## P50 Numerical study on the generation and development process of the local downslope wind "Zao-Oroshi

## Hattori, Yasuo and Hiromaru Hirakuchu, *Central Research Institute of Electric Power Industry, Japan,* (presented by Mitsuharu Nomura)

Strong downslope winds, which occur on the lee side of moutains, can damege to the transmisson and distribution lines passed near the mountains region. On 4 April 2012, "Zao-oroshi" downslop wind occurred on the eastern side of Zao mountain range, when a developed low passed from the Sea of Japan to the Sea of Okhotsk. In order to understand the atmospheric environment for the generation of Zao-oroshi and its development process, we performed three numerical experiments, which are the control, the harf terrain height, and the no generation of Zao-oroshi case. For generation of Zao-oroshi, the surface wind direction on the windward side of Zao mountain was west or west-southwest, and the wind speed was above 15 m s-1. Moreover, the vertical shear and the stable layer located above 6 and 7 km in height, respectively. The stable layer was not present in the low level troposphere. We suggest that the surface wind, the vertical wind shear height, and the existence of the stable layer in the low level troposphere on the windward side of Zao moutain are useful for the prediction of Zao-oroshi