

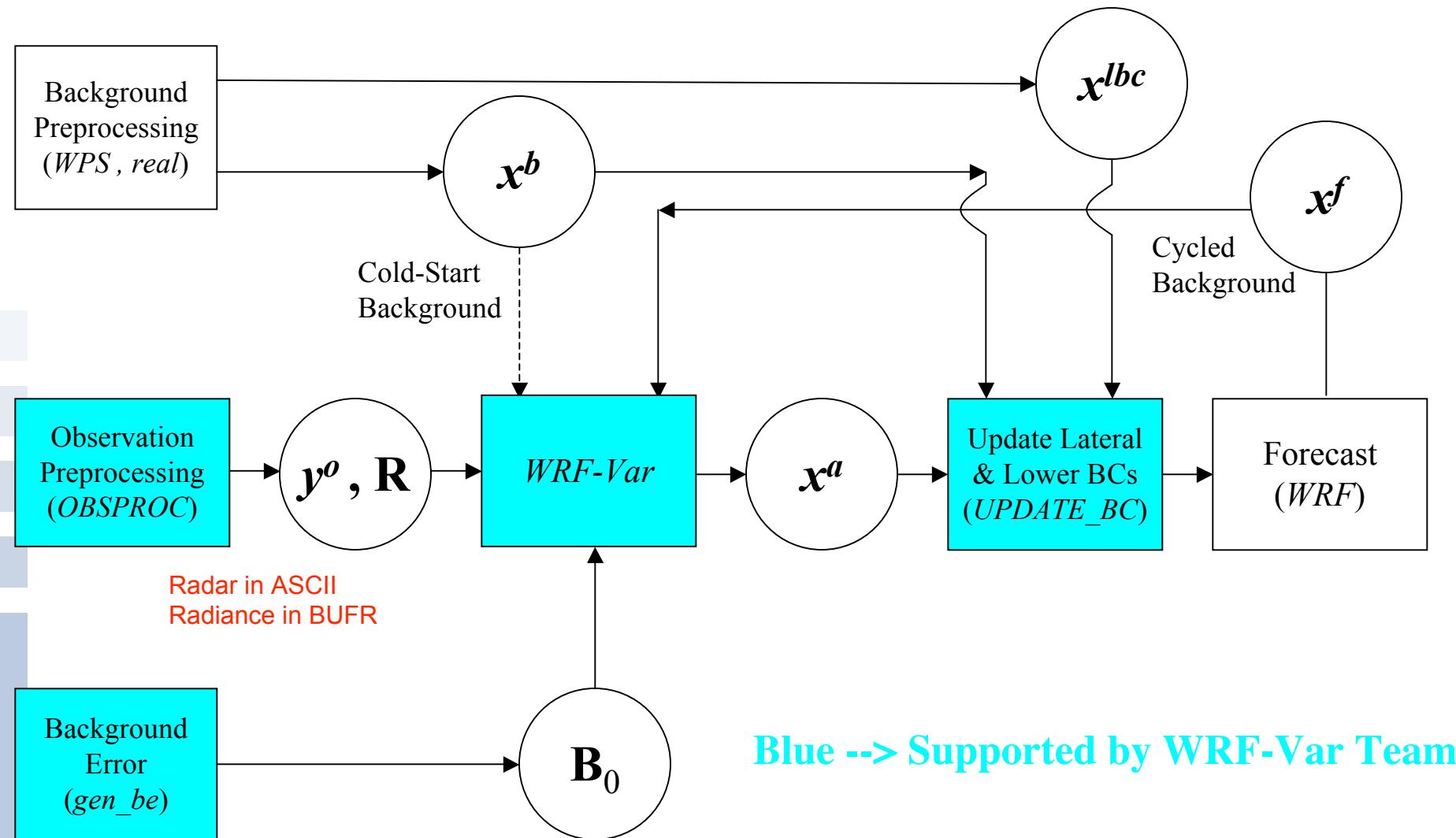
# WRF-Var Setup, Run and Diagnostics

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WRF-Var Tutorial, Feb 2-4, 2009

- WRF-Var in the WRF Modeling System



# Outline

- Installing WRF-Var
- Running WRF-Var code
- Running UPDATE\_BC
- WRF-Var diagnostics
  - Also check “**WRF-Var Tools and Verification Package**” talk.
- Basic runtime options (namelist)
  - Complementary to “**WRF-Var Namelists**” talk.

# Installing WRF-Var

- WRFVAR-Var source code can be downloaded from  
[http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\\_source.html](http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_source.html)

# MPI Compiler

- Please make sure your MPI compilers are MPICH2 compatible (WRF only needs MPICH1).
- If not, please download MPICH2 from

<http://www.mcs.anl.gov/research/projects/mpich2/>

Set environment variables:

```
>setenv MPIHOME $your_installation_dir/mpich2
```

# Libraries Required by WRF-Var

- NetCDF:
  - <http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/>
- BLAS (Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms)
  - <http://netlib.orgblas/>
- LAPACK: Linear Algebra PACKage
  - <http://netlib.orglapack/>
- BUFR
  - <http://www.nco.ncep.noaa.gov/sib/decoders/BUFRLIB/>

Set environment variables:

```
>setenv BLAS      $your_installation_dir/blas  
>setenv LAPACK   $your_installation_dir/lapack  
>setenv BUFR     $your_installation_dir/bufr  
>Setenv NETCDF   $your_installation_dir/netcdf
```

✓ Make sure the required libraries are all compiled using the same compiler that will be used to build WRF-Var, since the libraries produced by one compiler may not be compatible with code compiled with another.

