7.1 Improving simulated tropical storm landfall precipitation with a modified Kain-Fristch scheme

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The US Environmental Protection Agency has been experimenting with various modifications to the Kain-Fritsch convective parameterization scheme to address a positive bias in precipitation from the WRF model in our applications using 12-km grid spacing. One such modification involves setting the convective adjustment time scale based on the dynamical considerations. Specifically, we set the convective time scale (Tau) based on the strength of the convective updraft and the physical height of the convective cloud. In addition to reducing the positive precipitation bias, we found a significant improvement in the patterns of accumulated inland precipitation during landfall of various tropical storms. Our new formulation for the "Dynamic Tau" will be described and results from our investigation of simulated tropical precipitation will be shown.