Observation Pre-processor for WRFDA

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WRFDA tutorial
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- What types of observations?
- Where to download observations?
- What does WRFDA's OBSPROC (OBServation PROCessor) do?
- How to run OBSPROC?
- Formats!

WRFDA-3DVar Cost Function

$$J(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{x}_\mathbf{b})^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{B}^{-1}(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{x}_\mathbf{b}) + \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{y}-H(\mathbf{x}))^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{R}^{-1}(\mathbf{y}-H(\mathbf{x}))$$

$$J = \frac{1}{2}\delta\mathbf{x}^{T}\mathbf{B}^{-1}\delta\mathbf{x} + \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{d}-\mathbf{H}\delta\mathbf{x})^{T}\mathbf{R}^{-1}(\mathbf{d}-\mathbf{H}\delta\mathbf{x}) \qquad \mathbf{d} = \mathbf{y} - H(\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{g}})$$

J(x): Scalar cost function

x: The analysis

x_b: Background field

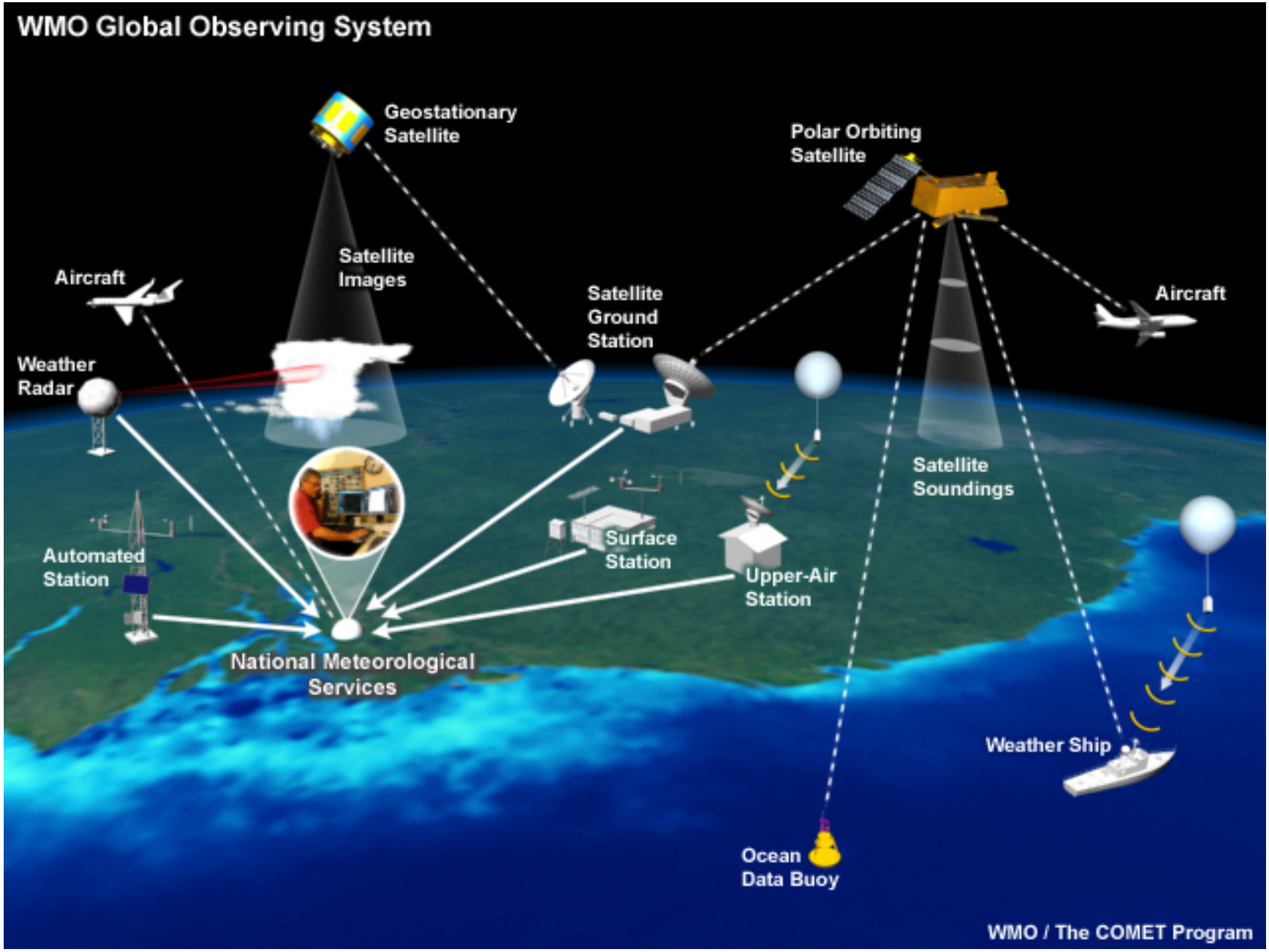
B: Background error covariance matrix

y: Observations

H: Observation operator

R: Observation error covariance matrix

y and **R** are discussed in this presentation


WMO Global Observing System
Geostationary Satellite
Polar Orbiting Satellite
Satellite Images
Aircraft
Satellite Ground Station
Aircraft
Weather Radar
Satellite Soundings
Surface Station
Automated Station
Upper-Air Station
National Meteorological Services
Weather Ship
Ocean Data Buoy
WMO / The COMET Program