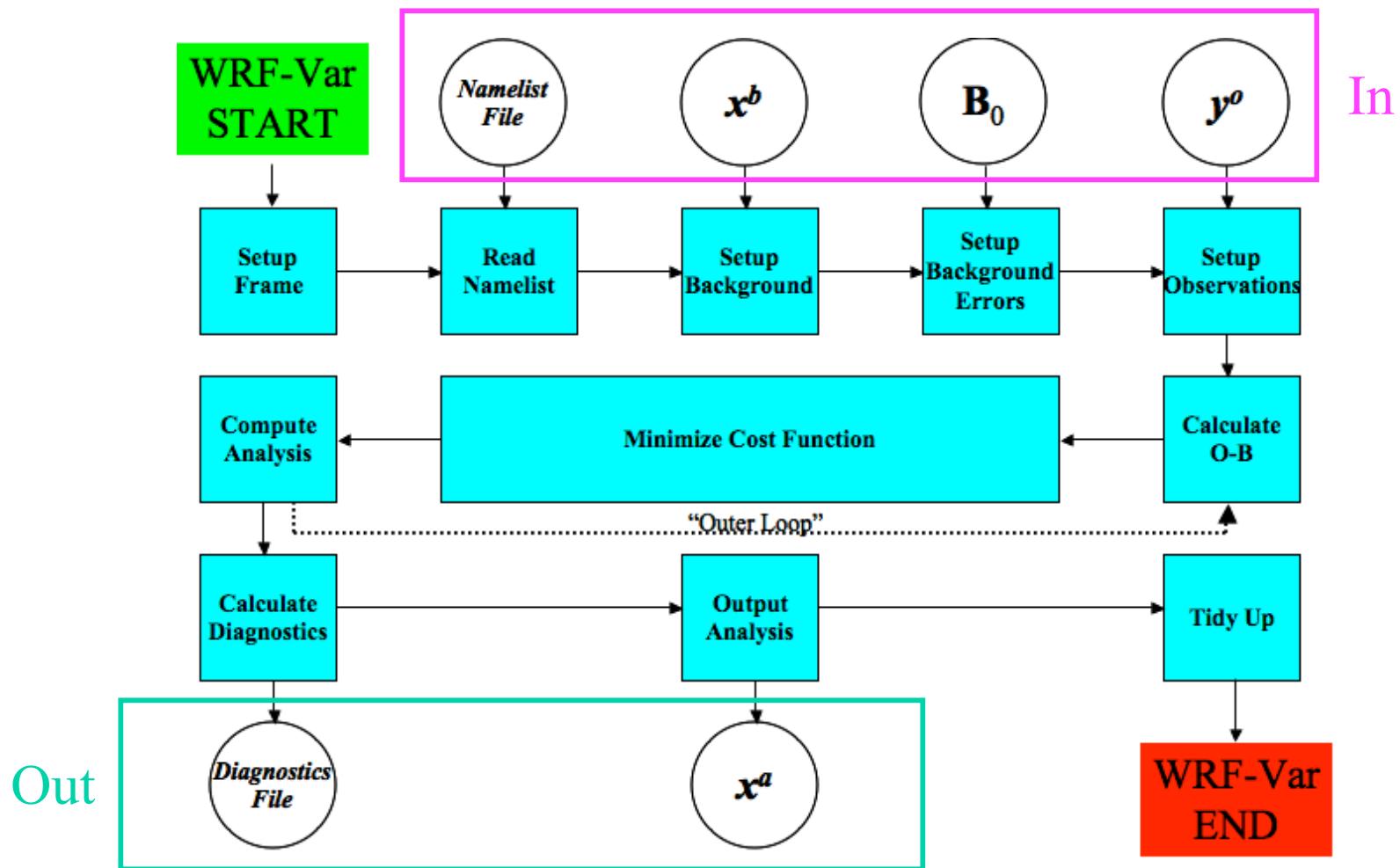
# Configure and Compile WRF-Var

- `cd $your_sourcecode_dir/WRFDA`
- `./configure wrfda`
  - `configure.wrf` is created.
- `./compile all_wrfvar`
  - executables in the var/da

✓ **Note: WRF compiles with -r4 option while WRFDA compiles with -r8.**  
For this reason, WRF and WRFDA cannot reside and be compiled under the same directory.

