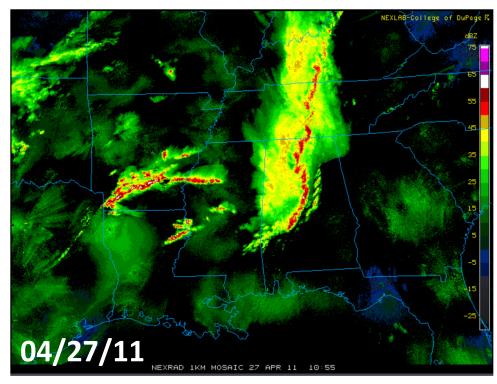
"Convective system structure, evolution and severe weather potential in 1 versus 3 km WRF forecasts"

Morris Weisman, Ryan Sobash, Kevin Manning, Craig Schwartz

2019 Joint WRF/MPAS User's Workshop



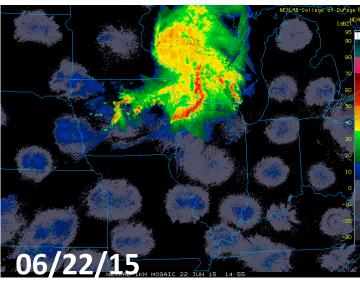
QLCS characteristics:

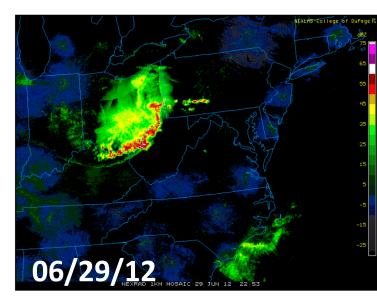
...convective initiation ...cold pool strength/propagation ...surface winds ...mesovortices ...rear-inflow jet ...updraft helicity

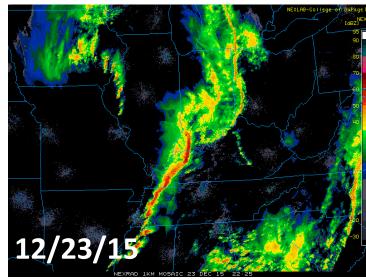
Radar

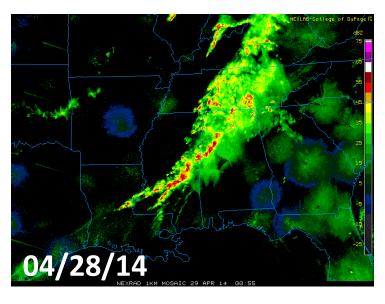
12 Severe Squall Line Cases:

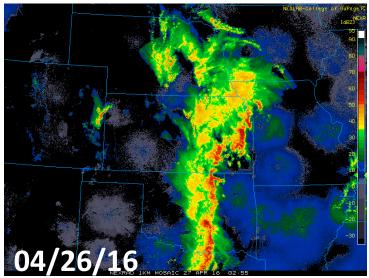






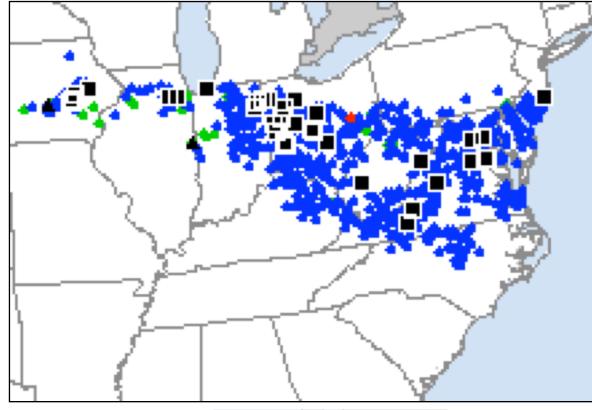






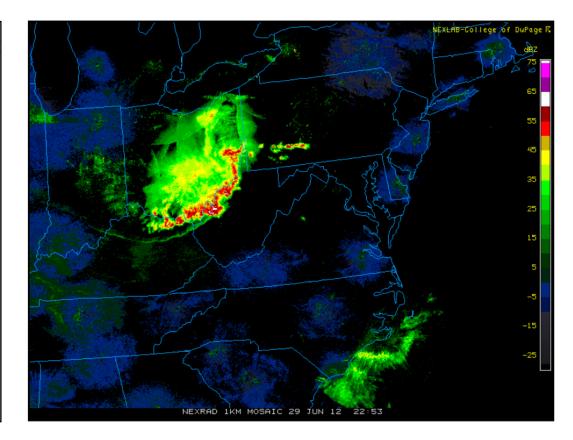
Radar

SPC Storm Reports

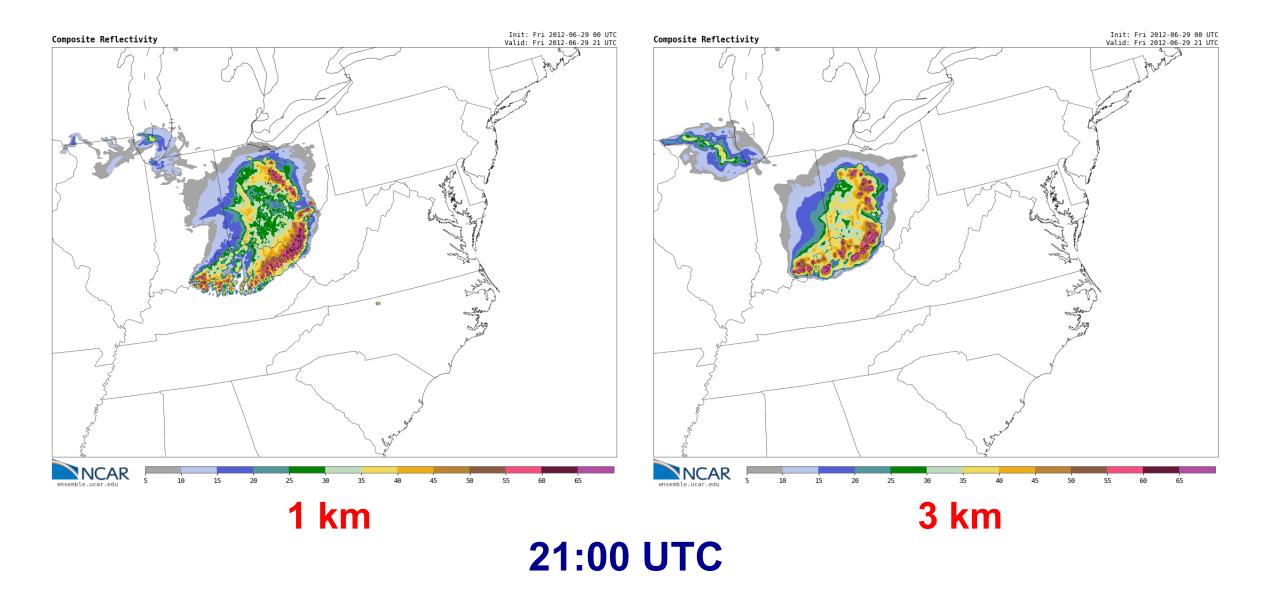


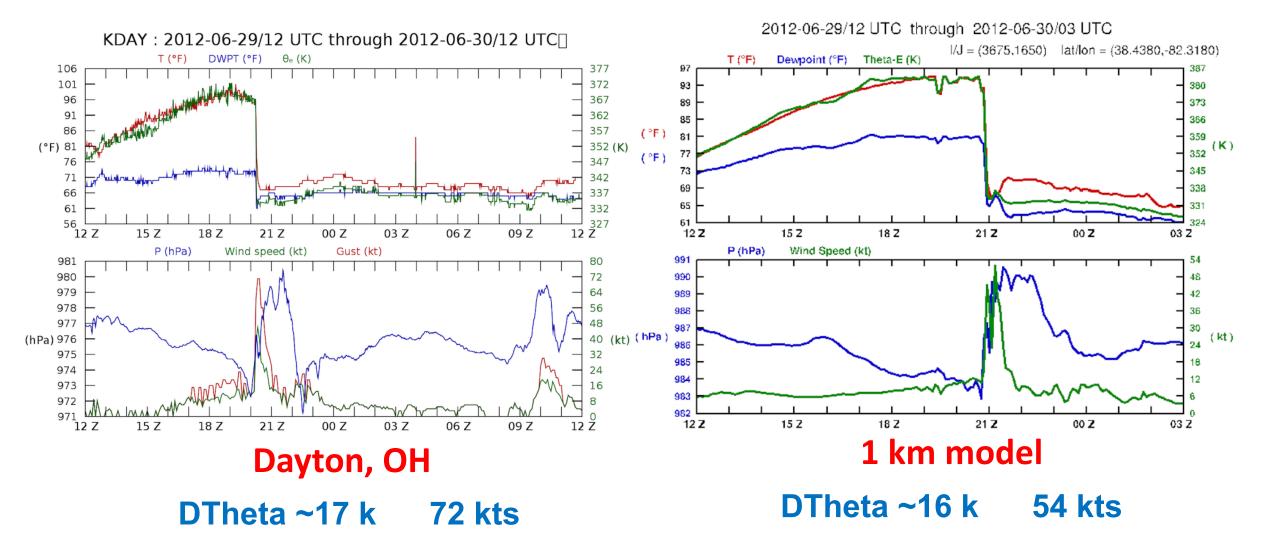


■ High Wind Report (65KT +) ▲ Large Hail Report (2" dia. +)



Radar 23:00 UTC

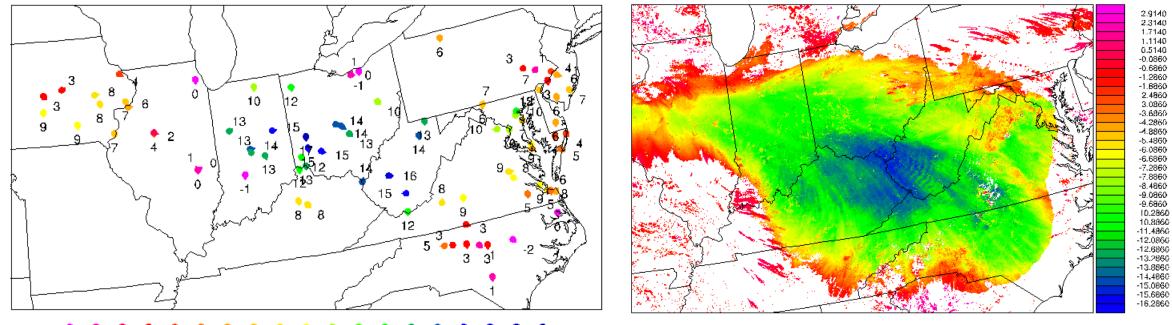




Delta-Theta (K)

delta-Theta swath

2012-06-29/12 through 2012-06-30/12 UTC

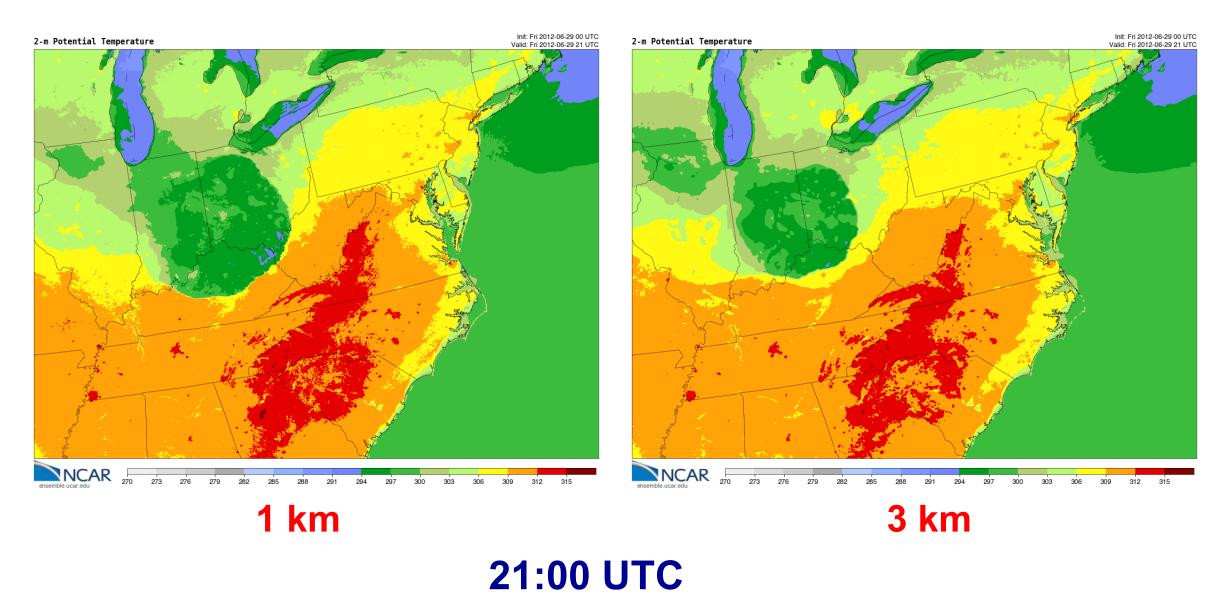


0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 7.0 8.0 9.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 13.0 14.0 15.0 16.0 17.0 18.0