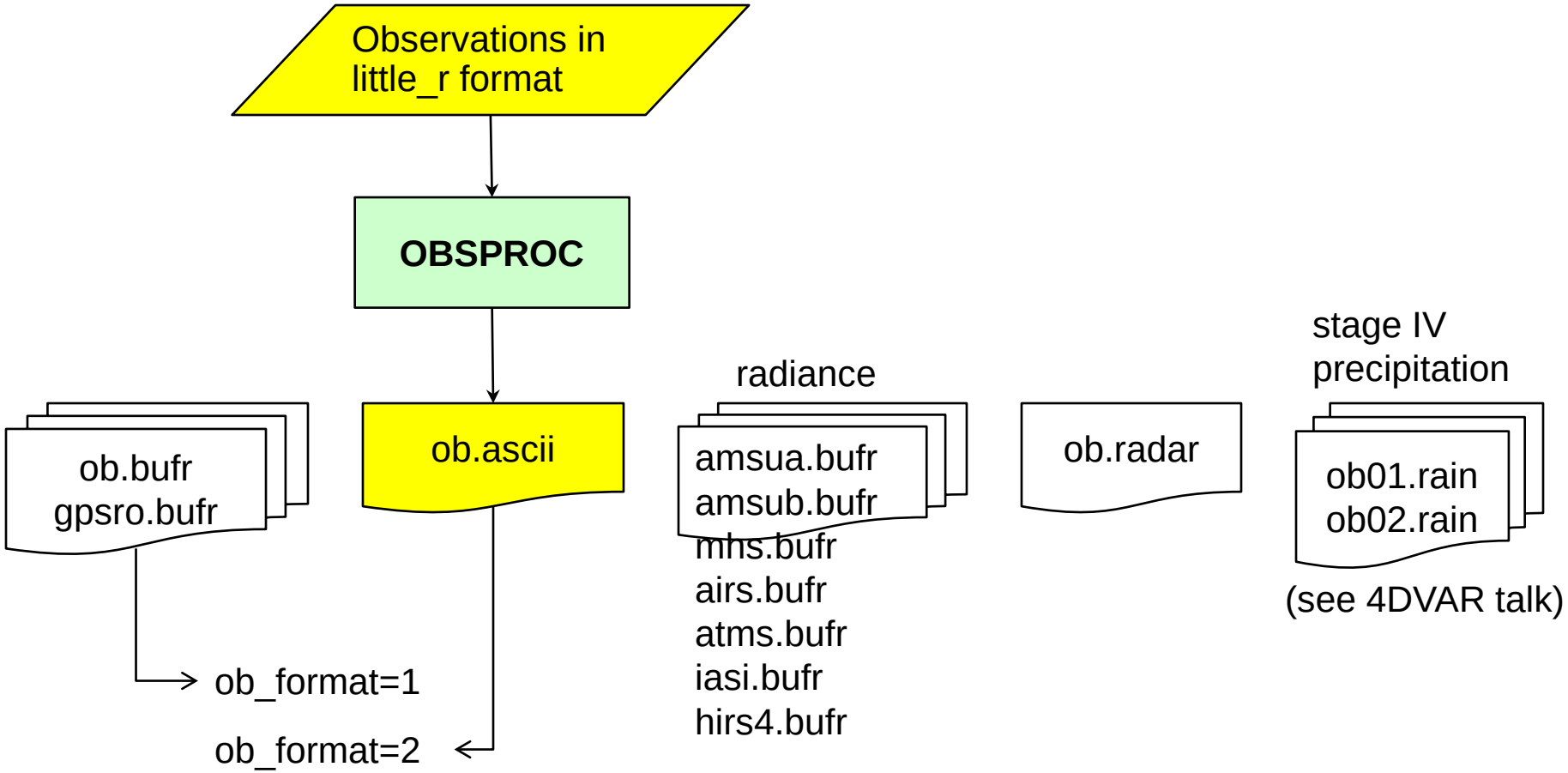
WRFDA can assimilate …

- In-Situ conventional observations:
  - Surface (SYNOP, METAR, SHIP, BUOY)
  - Upper air (TEMP, PIBAL, AIREP, ACARS, AMDAR, TAMDAR)
- Remotely sensed observations:
  - Atmospheric Motion Vectors (geo/polar) (SATOB)
  - SATEM thickness
  - Ground-based GPS Total Precipitable Water/Zenith Total Delay (GPSPW/GPSZD)
  - SSM/I oceanic surface wind speed and TPW
  - Scatterometer oceanic surface winds (QSCAT)
  - Wind profiler (PROFL)
  - Radar radial velocities and reflectivity
  - Satellite temperature/humidity/thickness profiles (AIRSR)
  - GPS refractivity (GPSRF/GPSEP)
  - Stage IV precipitation data/rain rate (only in 4DVAR mode)

QuikSCAT/SeaWinds – **ended on November 23, 2009**
ASCAT (METOP-A)
ASCAT (METOP-B)
ASCAT (EARS)
OSCAT (Oceansat-2)
WindSAT

- Radiances (using RTTOV or CRTM):
  - HIRS NOAA-16, NOAA-17, NOAA-18, NOAA-19, METOP-A
  - AMSU-A NOAA-15, NOAA-16, NOAA-18, NOAA-19, EOS-Aqua, METOP-A
  - AMSU-B NOAA-15, NOAA-16, NOAA-17
  - MHS NOAA-18, NOAA-19, METOP-A
  - AIRS EOS-Aqua
  - SSMIS DMSP-16, DMSP-17, DMSP-18
  - IASI METOP-A
  - ATMS Suomi-NPP
  - MWTS FY-3
  - MWHS FY-3
- Bogus data
  - TC bogus
  - Global bogus

WRFDA can read in …



ob.radar

- In simple ASCII format

  Header record for Radar site information (site, lat0, lon0, elv etc)

  Header record for observation location (FM-128 RADAR, date, lat, lon, elv, levs)

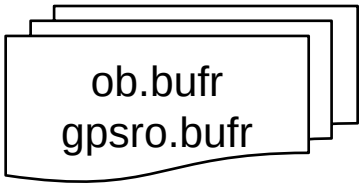
  Data-level record (height<m>, Radial_V<m/s>, qc, err, Reflectivity<dbz>, qc, err)

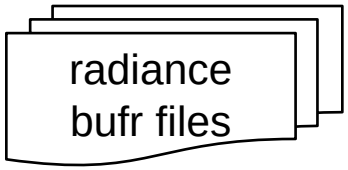
- Preprocessing Doppler radar data is an important procedure before assimilation
  - ✓ Quality control
    - de-aliasing (folded velocity)
    - removal of clutters, second-trip echo, anomalously propagated clutter, and other noises
  - ✓ Mapping
    - Interpolation, smoothing, super-obing, data filling
  - ✓ Error statistics
    - Variance and covariance

- However, there is no standard software included in WRFDA

  Contact Juanzhen (Jenny) Sun (sunj@ucar.edu) for collaboration

Check out the last radar presentation in August 2010
http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/wrfda/Tutorials/2010_Aug/docs/WRFDA_radar.pdf





- NCEP real-time data
  ftp://ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod

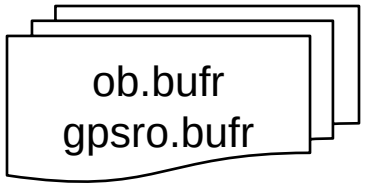
- NOAA National Operational Model Archive and Distribution System (NOMADS) archive
  http://nomads.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/
  http://nomads.ncdc.noaa.gov/data/gdas

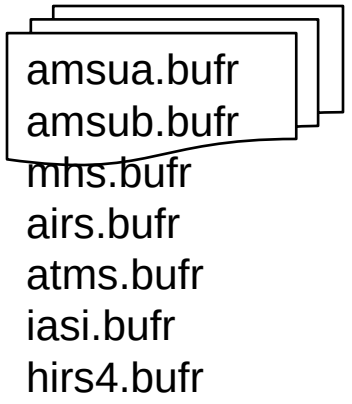
- NCAR CISL archive
  http://rda.ucar.edu/datasets/ds337.0 – for conventional data
  http://rda.ucar.edu/datasets/ds735.0 – for radiance data