# Running WRF-Var

- WRF-Var Code Flow



# Before You Run ...

- Check WRF-Var executable has been created appropriately:
  - `WRFDA/var/da/da_wrfvar.exe`
- Get input files:
  - The following test data WRFV3-Var-testdata.tar.gz can be downloaded from [http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get\\_sources.htm](http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/download/get_sources.htm).
  - Extract the test data into your local data directory, e.g.,  
“*your\_choice\_of\_dat\_dir*”.
  - Set up your environment variable \$DAT\_DIR:
    - > `Setenv DAT_DIR your_choice_of_dat_dir`

# Before You Run ...

- Check input files:
  - Background ( $x^b$ ): **\$DAT\_DIR/rc/2007010200/wrfinput\_d01**
    - NETCDF format.
    - For cold-start mode,  $x^b$  is generated by WRF *real*.
    - For cycling mode,  $x^b$  is generated by WRF from previous cycle (e.g., 6hr forecast).
  - Background Error Statistics: **\$DAT\_DIR/be/be.dat**
    - Generated by *gen\_be*.
    - Please refer to “**WRF-Var Background Error Estimations**” talk.
  - Observations ( $y^o$ ) : **\$DAT\_DIR/ob/2007010200/obs\_gts\_2007-01-02+00:00:00.3DVAR** (GTS data only)
    - ASCII format.
    - Generated by OBSPROC from ob.little\_r included in the tar file of the test data.
    - Please refer to “**Radar Data**” and “**Satellite Data**” talks for assimilations of radar and radiance data.
- Prepare namelists for runtime options:
  - **WRFDA/var/test/namelist.input** (example)



# Working Directory - Input

- Create a working directory, for example, “*your\_choice\_of\_working\_dir*”.
  - Go into the working directory:  
  > cd *your\_choice\_of\_working\_dir*
  - Prepare the input files for running WRF-Var:

> ln -sf WRFDA/var/da/da_wrfvar.exe	<b>./da_wrfvar.exe</b>
> ln -sf WRFDA/run/LANDUSE.TBL	<b>./LANDUSE.TBL</b>
> ln -sf \$DAT_DIR/rc/2007010200/wrfinput_d01	<b>./fg</b>
> ln -sf \$DAT_DIR/be/be.dat	<b>./be.dat</b>
> ln -sf \$DAT_DIR/ob/obs_gts_2007-01-02_00:00:00.3DVAR	<b>./ob.ascii</b>
> cp WRFDA/var/test/namelist.input	<b>./namelist.input</b>

# Running WRF-Var

```
> da_wrfvar.exe >&! wrfda.log (or your own log file name)
```

If running in distributed-memory mode, you need to set up the computer resources (e.g., processor numbers, memory, wallclock...) based on the platform you are using. The log file names would be rsl.out.0000, rsl.out.0001,...

# Working Directory - Output

In *your\_choice\_of\_working\_dir*, you should at least have the following files after running WRF-Var successfully:

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 username    1985 Jun 18 13:17 cost_fn (Cost function)  
-rw-r--r-- 1 username    1745 Jun 18 13:17 grad_fn (Gradient of cost function)  
-rw-r--r-- 1 username 9048641 Jun 18 13:17 gts_omb_oma (O, O-A information, etc)  
-rw-r--r-- 1 username  276658 Jun 18 13:17 namelist.output (Complete namelist)  
-rw-r--r-- 1 username   22730 Jun 18 13:17 statistics (Averaged O-B & O-A information)  
-rw-r--r-- 1 username 3651560 Jun 18 13:17 wrfvar_output (Analysis  $x^a$ )
```

O: Observation  
A: Analysis  
B: Background (first-guess)

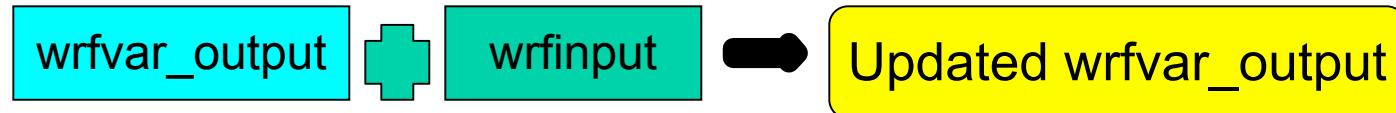
# “update\_bc” basic

# Input and output for update\_bc

- Update the *lateral boundary* condition:



- Update *the low boundary* condition:



- Input to update\_bc:

wrfvar\_output from **WRF-Var** assimilation

wrfbdy, wrfinput from **WPS** at analysis time.

- Output from update\_bc:

updated wrfbdy and updated wrfvar\_output

are used to run **WRF** model.

# Applications of update\_bc

- Cold-start run
  - only lateral boundary update needed
- Warm-start (cycling) run
  - both lateral and low boundaries update needed
- Coarse and fine domains in nested model run
  - for coarse domain (`domain_id = 1`),
    - both lateral and low boundaries updated
  - for fine mesh domains (`domain_id > 1`),
    - low boundary updated only

# Running UPDATE\_BC

# Steps to Run UPDATE\_BC

- Check UPDATE\_BC executable has been created appropriately:
  - `WRFDA/var/da/da_update_bc.exe`

- Go into the working directory:  
`> cd your_choice_of_working_dir`

- Prepare the namelist for UPDATE\_BC: param.in

