787





Real Observations

Retrieval of Cloud Fraction









Cloud Nowcasting System with WRF



Rapid Update Cycling (1hour) 15km horizontal resolution

Init: 2012-06-03_00:00:00 Valid: 2012-06-03_00:00:00







Init: 2012-06-03_11:00:00 Valid: 2012-06-03_11:00:00

80°W





Multi-sensor analysis/forecast of cloud fraction

AIRS



MODIS









50°N 45°N 40°N 35°N 30°N 25°N 20°N 15°N 120°W 110°W 100°W 90°W 80°W 18 20 22 0 6 10 12 14 16

Multi-sensor analysis/forecast of cloud fraction (age of information)

GOES Sounder

GOES Imager



Multi-sensor **combined** analysis/forecast of cloud fraction





.4 1 1.6 2.2 2.8 3.4 4 4.6 5.2 5.8 6.4 7

Vertical Cross Section



Validation with CloudSat



















Observations GOES Imager

Forecast (1h) Cloud Fraction



Rapid Update Cycling (every 1h) 15km horizontal resolution



Conclusions

Cloud Retrieval

- multi-layer cloud retrieval from satellite observations (MMR, Auligné 2013a,b)
- low computer cost (real-time)
- synergistic use of multiple sensors

Cloud Nowcasting

- dynamical transport via NWP model
- rapid-update cycling
- plans to cycle every 15min with WRF at 3km

Potential for Initialization of Microphysical Parameters

- empirical conversion to Q_c , Q_i
- pre-processing for ensemble/variational data assimilation

Thanks for your attention!