- NCAR HPSS personal archive
  /LIUZ/GDAS/yyyymm/yyyymmddhh

Files to look for

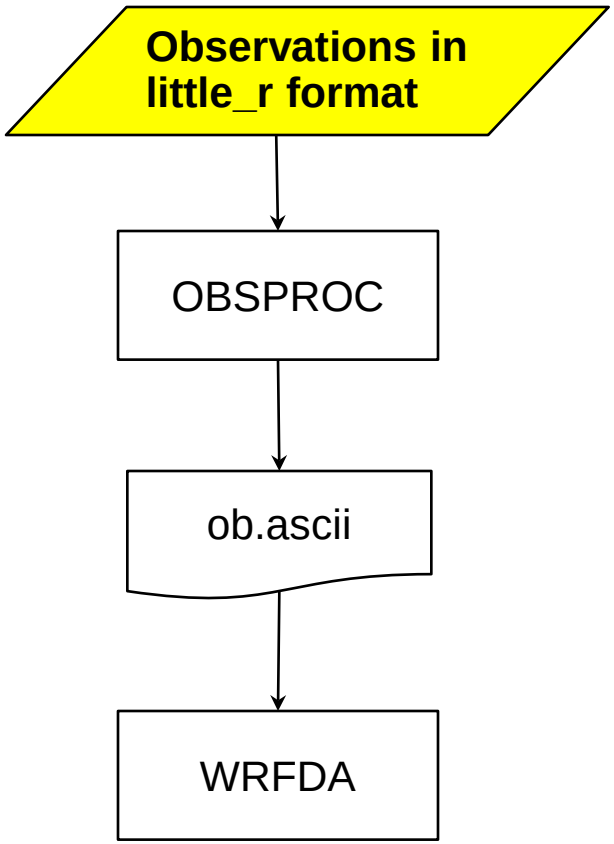
gdas1.thhz.1bamua.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.1bamub.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.1bhrs3.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.1bhrs4.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.1bmhs.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.airsev.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.atms.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.gpsro.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.mtiasi.tm00.bufr_d
gdas1.thhz.**prepbufr**.nr
gdas1.thhz.**prepbufr**.unblok.nr (unblocked version of gdas1.thhz.prepbufr.nr)





hh is the analysis time 00/06/12/18

- About NCEP BUFR format
  http://www.nco.ncep.noaa.gov/sib/decoders/BUFRLIB
  http://www.nco.ncep.noaa.gov/sib/decoders/BUFRLIB/toc/prepbufr
- Notes on using BUFR in WRFDA
  http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/wrfda/Docs/readBufr.htm
- Notes on using PREPBUFR in WRFDA
  https://wiki.ucar.edu/display/~hclin/prepbufr2wrfvar



NCAR archived observations in little_r format on HPSS:

/BRESCH/RT/DATA/yyyymm/obs.yyyymmddhh.gz

- Radiosondes: TTAA, TTBB, PPBB, etc.
- Surface obs: SYNOPS, METARS, AWS, ships, buoys, CMAN
- Profiler
- Sat winds: GOES, METSAT, MODIS, AVHRR
- Satem
- Aircraft: PIREPS, AIREPS, AMDAR, ACARS
- Dropsondes and "hurricane hunter" obs
- Quikscat
- Ground-based GPS PW
- COSMIC GPS refractivity

Check out the notes about the data
http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/individual/bresch/data

- Other data sources that require additional converters
  - GPS refractivity
    http://cdaac-www.cosmic.ucar.edu/cdaac/products.html
  - AIRS Retrieval
    ftp://airspar1u.ecs.nasa.gov/ftp/data/s4pa/Aqua_AIRS_Level2/AIRX2RET.006
  - Scatterometer surface winds
    http://www.knmi.nl/scatterometer
  - Stage IV precipitation
    http://data.eol.ucar.edu/codiac/dss/id=21.093

- **What is little_r format?**

  A format used by MM5/Little_r objective analysis program, a successor of **R**AWINS

  Little_r format is also used by WRF/OBSGRID objective analysis program

- **What does OBSPROC do?**

  Ingest multiple types of observations that are converted to little_r format and concatenated to one file, process the observation data and output the ASCII file(s) suitable for WRFDA needs − 3DVAR, FGAT (**F**irst **G**uess at **A**ppropriate **T**ime), 4DVAR

- **What is in ob.ascii (output of OBSPROC/input to WRFDA)?**

obs_gts_yyyy-mm-dd_hh:00:00.3DVAR (ob.ascii)

```
TOTAL =  29596, MISS. =-888888.,
SYNOP =    463, METAR =    156, SHIP  =     25, BUOY  =     54, BOGUS =      0, TEMP  =     31,
AMDAR =    501, AIREP =     78, TAMDAR=      0, PILOT =     31, SATEM =      0, SATOB =   9318,
GPSPW =      0, GPSZD =      0, GPSRF =     49, GPSEP =      0, SSMT1 =      0, SSMT2 =      0,
TOVS  =      0, QSCAT =  18890, PROFL =      0, AIRSR =      0, OTHER =      0,
PHIC  = -87.40, XLONC = 180.00, TRUE1 = -71.00, TRUE2 = -91.00, XIM11 =   1.00, XJM11 =   1.00,
base_temp= 268.00, base_lapse=  50.00, PTOP  =  1000., base_pres=100000., base_tropo_pres= 20000., base_strat_temp=   215.,
IXC   =    217, JXC   =    165, IPROJ =      2, IDD   =      1, MAXNES=      1,
NESTIX=    217,
NESTJX=    165,
NUMC  =      1,
DIS   =  60.00,
NESTI =      1,
NESTJ =      1,
INFO  = PLATFORM, DATE, NAME, LEVELS, LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, ELEVATION, ID.
SRFC  = SLP, PW (DATA,QC,ERROR).
EACH  = PRES, SPEED, DIR, HEIGHT, TEMP, DEW PT, HUMID (DATA,QC,ERROR)*LEVELS.
INFO_FMT = (A12,1X,A19,1X,A40,1X,I6,3(F12.3,11X),6X,A40)
SRFC_FMT = (F12.3,I4,F7.2,F12.3,I4,F7.3)
EACH_FMT = (3(F12.3,I4,F7.2),11X,3(F12.3,I4,F7.2),11X,3(F12.3,I4,F7.2))
#-------------------------------------------------------------------------------#
FM-18 BUOY   2008-10-31_21:00:00 Platform Id >>> 55956                    1     -41.973              -166.164                0.000                55956
  101090.000   0 200.00 -888888.000 -88  0.200
  101090.000   0 100.00 -888888.000 -88   1.40 -888888.000 -88   5.00              0.000   0   6.00 -888888.000 -88   2.00 -888888.000 -88   2.00          -888888.000 -88  10.00
FM-35 TEMP   2008-10-31_21:00:00 CHATHAM ISLAND / NEW ZEALAND                   19     -43.950              -176.560               48.000                93986
 -888888.000 -88 200.00 -888888.000 -88  0.200
  100400.000   0 100.00       7.202   0   1.40     330.000   0   5.00             48.000   0   7.00     284.348   1   1.80     279.848   1   1.80              73.609   1  10.00
  100000.000   0 100.00 -888888.000 -88   1.40 -888888.000 -88   5.00             83.000   0   7.00     284.024 -10   1.80     279.024 -10   1.80              71.046 -10  10.00
   99800.000   0  99.82 -888888.000 -88   1.41 -888888.000 -88   5.00            100.000   3   7.01     283.861   1   1.80     277.861   1   1.80              66.222   1  10.00
   92700.000   0  93.36 -888888.000 -88   1.64 -888888.000 -88   5.00            707.000   3   7.21     277.935   1   1.69     275.935   1   1.69              86.823   1  10.00
   92500.000   0  93.18 -888888.000 -88   1.65 -888888.000 -88   5.00            724.000   0   7.22     277.763   1   1.69     275.563   1   1.69              85.579   1  10.00
   91400.000   0  92.17 -888888.000 -88   1.69 -888888.000 -88   5.00            822.000   3   7.25     277.150   0   1.67     272.250   0   1.67              70.338   0  10.00
   90300.000   0  91.17 -888888.000 -88   1.72 -888888.000 -88   5.00            920.000   3   7.29     277.750   0   1.66     258.750   0   1.66              23.873   0  10.00
   85000.000   0  86.35 -888888.000 -88   1.90 -888888.000 -88   5.00           1410.000   0   7.46     275.750   0   1.57     263.750   0   1.57              40.903   0  10.00
   84600.000   0  85.99 -888888.000 -88   1.91 -888888.000 -88   5.00           1449.000   3   7.47     275.350   0   1.57     263.350   0   1.57              40.794   0  10.00
   78300.000   0  80.25 -888888.000 -88   2.12 -888888.000 -88   5.00           2072.000   3   7.69     273.550   0   1.46     249.550   0   1.46              14.884   0  10.00
   70000.000   0  72.70 -888888.000 -88   2.40 -888888.000 -88   5.00           2964.000   0   8.00     270.050   0   1.30     256.050   0   1.30              33.387   0  10.00
   69000.000   0  71.79 -888888.000 -88   2.42 -888888.000 -88   5.00           3078.000   3   8.03     269.450   0   1.30     256.450   0   1.30              36.084   0  10.00
   65700.000   0  68.79 -888888.000 -88   2.49 -888888.000 -88   5.00           3463.000   3   8.11     267.250   0   1.30     247.250   0   1.30              19.399   0  10.00
   64000.000   0  67.24 -888888.000 -88   2.52 -888888.000 -88   5.00           3669.000   3   8.16     267.450   0   1.30     228.450   0   1.30               3.148   0  10.00
   57700.000   0  61.51 -888888.000 -88   2.65 -888888.000 -88   5.00           4471.000   3   8.34     261.850   0   1.30     247.850   0   1.30              31.074   0  10.00
   56400.000   0  60.32 -888888.000 -88   2.67 -888888.000 -88   5.00           4646.000   3   8.39     262.050   0   1.30     239.050   0   1.30              13.679   0  10.00
   50100.000   0  54.59 -888888.000 -88   2.80 -888888.000 -88   5.00           5545.000   3   8.60     256.650   0   1.30     241.650   0   1.30              26.971   0  10.00
   50000.000   0  54.50 -888888.000 -88   2.80 -888888.000 -88   5.00           5560.000   0   8.60     256.650   0   1.30 -888888.000 -11   1.30          -888888.000 -11  10.00
   49700.000   0  54.23 -888888.000 -88   2.81 -888888.000 -88   5.00           5606.000   3   8.72     256.650   0   1.31 -888888.000 -11   1.31          -888888.000 -11  10.00
```