```
&control_param
wrfvar_output_file = 'wrfvar_output'
wrf_bdy_file      = 'wrfbdy_d01'
wrf_input         = 'real_output'

cycling = .true.
debug   = .true.
low_bdy_only = .false.
update_lsm = .false.
/
```

- Analysis generated from WRF-Var  
- BC generated from WPS and WRF real  
- IC generated from WPS and WRF real

# Steps to Run UPDATE\_BC

- Check UPDATE\_BC executable has been created appropriately:
  - WRFDA/var/da/da\_update\_bc.exe
- Go into the working directory:
  - > cd *your\_choice\_of\_working\_dir*
- Prepare the input files for running WRF-Var:
  - > ln -sf WRFDA/var/da/da\_update\_bc.exe ./da\_update\_bc.exe
  - > cp -p \$DAT\_DIR/rc/2007010200/wrfbdy\_d01 ./wrfbdy\_d01
  - > cp -p \$DAT\_DIR/rc/2007010200/wrfinput\_d01 ./real\_output
  - > cp WRFDA/var/test/param.in ./param.in (or define your own file)
  - And **wrfvar\_output**
- Run UPDATE\_BC:
  - > da\_update\_bc.exe > &! da\_update\_bc.log
- Check output: **wrfvar\_output**, **wrfbdy\_d01** (overwrite the original ones!)

# Steps to Run UPDATE\_BC

- Check UPDATE\_BC executable has been created appropriately:
  - WRFDA/var/da/da\_update\_bc.exe

- Go into the working directory:  
> cd *your\_choice\_of\_working\_dir*

- Prepare the namelist for UPDATE\_BC: param.in

```
&control_param
wrfvar_output_file = 'wrfvar_output'
wrf_bdy_file      = 'wrfbdy_d01'
wrf_input         = 'real_output'

cycling = .true.
debug   = .true.
low_bdy_only = .false.
update_lsm = .false.
/
```

- Analysis generated from WRF-Var  
- BC generated from WPS and WRF real  
- IC generated from WPS and WRF real

# Steps to Run UPDATE\_BC

- Check UPDATE\_BC executable has been created appropriately:
  - WRFDA/var/da/da\_update\_bc.exe
- Go into the working directory:
  - > cd *your\_choice\_of\_working\_dir*
- Prepare the input files for running WRF-Var:
  - > ln -sf WRFDA/var/da/da\_update\_bc.exe ./da\_update\_bc.exe
  - > cp -p \$DAT\_DIR/rc/2007010200/wrfbdy\_d01 ./wrfbdy\_d01
  - > cp -p \$DAT\_DIR/rc/2007010200/wrfinput\_d01 ./real\_output
  - > cp WRFDA/var/test/param.in ./param.in (or define your own file)
  - And **wrfvar\_output**
- Run UPDATE\_BC:
  - > da\_update\_bc.exe > &! da\_update\_bc.log
- Check output: **wrfvar\_output**, **wrfbdy\_d01** (overwrite the original ones!)

# WRF-Var Diagnostics

## ASCII output files in the WRF-Var working directory:

- wrfda.log or rsl.out.0000
- filtered\_obs (analysis\_type=“QC-OBS”)
- namelist.output
- check\_max\_iv
- cost\_fn
- grad\_fn
- gts\_omb\_oma
- statistics
- jo
- unpert\_obs
- pert\_obs (omb\_add\_noise=true)

## wrfda.log

- Very important information about your WRF-Var run, including observation summary, values of cost function and its gradient, etc. If a WRF-Var run succeeded, the message

*SUCCESS COMPLETE WRFVAR  
\*\*\* WRF-Var completed successfully \*\*\**

would be written to the end of the log file.

## filtered\_obs

- Similar to ob.ascii (observation input file of WRF-Var) but with the observations filtered by WRF-Var using the following WRF-Var namelist option:

`analysis_type = QC-OBS`

# **namelist.output**

- When WRF-Var is run, a namelist.output file will be produced with all values of namelist variables (default or/and from namelist.input).

## namelist.input

```

&wrfvar1
  write_increments=true,
  var4d=false,
  multi_inc=0,
  global=false,
/
&wrfvar2
/
&wrfvar3
  ob_format=2,
  num_fgat_time=1,
/
&wrfvar4
/

```

## namelist.output

```

&WRFVAR1
  WRITE_INCREMENTS=T, WRFVAR_MEM_MODEL=0, VAR4D=F, MULTI_INC=0,
  VAR4D_COUPLING=2, GLOBAL=F, PRINT_DETAI
  L_AIREP=F, PRINT_DETAIL_RADAR=F, PRINT_DETAIL_RAD=F,
  PRINT_DETAIL_XA=F, PRINT_DETAIL_XB=F, PRINT_DETAI
  L_OBS=F, PRINT_DETAIL_F_OBS=F, PRINT_DETAIL_MAP=F,
  PRINT_DETAIL_GRAD=F, PRINT_DETAIL_REGRESSION=F, PRI
  NT_DETAIL_SPECTRAL=F, PRINT_DETAIL_TESTING=F,
  PRINT_DETAIL_PARALLEL=F, PRINT_DETAIL_BE=F,
  PRINT_DETAIL_TIMING=F, CHECK_MAX_IV_PRINT=T
/
&WRFVAR2
  ANALYSIS_ACCU=900, CALC_W_INCREMENT=F, DT_CLOUD_MODEL=F,
  WRITE_QCW=F, WRITE_QRN=F, WRITE_QCI=F, WRITE_QSN=F, WRITE_QGR=F,
  WRITE_FILTERED_OBS=F
/
&WRFVAR3
  FG_FORMAT=1, OB_FORMAT=2, NUM_FGAT_TIME=1
/
&WRFVAR4
  USE_SYNPOBS=T, USE_SHIPSOBS=T, USE_METAROBS=T,
  USE_SOUND OBS=T, USE_MTGIRSOBS=T, USE_PILOTOBS=T,
```



## check\_max\_iv

- Contains information about observations that fail check\_max\_iv check.

NCAR

For outer iteration 1, Total Rejections for Synop follows:

Number of failed u-wind observations: 25 on 230  
Number of failed v-wind observations: 30 on 230  
Number of failed pressure observations: 5 on 230  
Number of failed temperature observations: 0 on 230  
Number of failed mixing ratio observations: 1 on 230  
Finally Total Synop rejections 61 on 1150

Err\_max failed:ID=47843FM-12 SYNOP Ix= 204 Ixf= 30 Err\_max ratio = 1.3 for V inv, error: 0.708141E+01 0.110000E+01  
Err\_max < 0 ==> 0.0 -4444440.0 5.0 for V OBS ID: 98752FM-12 SYNOP LA/LON/ELV: 9.93 125.51 46.00

- Generated with the following namelist options:

```
&wrfvar1
  CHECK_MAX_IV_PRINT=true (default)
&wrfvar5
  CHECK_MAX_IV=true (default)
```

- Observations are rejected if the innovation (O-B) values are larger than certain maximum errors (max\_error). Currently the max\_error values are hard-wired in var/da/da\_control/da\_control.f90.

```
real, parameter :: max_error_t      = 5.0, &
                  max_error_uv     = 5.0, &
                  max_error_pw     = 5.0, &
                  max_error_ref    = 5.0, &
                  max_error_rh    = 5.0, &
                  max_error_q      = 5.0, &
                  max_error_p      = 5.0, &
                  max_error_tb    = 5.0, &
                  max_error_thickness = 5.0, &
                  max_error_rv    = 5.0, &
                  max_error_rf    = 5.0, &
                  max_error_buv   = 500.0, &
                  max_error_bt    = 500.0, &
                  max_error_bq    = 500.0, &
                  max_error_slp   = 500.0
```

## cost\_fn and grad\_fn

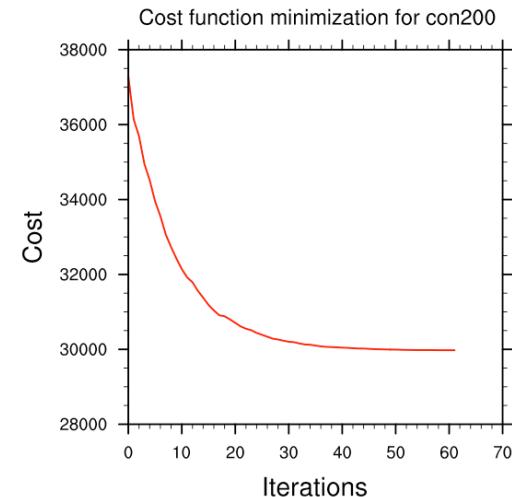
- Contain values of cost function and its gradient at each iteration.  
E.g., `calculate_cg_cost_fn=.false.` (default):

Outer Iter	EPS	Inner Iter	J	Jb	Jo	Jc	Je	Jp
1	0.100E-01	0	37293.267	0.000	37293.267	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	61	29974.427	1093.616	28880.811	0.000	0.000	0.000

Outer Iter	EPS	Inner Iter	G	Gb	Go	Ge	Gp
1	0.100E-01	0	1619.534	0.000	1619.534	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	61	12.931	46.768	48.511	0.000	0.000

- With `calculate_cg_cost_fn=.true.`, the cost function and its gradient at each iteration can be written into **cost\_fn** and **grad\_fn**.
- NCL script example to plot these two files is `var/graphics/ncl/plot_cost_grad_fn.ncl`.

b: background term  
o: observation term  
c: JcDFI term  
e: alpha term  
p: radiance variational bias correction term



# gts\_omb\_oma



- Contain complete point-by-point, detailed observation information.

```
synop 995
1
1 176556 21.51 -104.90 89973.8836463 3.3147587 1.2193668 2 1.1000000 0.1849281 -1.5412909
-1.4225501 2 1.1000000 -1.6862257 295.5511624 2.5999150 2 2.0000000 1.3689324 89973.8836463
-273.5464584 2 100.0000000 -236.6028635 0.0134689 0.0048657 0 0.0036749 0.0050584
```