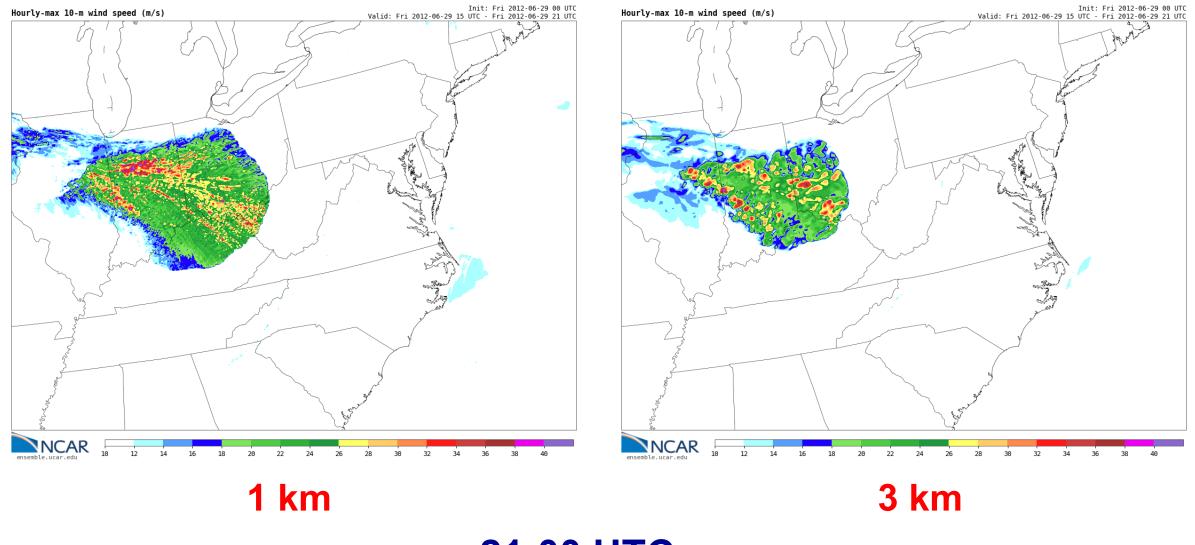
1 km

Delta-Theta Obs

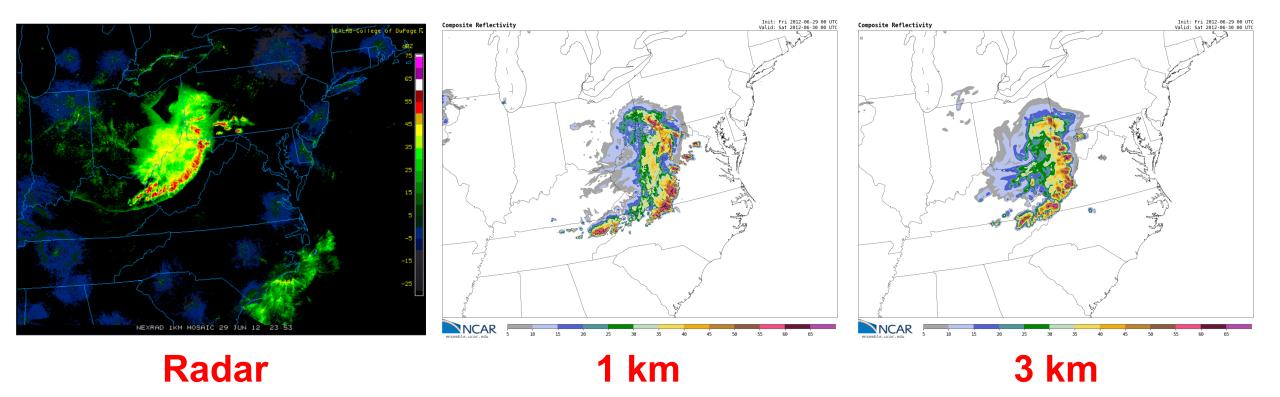
Surface Theta (2m)



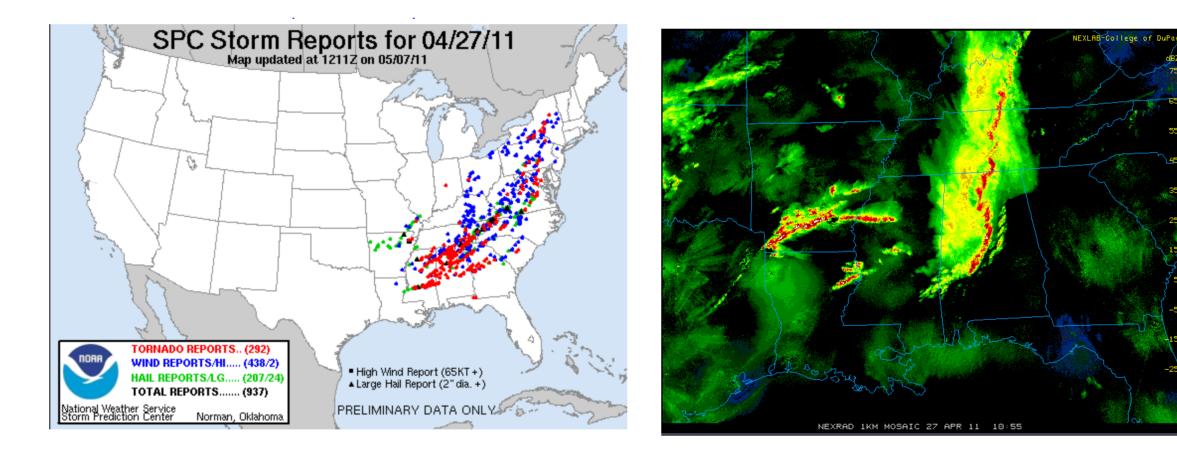
29 June 2012 Max Surface Wind (10m)