ob numbers

domain information

Header

- ✓ skipped in WRFDA reading code

Data format

Platform ID for each observation type

Name	WMO code	WMO code name
SYNOP	12, 14	SYNOP, SYNOP MOBIL
SHIP	13, 17	SHIP
METAR	15, 16	METAR, SPECI
PILOT	32, 33, 34	PILOT, PILOT SHIP, PILOT MOBIL
TEMP	35, 36, 37, 38	TEMP, TEMP SHIP, TEMP DROP, TEMP MOBIL
AMDAR	42	AMDAR
SATEM	86	SATEM
SATOB	88	SATOB
AIREP	96, 97	AIREP
TAMDAR	101	TAMDAR
GPSPW	111	GPSPW (Ground-based GPS precipitable water)
GPSZD	114	GPSZD (Ground-based GPS Zenith Total Delay)
GPSRF	116	GPSRF (Space-based GPS Refractivity)
PROFL	132	WIND PROFILER
AIRSR	133	AIRSRET
BOGUS	135	TCBOU (Typhoon bogus), BOGUS (other bogus)
QSCAT	281	Quik SCAT level-2B SeaWind

made-up code

WRFDA combines AMDAR and AIREP as AIREP

WRFDA seperates SATOB as geoamv and polaramv

- ✓ In WRFDA, each observation type is identified by its platform ID

Quality flags assigned by obsproc

```
missing_data             = -88,      ! Data is missing with the value of missing_r
outside_of_domain        = -77,      ! Data outside horizontal domain or time window, data
                                     ! set to missing_r
wrong_direction          = -15,      ! Wind vector direction <0 or> 360 => direction set to
                                     ! missing_r
negative_spd             = -14,      ! Wind vector norm is negative => norm set to missing_r
zero_spd                 = -13,      ! Wind vector norm is zero => norm set to missing_r
wrong_wind_data          = -12,      ! Spike in wind profile =>direction and norm set to
                                     ! missing_r
zero_t_td                = -11,      ! t or td = 0 => t or td, rh and qv are set to missing_r
t_fail_supa_inver        = -10,      ! super-adiabatic temperature
wrong_t_sign             = - 9,      ! Spike in Temperature profile
above_model_lid          = - 8,      ! heigh above model lid => no action
far_below_model_surface  = - 7,      ! heigh far below model surface => no action
below_model_surface      = - 6,      ! height below model surface => no action
standard_atmosphere      = - 5,      ! Missing h, p or t =>Datum interpolated from standard
                                     ! atmosphere
from_background          = - 4,      ! Missing h, p or t =>Datum interpolated from model
fails_error_max          = - 3,      ! Datum Fails error max check => no action
fails_buddy_check        = - 2,      ! Datum Fails buddy check => no action
no_buddies               = - 1,      ! Datum has no buddies => no action
good_quality             =   0,      ! OBS datum has good quality
convective_adjustment    =   1,      ! convective adjustment check =>apply correction on t,
                                     ! td, rh and qv
surface_correction       =   2,      ! Surface datum => apply correction on datum
Hydrostatic_recover      =   3,      ! Height from hydrostatic assumption with the OBS data
                                     ! calibration
Reference_OBS_recover    =   4,      ! Height from reference state with OBS data calibration
Other_check              =  88       ! passed other quality check
```

data with quality flags >= 0 will be used in WRFDA

```
INFO  = PLATFORM, DATE, NAME, LEVELS, LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, ELEVATION, ID.
SRFC  = SLP, PW (DATA,QC,ERROR).
EACH  = PRES, SPEED, DIR, HEIGHT, TEMP, DEW PT, HUMID (DATA,QC,ERROR)*LEVELS.
```

variables in ob.ascii

- wind speed
- wind direction
- sea level pressure
- pressure
- height
- temperature
- dew point temperature
- relative humidity
- total precipitable water
- ✸ GPS refractivity
- ✸ SATEM thickness

state variables in WRFDA

- x-component wind u (relative to model grid)
- y-component wind v (relative to model grid)
- temperature
- specific humidity
- surface pressure
- pressure

What does OBSPROC do?