```
obs_type number_of_obs
number_of_levels
level_index station_id, lat, lon, pressure, (O, O-B, qcflag, Obs_err, O-A) for measured quantities for the obs_type
```

- Measured quantities for each observation type vary:

Synop: u, v, t, p, q

Metar: u, v, t, p, q

Ship: u, v, t, p, q

Geoamv: u, v

Polaramv: u, v

Gpspw: tpw

Sound: u, v, t, q

Sonde\_sfc: u, v, t, p, q

Airep: u, v, t

Pilot: u, v

Satem: thickness

Qscat: u, v

Profiler: u, v

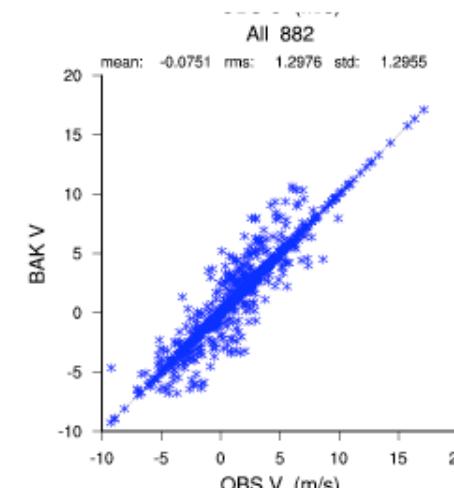
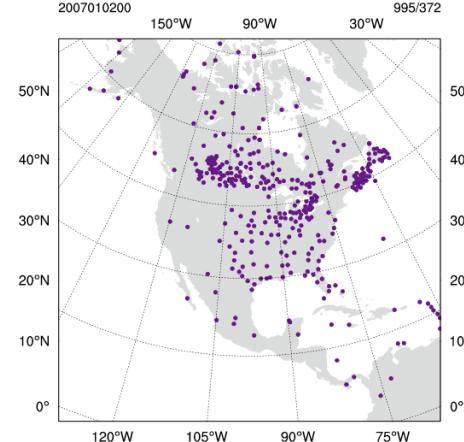
Buoy: u, v, t, p, q

Airsr: t, q

Gpsref: ref

- A NCL script example is  
var/graphics/ncl/plotobs.ncl.

SYNOP



# statistics



- Contains domain-wise O-B and O-A information:

## Diagnostics of OI for synop

var	u (m/s)	n	k	v (m/s)	n	k	t (K)	n	k	p (Pa)	n	k	q (kg/kg)	n	k
Number:	331			332			355			330			361		
Minimum(n,k):	-5.4017	363	0	-5.4086	878	0	-9.7206	592	0	-390.7893	931	0	-0.4461E-02	719	0
Maximum(n,k):	5.0466	886	0	5.2878	630	0	7.7302	421	0	471.9343	944	0	0.5408E-02	787	0
Average :	-0.8471			-0.1995			-1.1171			20.4177			-0.2525E-03		
RMSE :	2.3023			2.1150			3.1978			116.1518			0.8045E-03		

## Diagnostics of AO for synop

var	u (m/s)	n	k	v (m/s)	n	k	t (K)	n	k	p (Pa)	n	k	q (kg/kg)	n	k
Number:	331			332			355			330			361		
Minimum(n,k):	-4.2496	172	0	-5.0463	683	0	-8.9005	583	0	-472.9290	931	0	-0.4152E-02	719	0
Maximum(n,k):	5.5540	886	0	5.7990	630	0	8.8192	421	0	392.4096	944	0	0.5058E-02	1	0
Average :	-0.0847			-0.0376			-0.4283			1.1709			0.1625E-04		
RMSE :	1.8650			1.8093			2.1990			101.3816			0.5958E-03		

## Minimum of gridded analysis increments

Lvl	u	i	j	v	i	j	t	i	j	p	i	j	q	i	j
1	-1.8915	17	32	-1.9965	36	24	-5.2526	20	35	-314.7470	44	1	-0.1451E-02	18	32
2	-1.9476	16	32	-2.0070	36	24	-3.0142	21	36	-311.2885	44	1	-0.1438E-02	18	33

## Maximum of gridded analysis increments

Lvl	u	i	j	v	i	j	t	i	j	p	i	j	q	i	j
1	1.3750	41	8	1.5739	28	12	3.2994	24	20	197.8351	28	2	0.1401E-02	39	8
2	1.4844	40	8	1.6180	28	13	1.7471	7	20	195.5165	28	2	0.1591E-02	39	8

## Mean of gridded analysis increments

Lvl	u	v	t	p	q
1	-0.0327	0.0632	-0.1477	17.4414	-0.1047E-03
2	-0.0031	0.0736	0.0116	17.2543	-0.8066E-04

## RMSE of gridded analysis increments

Lvl	u	v	t	p	q
1	0.7546	0.6040	1.3120	72.0441	0.4258E-03
2	0.7995	0.6483	0.9169	71.2614	0.4476E-03

- Contains cost function for each observation type:

synop	obs, Jo(actual)	=	1007	1709	475.29555	1.00000	448.89633	1.00000	214.58090	1.00000	169.59091	1.00000	39.54654	1.00000
metar	obs, Jo(actual)	=	2551	4996	1142.22791	1.00000	1139.04835	1.00000	450.85222	1.00000	141.48881	1.00000	127.23786	1.00000
ships	obs, Jo(actual)	=	270	739	295.61942	1.00000	328.81980	1.00000	38.63147	1.00000	76.05158	1.00000	10.88285	1.00000
geoamv	ob, Jo(actual)	=	18216	35619	4375.80943	1.00000	4291.11244	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000
gpspw	obs, Jo(actual)	=	113	94	42.19891	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000
sound	obs, Jo(actual)	=	122	12507	1501.01081	1.00000	1417.89485	1.00000	2934.71994	1.00000	1412.34202	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000
sonde	obs, Jo(actual)	=	122	12507	77.96908	1.00000	70.37029	1.00000	43.28542	1.00000	45.34806	1.00000	4.58217	1.00000
airep	obs, Jo(actual)	=	1527	4506	699.19993	1.00000	655.45784	1.00000	776.57509	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000
pilot	obs, Jo(actual)	=	112	5895	2582.21854	1.00000	2434.46137	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000
satem	obs, Jo(actual)	=	204	2079	108.15758	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1.00000
buoy	obs, Jo(actual)	=	241	400	133.21166	1.00000	104.72975	1.00000	31.86149	1.00000	38.47701	1.00000	1.04651	1.00000

- Sum of individual Jo (numbers in red boxes) equals the printout value in WRF-Var log file, e.g., rsl.out.0000:

Final value of Jo = 28880.81069

- Numbers in blue boxes are observation error factors used in WRF-Var:  
 $\text{Tuned obs\_error} = \text{obs\_error} * \text{factor}$   
 Where obs\_error values are assigned by OBSPROC and factor=1 by default (use\_obs\_errfac=false).

## WRF-Var Running Options - Namelist

# What is a Namelist?

- The Fortran namelist (namelist.input) file helps the user to configure a WRF-Var run **without** recompiling the code.
  - Specific Fortran 90 namelist format