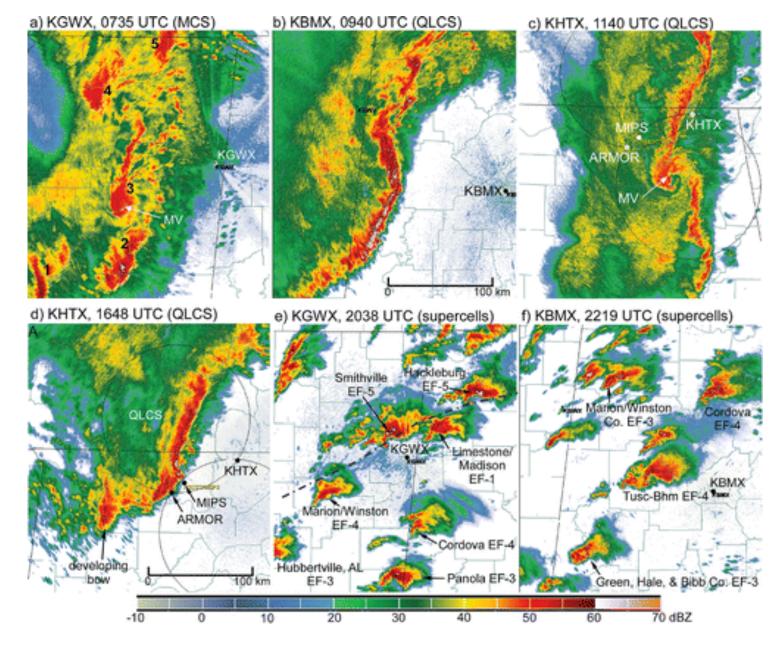
30 June 2012 00:00 UTC



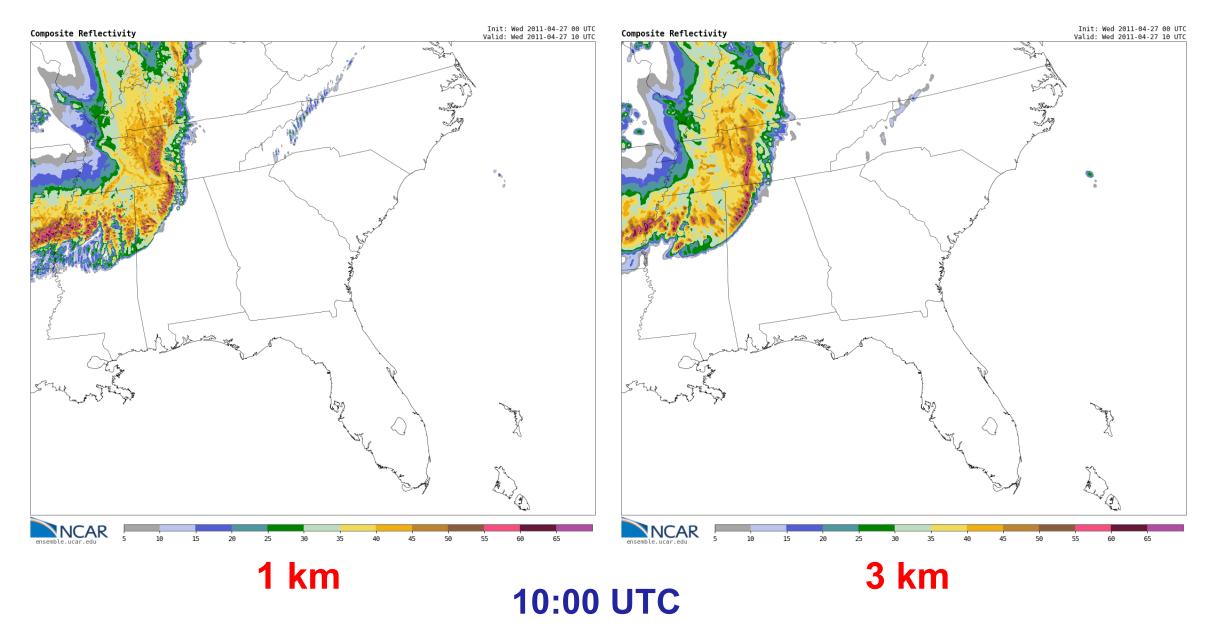
3 km system propagation more accurate for this case



Radar 11:00 UTC

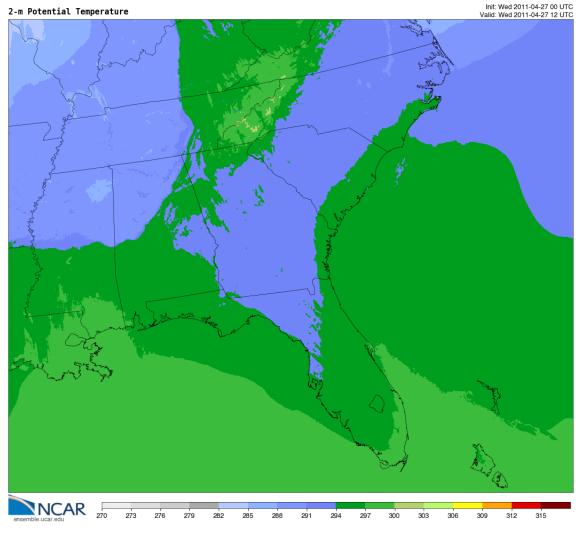


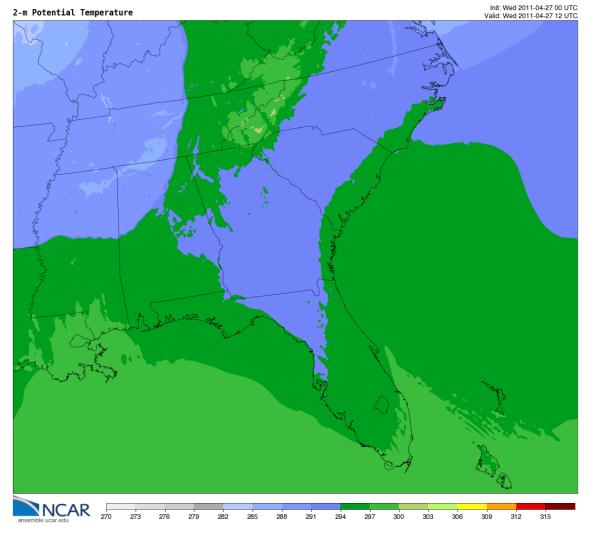
Knupp et al. BAMS 2014



Surface Theta (2m)