- domain and time checks
- sort and merge duplicate reports
- assign observation errors
- gross check
- vertical consistency check and adiabatic check
- data completeness check
- assign quality flags
- thinning for SATOB and QSCAT

model meteorological fields are not used in OBSPROC

What does OBSPROC do?

- **time window check**

  Observations within the specified time window (time_window_min and time_window_max) will be kept.

- **domain check**

  For regional application (domain_check_h = .TRUE.), with IPROJ = 1 (Lambert conformal), 2 (Polar Stereographic), or 3 (Mercator), there is geographic-filtered dump performed based on the model domain settings.
  For the global application of WRFDA, set IPROJ = 0 and no geographic-filtering is performed.

Time and domain checks are also done in WRFDA

What does OBSPROC do?

- **gross check**

  Check for unreasonable and non-logical mistakes in the raw observation reports

  - ✓ ignore the report with invalid/unknown platform ID
  - ✓ any reported values in header record > 888887 or < -888887 or pressure%data <= 0.0, etc., will be regarded as missing (-888888)
  - ✓ elevations for SHIP and BUOY data outside the Great Lakes are always set to zero. If the pressure < 850 hPa for SHIP and BUOY, the reports are tossed
  - ✓ gross pressure/height consistency check based on the reference atmosphere defined by namelist variables: base_pres, base_temp, base_lapse
  - ✓ if both pressure and height are missing, the whole report is discarded
  - ✓ other check…

What does OBSPROC do?

- **sort and merge duplicate reports**

  - ✓ retrieve the pressure or height based on the observed information with the hydrostatic assumption.

  - ✓ re-order (from bottom to top) and merge the reports with the same platform, time, and location based on the pressure

  - ✓ remove duplicate reports of observations:

  - for 3DVAR and FGAT, observations (at the same locations) nearest to the analysis time are kept
  - for 4DVAR, the observations nearest to the central time of each of the time slots are kept.

What does OBSPROC do?

- **assign observation errors**

  according to observation types and observed variables

  Sources of the observations errors:

  - ✓ Directly from the observation reports (GPS PW/ZTD, QSCAT, etc.)
  - ✓ US Air Force Weather Agency (AFWA) OBS error table: obserr.txt

  The AFWA OBS errors for each type of observations are written out in different formats after running obsproc:

  WIND.txt, TEMP.txt, RH.txt, PRES.txt, HEIGHT.txt

obserr.txt

```
 0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5      BOGUS      TEMP SENSOR ERRORS
 0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5        :
 0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0       NU
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0       NU
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0       NU
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0      RAOBS
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0        :
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0        :
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0      PIBALS
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0        :
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0       NU
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0       NU
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0        :
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0      AIREPS
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0        :
 1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0   1.0        :
```

a snippet of obserr.txt

```
*. ***************************************************************
*.
*. INSTRUMENT ERROR FILE
*.
*. PURPOSE: PROVIDES SENSOR ERROR DATA USED IN OI ANALYSIS AT PRESSURE LEVELS
*. -------
*.
*. 1) FOR HEIGHT, TEMPERATURE, PRESSURE AND RELATIVE HUMIDITY (IN hPa):
*.
*.    1000,  850,  700,  500,  400,
*.     300,  250,  200,  150,  100,
*.      70,   50,   30,   20,   10
*.
*. 2) FOR WIND:
*.
*.      10,   20,   30,   40,   50,  100,  150,
*.     200,  250,  300,  350,  400,  450,  500,
*.     550,  600,  650,  700,  750,  800,  850,
*.     900,  950, 1000, 1050, 1100, xxxx, yyyy
*.    (last two values are place holders).
*.
*.     Beware the additional levels and the reverse order for wind.
```

description of the file can be found near the end of obserr.txt

What does OBSPROC do?

- **perform quality control check for soundings**
  - ✓ Vertical consistency check: super adiabatic check and wind shear check (qc_test_vert_consistency=.true.)
  - ✓ Dry convective adjustment (qc_test_convecctive_adj =.true.)
  - ✓ Discard the data above the model top ($p<p_{top}$) in the upper air observations (remove_above_lid = .true.)

- **thinning for SATOB and QSCAT**

  data nearest to the model grid will be kept

- **write out in ASCII format file as the WRFDA input**
  - ✓ GTS data (obs_gts_yyyy-mm-dd_hh:00:00.3DVAR): pressure, wind, height, temperature, dew-point, RH, thickness, etc.

Compiling and Running OBSPROC

- To compile
  - *./configure wrfda*
  - *./compile all_wrfvar*

  WRFDA/var/obsproc/src/obsproc.exe is generated after a successful WRFDA build

- To run
  - edit **namelist.obsproc**
  - input files ready in the working directory:
    - obs.2012020100 little_r observation file (user provided)
    - obserr.txt observation error file
    - obsproc.exe obsproc executable file
    - namelist.obsproc obsproc namelist file
  - execute

    ./obsproc.exe >&! obsproc.log

- Files to look for
  - obs_gts_yyyy-mm-dd_hh:00:00.3DVAR one ASCII file for 3DVAR

    or obs_gts_yyyy-mm-dd_hh:00:00.FGAT multiple ASCII files for FGAT

    or obs_gts_yyyy-mm-dd_hh:00:00.4DVAR multiple ASCII files for 4DVAR
  - obsproc.log: execution log file
  - A list of diagnostic files: *.diag files

namelist.obsproc

WRFDA/var/obsproc/README.namelist

examples:

WRFDA/var/obsproc/namelist.obsproc.3dvar.wrfvar-tut

WRFDA/var/obsproc/namelist.obsproc.4dvar.wrfvar-tut

```
&record1    Defines the input file names
 obs_gts_filename = 'obs.2008020512',          Little_r file name
 obs_err_filename = 'obserr.txt',              Observation error file name
 fg_format = 'WRF'                             Mapping in WRF convention
/
&record2    Defines the analysis time and time window
 time_window_min  = '2008-02-05_11:00:00',
 time_analysis    = '2008-02-05_12:00:00',
 time_window_max  = '2008-02-05_13:00:00',
/
```

namelist.obsproc

&record3 Defines the maximum number of observations allowed
 max_number_of_obs = 400000, Maximum number of observations to be loaded
 fatal_if_exceed_max_obs = .TRUE.,
/

&record4 Defines the quality control switches
 qc_test_vert_consistency = .ture. Perform a vertical consistency check on sounding
 domain_check_h = .true., Discard the observations outside the domain
 remove_above_lid = .true. (**.false.** is recommended) remove the observation above model lid
 thining_satob = .true.
 thining_qscat = .true.
 …
/