```
&namelistname      - start  
...  
/  
      - end
```

- Description of WRF-Var namelist variables are given in **WRF User's Guide** (Chapter 6).

# WRF-Var Namelist

- Default values of the namelist variables are defined by WRF-Var Registry (registry.wrfvar).
- Define namelist.input with non-default and desired variable values before running WRF-Var.
- A WRF-Var namelist file includes two parts:

```
&wrfvar1  
/  
&wrfvar2  
/  
...  
&wrfvar23  
/  
&time_control  
/  
&dfi_control  
/  
...  
&namelist_quilt  
/
```



WRF-Var namelist:  
Running options for WRF-Var code.

WRF namelist:  
WRF-Var needs certain information from  
this file including domain and time setting.  
Please make sure this part of the namelist file  
is consistent with the namelist used in your  
WRF *real* and WRF runs.

## Namelist - WRFVAR3

- **Ob\_format:** The format of the conventional and satellite retrieval observation data going into WRF-Var.
  - 1 = BUFR (Please use this option with caution).
  - 2 = ASCII (ob.ascii): Default.
  - ✓ Both formats are supported by **OBSPROC**.

## Namelist - WRFVAR4

- **Use\_obsype:** Set to true to use particular observation types.
  - E.g, `use_gpsrefobs=.true.`: Assimilate GPS refractivity observations if any available in the data file.

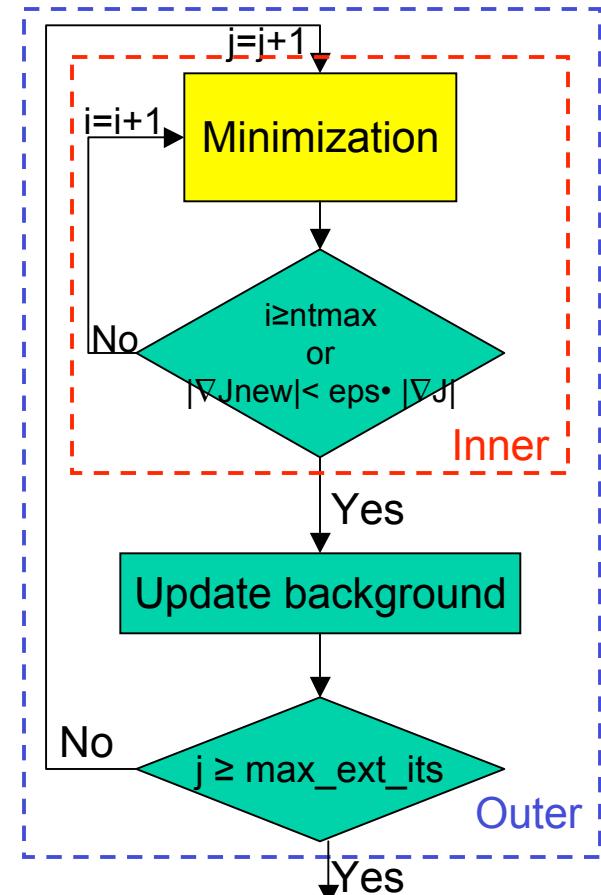
## Namelist - WRFVAR5

- **Check\_max\_iv**: Option for WRF-Var internal QC procedure, which is basically a maximum observation error check based on the innovations (Obs-Background).
  - .true. : default
  - .false: Use this option only if the observation data have been cleaned before going into WRF-Var.

## Namelist - WRFVAR6

The following namelist variables are for minimization options:

- **Max\_ext\_its**: Number of **outer loops**.
  - 1: Default. Only one outer loop.
  - Currently, maximum outer loop number is 10.
- **Ntmax**: Maximum number of iterations in an **inner loop** for the minimization in WRF-Var.
  - 200: Default. The minimization in the inner loop can not exceed 200.
- **Eps**: Value for minimization convergence criterion. It is an array with the dimension=**max\_ext\_its**.
  - $0.01(\text{max\_ext\_its})$ : The minimization is considered to converge when the norm of the cost function gradient is reduced at least 2 orders.



## Namelist - WRFVAR9

The following namelist variables are for tracing:

Tracing gives additional diagnostics about program runs. It does not change results, but does **slow the program down**, so should be disabled in production environments.

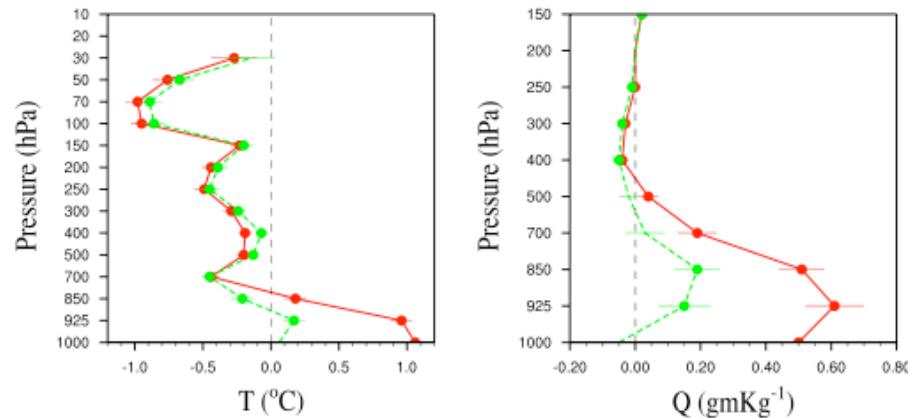
- **Trace\_use**: .true. (default). Use tracing function in WRF-Var if true.

In your test run, please make sure to set **trace\_use=.false.**

## Namelist - WRFVAR11

- Sfc\_assi\_options:
  - 1 (default): The surface observations will be assimilated based on the lowest model level first guess.
  - 2: The surface observations will be assimilated based on surface similarity theory in PBL. Innovations are computed based on 10-m wind and 2-m temperature & moisture.

✓ Please use this option with caution, since the results could be very sensitive.



## Namelist - WRFVAR11

- **Calculate\_cg\_cost\_fn:**

- .false. : Only the initial and final cost functions are computed and output.