12:00 UTC

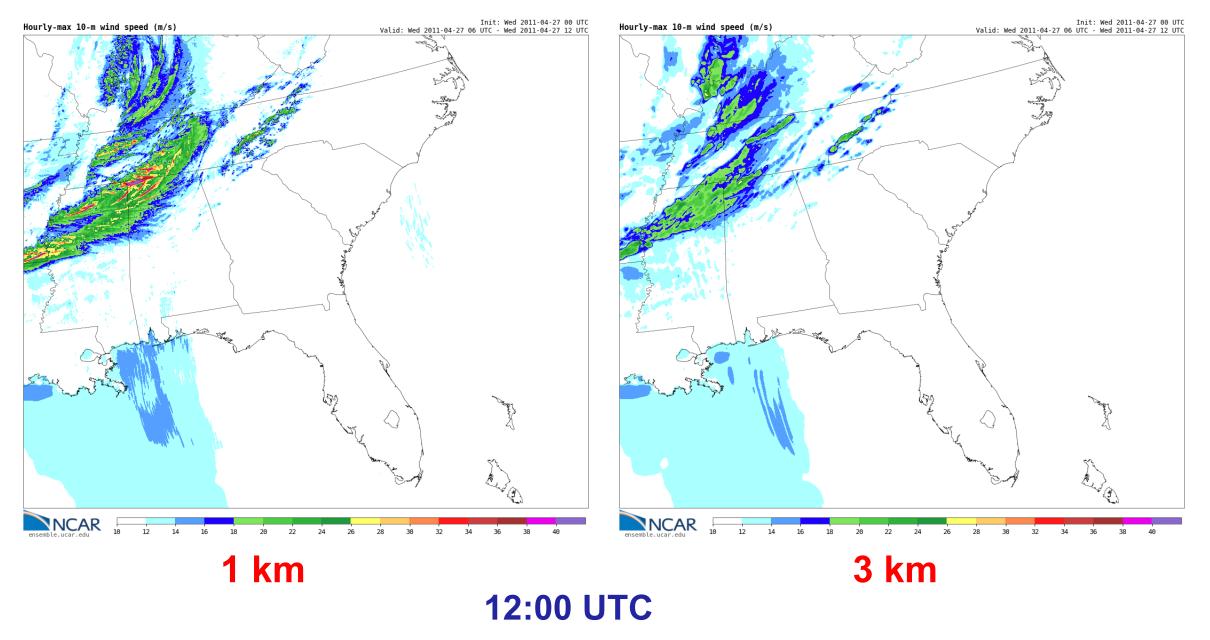




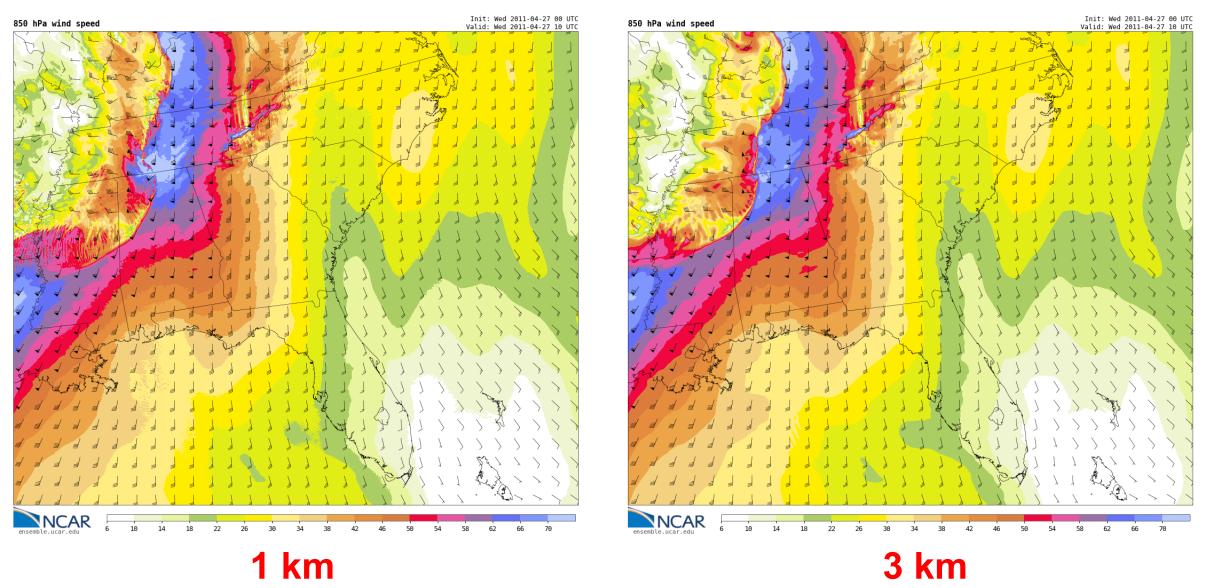
1 km

3 km

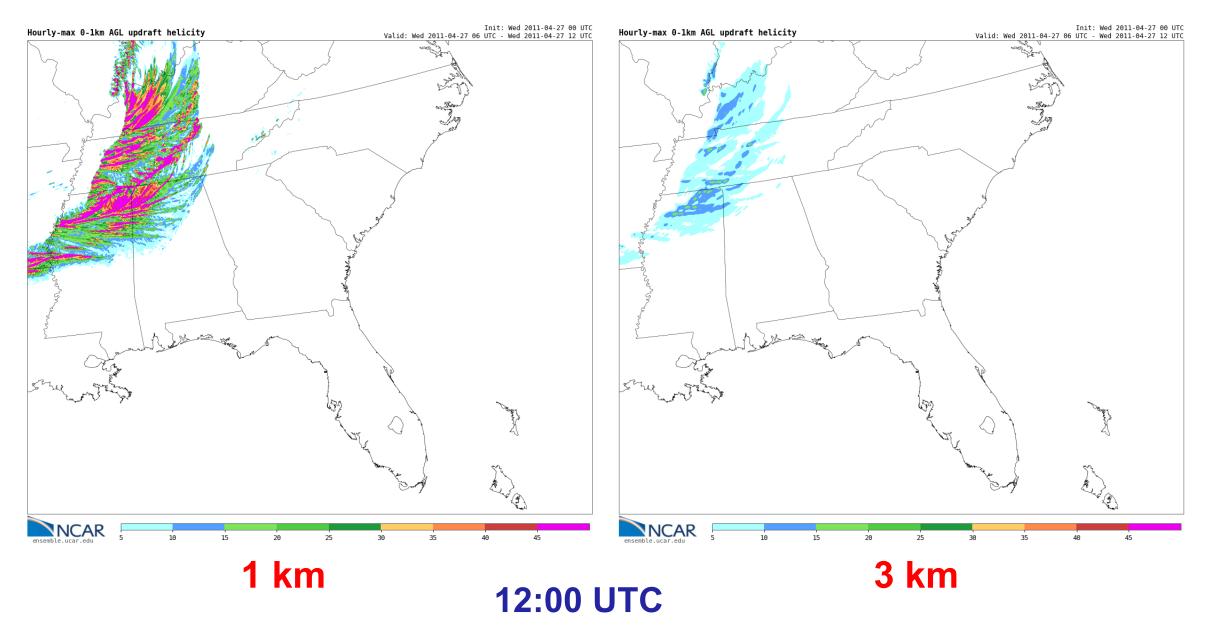
27 April 2011 Max Surface Wind (10m)