&record5 Print a serial of diagnostic file
 print_gts_read = .TRUE., Write the diagnostic little_r obs into file obs_gts_read.diag
…
/

namelist.obsproc

```
&record6   Defines the reference state
 ptop =  1000.0,                  reference pressure at model top
 base_temp  = 300.0,              mean sea level temperature
 base_lapse = 50.0,               temperature lapse rate
 base_pres = 100000.0,            reference sea level pressure
 base_strat_temp = 215.0,         isothermal temperature above tropopause
 base_tropo_pres = 20000.0,       tropopause pressure
/

&record7   Defines geographic parameters
 IPROJ = 1,                       0 = Cylindrical Equidistance, 1 = Lambert Conformal,
                                  2 = Polar stereographic, 3 = Mercator)
 PHIC  = 40.0,                    central latitude of the domain
 XLONC = -95.0,                   central longitude of the domain
 TRUELAT1= 30.0,
 TRUELAT2= 60.0,
 MOAD_CEN_LAT = 40.0,             central latitude for the Mother Of All Domains
 STANDARD_LON = -95.0,            standard longitude
/
```

✓ `ncdump -h wrfinput_d01` for domain information

namelist.obsproc

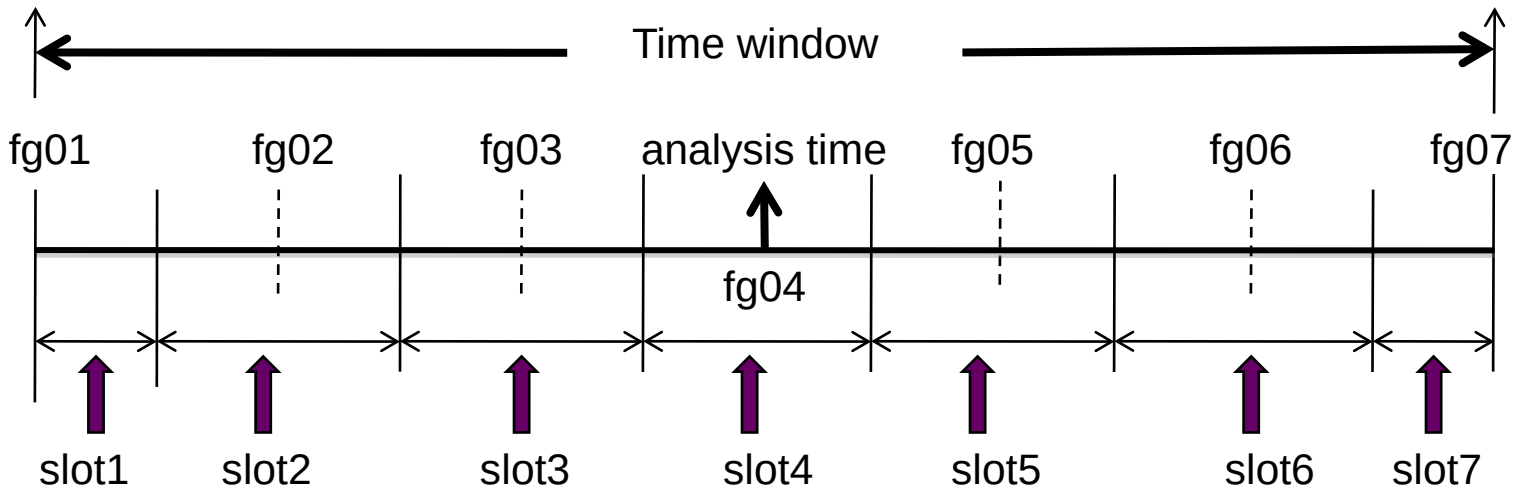
```
&record8     Defines the domain setting
 IDD    =   1,          when XLONC /= STANDARD_LON, set IDD=2, otherwise set to 1
 MAXNES =  1,           set to 1
 NESTIX =  60,          I(y) direction dimension of the domain
 NESTJX =  90,          J(x)-direction dimension of the domain
 DIS  =  60,            grid size of the domain
 NUMC = 1,              set to 1
 NESTI = 1,             set to 1
 NESTJ = 1,             set to 1
/

&record9     Defines the output
 use_for         = '3DVAR',          FGAT; 4DVAR
 num_slots_past   = 3,               number of time slots before time_analysis
 num_slots_ahead  = 3,               number of time slots after time_analysis
/
```

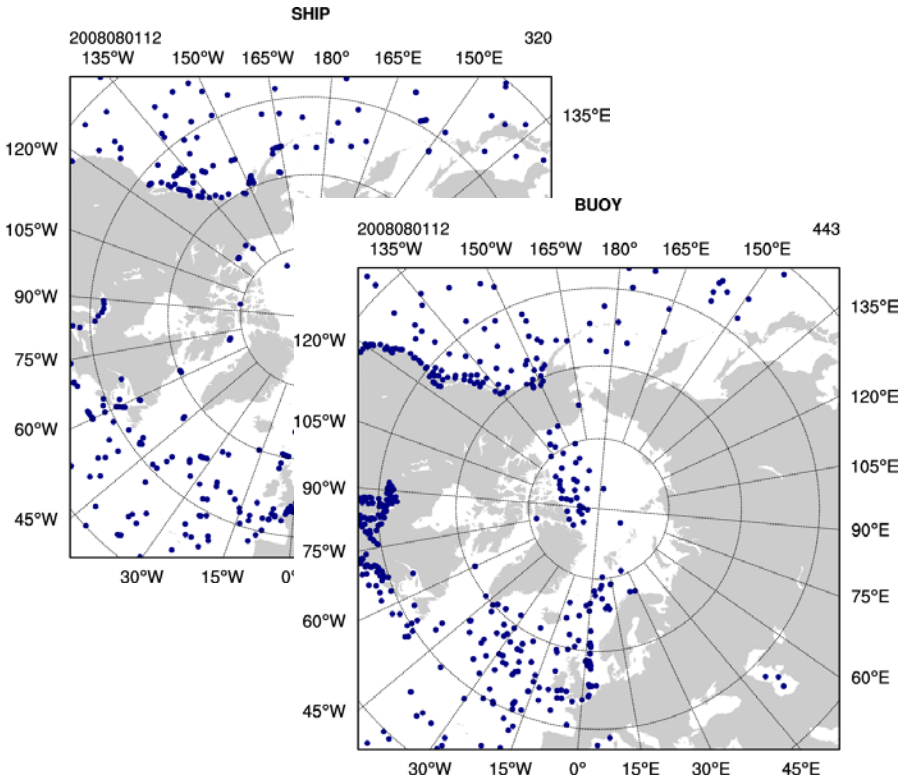
- ✓ OBSPROC was developed in the MM5 era when I referred to Y direction and J referred to X direction