Outer Iter	EPS Iter	Inner	J	Jb	Jo	Jc	Je	Jp
1	0.100E-01	0	11251.182	0.000	11251.182	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	19	8634.570	885.427	7749.143	0.000	0.000	0.000

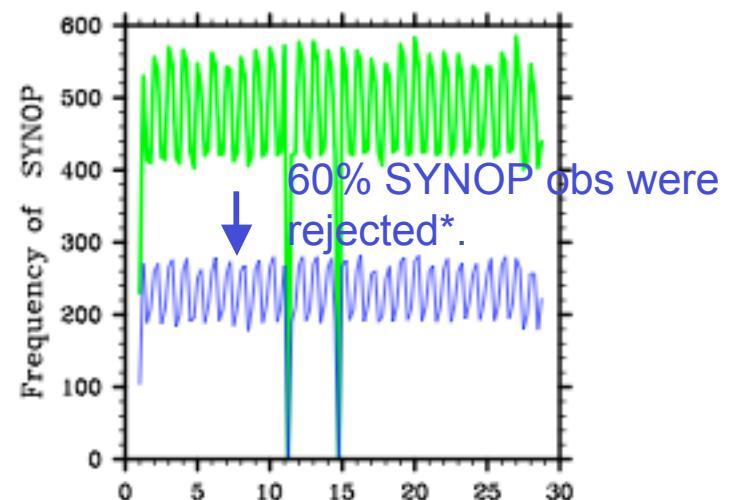
- .true. : The cost functions are computed and output (**cost\_fn**) at every iteration for diagnostic purpose.

Outer Iter	EPS Iter	Inner	J	Jb	Jo	Jc	Je	Jp
1	0.100E-01	0	11251.182	0.000	11251.182	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	1	10384.156	41.768	10342.388	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	2	9633.557	184.109	9449.448	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	3	9245.700	327.121	8918.579	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	4	9014.861	453.787	8561.075	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	5	8872.989	559.714	8313.275	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	6	8777.974	652.105	8125.869	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	7	8720.998	721.735	7999.263	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	8	8689.342	768.464	7920.878	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	9	8665.605	810.136	7855.469	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	10	8654.051	833.590	7820.461	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	11	8646.376	851.091	7795.285	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	12	8641.869	862.515	7779.355	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	13	8638.219	872.853	7765.365	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	14	8636.669	877.707	7758.962	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	15	8635.794	880.667	7755.127	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	16	8635.176	882.929	7752.247	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	17	8634.861	884.169	7750.693	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	18	8634.686	884.909	7749.777	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.100E-01	19	8634.570	885.427	7749.143	0.000	0.000	0.000

# Namelist - WRFVAR17

- **Analysis\_type**: Indicate job type of WRF-Var.
  - **3D-VAR** (default): Run 3D-Var data assimilation.
  - **VERIFY**: Run WRF-Var verification mode ( then Check\_max\_iv=.false. and ntmax=0 by default).
    - ✓ Please refer to “[WRF-Var Tools and Verification package](#)” talk.
  - **QC-OBS**: Run 3D-Var data assimilation and produce filtered\_obs.
    - ✓ By combining with Check\_max\_iv=.true. and ntmax=0, you can produce a WRF-Var filtered (QCed) observation data set (**filtered\_obs**) without running the data assimilation.
      - 1st screen/QC procedure performed by observation preprocessor (OBSPROC).
      - 2nd screen/QC procedure performed in WRF-Var.
      - Main impact of 2nd screen/QC is on surface observations\*.
      - Rejection rates will reduce with higher resolution, higher-order interpolation.

\* Surface observation rejection here is mostly due to surface elevation check with sfc\_assim\_options=1. Such a rejection may be bypassed by using sfc\_assim\_options=2.



## Namelist - WRFVAR17

- **Analysis\_date**: Specify the analysis time. It should be consistent with the first guess time.



**Thank you!**

## • UPDATE\_BC Code Flow