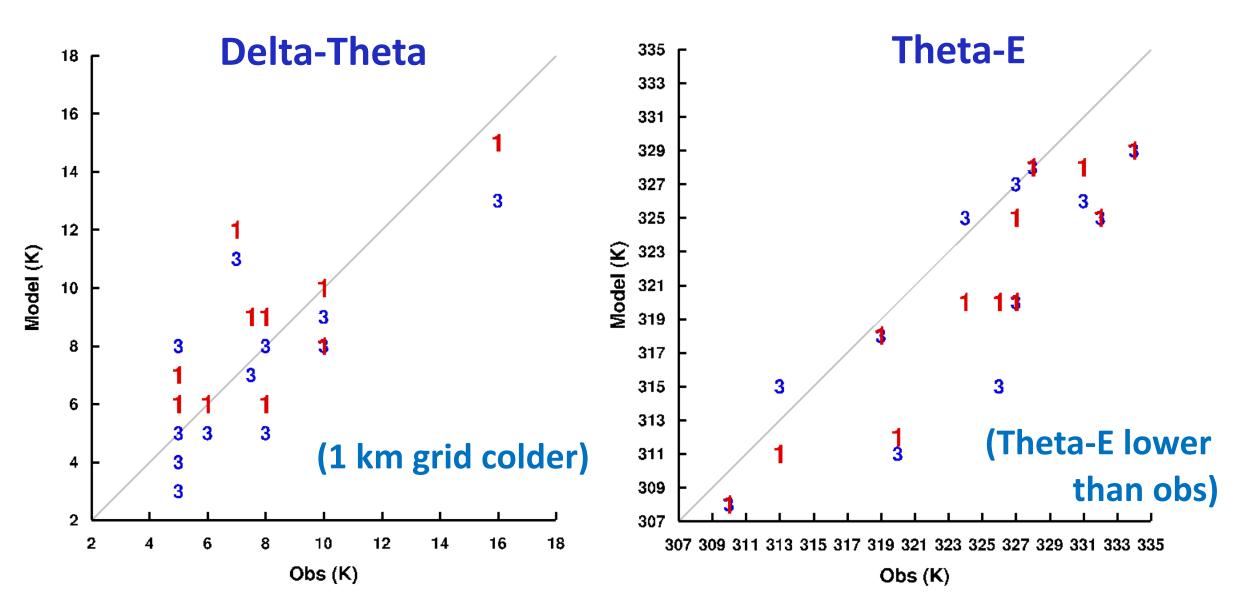
850 hPa Winds



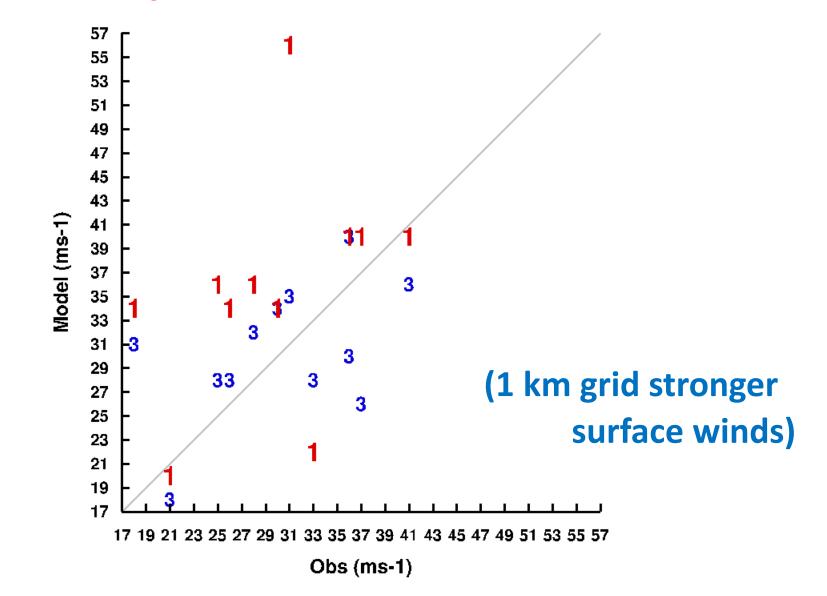
27 April 2011 Max Updraft Helicity (0-1km)



Summary Cold Pool Statistics:



Summary Max Surface Wind Statistics:



QLCS characteristics: 1 vs. 3 km

...convective initiation (similar)

...cold pool strength/propagation (1km cooler, a bit faster)

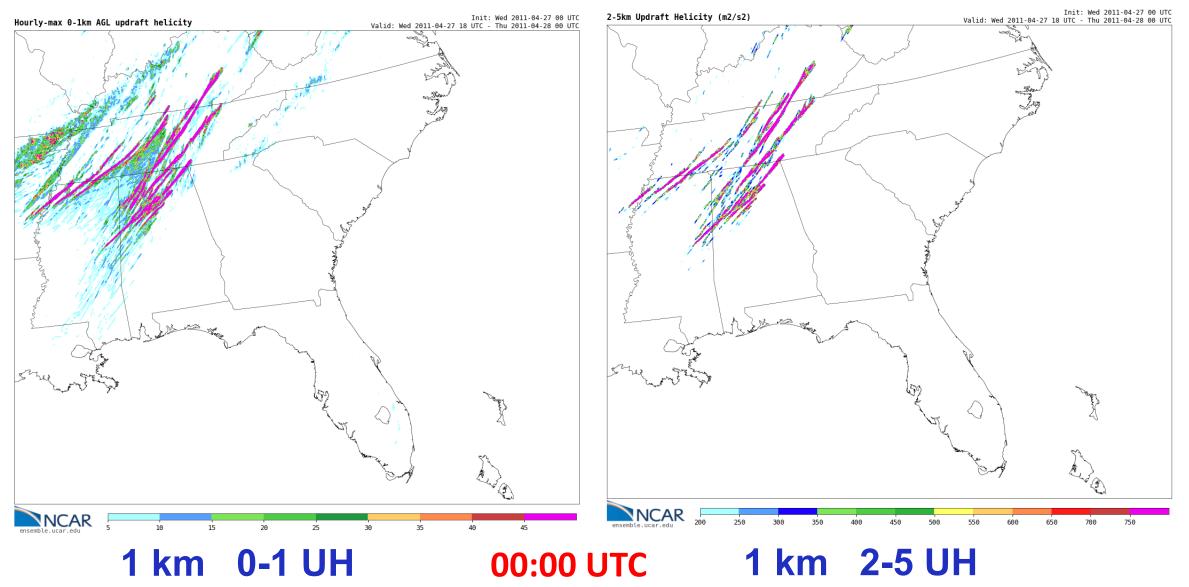
...surface winds (1 km stronger)

...mesovortices (more leading line vortices at 1 km)

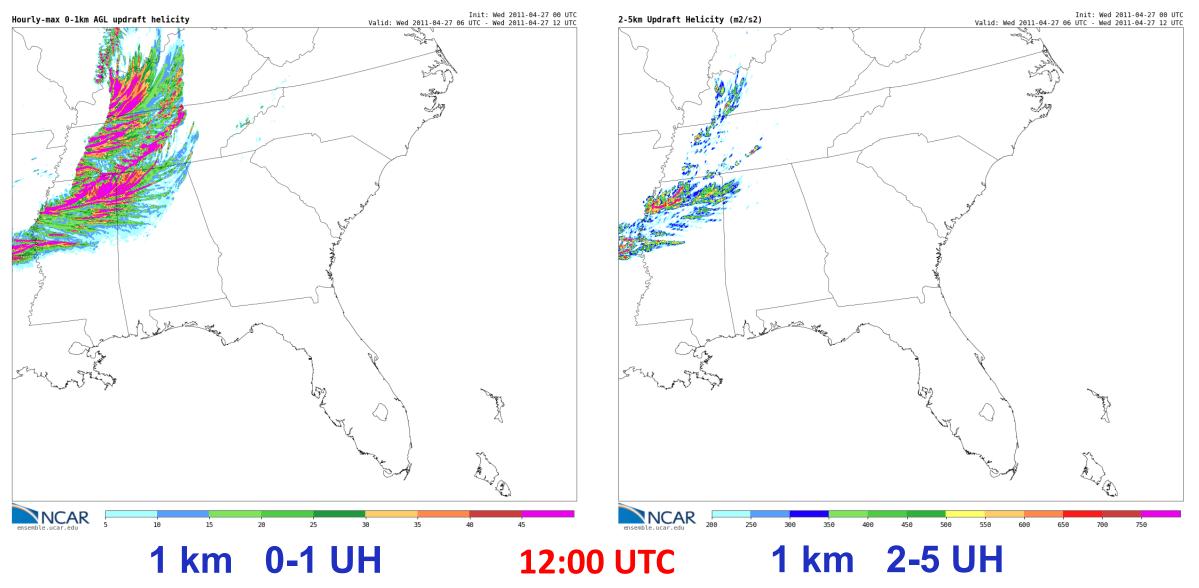
...rear-inflow jet (similar)