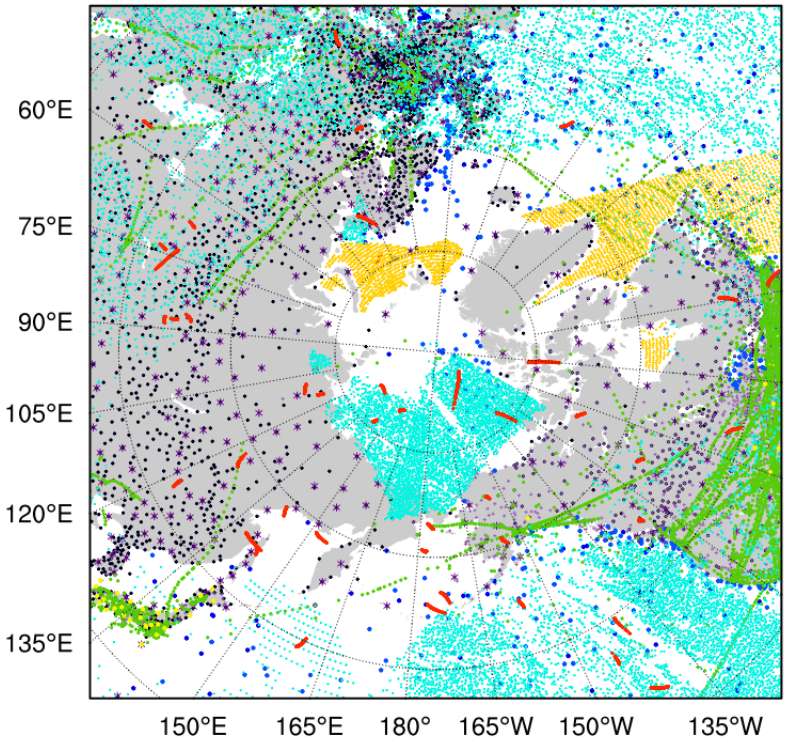
Binning of observations

- 3DVAR
  - all observations within the time window are considered valid at the analysis time
  - when multiple reports from a fixed station are available within the time window, only one report that is closest to the analysis time will be kept
- FGAT (First Guess at Appropriate Time)
  - multiple time slots (model first guesses) within the time window
  - observations are binned in different time slots
  - when multiple reports from a fixed station are available within the time window, only one report that is closest to the analysis time will be kept
- 4DVAR
  - multiple time slots (model first guesses) within the time window
  - observations are binned in different time slots
  - time duplicate observations not allowed within each time slot



Plotting observation locations





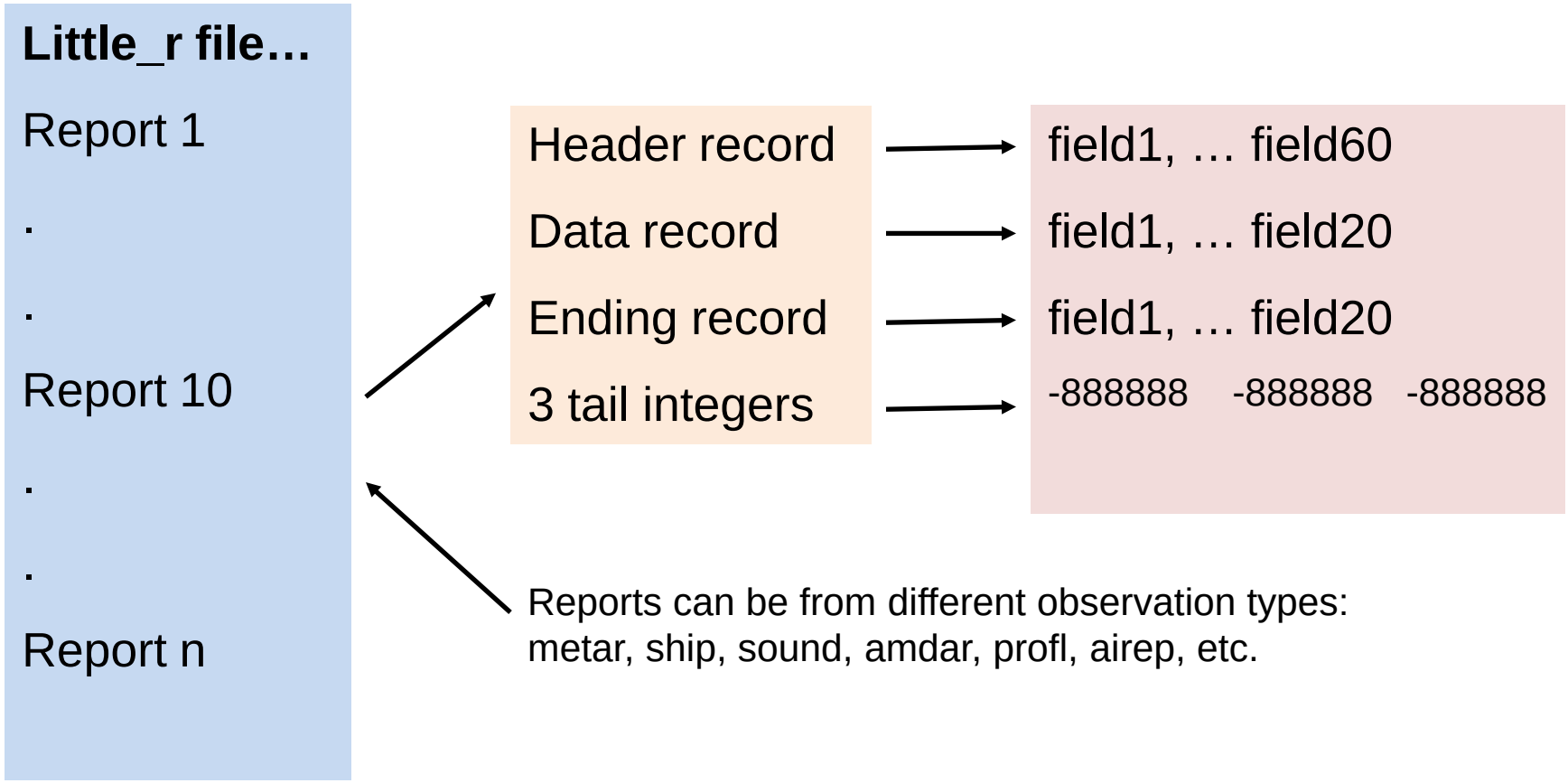
http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/wrfda/download/tools.html

var/graphics/ncl/plot_ob_ascii_loc.ncl – a sample NCL script to plot observation locations

Refer to http://www.ncl.ucar.edu/Applications/station.shtml for more station plotting examples

little_r format

- little_r file is the report-based ASCII file
- different observation files can be concatenated (cat) together to one file



✓ WRF User's Guide Chapter 7

little_r format

- A little_r format observation file is composed of Reports
- Report is composed of Records (header, data,…, and ending) and 3 tail integers (3i7):
- Record is composed of fields
  - fields in the header record
  - fields in the data record
  - fields in the ending record

Example: one sounding report in a little_r file

```
13.48000          2.1600061052                    NIAMEY-AERO / NIGER              FM-35 TEMP                  GTS (ROHK) USNR20 DRRN 242300
227.00000  1  -888888  -888888   55  -888888   T   F   F  -888888  -888888 20100824230000-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000
0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
98600.00000  0  227.00000  0  300.75000  0  293.75000  0  4.11556  0  240.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
100000.00000  0  97.00000  0  -888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
92500.00000  0  788.00000  0  299.94998  0  290.94998  0  6.68778  0  255.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
85000.00000  0  1530.00000  0  295.94998  0  284.94998  0  1.54333  0  225.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
70000.00000  0  3187.00000  0  283.35001  0  278.75000  0  7.71667  0  75.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
50000.00000  0  5900.00000  0  267.04999  0  256.04999  0  12.86111  0  85.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
40000.00000  0  7610.00000  0  256.64999  0  240.64999  0  6.68778  0  75.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
30000.00000  0  9720.00000  0  242.64999  0  239.04999  0  6.68778  0  165.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
25000.00000  0  10990.00000  0  232.64999  0-888888.00000  0  6.17333  0  145.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
20000.00000  0  12470.00000  0  220.25000  0-888888.00000  0  3.60111  0  135.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
15000.00000  0  14260.00000  0  205.84999  0-888888.00000  0  18.00556  0  100.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
10000.00000  0  16640.00000  0  194.04999  0-888888.00000  0  9.77444  0  70.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
-777777.00000  0-777777.00000  0  13.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0-888888.00000  0
 58     0     0
```

Header record Data record Ending record 3 tail integer

little_r format

The fields in the header record (Fortran format in parenthesis)

No	Field	No	Filed	No	Field
1	Latitude (f20.5)	2	Longitude (f20.5)	3	ID (a40)
4	Name (a40)	5	Platform (a40)	6	Source (a40)
7	Elevation (f20.5)	8	Num_vld_fld (i10)	9	Num_error (i10)
10	Num_warning (i10)	11	Seq_num (i10)	12	Num_dupd (i10)
13	Is_sound (L10)	14	Bogus (L10)	15	Discard (L10)
16	Valid_time%sut (i10)	17	Valid_time%julian (i10)	18	Valid_time%date_char(a20)
19	Slp%data (f13.5)	20	Slp%qc (i7)	21	Ref_pres%data (f13.5)
22	Ref_pres%qc (i7)	23	Ground_t%data (f13.5)	24	Ground_t%qc (i7)
25	SST%data (f13.5)	26	SST%qc (i7)	27	Psfc%data (f13.5)
28	Psfc%qc (i7)	29	Precip%data (f13.5)	30	Precip%qc (i7)
31	T_max%data (f13.5)	32	T_max%qc (i7)	33	T_min%data (f13.5)
34	T_min%qc (i7)	35	T_min_night%data (f13.5)	36	T_min_night%qc (i7)
37	P_tend03%data (f13.5)	38	P_tend03%qc (i7)	39	P_tend24%data (f13.5)
40	P_tend24%qc (i7)	41	Cloud_cvr%data (f13.5)	42	Cloud_cvr%qc (i7)
43	Celling%data (f13.5)	44	Celling%qc (i7)	45	Pw%data (f13.5)
46	Pw%qc (i7)	47	Tb19v%data (f13.5)	48	Tb19v%qc (i7)
49	Tb19h%data (f13.5)	50	Tb19h%qc (i7)	51	Tb22v%data (f13.5)
52	Tb22v%qc (i7)	53	Tb37v%data (f13.5)	54	Tb37v%qc (i7)
55	Tb37h%data (f13.5)	56	Tb37h%qc (i7)	57	Tb85v%data (f13.5)
58	Tb85v%qc (i7)	59	Tb85h%data (f13.5)	60	Tb85h%qc

SSMI TB can be omitted

little_r format

The fields in the data record (Fortran format in parenthesis)

No	Field	No	Field
1	Pressure%data (f13.5)	2	Pressure%qc (i7)
3	Height%data (f13.5)	4	Height%qc (i7)
5	Temperature%data (f13.5)	6	Temperature%qc (i7)
7	Dew_point%data (f13.5)	8	Dew_point%qc (i7)
9	Speed%data (f13.5)	10	Speed%qc (i7)
11	Direction%data (f13.5)	12	Direction%qc (i7)
13	U%data (f13.5)	14	U%qc (i7)
15	V%data (f13.5)	16	V%qc (i7)
17	RH%data (f13.5)	18	RH%qc (i7)
19	Thickness%data (f13.5)	20	Thickness%qc (i7)

85000.00000 0 1530.00000 0 295.94998 0 284.94998 0 1.54333 0 225.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0

The 0s after each piece of data are quality control identifiers to be defined in the little_r objective analysis program. They have no meanings for WRFDA.

little_r format

The fields in the ending record

No	field	No	field	No	field	No	field
1	-777777.00000	2	0	3	-777777.00000	4	0
5	-888888.00000	6	0	7	-888888.00000	8	0
9	-888888.00000	10	0	11	-888888.00000	12	0
13	-888888.00000	14	0	15	-888888.00000	16	0
17	-888888.00000	18	0	19	-888888.00000	20	0

-777777.00000 0-777777.00000 0 13.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0-888888.00000 0

little_r format

a snippet of Fortran code that writes data in little_r format

```
C header:

      WRITE ( UNIT = iunit , ERR = 19 , FMT = rpt_format )
     *        xlat,xlon, string1 , string2 ,
     *        string3 , string4 , ter, kx*6, 0,0,iseq_num,0,
     *        logical1, logical2, logical3,
     *         -888888, -888888, date_char ,
     *         slp,0,-888888.,0, -888888.,0, -888888.,0, -888888.,0,
     *               -888888.,0,
     *               -888888.,0, -888888.,0, -888888.,0, -888888.,0,
     *               -888888.,0,
     *               -888888.,0, -888888.,0

C report:

      do 100 k = 1 , kx
         WRITE ( UNIT = iunit , ERR = 19 , FMT = meas_format )
     *          p(k), 0, z(k),0, t(k),0, td(k),0,
     *          spd(k),0, dir(k),0,
     *          -888888.,0, -888888.,0,-888888.,0, -888888.,0
100   continue

C end of report line:

      WRITE ( UNIT = iunit , ERR = 19 , FMT = meas_format )
     * -777777.,0, -777777.,0,float(kx),0,
     * -888888.,0, -888888.,0, -888888.,0,
     * -888888.,0, -888888.,0, -888888.,0,
     * -888888.,0

C end of message line:

      WRITE ( UNIT = iunit , ERR = 19 , FMT = end_format )  kx, 0, 0
```

little_r format

QSCAT: U and V fields are used to store observation errors of wind speed and wind direction

press	geo height	temp	dew-p	speed	dir	u	v	rh	thickness
						obs error of wind speed	obs error of wind direction		

✓ 1.0 m/s minimum obs error imposed by WRFDA

GPS Refractivity

press	geo height	temp	dew-p	speed	dir	u	v	rh	thickness
	height (m)		Refractivity (N)	Impact parameter (x1.e-3)	azimuth angle (degree)	latitude	longitude	Bending angle (radx1.e7)	Opt. bending

- ✓ little_r format and OBSPROC were developed before some observation types became available
- ✓ OBSPROC was extended to handle some “non-conventional” observation types in a non-standard way

Questions?

wrfhelp@ucar.edu

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To advance understanding of weather, climate, atmospheric composition and processes;
To provide facility support to the wider community; and,
To apply the results to benefit society.

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