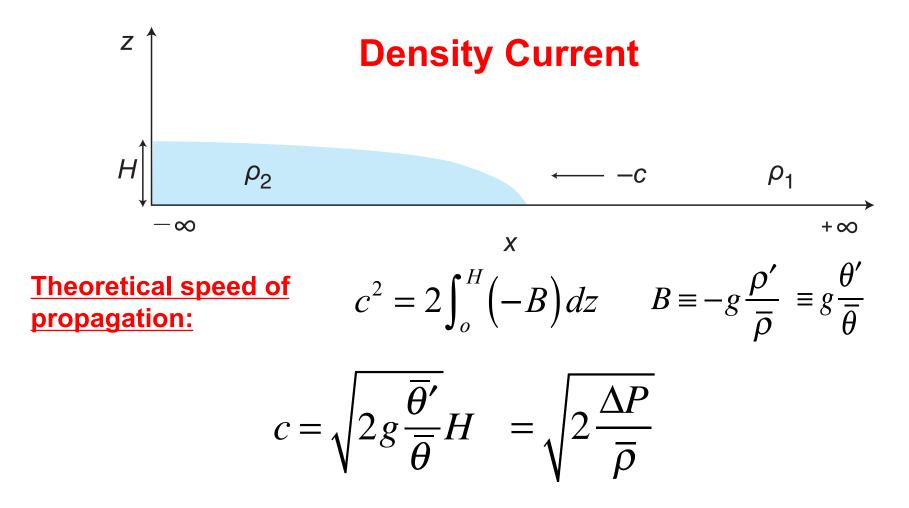
Caution: present results could be sensitive to microphysics (Thompson)

27 April 2011 Max Updraft Helicity

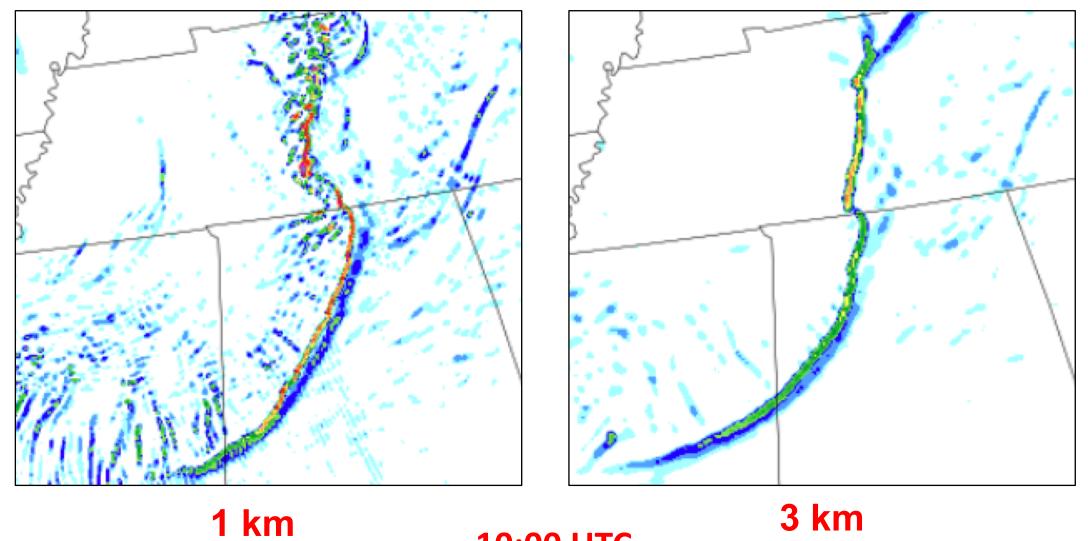


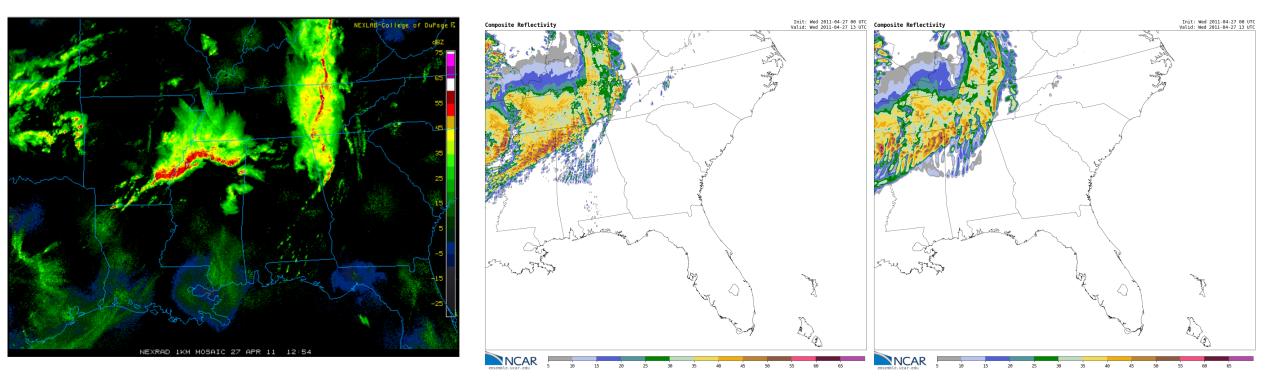
27 April 2011 Max Updraft Helicity

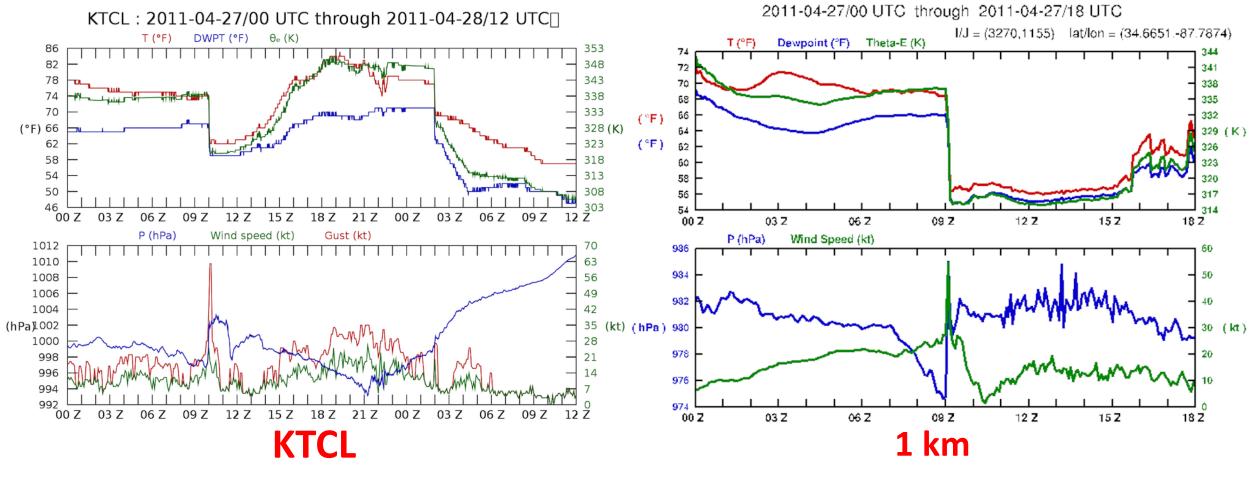




Strength of a cold pool can be estimated from change in surface T, Theta, P....



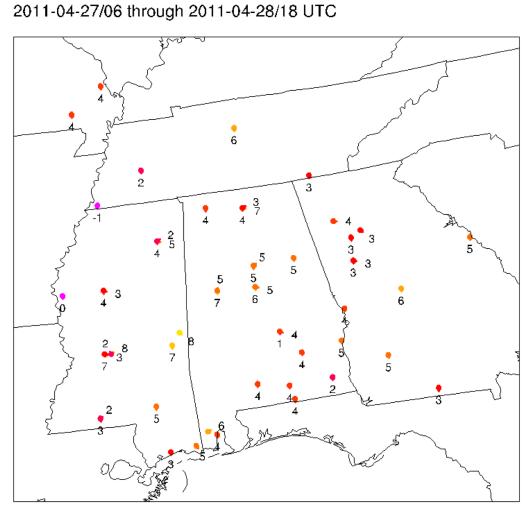




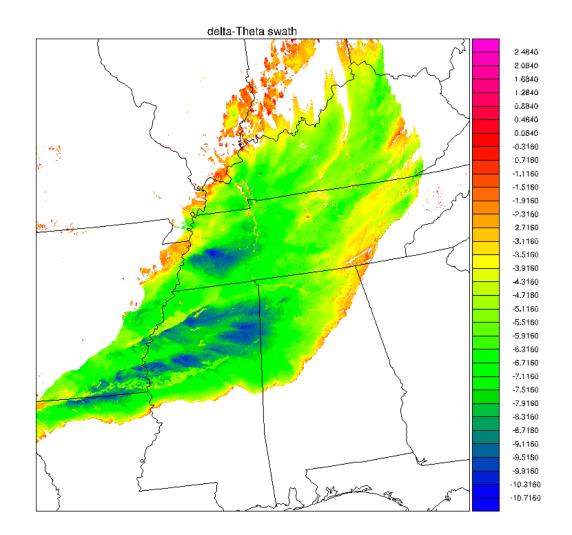
DTheta ~6 k 63 kts

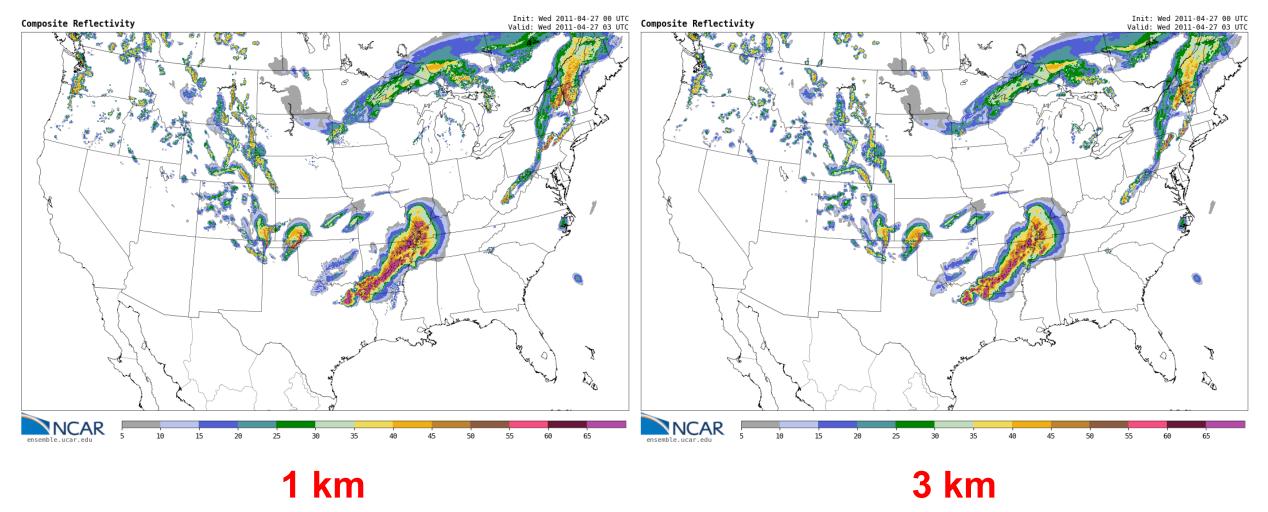
DTheta ~7 k 56 kts

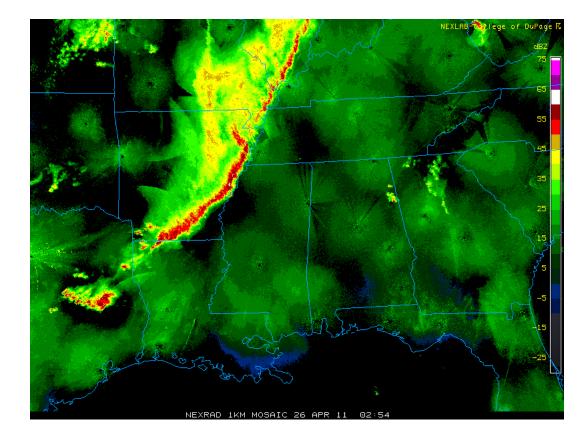
Delta-Theta (K)

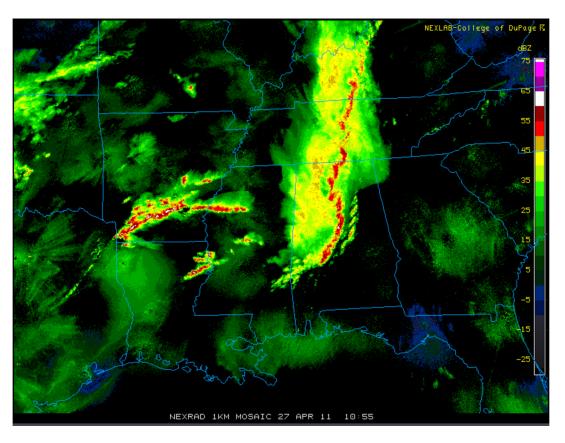














850 hPa Winds

